## Celestia-node RPC CLI tutorial

In this tutorial, we will cover how to use the celestia-node RPC API to submit and retrieve data (blobs) from the data availability layer by their namespace.

### Introduction

#### **Blobs**

Data is posted to Celestia's DA layer by using MsgPayForBlobs transactions to the core network. Reaghore about MsgPayForBlobs .

#### **Namespaces**

Celestia partitions the block data into multiple namespaces, one for every application. This allows applications to only download their data, and not the data of other applications. Read<u>more about Namespaced Merkle trees (NMTs)</u>.

TIP

If you already have a running and funded node, you can skip to the RPC CLI guide section. WARNING

The gateway endpoints have been deprecated and will be removed in the future. If you would like to use them anyway, you canfind more details on GitHub.

## Hardware requirements

The following minimum hardware requirements are recommended for running a light node:

- Memory:500 MB RAM (minimum)
- CPU:Single Core
- · Disk:50 GB SSD Storage
- Bandwidth:56 Kbps for Download/56 Kbps for Upload

## Setting up dependencies

This portion of the tutorial will go over setting up your development environment to run Celestia software. This environment can be used for development, building binaries, and running nodes.

In your terminal, set up dependencies needed to install and build celestia-node.

- 1. If you are on Ubuntu, first update and upgrade your OS:
- 2. APT
- 3. YUM
- 4. bash
- 5. sudo
- 6. apt
- 7. update
- 8. &&
- 9. sudo
- 10. apt
- 11. upgrade
- 12. -y
- 13. sudo
- 14. apt
- 15. update
- 16. &&
- 17. sudo
- 18. apt
- 19. upgrade
- 20. -y
- 21. bash
- 22. sudo
- 23. yum
- 24. update
- 25. sudo
- 26. yum

- 27. update
- 28. Install essential packages that are necessary to execute many tasks like downloading files, compiling, and monitoring
- 29. APT
- 30. YUM
- 31. Mac
- 32. bash
- 33. sudo
- 34. apt
- 35. install
- 36. curl
- 37. tar
- 38. wget
- 39. clang
- 40. pkg-config
- 41. libssl-dev
- 42. jq
- 43. \
- 44. build-essential
- 45. git
- 46. make
- 47. ncdu
- 48. -у
- 49. sudo
- 50. apt
- 51. install
- 52. curl
- 53. tar
- 54. wget
- 55. clang
- 56. pkg-config
- 57. libssl-dev
- 58. jq
- 59. \
- 60. build-essential
- 61. git
- 62. make
- 63. ncdu
- 64. -y
- 65. bash
- 66. sudo
- 67. yum 68. install
- 69. curl
- 70. tar
- 71. wget
- 72. clang
- 73. pkg-config
- 74. libssl-dev
- 75. jq
- 76. \
- 77. build-essential
- 78. git
- 79. make
- 80. ncdu
- 81. -y
- 82. sudo
- 83. yum
- 84. install
- 85. curl
- 86. tar
- 87. wget
- 88. clang
- 89. pkg-config
- 90. libssl-dev
- 91. jq
- 92. \
- 93. build-essential

```
94. git
95. make
96. ncdu
97. -y
98. bash
```

# 99. these commands are for installing Homebrew, wget and jq

# 100. follow the instructions from the output after running this command

```
101. /bin/bash
102. -c
103. "(
104. curl
105. -fsSL
106. https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/HEAD/install.sh)"
```

# 107. then install wget & jq

```
108. brew
109. install
110. wget
111. &&
112. brew
113. install
114. jg
```

# 115. these commands are for installing Homebrew, wget and jq

# 116. follow the instructions from the output after running this command

```
117. /bin/bash
118. -c
119. "(
120. curl
121. -fsSL
122. https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/HEAD/install.sh)"
```

# 123. then install wget & jq

```
124. brew
125. install
126. wget
127. &&
128. brew
129. install
130. jq
```

## **Install Golang**

celestia-node is written in Golang so we must install Golang to build and run our node.

1. Set the version for your desired network:

- 2. Mainnet Beta
- 3. Mocha
- 4. Arabica
- 5. bash
- 6. ver
- 7. =
- 8. "1.21.1"
- 9. ver
- 10. =
- 11. "1.21.1"
- 12. bash
- 13. ver
- 14. =
- 15. "1.21.1"
- 16. ver
- 17. =
- 18. "1.21.1"
- 19. bash
- 20. ver
- 21. =
- 22. "1.21.1"
- 23. ver
- 24. =
- 25. "1.21.1"
- 26. Download and install Golang:
- 27. Ubuntu (AMD)
- 28. Ubuntu (ARM)
- 29. Mac (Apple)
- 30. Mac (Intel)
- 31. bash
- 32. cd
- 33. HOME
- 34. wget
- 35. "https://golang.org/dl/go
- 36. ver
- 37. .linux-amd64.tar.gz"
- 38. sudo
- 39. rm
- 40. -rf
- 41. /usr/local/go
- 42. sudo
- 43. tar
- 44. -C
- 45. /usr/local
- 46. -xzf
- 47. "go
- 48. ver
- 49. .linux-amd64.tar.gz"
- 50. rm
- 51. "go
- 52. ver
- 53. .linux-amd64.tar.gz"
- 54. cd
- 55. HOME
- 56. wget
- 57. "https://golang.org/dl/go
- 58. ver
- 59. .linux-amd64.tar.gz"
- 60. sudo
- 61. rm
- 62. -rf
- 63. /usr/local/go
- 64. sudo
- 65. tar
- 66. -C
- 67. /usr/local
- 68. -xzf
- 69. "go

