Setuid Interface Formalization: POSIX.1-2008 (2013)

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The tables below describe setuid function standards, a representation in quantifier-free first-order logic, and an associated semantics. The standard texts are from POSIX 1003.1 Base Specification Issue 7 [2]. Some input argument names are changed for clarity, and formula numbers are referenced in the standard text (in parentheses) to indicate the passage(s) from which a particular formula is derived. The following assumptions, which may not be self-evident in the text, are made:

- 1. Function success entails both a return value of 0 and a change in user process user IDs consistent with the "DESCRIPTION" section of the function standard.
- 2. Function failure entails not only a return value of -1 and appropriate setting of errno, but also no change in the state of the process user IDs.
- 3. The term "any value", when applied to a user ID, is interpreted to mean "any valid user ID value".

Table A.1: Semantic definitions of syntactic elements in logic formulas.

Syntactic Ele-	Element Type	Semantics	
ment(s)			
0	Integer constant	The number 0; either the root/superuser	
		UID or a function return vaule that indicates	
		success (depending on the context).	
-1	Integer constant	The number -1; a function return value that	
		indicates failure or a "do not change UID"	
		input argument value.	
arg_uid	Integer Variable	The only input argument to setuid() and	
	(Int. Var.)	seteuid().	
arg_ruid	Int. Var.	The first input argument to setreuid().	
arg_euid	Int. Var.	The second input argument to setreuid().	
old_ruid	Int. Var.	The real UID of the process before function	
		invocation.	
old_euid	Int. Var.	The effective UID of the process before func-	
		tion invocation.	
old_svuid	Int. Var.	The saved UID of the process before function	
		invocation.	
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Syntactic Ele-	Element Type	Semantics
ment(s)		
new_ruid	Int. Var.	The real UID of the process directly following
		function invocation.
new_euid	Int. Var.	The effective UID of the process directly fol-
		lowing function invocation.
new_svuid	Int. Var.	The saved UID of the process directly follow-
		ing function invocation.
rtn	Int. Var.	The return value of the invoked function.
AP	Boolean Vari-	An implementation-dependent parameter.
	able (Bool.	True if and only if the process has appro-
	Var.)	priate privileges.
success	Bool. Var.	Indicates whether or not the function suc-
		ceeded with no errors.
fail	Bool. Var.	Indicates whether or not the function failed
		due to an error.
einval	Bool. Var. Indicates that the EINVAL error occurred	
eperm	Bool. Var.	Indicates that the EPERM error occurred.
$ruid_success$	Bool. Var.	Indicates correct behavior of the real UID for
		setreuid() function success.
$euid_success$	Bool. Var.	Indicates correct behavior of the effective
		UID for setreuid() function success.
$svuid_success$	Bool. Var.	Indicates correct behavior of the saved UID
		for setreuid() function success.
$arg_euid_success$	Bool. Var.	Relates $arg_euid_is_valid$ (see below) with
		AP and the case that the $euid$ argument is
		-1.
$arg_euid_is_valid$	Bool. Var.	Indicates that the arg_euid argument passed
		to setreuid() is permissible for a process
		without appropriate privileges.
$arg_euid_is_invalid$	Bool. Var.	Indicates that the arg_euid argument passed
		to setreuid() is not permissible for a pro-
		cess without appropriate privileges.
einval	Bool. Var.	Indicates that an EINVAL error occurs in a
		call to setreuid().
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Syntactic Ele-	Element Type	Semantics	
ment(s)			
eperm	Bool. Var.	Indicates that an EPERM error occurs in a call	
		to setreuid().	
$=\neq$	Binary Predi-	True if and only if the value on the left and	
	cates	right are equal, or not equal (respectively).	
RuidIsPermitted(.)	Unary Predicate	True if and only if its integer argument is	
		a real UID that is "permitted by the imple-	
		mentation".	
IsUID(.)	Unary Predicate	True if and only if its integer argument is a	
		valid UID in the system.	
$\neg \land \lor \rightarrow \leftrightarrow$	Boolean Con-	The Boolean connectives: negation, and, or,	
	nectives	impliciation, equivalence (respectively).	

