

# Integration with SafeAuth

This guide demonstrates creating an externally-owned account using your email or social media account. Once authenticated, you can sign transactions and interact with your Safe accounts.

TheSafeAuthPack is an authentication system that utilizes the[Web3Auth\(opens in a new tab\)](#) MPC technology. It was developed in collaboration with Web3Auth to create a smooth onboarding experience for web2 users across different dapps.

## Prerequisites

- [Node.js and npm\(opens in a new tab\)](#)

## Install dependencies

```
yarn
add
@safe-global/auth-kit
@web3auth/safeauth-embed
```

## Create a SafeAuthPack instance

We will use theSafeAuthPack exported from the@safe-global/auth-kit package.

Create an instance of the[SafeAuthPack\(opens in a new tab\)](#) using the requiredSafeAuthConfig configuration object.

Supported networks:

- Production: Ethereum, Polygon, BSC, Avalanche, Optimism, Celo, Arbitrum, Gnosis chain
- Test: Sepolia, Polygon Mumbai, BSC Testnet, Avalanche Testnet, Arbitrum Testnet, Optimism Testnet

```
import { SafeAuthPack , SafeAuthConfig , SafeAuthInitOptions , } from
 '@safe-global/auth-kit'

const
safeAuthConfig :
SafeAuthConfig
= { txServiceUrl :
'https://safe-transaction-mainnet.safe.global' , } const
safeAuthInitOptions :
SafeAuthInitOptions
= { enableLogging :
true , showWidgetButton :
false , chainConfig : { chainId :
'0x1' , rpcTarget :
{ rpcUrl } } , }

// You can also pass the SafeAuthConfig as a parameter to the SafeAuthPack constructor if you are using a custom
txServiceUrl domain // e.g. const safeAuthConfig: SafeAuthConfig = { // txServiceUrl: 'https://safe-transaction-
mainnet.safe.global' // } const

safeAuthPack

=

new
```

```
SafeAuthPack (safeAuthConfig) await
```

```
safeAuthPack .init (safeAuthInitOptions)
```

## Sign in to an Ethereum account

After creating your `SafeAuthPack` instance, initiate the authentication process by calling the `signIn()` method. Typically, this method is called when the user clicks a "Sign In" button on the web page.

After successfully signing in, you will create a new Ethereum Wallet. This wallet will be used for all future logins and can be shared across different applications .

// The `signIn()` method returns the user's Ethereum address and the associated Safe addresses // The `await` will last until the user is authenticated. Therefore, it will be active while the authentication popup is being displayed. `const`

```
authKitSignInData
```

```
=
```

```
await
```

```
safeAuthPack .signIn ()
```

The returned `authKitSignInData` data contains the following properties:

```
AuthKitSignInData { eoa : string // The safe signer safes ? : string[] // The list of associated Safe addresses in the chain }
```

The `signOut()` method removes the current session.

```
await
```

```
safeAuthPack .signOut ()
```

After the user is authenticated, call `getProvider()` to get the Ethereum provider instance. This is a [EIP-1193 \(opens in a new tab\)](#) compatible provider you can wrap using your favorite library (web3, ethers).

```
safeAuthPack .getProvider ()
```

We offer two methods for listening to events, `subscribe()` and `unsubscribe()` .

```
const
```

```
accountChangedHandler
```

```
= (accounts :
```

```
string []) => { console .log ( 'Signer accounts:' , accounts) }
```

```
safeAuthPack .subscribe ( 'accountsChanged' , accountChangedHandler) safeAuthPack .unsubscribe ( 'accountsChanged' , accountChangedHandler)
```

The `SafeAuthPack` instantiation will return the list of associated Safe addresses as part of the response from the `signIn()` method when the `txServiceUrl` is provided.

```
const
```

```
safeAuthPack
```

```
=
```

```
new
```

```
SafeAuthPack ()
```

## Signing and executing transactions using the SafeAuthPack and Protocol Kit

The `SafeAuthPack` can be used with the [Protocol Kit](#) to establish a connection to a Safe. This connection is made using the provider and signer associated with the authenticated account.

After connecting, you can use any of the methods provided in the [Protocol Kit \(opens in a new tab\)](#) .

```
import { ethers } from
```

```

'ethers' import { EthersAdapter } from
'@safe-global/protocol-kit'

// Wrap EIP-1193 provider with ethers const
provider
=
new
ethers .BrowserProvider ( safeAuthPack .getProvider ()) const
signer
=
provider .getSigner ()

// Create the Safe EthersAdapter const
ethAdapter
=
new
EthersAdapter ({ ethers , signerOrProvider : signer || provider , })

// Instantiate the protocolKit const
protocolKit
=
await
Safe .create ({ ethAdapter , safeAddress , })

// Create a Safe transaction with the provided parameters const
safeTransactionData :
MetaTransactionData
= { to :
{ ethAddress } , data :
'0x' , value :
ethers .parseUnits ( '0.0001' ,
'ether' ) .toString () , }

const
safeTransaction
=
await
protocolKit .createTransaction ({ transactions : [safeTransactionData] , })

// Sign the transaction if the Safe have several owners // safeTransaction = await
protocolKit1.signTransaction(safeTransaction) // safeTransaction = await protocolKit2.signTransaction(safeTransaction)

// Execute the transaction await
protocolKit .executeTransaction (safeTransaction)

```

## Sign messages using theSafeAuthPack

You can also sign any arbitrary message or transaction as a regular Signing Account with your favorite web3 library:

```
// Using web3 const
web3
=
new
Web3 ( safeAuthPack .getProvider ())
await
web3 .eth .sendTransaction (tx) await
web3 .eth .signTransaction (tx) const
message
=
'hello world' const
address
=
'0x...' await
web3 .eth .personal .sign (message , address)

// Using ethers const
provider
=
new
ethers .BrowserProvider ( safeAuthPack .getProvider ()) const
signer
=
provider .getSigner ()
await
signer .sendTransaction (tx) await
signer .signTransaction (tx) await
signer .signMessage (message)
```

## Examples

- [React\(opens in a new tab\)](#)
- [Vanilla Typescript\(opens in a new tab\)](#)

[Auth Kit Reference](#)

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