# WebSocket-enabled Components with QueryAPI

In this article you'll learn how to create a NEAR component that gathers information from <u>QueryAPI indexer</u> using WebSockets. In this example, the QueryAPI indexer monitors the widget activity on the blockchain, and the NEAR component gets that information using WebSockets.

info QueryAPI is a fully managed solution to build indexer functions, extract on-chain data, store it in a database, and be able to query it using GraphQL endpoints.

# **QueryAPI** indexer

The <u>Widget Activity indexer</u> keeps track of any widget activity on the social near smart contract. Whenever a Widget transaction is found, the data is stored in a Postgres database.

### **DB** schema

The schema for the indexer's database is pretty simple: **CREATE** TABLE "widget\_activity" ( "id" **SERIAL** NOT NULL, "account\_id" **VARCHAR** NOT NULL, "widget name" **VARCHAR** NOT NULL, "block\_height" DECIMAL (58, 0) NOT NULL, "receipt id" **VARCHAR** NOT NULL, "block\_timestamp" DECIMAL (20, 0) NOT **NULL**, CONSTRAINT "widgets\_pkey" **PRIMARY KEY** 

( "id" ) );

INDEX idx widget activity block timestamp ON widget activity (block timestamp);

#### **Indexer logic**

In the following code snippet, you can find the simple indexer logic that filters widget transactions from the social near smart contract, and if it finds widget development activity, then it adds a record to the widget \_activity table defined previously.

tip To learn more, check the complete source code of the Widget Activity indexer . // Add your code here const

```
SOCIAL DB
"social.near";
const nearSocialWidgetTxs = block . actions ( ) . filter ( ( action )
=> action . receiverId
===
SOCIAL DB). flatMap((action)
=> action . operations . map ( ( operation )
=> operation [ "FunctionCall" ] ) . filter ( ( operation )
=> operation ?. methodName ===
"set").map((functionCallOperation)
=>
( { ... functionCallOperation , args :
base64decode (functionCallOperation . args), receiptId: action . receiptId,
// providing receiptId as we need it } ) ) . filter ( ( functionCall )
{ const accountId =
Object . keys (functionCall . args . data) [0]; return
Object . keys (functionCall . args . data [accountId]) . includes ("widget"); }));
( nearSocialWidgetTxs . length
0)
{ console . log ( "Found NEAR Widget Development Activity..." ) ; const blockHeight = block . blockHeight ; const
blockTimestamp = block . header () . timestampNanosec ; console . log ( nearSocialWidgetTxs ) ; await
Promise . all ( nearSocialWidgetTxs . map ( async
( widgetEditTx )
=>
{ const accountId =
Object . keys ( widgetEditTx . args . data ) [ 0 ] ; const widgetName =
Object . keys ( widgetEditTx . args . data [ accountId ] [ "widget" ] ) [ 0 ] ;
console . log (ACCOUNT ID: { accountId } ); console . log ( widgetName ); await
handleWidgetTx (accountId, widgetName, blockHeight, blockTimestamp, widgetEditTx.receiptId); console.log(
widgetEditTx);}));}}
```

This is the JS function that calls the GraphQL mutationInsertWidgetActivity and adds a record to thewidget\_activity table:

tip Learn more aboutQueryAPI indexing functions and how to build your own indexers. async

```
function
```

```
handleWidgetTx ( accountId , widgetName , blockHeight , blockTimestamp , receiptId ) 
{ console . log ( accountId , blockHeight , blockTimestamp , receiptId ) ; try

{ const mutationData =

{ activity :

{ account_id : accountId , widget_name : widgetName , block_height : blockHeight , block_timestamp : blockTimestamp , receipt_id : receiptId , } , } ; await context . graphql ( mutation InsertWidgetActivity(activity: roshaan_near_widget_activity_feed_widget_activity_insert_input = {}) { insert_roshaan_near_widget_activity_feed_widget_activity_one(object: activity) { id } } , mutationData ) ; }

catch

( e )

{ console . log (Could not add widget activity to DB, { e } ) ; } }
```

# **Using WebSockets**

block\_height block\_timestamp id receipt\_id widget\_name } };

Once you have a QueryAPI indexer running, you can use WebSockets to get the data in your NEAR Component. You only need to create aWebSocket object pointing to the QueryAPI's GraphQL endpoint.

