

tensor.ravel_index

...

```
Copy fnravel_index(self:@Tensor, indices:Span)->usize;
```

...

Converts a multi-dimensional index to a one-dimensional index.

Args

- self
- (@Tensor
-) - The input tensor.
- indices
- (Span
-) - The indices of the Tensor to ravel.
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Panics

- Panics if the indices are out of bounds of the Tensor shape.
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Returns

The index corresponding to the given indices.

Examples

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```
Copy usecore::array::{ArrayTrait, SpanTrait};
```

```
useorion::operators::tensor::{TensorTrait, Tensor, U32Tensor};
```

```
fnravel_index_example()->usize{ lettensor=TensorTrait::new( shape:array![2,2,2].span(), data:array![0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7].span(), );
```

```
// We can call ravel_index function as follows. returntensor.ravel_index(indices:array![1,3,0].span()); }
```

```
10 // This means that the value of indices [1,3,0] // of a multidimensional array can be found at index 10 of Tensor.data.
```

...

[Previous tensor.stride](#) [Next tensor.unravel_index](#)

Last updated3 months ago