- 70. ver
- 71. .linux-amd64.tar.gz"
- 72. rm
- 73. "go
- 74. ver
- 75. .linux-amd64.tar.gz"
- 76. bash
- 77. cd
- 78. HOME
- 79. wget
- 80. "https://golang.org/dl/go
- 81. ver
- 82. .linux-arm64.tar.gz"
- 83. sudo
- 84. rm
- 85. -rf
- 86. /usr/local/go
- 87. sudo
- 88. tar
- 89. -C
- 90. /usr/local
- 91. -xzf
- 92. "go
- 93. ver
- 94. .linux-arm64.tar.gz"
- 95. rm
- 96. "go
- 97. ver
- 98. .linux-arm64.tar.gz"
- 99. cd
- 100. HOME
- 101. wget
- 102. "https://golang.org/dl/go
- 103. ver
- 104. .linux-arm64.tar.gz"
- 105. sudo
- 106. rm
- 107. -rf
- 108. /usr/local/go
- 109. sudo
- 110. tar
- 111. -C
- 112. /usr/local
- 113. -xzf
- 114. "go
- 115. ver
- 116. .linux-arm64.tar.gz"
- 117. rm
- 118. "go
- 119. ver
- 120. .linux-arm64.tar.gz"
- 121. bash
- 122. cd
- 123. HOME
- 124. wget
- 125. "https://golang.org/dl/go
- 126. ver
- 127. .darwin-arm64.tar.gz"
- 128. sudo
- 129. rm
- 130. -rf
- 131. /usr/local/go
- 132. sudo
- 133. tar
- 134. -C
- 135. /usr/local
- 136. -xzf
- 137. "go

- 138. ver
- 139. .darwin-arm64.tar.gz"
- 140. rm
- 141. "go
- 142. ver
- 143. .darwin-arm64.tar.gz"
- 144. cd
- 145. HOME
- 146. wget
- 147. "https://golang.org/dl/go
- 148. ver
- 149. .darwin-arm64.tar.gz"
- 150. sudo
- 151. rm
- 152. -rf
- 153. /usr/local/go
- 154. sudo
- 155. tar
- 156. -C
- 157. /usr/local
- 158. -xzf
- 159. "go
- 160. ver
- 161. .darwin-arm64.tar.gz"
- 162. rm
- 163. "go
- 164. ver
- 165. .darwin-arm64.tar.gz"
- 166. bash
- 167. cd
- 168. HOME
- 169. wget
- 170. "https://golang.org/dl/go
- 171. ver
- 172. .darwin-amd64.tar.gz"
- 173. sudo
- 174. rm
- 175. -rf
- 176. /usr/local/go
- 177. sudo
- 178. tar
- 179. -C
- 180. /usr/local
- 181. -xzf
- 182. "go
- 183. ver
- 184. .darwin-amd64.tar.gz"
- 185. rm
- 186. "go
- 187. ver
- 188. .darwin-amd64.tar.gz"
- 189. cd
- 190. HOME
- 191. wget
- 192. "https://golang.org/dl/go

194. .darwin-amd64.tar.gz"

- 193. ver
- 195. sudo
- 196. rm 197. -rf
- 198. /usr/local/go
- 199. sudo
- 200. tar
- 201. -C
- 202. /usr/local
- 203. -xzf
- 204. "go
- 205. ver

206. .darwin-amd64.tar.gz" 207. rm 208. "go 209. ver 210. .darwin-amd64.tar.gz" 211. Add your/usr/local/go/bin 212. directory to yourPATH 213. if you have not already: 214. bash 215. zsh 216. bash 217. echo 218. "export PATH= 219. PATH 220. :/usr/local/go/bin: 221. HOME 222. /go/bin" 223. 224. HOME 225. /.bash\_profile 226. source 227. HOME 228. /.bash\_profile 229. echo 230. "export PATH= 231. PATH 232. :/usr/local/go/bin: 233. HOME 234. /go/bin" 235. 236. HOME 237. /.bash\_profile 238. source 239. HOME 240. /.bash\_profile 241. bash 242. echo 243. "export PATH= 244. PATH 245. :/usr/local/go/bin: 246. HOME 247. /go/bin" 248. 249. HOME 250. /.zshrc 251. source 252. HOME 253. /.zshrc 254. echo 255. "export PATH= 256. PATH 257. :/usr/local/go/bin: 258. HOME 259. /go/bin" 260. 261. HOME 262. /.zshrc 263. source 264. HOME 265. /.zshrc 266. To verify that the correct version of Go was installed correctly run: 267. bash 268. go 269. version 270. go

The output will show the version installed.

## Celestia-node

#### Install celestia-node

Installing celestia-node for Arabica devnet or Mocha testnet means installing a specific version to be compatible with the network.