Table A.2: Formulas common among setuid(), seteuid(), setreuid(), and setresuid().

Logic Expressions		
$(success \land \neg fail) \lor (fail \land \neg success)$	(A.1)	
$fail \leftrightarrow rtn = -1 \land new_ruid = old_ruid \land \\ new_euid = old_euid \land new_svuid = old_svuid$	(A.2)	
$fail \leftrightarrow einval \lor eperm$	(A.3)	
$IsUID(old_ruid) \land IsUID(old_euid) \land IsUID(old_svuid)$	(A.4)	
$IsUID(new_ruid) \land IsUID(new_euid) \land IsUID(new_svuid)$	(A.5)	

Table A.3: Function definition and formulas for setuid().

setuid(arg_uid)

DESCRIPTION

If the process has appropriate privileges, setuid() shall set the real user ID, effective user ID, and the saved set-user-ID of the calling process to arg_uid (A.7, A.9).

If the process does not have appropriate privileges, but arg_uid is equal to the real user ID or the saved set-user-ID, setuid() shall set the effective user ID to arg_uid ; the real user ID and saved set-user-ID shall remain unchanged (A.8, A.10).

RETURN VALUE

Upon successful completion, 0 shall be returned. Otherwise, -1 shall be returned and *errno* set to indicate the error (A.1, A.2, A.6).

ERRORS

The setuid() function shall fail if:

[EINVAL] The value of the *arg_uid* argument is invalid and not supported by the implementation (A.7, A.8, A.3, A.12).

[EPERM] The process does not have appropriate privileges and *arg_uid* does not match the real user ID or the saved set-user-ID (A.3, A.7, A.8, A.13).

$$success \leftrightarrow (success_ap \lor success_nap)$$
 (A.6)

$$AP \rightarrow success_ap \lor fail$$
 (A.7)

$$\neg AP \rightarrow success_nap \lor fail$$
 (A.8)

$$success_ap \leftrightarrow rtn = 0 \land new_ruid = arg_uid \land new_euid = arg_uid \land new_svuid = arg_uid$$
 (A.9)

$$success_nap \leftrightarrow rtn = 0 \land new_ruid = old_ruid \land new_euid = arg_uid \land new_svuid = old_svuid$$
 (A.10)

$$success_nap \leftarrow \neg AP \land (old_ruid = arg_uid \lor \\ old_svuid = arg_uid)$$
(A.11)

Table A.3 – continued from previous page

Annotated Standard Text / Logic Expressions $einval \leftrightarrow \neg IsUID(arg_uid) \qquad (A.12)$ $eperm \leftrightarrow \neg AP \land arg_uid \neq old_ruid \land arg_uid \neq old_svuid \qquad (A.13)$

Table A.4: Function definition and formulas for seteuid().

Annotated Standard Text / Logic Expressions

seteuid(arg_uid)

DESCRIPTION

If arg_uid is equal to the real user ID or the saved set-user-ID, or if the process has appropriate privileges, seteuid() shall set the effective user ID of the calling process to arg_uid ; the real user ID and saved set-user-ID shall remain unchanged (A.14, A.15).

The seteuid() function shall not affect the supplementary group list in any way.

RETURN VALUE

Upon successful completion, 0 shall be returned; otherwise, -1 shall be returned and errno set to indicate the error (A.1, A.2, A.14).

ERRORS

The *seteuid()* function shall fail if:

[EINVAL] The value of the *arg_uid* argument is invalid and not supported by the implementation (A.3, A.16).

