## Member access expressions

A member access expression is an expression that consists of a primary expression followed by a dot (.) and an identifier. The primary expression must have a struct type that contains a member with the identifier as its name. The type of the member access expression is the type of the member that the identifier refers to.

Example:

struct Point { x: usize, y: usize, }
fn foo(p: Point) -> usize { p.x }

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