Install the celestia-node binary by running the following commands:

- 1. Remove any existing copy of celestia-node, clone the repository, and change into the directory.
- 2. bash
- 3. cd
- 4. HOME
- 5. rm
- 6. -rf
- 7. celestia-node
- 8. git
- 9. clone
- 10. https://github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-node.git
- 11. cd
- 12. celestia-node/
- 13. cd
- 14. HOME
- 15. rm
- 16. -rf
- 17. celestia-node
- 18. git
- 19. clone
- 20. https://github.com/celestiaorg/celestia-node.git
- 21. cd
- 22. celestia-node/
- 23. Check out to the desired version, based on the network you will use:
- 24. Mainnet Beta
- 25. Mocha
- 26. Arabica
- 27. bash
- 28. git
- 29. checkout
- 30. tags/v0.12.4
- 31. git
- 32. checkout
- 33. tags/v0.12.4
- 34. bash
- 35. git
- 36. checkout
- 37. tags/v0.13.1
- 38. git
- 39. checkout
- 40. tags/v0.13.1
- 41. bash
- 42. git
- 43. checkout
- 44. tags/v0.13.1
- 45. git
- 46. checkout
- 47. tags/v0.13.1
- 48. Build thecelestia
- 49. binary:
- 50. a. Standard build
- 51. bash
- 52. make
- 53. build
- 54. make
- 55. build

	b. Experimental build OPTIONAL
	If you're a node operator comfortable with experimental features and seeking optimal performance with minimal RAM
59.	usage, this option is recommended for you. bash
60.	make
	build-jemalloc
	make build-jemalloc
64.	This build option enables CGO, and downloads and installsiemalloc
	.Learn more about the build command
66. 67	Install the binary:
	Ubuntu
	Mac
	bash make
	install
73.	make
	install
	bash make
	go-install
	make
	go-install Build thecel-key
	utility:
82.	bash
	make
	cel-key make
	cel-key
	Verify that the binary is working and check the version:
	bash celestia
	version
	celestia
92.	version
The	output will show the semantic version of celestia-node, commit hash, build date, system version, and Golang version.
Inst	antiate a Celestia light node
Now,	, let's instantiate a Celestia Light node:
TIP	
	endpoints are exposed in all celestia-node types such as light, bridge and full nodes. Mainnet Beta
Moch	
	ica bash celestia
light	
	elestia
light	ash celestia
light	asii utitsiia
init	
	o.network
	na celestia

light

init	
p2p.network	
mocha bash celestia	
light	
init	
p2p.network	
arabica celestia	
light	
init	
p2p.network	
arabica Instantiating (or initializing) the node means setting up a node store on your machine. This is where the data and your keys will be stored.	
Connect to a public core endpoint	
Let's now run the Celestia Light node with a gRPC connection to an example public core endpoint.	
Note: You are also encouraged to find a community-run API endpoint and there are several in the Discord. This one is used for demonstration purposes. Check out the <u>Mocha testnet page</u> , or <u>Arabica devnet page</u> .	
Mainnet Beta	
Mocha	
Arabica bash celestia	
light	
start	
core.ip	
< UR I	
celestia	
light	
start	
core.ip	
< UR I	
bash celestia	
light	
start	
core.ip	
< UR I	
p2p.network	
mocha celestia	
light	
start	
core.ip	

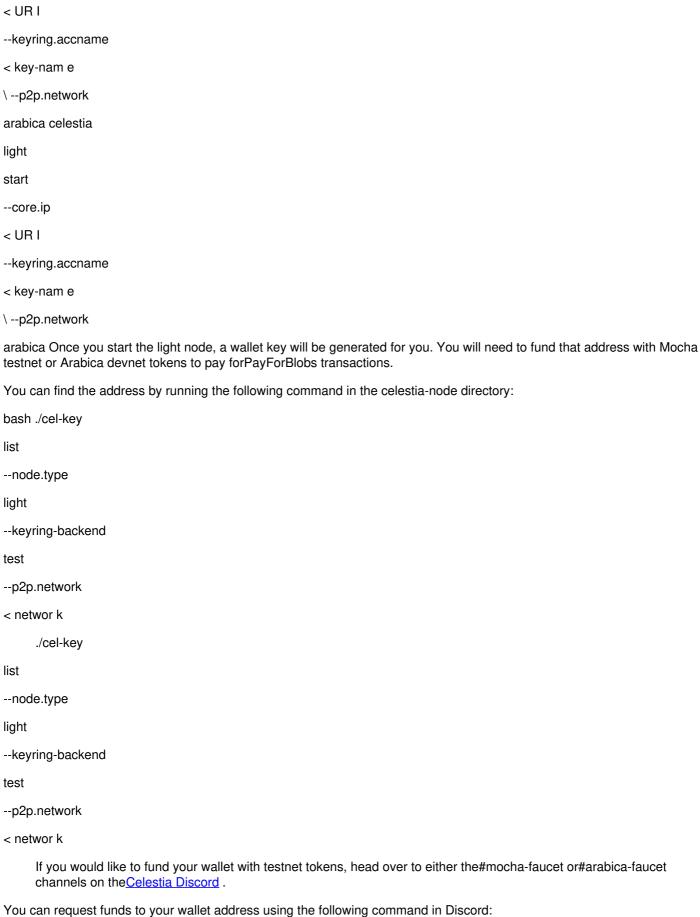
< UR I
p2p.network
mocha bash celestia
light
start
core.ip
< UR I
p2p.network
arabica celestia
light
start
core.ip
< UR I
p2p.network
arabica TIP
Thecore.ip gRPC port defaults to 9090, so if you do not specify it in the command line, it will default to that port. You can add the port after the IP address or use thecore.grpc.port flag to specify another port if you prefer.
Refer to the ports section of the celestia-node troubleshooting page for information on which ports are required to be open on your machine. For example, your command along with an RPC endpoint might look like this:
Mainnet Beta
Mocha
Arabica bash celestia
light
start
core.ip
consensus.lunaroasis.net celestia
light
start
core.ip
consensus.lunaroasis.net bash celestia
light
start
core.ip
rpc-mocha.pops.one
p2p.network
mocha celestia
light
start

```
--core.ip
rpc-mocha.pops.one
--p2p.network
mocha bash celestia
light
start
--core.ip
validator-1.celestia-arabica-11.com
\ --p2p.network
arabica celestia
light
start
--core.ip
validator-1.celestia-arabica-11.com
\ --p2p.network
arabica
Keys and wallets
You can create your key for your node by running the following command from the celestia-node directory:
TIP
You do not need to declare a network for Mainnet Beta. Refer to the chain ID section on the troubleshooting page for more
information bash ./cel-key
add
< key-nam e
--keyring-backend
test
--node.type
light
\ --p2p.network
< networ k
     ./cel-key
add
< key-nam e
--keyring-backend
test
--node.type
light
\ --p2p.network
< networ k
```

