# Golang client library tutorial

This section tutorial will guide you through using the most common RPC endpoints with the golang client library.

Installdependencies and celestia-node if you have not already.

#### Project setup

To start, add celestia-openrpc as a dependency to your project:

bash go

get

github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-openrpc go

get

github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-openrpc To use the following methods, you will need the node URL and your auth token. To get your auth token, see thisguide. To run your node without an auth token, you can use the--rpc.skip-auth flag when starting your node. This allows you to pass an empty string as your auth token.

The default URL ishttp://localhost:26658 . If you would like to use subscription methods, such asSubscribeHeaders below, you must use thews protocol in place ofhttp://localhost:26658 .

## Submitting and retrieving blobs

The blob. Submit method takes a slice of blobs and a gas price, returning the height the blob was successfully posted at.

- The namespace can be generated withshare.NewBlobNamespaceV0
- The blobs can be generated withblob.NewBlobV0
- You can useblob.NewSubmitOptions()
- , which has celestia-node automatically determine an appropriate gas price. To set your own gas price, useblob.NewSubmitOptions().WithGasPrice(X)
- · . The available options areWithGasPrice
- ,WithGas
- ,WithKeyName
- ,WithSignerAddress
- andWithFeeGranterAddress

go import ( " bytes " " context " " fmt "

•

nil { return err }

The blob. Get All method takes a height and slice of namespaces, returning the slice of blobs found in the given namespaces.

```
client

"github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-openrpc" "github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-openrpc/types/blob" "github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-openrpc/types/share")

// SubmitBlob submits a blob containing "Hello, World!" to the 0xDEADBEEF namespace. It uses the default signer on the running node. func

SubmitBlob (ctx context.Context, url string, token string) error { client, err := client. NewClient (ctx, url, token) if err != nil { return err }

// let's post to 0xDEADBEEF namespace namespace, err := share. NewBlobNamespaceV0 ([] byte { 0x DE, 0x AD, 0x BE, 0x EF }) if err != nil { return err }

// create a blob helloWorldBlob, err := blob. NewBlobV0 (namespace, [] byte ( "Hello, World!" )) if err !=
```

// submit the blob to the network height, err := client.Blob. Submit (ctx, [] \* blob.Blob{helloWorldBlob}, blob.

```
NewSubmitOptions ()) if err !=
nil { return err }
fmt. Printf ( "Blob was included at height %d\n ", height)
// fetch the blob back from the network retrievedBlobs, err := client.Blob. GetAll (ctx, height,
[]share.Namespace{namespace}) if err !=
nil { return err }
fmt. Printf ( "Blobs are equal? %v\n " , bytes. Equal (helloWorldBlob.Commitment, retrievedBlobs[ 0 ].Commitment)) return
nil } import ( " bytes " " context " " fmt "
client
" github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-openrpc " " github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-openrpc/types/blob " "
github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-openrpc/types/share ")
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nil { return err }
// let's post to 0xDEADBEEF namespace namespace, err := share. NewBlobNamespaceV0 ([] byte { 0x DE , 0x AD , 0x BE ,
0x EF }) if err !=
nil { return err }
// create a blob helloWorldBlob, err := blob. NewBlobV0 (namespace, [] byte ( "Hello, World!" )) if err !=
nil { return err }
// submit the blob to the network height, err := client.Blob. Submit (ctx, [] * blob.Blob{helloWorldBlob}, blob.
NewSubmitOptions ()) if err !=
nil { return err }
fmt. Printf ( "Blob was included at height %d\n ", height)
// fetch the blob back from the network retrievedBlobs, err := client.Blob. GetAll (ctx, height,
[]share.Namespace{namespace}) if err !=
nil { return err }
fmt. Printf ("Blobs are equal? %v\n", bytes. Equal (helloWorldBlob.Commitment, retrievedBlobs[ 0 ].Commitment)) return
nil }
Subscribing to new blobs
You can subscribe to new blobs in a namespace using the lob. Subscribe method. This method returns a channel that will
receive new blobs as they are produced. In this example, we will fetch all blobs in the0xDEADBEEF namespace.
```

```
go func

SubscribeBlobs (ctx context.Context, url string, token string) error { client, err := client. NewClient (ctx, url, token) if err != nil { return err }

// create a namespace to filter blobs with namespace, err := share. NewBlobNamespaceV0 ([] byte { 0x DE, 0x AD, 0x BE, 0x EF }) if err != nil { return err }

// subscribe to new blobs using a <-chan *blob.BlobResponse channel blobChan, err := client.Blob. Subscribe (ctx) if err != nil { return err }

for { select { case resp := }
```

```
<- blobChan: fmt. Printf ( "Found %d blobs at height %d in 0xDEADBEEF namespace \n " , len (resp. Blobs ()), resp.Height)
case
<- ctx. Done (): return
nil } } } func
SubscribeBlobs (ctx context.Context, url string , token string ) error { client, err := client. NewClient (ctx, url, token) if err !=
nil { return err }
// create a namespace to filter blobs with namespace, err := share. NewBlobNamespaceV0 ([] byte { 0x DE , 0x AD , 0x BE ,
0x EF }) if err !=
nil { return err }
// subscribe to new blobs using a <-chan *blob.BlobResponse channel blobChan, err := client.Blob. Subscribe (ctx) if err !=
nil { return err }
for { select { case resp :=
     <- blobChan: fmt. Printf ( "Found %d blobs at height %d in 0xDEADBEEF namespace \n " , len (resp. Blobs ()), resp.Height)
case
     <- ctx. Done (): return
nil } } }</pre>
```