[EPERM] The process does not have appropriate privileges and *arg_uid* does not match the real user ID or the saved set-user-ID (A.3, A.17).

$$success \leftrightarrow rtn = 0 \land new_ruid = old_ruid \land new_euid = arq_uid \land new_svuid = old_svuid$$
 (A.14)

$$success \leftarrow arg_uid = old_ruid \lor arg_uid = old_svuid \lor AP$$
 (A.15)

$$einval \leftrightarrow \neg IsUID(arg_uid)$$
 (A.16)

Table A.4 – continued from previous page

 $eperm \leftrightarrow \neg AP \land arg_uid \neq old_ruid \land arg_uid \neq old_svuid$ (A.17)

Table A.5: Function definition and formulas for setreuid().

Annotated Standard Text / Logic Expressions

setreuid(arg_ruid, arg_euid)

DESCRIPTION

The *setreuid()* function shall set the real and effective user IDs of the current process to the values specified by the *arg_ruid* and *arg_euid* arguments. If *arg_ruid* or *arg_euid* is -1, the corresponding effective or real user ID of the current process shall be left unchanged (A.19, A.20).

A process with appropriate privileges can set either ID to any value (A.27). An unprivileged process can only set the effective user ID if the arg_euid argument is equal to either the real, effective, or saved user ID of the process (A.22, A.23). If the real user ID is being set (arg_ruid is not -1), or the effective user ID is being set to a value not equal to the real user ID, then the saved set-user-ID of the current process shall be set equal to the new effective user ID (A.21).

It is unspecified whether a process without appropriate privileges is permitted to change the real user ID to match the current effective user ID or saved set-user-ID of the process.

RETURN VALUE

Upon successful completion, 0 shall be returned (A.18). Otherwise, -1 shall be returned and errno set to indicate the error (A.1, A.2).

Table A.5 – continued from previous page

ERRORS

The setreuid() function shall fail if:

[EINVAL] The value of the arg_ruid or arg_euid argument is invalid or out-of-range (A.3, A.25).

[EPERM] The current process does not have appropriate privileges, and either an attempt was made to change the effective user ID to a value other than the real user ID or the saved set-user-ID or an attempt was made to change the real user ID to a value not permitted by the implementation (A.3, A.24, A.26).

$$success \leftrightarrow rtn = 0 \land ruid_success \land euid_success \\ \land svuid_success \land arg_euid_success$$
 (A.18)

$$ruid_success \leftrightarrow (arg_ruid = -1 \land new_ruid = old_ruid) \\ \lor (arg_ruid \neq -1 \land new_ruid = arg_ruid)$$
 (A.19)

$$euid_success \leftrightarrow (arg_euid = -1 \land new_euid = old_euid)$$

 $\lor (arg_euid \neq -1 \land new_euid = arg_euid)$ (A.20)

$$svuid_success \leftrightarrow (new_svuid = arg_euid) \leftarrow$$

$$(arg_ruid \neq -1 \lor (arg_euid \neq -1 \land arg_euid \neq old_ruid))$$
(A.21)

$$arg_euid_success \leftrightarrow arg_euid_is_valid \leftarrow$$

$$(\neg AP \land arg_euid \neq -1)$$
(A.22)

$$arg_euid_is_valid \leftrightarrow arg_euid = old_ruid \lor arg_euid = old_euid$$
 $\lor arg_euid = old_svuid$ (A.23)

$$arg_euid_is_invalid \leftrightarrow \neg (arg_euid = -1 \lor arg_euid = old_ruid \lor arg_euid = old_svuid)$$
 (A.24)

$$einval \leftrightarrow \neg (arg_ruid = -1 \lor IsUID(arg_ruid)) \land (arg_euid = -1 \lor IsUID(arg_euid)))$$
 (A.25)

Table A.5 – continued from previous page

$$eperm \leftrightarrow \neg AP \land \\ (arg_euid_is_invalid \lor \neg RuidIsPermitted(arg_ruid))$$
 (A.26)

$$AP \rightarrow success \lor \neg IsUID(arg_ruid) \lor \neg IsUID(arg_euid)$$
 (A.27)

Table A.6: Function definition and formulas for setresuid(). The function definition is the consensus standard, derived from three platform-specific setresuid() manual pages [1, 3, 4]. Ellipses indicate areas where platform-specific details appear in manual pages.