You can start your light node with the key created by running the following command: Mainnet Beta Mocha Arabica bash celestia light start --core.ip < UR I --keyring.accname < key-nam e celestia light start --core.ip < UR I --keyring.accname < key-nam e bash celestia light start --core.ip < UR I --keyring.accname < key-nam e \ --p2p.network mocha celestia light start --core.ip < UR I --keyring.accname < key-nam e \ --p2p.network mocha bash celestia light

start

--core.ip



text request request Where is thecelestia1\*\* address generated when you created the wallet.

With your wallet funded, you can move on to the next step.

## **RPC CLI guide**

This section of the tutorial will teach you how to interact with a Celestia node'semote procedure call (RPC) API using the

command line interface (CLI).

You will need to setup dependencies, install, and run celestia-node if you have not already.

## **Command formatting**

The format for interacting with the RPC CLI methods is as follows: bash celestia < modul e < metho d [args...] [flags...] celestia < modul e < metho d [args...] [flags...] Where: celestia is the main command to interact with the node. • is the specific module in the node you want to interact with, such aslob state • ,<u>p2p</u> · . etc. • is the specific method within the module that performs the action you want, such as lob. Submit ,state.AccountAddress • <u>,p2p.Info</u> • , etc. • [args...] · represents any additional arguments that the method might require. [flags...] · are parameters that modify the behavior of the command. They start with--• (e.g.,--node.store • ,--token , or--url For example, to submit a blob to Celestia, you can use this command once your node store is set: bash celestia blob submit 0x42690c204d39600fddd3 'gm' --node.store NODE\_STORE celestia blob submit 0x42690c204d39600fddd3 'gm' --node.store NODE\_STORE Alternatively, you could use the--token flag to set your auth token:

blob

bash celestia

submit

0x42690c204d39600fddd3

'gm'

--token AUTH TOKEN celestia

blob

submit

0x42690c204d39600fddd3

'gm'

--token AUTH\_TOKEN Before you try that out, let's go over the basic flags that you will need to use when interacting with the RPC CLI. We'll also cover how to set your auth token and how to use the node store to set it.

#### **Basic flags**

All RPC CLI commands have basic flags that can be used to interact with the API.

These include:

- --node.store string
- .
  - the path to root/home directory of your celestia-node store
- --token string
- •
- authorization token for making requests
- --url string
- •
- the address of the RPC, default ishttp://localhost:26658

When running RPC CLI commands, you will need to set either the theauthentication token or set the node store, so the auth token can be retrieved from the store.

The RPC CLI handles these flags in the following order:

- 1. If user passes auth token, auth token is used.
- 2. If user doesn't pass auth token, check node store flag, create token from node store, and use auth token from node store.

#### Auth token

In order to interact with the API using RPC CLI, you will need to set the authentication token.

The--token string flag sets the authentication token. If a token is not found, authentication will not be set. And if authentication is not set, the request will fail.

To set your authentication token, you can use the following command. Be sure to replacewith the type of node and with the network that you are running your node on:

```
bash export AUTH_TOKEN = ( celestia
< node-type
            auth admin --p2p.network
< network
            ) export AUTH_TOKEN = ( celestia
< node-type</pre>
```

auth admin --p2p.network < network

) Here's an example of how to set your auth token on a light node on Arabica:

bash export AUTH\_TOKEN = ( celestia light auth admin --p2p.network arabica) export AUTH\_TOKEN = ( celestia light auth admin --p2p.network arabica)

#### Node store

In order to interact with the API using RPC CLI, you can also use your node store to set your auth token. This will allow you to interact with the API without setting an authentication token directly.

To set your node store for a light node on mocha-4, you can use the following command:

bash export NODE\_STORE = HOME /.celestia-light-mocha-4 export NODE\_STORE = HOME /.celestia-light-mocha-4 Then, set the--node.store flag to the NODE\_STORE variable to set the auth token from your node store:

bash celestia
< modul e
< metho d
 [args...] --node.store NODE\_STORE celestia
< modul e
< metho d
 [args...] --node.store NODE\_STORE</pre>

#### Auth token on custom or private network

This section is for users who are using aCELESTIA\_CUSTOM or private network.

TIP

If you are using a private and custom network, you willneed to set the location of the node store in your auth command. bash --node.store HOME /.celestia-light-private ) --node.store HOME /.celestia-light-private ) The above is an example from the following custom network set up with:

bash CELESTIA\_CUSTOM = private celestia light

init CELESTIA\_CUSTOM = private

celestia

light

init or

bash celestia

light

init

--p2p.network

private celestia

light

init

--p2p.network

private As an example, this is what a completely custom network would look like:

bash

## Initialize node store

# **CELESTIA CUSTOM**

robusta-22

celestia

light

init

## Set auth token

export AUTH\_TOKEN = ( celestia light auth admin --p2p.network private \ --node.store

HOME /.celestia-light-robusta-22)

# Initialize node store

# **CELESTIA\_CUSTOM**

robusta-22

celestia

light

init

## Set auth token

export AUTH\_TOKEN = ( celestia light auth admin --p2p.network private \ --node.store

HOME /.celestia-light-robusta-22)

### Submitting data

In this example, we will be submitting a blob to the network with alob.Submit transaction with our light node.

