

# Limitations

Developing programs on the Solana blockchain have some inherent limitation associated with them. Below is a list of common limitation that you may run into.

## **Rust libraries#**

Since Rust based on-chain programs must run be deterministic while running in a resource-constrained, single-threaded environment, they have some limitations on various libraries.

See [Developing with Rust - Restrictions](#) for a detailed breakdown these restrictions and limitations.

## **Compute budget#**

To prevent abuse of the blockchain's computational resources, each transaction is allocated [compute budget](#) . Exceeding this compute budget will result in the transaction failing.

See [computational constraints](#) in the Runtime for more specific details.

## **Call stack depth - CallDepthExceeded error#**

Solana programs are constrained to run quickly, and to facilitate this, the program's call stack is limited to a max depth of 64 frames .

When a program exceeds the allowed call stack depth limit, it will receive the `CallDepthExceeded` error.

## **CPI call depth - CallDepth error#**

Cross-program invocations allow programs to invoke other programs directly, but the depth is constrained currently to 4 .

When a program exceeds the allowed [cross-program invocation call depth](#) , it will receive a `CallDepth` error

## **Float Rust types support#**

Programs support a limited subset of Rust's float operations. If a program attempts to use a float operation that is not supported, the runtime will report an unresolved symbol error.

Float operations are performed via software libraries, specifically LLVM's float built-ins. Due to the software emulated, they consume more compute units than integer operations. In general, fixed point operations are recommended where possible.

The [Solana Program Library math](#) tests will report the performance of some math operations. To run the test, sync the repo and run:

`cargo test-sbf -- --nocapture --test-threads=1` Recent results show the float operations take more instructions compared to integers equivalents. Fixed point implementations may vary but will also be less than the float equivalents:

u64 f32 Multiply 8 176 Divide 9 219

## **Static writable data#**

Program shared objects do not support writable shared data. Programs are shared between multiple parallel executions using the same shared read-only code and data. This means that developers should not include any static writable or global variables in programs. In the future a copy-on-write mechanism could be added to support writable data.

## **Signed division#**

The SBF instruction set does not support [signed division](#) . Adding a signed division instruction is a consideration.