# **Burner**

- Source Code
- Deployed Contract

The contract provides a way for Lido protocol to burn stETH token shares as a means to finalize withdrawals, penalize untimely exiting node operators, and, possibly, cover losses in staking.

It relies on the<u>rebasing</u> nature of stETH. TheLido contract calculates user balance using the following equation:balanceOf(account) = shares[account] \* totalPooledEther / totalShares . Therefore, burning shares (e.g. decreasing thetotalShares amount) increases stETH holders' balances.

It's presumed that actual shares burning happens inside the <u>lido</u> contract as a part of the <u>AccountingOracle</u> report. Burner provides a safe and deterministic way to incur a positive stETH token rebase by gradually decreasing total Shares that can be correctly handled by 3rd party protocols integrated with stETH.

Burner accepts burning requests in the following two ways:

- Lockingsomeone's pre-approved
- stETH by the caller with the assignedREQUEST BURN SHARES ROLE
- ;
- · Lockingcaller-provided
- stETH with theREQUEST\_BURN\_MY\_STETH\_ROLE
- · assigned role.

Those burn requests are initially set by the contract to a pending state. Actual burning happens as part of an oracle (<u>AccountingOracle</u>) report handling by<u>Lido</u> to prevent additional fluctuations of the existing stETH token rebase period (~24h).

We also distinguish two types of shares burn requests:

- · request tocover
- · a slashing event (e.g. decreasing of the total pooled ETH amount
- between the two consecutive oracle reports);
- · request to burn shares for any other cases (non-cover
- ).

The contract has two separate counters for the burnt shares: cover and non-cover ones. The contract is exclusively responsible for the stETH shares burning by Lido and burning allowed only from the contract's own balance only.

#### Shares burnt counters

The contract keeps count of all shares ever burned by way of maintaining two internal counters:totalCoverSharesBurnt andtotalNonCoverSharesBurnt for cover and non-cover burns, respectively. These counters are increased when actual stETH burn is performed as part of the Lido Oracle report.

This makes it possible to split any stETH rebase into two sub-components: the rewards-induced rebase and cover application-induced rebase, which can be done as follows:

- 1. Before the rebase, store the previous values of both counters, as well as the value of stETH share price:
- 2. prevCoverSharesBurnt
- 3. =
- 4. Burner
- 5. .
- 6. totalCoverSharesBurnt
- 7. (
- 8.)
- 9. prevSharePrice
- 10. =
- 11. stETH
- 12. .
- 13. totalSupply
- 14. (
- 15. )
- 16. /
- 17. stETH
- 18. .
- 19. getTotalShares
- 20. (

```
21.)
22. After the rebase, perform the following calculations:
23. sharesBurntFromOldToNew
24. =
25. Burner
26. .
27. totalCoverSharesBurnt
28. (
29.)
30. -
31. prevCoverSharesBurnt
32.;
33. newSharePriceAfterCov
34. =
35. stETH
36. .
37. totalSupply
38. (
39.)
40. /
41. (
42. stETH
43. .
44. getTotalShares
45. (
46.)
47. +
48. sharesBurntFromOldToNew
49. )
50.;
51. newSharePrice
52. =
53. stETH
54. .
55. totalSupply
56. (
57. )
58. /
59. stETH
60. .
61. getTotalShares
62. (
63.)
64.;
65. // rewards-induced share price increase
66. rewardPerShare
68. newSharePriceAfterCov
69. -
70. prevSharePrice
72. // cover-induced share price increase
73. nonRewardSharePriceIncrease
74. =
75. newSharePrice
76. -
77. prevSharePrice
78. -
79. rewardPerShare
80. ;
```

# View methods

## getCoverSharesBurnt()

Returns the total cover shares ever burnt.

function

```
getCoverSharesBurnt ()
external
view
returns
(uint256)
getNonCoverSharesBurnt()
Returns the total non-cover shares ever burnt.
function
getNonCoverSharesBurnt ()
external
view
returns
(uint256)
getExcessStETH()
Returns the stETH amount belonging to the burner contract address but not marked for burning.
function
getExcessStETH()
external
view
returns
(uint256)
getSharesRequestedToBurn()
Returns numbers of cover and non-cover shares requested to burn.
function
getSharesRequestedToBurn ()
external
view
returns
(uint256 coverShares,
uint256 nonCoverShares)
Methods
```

## requestBurnMyStETHForCover()

Transfers stETH tokens from the message sender and irreversibly locks these on the burner contract address. Internally converts tokens amount into underlying shares amount and marks the converted shares amount for cover-backed burning by increasing the internalcoverSharesBurnRequested counter.

function

requestBurnMyStETHForCover ( uint256 \_stETHAmountToBurn )

external note Reverts if any of the following is true:

- · msg.sender
- is not a holder of theREQUEST\_BURN\_MY\_STETH\_ROLE
- role:
- no stETH provided (\_stETHAmountToBurn == 0
- ):
- no stETH transferred (allowance exceeded).