Some things to consider:

- · The endpoint takes innamespace
- anddata
- values.\* The commitment will be generated by the node.

•

- Share version is set by the node.
- Namespace should be 10 bytes, prefixed by0x
- if hex; otherwise use base64
- Data can be hex-encoded (0x...
- ), base64-encoded ("..."
- ), or a plaintext string which will be encoded to base64 ('Hello There!'

• )

· Optionally, user can provide a gas fee and gas limit.

We use the followingnamespace of0x42690c204d39600fddd3 and thedata value of0x676d.

Here is an example of the format of theblob. Submit transaction:

bash celestia

blob

submit

< hex-encoded

```
namespac e
< hex-encoded
dat a
\ [optional: fee] [optional: gasLimit] [node store
auth
token] celestia
blob
submit
< hex-encoded
namespac e
< hex-encoded
dat a
\ [optional: fee] [optional: gasLimit] [node store
auth
token] We run the following to submit a blob to the network in hexadecimal format:
bash celestia
blob
submit
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
0x676d
\ --node.store NODE_STORE celestia
blob
submit
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
0x676d
\--node.store NODE_STORE We get the following output:
json { "result" : { "height" : 252607 , "commitment" : "0MFhYKQUi2BU+U1jxPzG7QY2BVV1lb3kiU+zAK7nUiY=" } } { "result"
: { "height" : 252607 , "commitment" : "0MFhYKQUi2BU+U1jxPzG7QY2BVV1lb3kiU+zAK7nUiY=" } } We can also use a
string of text as the data value, which will be converted to base64. Here is an example of the format:
bash celestia
blob
submit
< hex-encoded
namespac e
< 'data'
\ [optional: fee] [optional: gasLimit] [node store
```

```
auth
token] celestia
blob
submit
< hex-encoded
namespac e
< 'data'
\ [optional: fee] [optional: gasLimit] [node store
auth
token] And an example to submit "gm" as the plain-text data:
bash celestia
blob
submit
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
'gm'
--node.store HOME /.celestia-light-mocha-4/ celestia
blob
submit
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
'gm'
--node.store HOME /.celestia-light-mocha-4/ Output:
json \{ \ "result" : \{ \ "height" : 252614 \ , \ "commitment" : "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" \} \} \\ \{ \ "height" : 252614 \ , \ "commitment" : "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" \} \} \\ If you notice from the the second continuous continuous properties of the second continuous properties o
above output, it returns are sult of 252614 which we will use for the next command. The result corresponds to the height of the
block in which the transaction was included.
Optional: Submit with curl
Refer to the submitting a blob using curl section.
Retrieving data
After submitting your PFB transaction, upon success, the node will return the block height for which the PFB transaction
was included. You can then use that block height and the namespace ID with which you submitted your PFB transaction to
get your message shares (data) returned to you. In this example, the block height we got was 252614 which we will use for
```

the following command. Read more about shares in the Celestia Specs.

Here is what an example of the format of theget command looks like:

bash celestia

blob

get

< block

heigh t

```
< hex-encoded
namespac e
\ < commitment
from
output
abov e
< node
store
auth> celestia
blob
get
< block
heigh t
< hex-encoded
namespac e
\ < commitment
from
output
abov e
< node
store
auth> Here is an example command to retrieve the data from above, onarabica-11:
bash celestia
blob
get
252614
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=
\ --node.store NODE_STORE celestia
blob
get
252614
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=
\verb|\--node.store\ NODE\_STORE\ Will\ generate\ the\ following\ output:
```

```
json { "result" : { "namespace" : "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAABJpDCBNOWAP3dM=" , "data" : "gm"
"share_version" : 0 , "commitment" : "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" } } { "result" : { "namespace"
"IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" } } The output here is base64 decoded to plain-text.
To see the base64 response, use the--base64 flag set toTRUE (--base64=TRUE ):
bash celestia
blob
get
252614
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=
\ --base64=TRUE
--node.store NODE_STORE celestia
blob
get
252614
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=
\ --base64=TRUE
--node.store NODE STORE The response will look similar to this:
ison { "result" : { "namespace" : "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAABJpDCBNOWAP3dM=" , "data" : "Z20=" ,
"share_version": 0, "commitment": "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E="}}{ "result": { "namespace"
: "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAEJpDCBNOWAP3dM=" , "data" : "Z20=" , "share version" : 0 , "commitment" :
"IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" } } To get all blobs in the namespace at the block height, useget-
all instead ofget:
bash celestia
blob
get-all
252614
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
\ --node.store NODE_STORE celestia
blob
get-all
252614
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
\ --node.store NODE STORE This will return the following:
json { "result" : [ { "namespace" : "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAABJpDCBNOWAP3dM=" , "data" : "gm" ,
share_version" : 0 , "commitment" : "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" } ] } { "result" : [ "
"namespace": "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAEJpDCBNOWAP3dM=", "data": "gm", "share_version": 0,
"commitment": "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" } ] } To display the response in base64, use:
bash celestia
blob
```

```
get-all
252614
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
\ --base64=TRUE
--node.store NODE STORE celestia
blob
get-all
252614
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
\ --base64=TRUE
--node.store NODE_STORE Which will return:
json { "result" : [ { "namespace" : "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAABJpDCBNOWAP3dM=" , "data" : "gm" ,
"share_version": 0, "commitment": "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E="}]}{ "result":[{
"namespace": "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAABJpDCBNOWAP3dM=", "data": "gm", "share_version": 0,
"commitment": "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" } ] }
Setting the gas price
The--gas.price flag allows you to specify the gas price for the submission. If not specified, a default gas price will be used.
The gas limit is automatically calculated based on the size of the blob being submitted.
To set the gas price, you can use the--gas.price flag. The gas price will be set to default (0.002) if no value is passed.
Learnmore about gas fees and limits.
To set a higher gas price of 0.004 utia, use the--gas.price 0.004 flag:
bash celestia
blob
submit
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
'gm'
--gas.price
0.004
\ --node.store NODE_STORE celestia
blob
submit
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
'gm'
--gas.price
0.004
\ --node.store NODE_STORE You will receive the height and commitment of the block in which the transaction was included
for these three examples:
json { "result" : { "height" : 62562 , "commitment" : "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E=" } } { "result" : {
"height": 62562, "commitment": "IXg+08HV5RsPF3Lle8PH+B2TUGsGUsBiseflxh6wB5E="}}
```

