# **Rapid Prototyping**

When you change the interface of a contract and re-deploy it, you may see this error:

Cannot deserialize the contract state.

#### Why does this happen?

When your contract is executed, the NEAR Runtime reads the serialized state from disk and attempts to load it using current contract code. When your code changes but the serialized state stays the same, it can't figure out how to do this.

## How can you avoid such errors?

When you're still in the Research & Development phase, building a prototype and deploying it locally or otestnet, you can just delete all previous contract state when you make a breaking change. See below for a couple ways to do this.

When you're ready to deploy a more stable contract, there are a couple  $\alpha$  routing it all. And once your contract graduates from "trusted mode" (when maintainers control a <u>Full Access key</u>) to community-governed mode (no more Full Access keys), you can set up your contract to graduates from the policy of th

# Rapid Prototyping: Delete Everything All The Time

There are two ways to delete all account state:

- 1. Deploying on a new account each time
- 2. Deleting & recreating contract account

For both cases, let's consider the following example.

Let's say you deploya JS status message contract contract to testnet, then call it with:

- near-cli
- near-cli-rs

near call [contract] set\_status '{"message": "lol"}' --accountId you.testnet near view [contract] get\_status '{"account\_id": "you.testnet"}' near contract call-function as-transaction [contract] set\_status json-args '{"message": "lol"}' prepaid-gas '30 TeraGas' attached-deposit '0 NEAR' sign-as you.testnet network-config testnet sign-with-keychain send

near contract call-function as-read-only [contract] get\_status text-args '{"account\_id": "you.testnet"}' network-config testnet now This will return the message that you set with the call toset\_status, in this case"lol".

At this point the contract is deployed and has some state.

Now let's say you change the contract to store two kinds of data for each account, a status message and a tagline. You can add to the contract code aLookupMap for both status message and another one for the tagline, both indexed by the account ID

You build & deploy the contract again, thinking that maybe because the newtaglines LookupMap has the same prefix as the oldrecords LookupMap (the prefix isa, set bynew LookupMap("a"), the tagline foryou.testnet should be "lol". But when younear view the contract, you get the "Cannot deserialize" message. What to do?

## 1. Deploying on a new account each time

When first getting started with a new project, the fastest way to deploy a contract is reating an account and deploying the contract into it using NEAR CLI.

- near-cli
- near-cli-rs

near create-account --useFaucet near deploy ./path/to/compiled.wasm near account create-account sponsor-by-faucet-service .testnet autogenerate-new-keypair save-to-keychain network-config testnet create

near contract deploy .testnet use-file without-init-call network-config testnet sign-with-keychain This does a few things:

- 1. Creates a new testnet account pre-funded with 10N from the faucet
- 2. Stores the private key for this account in the~/.near-credentials
- 3. folder
- 4. Deploys your contract code to this account

# 2. Deleting & Recreating Contract Account

Another option to start from scratch is to delete the account and recreate it.

- near-cli
- · near-cli-rs

Delete sub-account near delete Delete sub-account near account delete-account app-name.you.testnet beneficiary you.testnet network-config testnet sign-with-keychain send This sends all funds still on the account to and deletes the contract that had been deployed to it, including all contract state.

Now you create the sub-account and deploy to it again using the commands above, and it will have empty state like it did the first time you deployed it. Edit this page Last updatedonMar 25, 2024 bygagdiez Was this page helpful? Yes No

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