## Setup

Here's a code snippet from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes and processes any activity from the NEAR component that subscribes are subscribes as the next that the next th

tip The code below is only a snippet. If you want the full source code to play around with the component, you can fork the <u>Widget Activity Feed source code</u> and build your own NEAR component. const

```
const subscriptionWidgetActivity =
{ type:
"start", id:
"widgetActivity",
// You can use any unique identifier payload :
{ operationName :
"IndexerQuery", query: widgetActivitySubscription, variables:
{ } , } , } ; function
processWidgetActivity (activity)
{ return
{
... activity } ; } function
startWebSocketWidgetActivity ( processWidgetActivities )
{ let ws =
State . get ( ) . ws_widgetActivity ;
if
( ws )
{ ws . close ( ) ; return ; }
WS
new
WebSocket ( wss:// { GRAPHQL_ENDPOINT } /v1/graphql ,
"graphql-ws");
ws . onopen
()
{ console . log (Connection to WS has been established ); ws . send ( JSON . stringify ( { type :
"connection_init", payload:
{ headers :
{ "Content-Type" :
"application/json", "Hasura-Client-Name":
"hasura-console", "x-hasura-role":
"roshaan_near", }, lazy:
true , } , } ) );
setTimeout (()
=> ws . send ( JSON . stringify ( subscriptionWidgetActivity ) ) ,
50);};
```

```
()
=>
{ State . update ( {
ws_widgetActivity:
null
}); console . log (WS Connection has been closed); };
ws . onmessage
(e)
{ const data =
JSON . parse ( e . data ) ; console . log ( "received data" , data ) ; if
(data.type
"data"
&& data . id
===
"widgetActivity")
{ processWidgetActivities ( data . payload . data ) ; } } ;
ws . onerror
(err)
{ State . update ( {
ws_widgetActivity:
}); console . log ( "WebSocket error" , err ); };
State . update ( {
ws_widgetActivity: ws });} info Pay attention to the subscriptionWidgetActivity JSON payload.
Processing
This is the JS function that process the incoming widget activities generated by the QueryAPI indexer, allowing the NEAR
component to create a feed based on the blockchain's widget activity:
tip You can fork the Widget Activity Feed source code and build your own NEAR component. function
processWidgetActivities ( incoming_data )
{ let incoming_widgetActivities = incoming_data . roshaan_near_widget_activity_feed_widget_activity . flatMap (
```

ws . onclose

processWidgetActivity); const newActivities =

```
[ ... incoming_widgetActivities . filter ( ( activity )
=>
{ return
( state . widgetActivities . length
0
|| activity . block_timestamp
      state . widgetActivities [ 0 ] . block_timestamp ) ; } ) , ] ; const prevActivities = state . prevActivities
\parallel
[]; State.update({
widgetActivities:
[ ... newActivities ,
... prevActivities ]
});}
if
( state . ws_widgetActivity
undefined)
{ State . update ( { startWebSocketWidgetActivity : startWebSocketWidgetActivity , } ) ; state . startWebSocketWidgetActivity
( processWidgetActivities );}
Rendering
Finally, rendering the activity feed on the NEAR component is straight-forward, by iterating through the state.widgetActivities
map:
return
( < div
      < Title
      Widget
Activity
Feed { " " } < TextLink href = "https://near.org/dataplatform.near/widget/QueryApi.App"
      { " " } Powered
Ву
QueryAPI { " " } < / TextLink
      </Title
      < RowContainer
      { state . widgetActivities . map ( ( activity , i )
=>
( < Card
      < div
```

```
< Widget src = "mob.near/widget/TimeAgo" props = { {
blockHeight : activity . block_height
}}/
     { " " } ago < / div
     < CardBody
     < div key = \{ i \}
      < Text bold
     Widget
Name:
{ activity . widget_name } < / Text
      < Text bold
     Account
ID:
{ activity . account_id } < / Text
     < / div
     </ CardBody
     < CardFooter
     < TextLink href = {/#/near/widget/ComponentDetailsPage?src= { activity . account_id } /widget/ { activity . widget_name } }
     View < / TextLink
      </ CardFooter
     </ Card
     ))}</RowContainer
      < / div
     ); Edit this page Last updatedonApr 10, 2024 bygagdiez Was this page helpful? Yes No Need some help Chat
     with us or check our Dev Resources! Twitter Telegram Discord Zulip
```

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