## **Examples**

#### Check your balance

```
Let's query our node for the balance of its default account (which is the account associated with
theCELESTIA_NODE_AUTH_TOKEN key we generated above):
bash celestia
state
balance
--node.store NODE_STORE celestia
state
balance
--node.store NODE_STORE The response will look similar to:
json { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" : { "denom" : "utia" , "amount" : "172118057" }, "id" : 1 } { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" : {
"denom": "utia", "amount": "172118057"}, "id": 1}
Check the balance of another address
Here is an example of the format of thebalance-for-address command:
bash celestia
state
balance-for-address
< addres s
\ --node.store NODE STORE celestia
state
balance-for-address
< addres s
\--node.store NODE_STORE Let's query our node for the balance of another address:
bash celestia
state
balance-for-address
celestia10rtd9lhel2cuh6c659l25yncl6atcyt37umard
\ --node.store NODE_STORE celestia
state
balance-for-address
celestia10rtd9lhel2cuh6c659l25yncl6atcyt37umard
\ --node.store NODE STORE The response will be the balance of the address you queried:
json { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" : { "denom" : "utia" , "amount" : "1000000" }, "id" : 1 } { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" : { "denom" :
"utia", "amount": "1000000"}, "id": 1}
Get your node ID
```

This is an RPC call in order to get your node's peerld information:

bash celestia

p2p

```
info
--node.store NODE STORE celestia
p2p
info
--node.store NODE STORE The node ID is in theID value from the response:
json { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" : { "ID" : "12D3KooWFFhCaAqY56oEqY3pLZUdLsv4RYAfVWKATZRepUPdosLp" , "Addrs" :
["/ip4/10.0.0.171/tcp/2121", "/ip4/10.0.0.171/udp/2121/quic-v1", "/ip4/71.200.65.106/tcp/25630"
"/ip4/71.200.65.106/udp/25630/quic-v1", "/ip6/::1/tcp/2121", "/ip6/::1/udp/2121/quic-v1"]}, "id":1}{ "jsonrpc": "2.0",
"result": { "ID": "12D3KooWFFhCaAqY56oEqY3pLZUdLsv4RYAfVWKATZRepUPdosLp", "Addrs": [
"/ip4/10.0.0.171/tcp/2121", "/ip4/10.0.0.171/udp/2121/quic-v1", "/ip4/71.200.65.106/tcp/25630",
"/ip4/71.200.65.106/udp/25630/quic-v1", "/ip6/::1/tcp/2121", "/ip6/::1/udp/2121/quic-v1"]}, "id":1}
Get your account address
This is an RPC call in order to get your node's account address:
bash celestia
state
account-address
--node.store NODE_STORE celestia
state
account-address
--node.store NODE STORE Response:
json { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" : "celestia1znk24rh52pgcd9z5x2x42jztjh6raaaphuvrt3" , "id" : 1 } { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" :
"celestia1znk24rh52pgcd9z5x2x42jztjh6raaaphuvrt3", "id": 1}
Get block header by height
Here is an example of the format of the GetByHeight command:
bash celestia
header
get-by-height
< heigh t
\ --node.store NODE STORE celestia
header
get-by-height
< heigh t
\--node.store NODE STORE Now, let's get the block header information.
Here we will get the header from Block 1:
bash celestia
header
get-by-height
\ --node.store NODE STORE ```
It will output something like this:
```

```
"json { "jsonrpc" :
"2.0", "result":
{ "header" :
{ "version" :
{ "block" :
"11", "app" :
"1" }, "chain_id" :
"arabica-11", "height":
"1", "time":
"2023-06-27T13:02:39.741743Z", "last_block_id":
{ "hash" :
"", "parts" :
{ "total" :
0 , "hash" :
"" } }, "last_commit_hash" :
"E3B0C44298FC1C149AFBF4C8996FB92427AE41E4649B934CA495991B7852B855", "data hash":
"3D96B7D238E7E0456F6AF8E7CDF0A67BD6CF9C2089ECB559C659DCAA1F880353", "validators hash":
"6363C68770C200FD794445668F9B18F5B1DD1125180D6E8D5AB004F7DD7A0F48", "next validators hash":
"6363C68770C200FD794445668F9B18F5B1DD1125180D6E8D5AB004F7DD7A0F48", "consensus hash":
"048091BC7DDC283F77BFBF91D73C44DA58C3DF8A9CBC867405D8B7F3DAADA22F", "app_hash":
"E3B0C44298FC1C149AFBF4C8996FB92427AE41E4649B934CA495991B7852B855", "last_results_hash":
"E3B0C44298FC1C149AFBF4C8996FB92427AE41E4649B934CA495991B7852B855", "evidence_hash":
"E3B0C44298FC1C149AFBF4C8996FB92427AE41E4649B934CA495991B7852B855", "proposer_address" :
"91E04695CF9CF531BC0891E7B1D602B3E8022C86" }, "validator_set" :
{ "validators" : [ { "address" :
"91E04695CF9CF531BC0891E7B1D602B3E8022C86", "pub_key":
{ "type" :
"tendermint/PubKeyEd25519", "value":
"9aNBAxno1B4X5LR2qY5qWqwrMNOzejkctXwzq9BExsg=" }, "voting_power":
"50000000", "proposer_priority":
"0" } ], "proposer" :
{ "address" :
"91E04695CF9CF531BC0891E7B1D602B3E8022C86", "pub_key":
{ "type" :
"tendermint/PubKeyEd25519", "value":
"9aNBAxno1B4X5LR2qY5qWqwrMNOzejkctXwzq9BExsg=" }, "voting_power":
"500000000", "proposer_priority":
```

```
"0" } }, "commit":
{ "height" :
1, "round":
0, "block_id":
{ "hash" :
"7A5FABB19713D732D967B1DA84FA0DF5E87A7B62302D783F78743E216C1A3550", "parts":
{ "total" :
1, "hash":
"D85C907CE660878A8203AC74BAA147CCC1F87114B45B568B72AD207B62AFE45E" } }, "signatures" : [ { "block_id_flag"
2, "validator_address":
"91E04695CF9CF531BC0891E7B1D602B3E8022C86", "timestamp":
"2023-06-30T08:40:19.299137127Z", "signature" :
"qmaEzrnbtgEXCRYc8pCvGRbS+uMuknlBoRAE4qyE7oSgWCRwBVYS/oPReXQLg9ER1oEY1De4MkWvMjlFnQOOCg=="
} ] }, "dah" :
{ "row_roots" : [
1 } celestia
header
get-by-height
\ --node.store NODE_STORE ```
It will output something like this:
``` json { "jsonrpc" :
"2.0", "result":
{ "header" :
{ "version" :
{ "block" :
"11", "app":
"1" }, "chain_id" :
"arabica-11", "height":
"1", "time":
"2023-06-27T13:02:39.741743Z", "last_block_id":
{ "hash" :
"", "parts":
{ "total" :
0, "hash":
```