#### Subscribing to new headers

Alternatively, you can subscribe to new headers using the new header. Subscribe method. This method returns a channel that will receive new headers as they are produced. In this example, we will fetch all blobs at the height of the new header in the 0xDEADBEEF namespace.

go // SubscribeHeaders subscribes to new headers and fetches all blobs at the height of the new header in the 0xDEADBEEF namespace. func

SubscribeHeaders (ctx context.Context, url string , token string ) error { client, err := client. NewClient (ctx, url, token) if err != nil { return err }

// create a namespace to filter blobs with namespace, err := share. NewBlobNamespaceV0 ([] byte { 0x DE , 0x AD , 0x BE , 0x EF }) if err != nil { return err }

// subscribe to new headers using a <-chan \*header.ExtendedHeader channel headerChan, err := client.Header. Subscribe (ctx) if err !=

nil { return err }

for { select { case header :=

<- headerChan: // fetch all blobs at the height of the new header blobs, err := client.Blob. GetAll (context. TODO (), header. Height (), []share.Namespace{namespace}) if err !=</p>

nil { fmt. Printf ( "Error fetching blobs: %v\n " , err) }

fmt. Printf ( "Found %d blobs at height %d in 0xDEADBEEF namespace \n ", len (blobs), header. Height ()) case

<- ctx. Done (): return

nil } } // SubscribeHeaders subscribes to new headers and fetches all blobs at the height of the new header in the 0xDEADBEEF namespace. func

 $Subscribe Headers \ (ctx \ context. Context, \ url \ string \ , \ token \ string \ ) \ error \ \{ \ client, \ err := client. \ New Client \ (ctx, \ url, \ token) \ if \ err := client. \ New Client \ (ctx, \ url, \ token) \ if \ err := client \ (ctx, \ url, \ token) \ if \ (ctx, \ url,$ 

nil { return err }

// create a namespace to filter blobs with namespace, err := share. NewBlobNamespaceV0 ([] byte { 0x DE , 0x AD , 0x BE , 0x EF }) if err !=

```
nil { return err }
// subscribe to new headers using a <-chan *header.ExtendedHeader channel headerChan, err := client.Header. Subscribe
(ctx) if err !=
nil { return err }
for { select { case header :=
<- headerChan: // fetch all blobs at the height of the new header blobs, err := client.Blob. GetAll (context. TODO (), header.
Height (), []share.Namespace{namespace}) if err !=
nil { fmt. Printf ( "Error fetching blobs: %v\n ", err) }
fmt. Printf ("Found %d blobs at height %d in 0xDEADBEEF namespace \n", len (blobs), header. Height ()) case
<- ctx. Done (): return
nil } } }
```

### Fetching an Extended Data Square (EDS)

You can fetch an Extended Data Square (EDS) using the share GetEDS method. This method takes a header and returns the EDS at the given height.

```
go // GetEDS fetches the EDS at the given height. func
```

```
GetEDS (ctx context.Context, url string, token string, height uint64) (* rsmt2d.ExtendedDataSquare, error) { client, err :=
client. NewClient (ctx, url, token) if err !=
```

```
nil { return
nil, err }
// First get the header of the block you want to fetch the EDS from header, err := client.Header. GetByHeight (ctx, height) if
nil { return
nil, err }
// Fetch the EDS return client. Share. GetEDS (ctx. header) } // GetEDS fetches the EDS at the given height, func
GetEDS (ctx context.Context, url string, token string, height uint64) (* rsmt2d.ExtendedDataSquare, error) { client, err :=
client. NewClient (ctx, url, token) if err !=
```

nil { return

nil, err }

// First get the header of the block you want to fetch the EDS from header, err := client.Header. GetByHeight (ctx, height) if err !=

nil { return

nil, err }

// Fetch the EDS return client.Share. GetEDS (ctx, header) }

#### **API** documentation

To see the full list of available methods, see the API documentation . [[ Edit this page on GitHub] Last updated: Previous page CLI tutorial Next page Rust client tutorial []