Annotated Standard Text / Logic Expressions

setresuid(arg_ruid, arg_euid, arg_svuid)

DESCRIPTION

setresuid() sets the real user ID, the effective user ID, and the saved set-user-ID of the calling process.

Unprivileged user processes may change the real UID, effective UID, and saved set-user-ID, each to one of: the current real UID, the current effective UID or the current saved set-user-ID (A.33, A.34, A.35, A.36, A.37).

Privileged processes [...] may set the real UID, effective UID, and saved set-user-ID to any value (A.32).

If one of the arguments equals -1, the corresponding value is not changed (A.29, A.30, A.31). [...]

RETURN VALUE

On success, zero is returned (A.28). On error, -1 is returned, and errno is set appropriately (A.38, A.39).

Table A.6 – continued from previous page

ERRORS

 $[\ldots]$

[EINVAL] The value of the *arg_ruid*, *arg_euid*, or *arg_svuid* argument is invalid and not supported by the implementation (A.3, A.38).

[EPERM] The calling process is not privileged and tried to change the IDs to values that are not permitted.

$$success \leftrightarrow rtn = 0 \land ruid_success \land euid_success$$

$$\land svuid success$$
(A.28)

$$ruid_success \leftrightarrow (arg_ruid = -1 \land new_ruid = old_ruid)$$

 $\lor (arg_ruid \neq -1 \land new_ruid = arg_ruid)$ (A.29)

$$euid_success \leftrightarrow (arg_euid = -1 \land new_euid = old_euid)$$

 $\lor (arg_euid \neq -1 \land new_euid = arg_euid)$ (A.30)

$$svuid_success \leftrightarrow (arg_svuid = -1 \land new_svuid = old_svuid)$$

 $\lor (arg_svuid \neq -1 \land new_svuid = arg_svuid)$ (A.31)

$$AP \rightarrow success \lor$$

$$(arg_ruid \neq -1 \land \neg IsUID(arg_ruid)) \lor$$

$$(arg_euid \neq -1 \land \neg IsUID(arg_euid)) \lor$$

$$(arg_svuid \neq -1 \land \neg IsUID(arg_svuid))$$
(A.32)

$$arg_ruid_is_valid \leftrightarrow arg_ruid = old_ruid \lor$$

$$arg_ruid = old_euid \lor$$

$$arg_ruid = old_svuid$$
(A.33)

$$arg_euid_is_valid \leftrightarrow arg_euid = old_ruid \lor$$

$$arg_euid = old_euid \lor$$

$$arg_euid = old_svuid$$
(A.34)

Table A.6 – continued from previous page

Annotated Standard Text / Logic Expressions			
$arg_svuid_is_valid \leftrightarrow arg_svuid = old_ruid \lor \\ arg_svuid = old_euid \lor \\ arg_svuid = old_svuid$	(A.35)		
$new_uids_are_valid \leftrightarrow arg_ruid_is_valid \land arg_euid_is_valid \land arg_svuid_is_valid$	(A.36)		
$success \leftarrow \neg AP \land new_uids_are_valid$	(A.37)		
$einval \leftrightarrow \neg ((arg_ruid = -1 \lor IsUID(arg_ruid)) \land (arg_euid = -1 \lor IsUID(arg_euid)) \land (arg_svuid = -1 \lor IsUID(arg_svuid)))$	(A.38)		
$eperm \leftrightarrow \neg AP \land \neg new_uids_are_valid$	(A.39)		

References

- [1] getresgid, getresuid, setresgid, setresgid get or set real, effective and saved user or group ID. FreeBSD System Calls Manual, April 2001.
- [2] IEEE and The Open Group. POSIX.1-2008, 2013. Available from http://pubs.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/9699919799/.
- [3] setresuid, setresgid set real, effective and saved user or group ID. Linux Programmer's Manual, July 2007.
- [4] getresgid, getresuid, setresgid, setresgid get or set real, effective and saved user or group ID. OpenBSD Programmer's Manual, August 2013.