```
"" } }, "last_commit_hash" :
"E3B0C44298FC1C149AFBF4C8996FB92427AE41E4649B934CA495991B7852B855", "data hash":
"3D96B7D238E7E0456F6AF8E7CDF0A67BD6CF9C2089ECB559C659DCAA1F880353", "validators hash":
"6363C68770C200FD794445668F9B18F5B1DD1125180D6E8D5AB004F7DD7A0F48", "next validators hash":
"6363C68770C200FD794445668F9B18F5B1DD1125180D6E8D5AB004F7DD7A0F48", "consensus hash":
"048091BC7DDC283F77BFBF91D73C44DA58C3DF8A9CBC867405D8B7F3DAADA22F", "app_hash":
"E3B0C44298FC1C149AFBF4C8996FB92427AE41E4649B934CA495991B7852B855", "last results hash":
"E3B0C44298FC1C149AFBF4C8996FB92427AE41E4649B934CA495991B7852B855", "evidence_hash":
"E3B0C44298FC1C149AFBF4C8996FB92427AE41E4649B934CA495991B7852B855", "proposer_address" :
"91E04695CF9CF531BC0891E7B1D602B3E8022C86" }, "validator_set" :
{ "validators" : [ { "address" :
"91E04695CF9CF531BC0891E7B1D602B3E8022C86", "pub key":
{ "type" :
"tendermint/PubKeyEd25519", "value":
"9aNBAxno1B4X5LR2qY5qWqwrMNOzejkctXwzq9BExsg=" }, "voting_power":
"500000000", "proposer_priority":
"0" } ], "proposer":
{ "address" :
"91E04695CF9CF531BC0891E7B1D602B3E8022C86", "pub key":
{ "type" :
"tendermint/PubKeyEd25519", "value":
"9aNBAxno1B4X5LR2qY5qWqwrMNOzejkctXwzq9BExsg=" }, "voting_power":
"50000000", "proposer_priority":
"0" } }, "commit":
{ "height" :
1, "round":
0, "block_id":
{ "hash" :
"7A5FABB19713D732D967B1DA84FA0DF5E87A7B62302D783F78743E216C1A3550", "parts":
{ "total" :
1, "hash":
"D85C907CE660878A8203AC74BAA147CCC1F87114B45B568B72AD207B62AFE45E" } }, "signatures" : [ { "block_id_flag"
2, "validator_address":
"91E04695CF9CF531BC0891E7B1D602B3E8022C86", "timestamp":
"2023-06-30T08:40:19.299137127Z", "signature" :
"qmaEzrnbtgEXCRYc8pCvGRbS+uMuknIBoRAE4qyE7oSgWCRwBVYS/oPReXQLg9ER1oEY1De4MkWvMjlFnQOOCg=="
} ] }, "dah" :
```