#### **Parameters**

Name Type Description stETHAmountToBurn uint256 stETH tokens amount (not shares amount) to burn

## requestBurnSharesForCover()

Transfers stETH shares from\_from and irreversibly locks these on the burner contract address. Internally marks the shares amount for cover-backed burning by increasing the internalcoverSharesBurnReguested counter.

Can be called only by a holder of REQUEST\_BURN\_SHARES\_ROLE. After Lido V2 upgrade not actually called by any contract and supposed to be called by Lido DAO Agent in case of a need for cover.

function

requestBurnSharesForCover (address from .

uint256 sharesAmountToBurn) note Reverts if any of the following is true:

- msg.sender
- is not a holder of the REQUEST BURN SHARES ROLE
- role:
- no stETH shares provided ( sharesAmountToBurn == 0
- ).
- no stETH shares transferred (allowance exceeded).

#### **Parameters**

Name Type Description \_from address address to transfer shares from \_sharesAmountToBurn uint256 shares amount (not stETH tokens amount) to burn

### requestBurnMyStETH()

Transfers stETH tokens from the message sender and irreversibly locks these on the burner contract address. Internally converts tokens amount into underlying shares amount and marks the converted amount for non-cover backed burning by increasing the internalnonCoverSharesBurnRequested counter.

function

requestBurnMyStETH ( uint256 \_stETHAmountToBurn )

external note Reverts if any of the following is true:

- · msg.sender
- is not a holder of theREQUEST\_BURN\_MY\_STETH\_ROLE
- role:
- no stETH provided (\_stETHAmountToBurn == 0
- ):
- no stETH transferred (allowance exceeded).

#### **Parameters**

Name Type Description \_stETHAmountToBurn uint256 stETH tokens amount (not shares amount) to burn

### requestBurnShares()

Transfers stETH shares from\_from and irreversibly locks these on the burner contract address. Internally marks the shares amount for non-cover backed burning by increasing the internalnonCoverSharesBurnRequested counter.

Can be called only by a holder of the REQUEST\_BURN\_SHARES\_ROLE role which after Lido V2 upgrade is eithe <u>Lido</u> or <u>NodeOperatorsRegistry</u>. <u>Lido</u> needs this to request shares locked on the <u>WithdrawalQueueERC721</u>

and Node Operators Registry needs it to request burning shares to penalize the rewards of misbehaving node operators.

function

requestBurnShares (address from,

uint256 sharesAmountToBurn) note Reverts if any of the following is true:

- msg.sender
- is not a holder of REQUEST\_BURN\_SHARES\_ROLE
- role
- no stETH shares provided ( sharesAmountToBurn == 0
- );
- no stETH shares transferred (allowance exceeded).

### **Parameters**

Name Type Description \_from address address to transfer shares from \_sharesAmountToBurn uint256 shares amount (not stETH tokens amount) to burn

## recoverExcessStETH()

Transfers the excess stETH amount (e.g. belonging to the burner contract address but not marked for burning) to the Lido treasury address (theDAO Agent contract) set upon the contract construction.

Does nothing if thegetExcessStETH view func returns 0 (zero), i.e. there is no excess stETH on the contract's balance.

function

recoverExcessStETH()

external

## recoverERC20()

Transfers a given amount of an ERC20-token (defined by the provided contract address) belonging to the burner contract address to the Lido treasury (theDAO Agent contract) address.

function

recoverERC20 ( address \_token ,

external note Reverts if any of the following is true:

amount

uint256 amount)

- value is 0 (zero);
- token
- · address is 0 (zero);
- token
- · address equals to thestETH
- address (userecoverExcessStETH
- instead).

#### **Parameters**

Name Type Description \_token address ERC20-compatible token address to recover \_amount uint256 Amount to recover

## recoverERC721()

Transfers a given ERC721-compatible NFT (defined by the contract address) belonging to the burner contract address to the Lido treasury (theDAO Agent ) address.

function

```
recoverERC721 ( address _token ,
```

uint256 \_tokenId)

external note Reverts if any of the following is true:

- token
- address is 0 (zero);
- \_token
- · address equals to thestETH
- address (userecoverExcessStETH
- instead).

#### **Parameters**

Name Type Description token address ERC721-compatible token address to recover tokenId uint256 Token id to recover

## commitSharesToBurn()

Marks previously requested to burn cover and non-cover share as burnt. EmitsStETHBurnt event for the cover and non-cover shares marked as burnt.

This function is called by the Lido contract together with (i.e., the same tx) performing the actual shares burning.

If\_sharesToBurn is 0 does nothing.

function

commitSharesToBurn ( uint256 \_sharesToBurn )

external note Reverts if any of the following is true:

- msg.sender
- · address is NOT equal to thestETH
- · address;
- \_sharesToBurn
- is greater than the cover plus non-cover shares requested to burn.

#### **Parameters**

Name Type Description \_sharesToBurn uint256 Amount of cover plus non-cover shares to mark as burn<u>Edit this page</u>
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