How to send USDC from Ethereum to dYdX

Deployments

Deployment USDC Native Chain USDC_ERC20_ADDRESS TOKEN_MESSENGER_CONTRACT_ADDRESS DYDX token holders Ethereum 0xA0b86991c6218b36c1d19D4a2e9Eb0cE3606eB48(opens in a new tab) 0xBd3fa81B58Ba92a82136038B25aDec7066af3155(opens in a new tab) Testnet Sepolia Testnet 0x1c7D4B196Cb0C7B01d743Fbc6116a902379C7238(opens in a new tab) 0x9f3B8679c73C2Fef8b59B4f3444d4e156fb70AA5(opens in a new tab) Note: the example values in the steps below align with thedeployment by DYDX token holders .

Requirements

- 1. Your wallet is on the Ethereum network.
- 2. You have sufficient ETH for gas and USDC.

Prerequisite USDC Approval

- 1. First, go toUSDC_ERC20_ADDRESS
- 2. 'swriteProxyContract
- 3. tabhttps://etherscan.io/token/0xa0b86991c6218b36c1d19d4a2e9eb0ce3606eb48#writeProxyContract(opens in a new tab)
- 4. Click the "Connect to Web3" button
- 5. Now it turns green.
- 6. Click on the first line1. Approve (0x095ea7b3)
- 7. to expand it, input0xbd3fa81b58ba92a82136038b25adec7066af3155
- 8. (theTOKEN MESSENGER CONTRACT ADDRESS
- 10. in the second box (value (uint256
- 11.)) for unlimited. You can specify a smaller number here as well.
- 12. Click theWrite
- 13. button.

Procedure

- 1. Starting with code provided here https://github.com/bd21/noble-tutorials/tree/master/tutorials/05-eth-noble-python(opens in a new tab)
- 2. , a few changes have been made to allow you to specify:(1) a dYdX Chain address
- 3., and(2) the USDC amount
- 4. Here is a diff showing the differences:
- 5. Save the source code (last section of this document) asdeposit_for_burn.py
- 6., create a directory calledabi/
- 7. , and downloadTokenMessengerWithMetadata.json
- 8. from theabi
- 9. directory at github above, and save it intoabi/
- 10. You now have the following files in the working directory.
- $.\ / deposit_for_burn.py\ .\ / abi/Token Messenger With Metadata.json\ 1.\ Run\ the\ program\ like\ this:$

python3 deposit_for_burn.py

- < dydxaddres s
- < burnamoun t

where is your dYdX-Chain address and is the amount of USDC. For example:

python3 deposit_for_burn.py

dydx1gem4xs643fjhaqvphrvv0adpg4435j7xx9pp4z

100 1. Be patient. It may take up to 30 minutes to see the funds show up on the Noble blockchain. After that you can connect your wallet to v4 and it will sweep the funds from Noble into v4.

Source Code

import hexbytes from web3 import Web3 import bech32 from pprint import pprint from sys import argv

TOKEN_MESSENGER_CONTRACT_ADDRESS

"0xbd3fa81b58ba92a82136038b25adec7066af3155" USDC_ERC20_ADDRESS =

"0xa0b86991c6218b36c1d19d4a2e9eb0ce3606eb48"

private key

" RPC_URL =

requires a local file named 'private_key' with a hex encoded eth private key (no 0x prefix)

```
deposit_for_burn ( noble_address ,
dydx_address ):
```

initialize client

web3

Web3 (Web3. HTTPProvider (RPC_URL)) assert web3 . is_connected ()

initialize account, smart contract

account

```
web3 . eth . account . from_key (private_key) file =
open ( "abi/TokenMessenger.json" ) abi = file . read ()
```

contract_address

str (web3. to_checksum_address (TOKEN_MESSENGER_CONTRACT_ADDRESS)) contract = web3 . eth . contract (address = contract_address, abi = abi) print ("Building Ethereum depositForBurn txn...")

mint_recipient

convert (noble address)

intermediate noble minting address

```
print ( "Derived Noble address: "
+ noble_address)
```

burn_amount

```
int (burn_amount1)
*
1000000 usdc_address =
str (Web3. to_checksum_address (USDC_ERC20_ADDRESS))
print ( "Broadcasting..." )
```

call_function

contract . functions . depositForBurn (burn_amount, 4 ,

noble

mint_recipient, usdc_address). build_transaction ({ "chainId" : web3.eth.chain_id, "from" : account.address, "nonce" : web3.eth. get_transaction_count (account.address), }) signed_tx = web3 . eth . account . sign_transaction (call_function, private_key = private_key)

Send the raw transaction:

tx_hash

web3 . eth . send_raw_transaction (signed_tx.rawTransaction) tx_receipt = web3 . eth . wait_for_transaction_receipt (tx_hash)

print("eth tx hash: https://etherscan.io/tx/" + tx_hash.hex())

```
print ( "eth tx hash: https://goerli.etherscan.io/tx/"
+ tx_hash. hex ()) print ( "eth tx receipt: " ) pprint (tx_receipt)
```

print("Minting to https://testnet.mintscan.io/noble-testnet/account/" + noble address)

```
print ( "Minting to https://mintscan.io/noble/account/"
+ noble_address)
```

Convert bech32 address to a format suited for CCTP

```
def
convert ( address ) -> hexbytes . HexBytes: result =
bytearray (32) decoded = bech32. convertbits (data = bech32. bech32_decode (address)[1], frombits = 5, tobits = 8, pad = False) result [32]
len (decoded):]
= decoded return hexbytes . HexBytes (result)
len (argv)
3: print ('Error: Please specify dydxaddress and burnamount') exit () dydx_address1 = argv [1] burn_amount1 = argv [2] noble_address1 = bech32.
bech32_encode ( "noble", bech32. bech32_decode (dydx_address1)[ 1 ])
name
==
"main": deposit_for_burn ( noble_address = noble_address1, dydx_address = dydx_address1)
alternatively, you can derive the noble address
deposit for burn(
dydx_address="dydx1kgjgvl3xer7rwskp6tlynmjrd2juas6nqxn8yg",
noble_address=bech32.bech32_encode("noble",
bech32.bech32_decode("dydx1kgjgvl3xer7rwskp6tlynmjrd2juas6nqxn8yg")
[1]),
```

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