```
{ "row roots" : [
"///////huZWOTTDmD36N1F75A9BshxNlRasCnNpQiWqlhdVHcU"
1}
Combined commands
bash celestia
share
get-by-namespace
"( celestia header get-by-height 147105
\ --node.store
NODE STORE
jq '.result.dah' -r )"
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
\ --node.store NODE STORE celestia
share
get-by-namespace
"( celestia header get-by-height 147105
\ --node.store
NODE_STORE
jq '.result.dah' -r )"
0x42690c204d39600fddd3
\ --node.store NODE_STORE
Get data availability sampler stats
bash celestia
das
sampling-stats
--node.store NODE_STORE celestia
das
sampling-stats
--node.store NODE STORE
```

#### Transfer balance of utia to another account

First, set your address as a variable:

bash export ADDRESS = celestia1c425ckmve2489atttx022qpc02gxspa29wmh0d export ADDRESS = celestia1c425ckmve2489atttx022qpc02gxspa29wmh0d Then, transfer the amount of tokens that you would like, while setting the recipient's address, gas fee, and gasLimit. This is what the format will look like:

\node.store NODE_STORE If you'd just like to return the transaction hash, you can use jq:
bash celestia
state
transfer ADDRESS 100000
8000
80000
node.store NODE_STORE
jq
result.txhash celestia.
state
transfer ADDRESS 100000
8000
80000
node.store NODE_STORE
jq
.result.txhash
API version
To query your node's API version, you can use the following command:
bash celestia
node
info
node.store NODE_STORE celestia
node
info
node.store NODE_STORE
Help
To get help and view the CLI menu, use the following command:
bash celestia
help celestia
help To view help menu for a specific method, use the following command:
bash celestia
< modul e
< metho d
node.store NODE_STOREhelp celestia
< modul e
< metho d
node.store NODE_STOREhelp

## Advanced example

bash celestia

This example shows us using thejq command to parse the output of thecelestia header get-by-height method to get the extended header used incelestia share get-by-namespace :

```
share
get-by-namespace
\"( celestia header get-by-height 252614
--node.store
NODE STORE
jq '.result.dah' -r )"
\ 0x42690c204d39600fddd3
--node.store NODE_STORE celestia
share
get-by-namespace
\"( celestia header get-by-height 252614
--node.store
NODE STORE
jq '.result.dah' -r )"
\ 0x42690c204d39600fddd3
--node.store NODE STORE
```

#### Additional resources

### Submitting a blob using curl

In order to post a blob using curl, you will need a light node running with the--core.ip string flag, providing access to a consensus endpoint. The flag indicates node to connect to the given core consensus node. Examples:127.0.0.1 orsubdomain.domain.tld . Using either IP or DNS assumes RPC port 26657 and gRPC port 9090 as default unless otherwise specified.

1. In your terminal, set the auth token for the desired network. In this example, we will use Mainnet Beta.

bash export CELESTIA\_NODE\_AUTH\_TOKEN = ( celestia light auth admin --p2p.network celestia) export CELESTIA NODE AUTH TOKEN = ( celestia light auth admin --p2p.network celestia) 1. Post your blob with:

```
bash curl

-H

"Content-Type: application/json"

-H

"Authorization: Bearer CELESTIA_NODE_AUTH_TOKEN "

-X

POST

--data
```

```
'{"id": 1, "jsonrpc": "2.0", "method": "blob.Submit", "params": [ [ { "namespace":
"AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAACCAwQFBgclCRA=", "data":
"VGhpcyBpcyBhbiBleGFtcGxlIG9mlHNvbWUgYmxvYiBkYXRh", "share_version": 0, "commitment":
"AD5EzbG0/EMvpw0p8NIjMVnoCP4Bv6K+V6gjmwdXUKU=" } ], { "Fee": 10000, "GasLimit": 100000 } ] }'
127.0 .0.1:26658 curl
-H
"Content-Type: application/json"
-H
"Authorization: Bearer CELESTIA NODE AUTH TOKEN"
-X
POST
--data
'{"id": 1, "jsonrpc": "2.0", "method": "blob.Submit", "params": [ [ { "namespace":
"VGhpcyBpcyBhbiBleGFtcGxlIG9mIHNvbWUgYmxvYiBkYXRh", "share_version": 0, "commitment":
"AD5EzbG0/EMvpw0p8NIjMVnoCP4Bv6K+V6gjmwdXUKU=" } ], { "Fee": 10000, "GasLimit": 100000 } ] }'
127.0 .0.1:26658 1. Upon successful blob submission, the result will show the block height:
bash { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" :362101, "id" :1} { "jsonrpc" : "2.0" , "result" :362101, "id" :1} The example transaction can
befound on Celenium.
```

### Post an SVG as a PFB

If you'd like to create your own SVG, post it to Celestia, and retrieve it, you can check out thease64 SVG Tutorial.

## Golang guide

If you're interested in interacting with the node's API in Go client.go ), you can use theda-rpc-client-tutorial repo.

#### **Troubleshooting**

If you encounter an error like:

sh "rpc error: code = NotFound desc = account celestia1krkle0n547u0znz3unnln8paft2dq4z3rznv86 not found" "rpc error: code = NotFound desc = account celestia1krkle0n547u0znz3unnln8paft2dq4z3rznv86 not found" It is possible that the account you are trying to submit aPayForBlobs from doesn't have testnet tokens yet. Ensure the testnet faucet has funded your account with tokens and then try again. [][ Edit this page on GitHub] Last updated: Previous page Node API Next page Prompt Scavenger []