

# Setting up a Celestia full consensus node

This guide covers how to set up a full consensus node on Celestia. Full consensus nodes allow you to sync blockchain history in the Celestia consensus layer.

## Hardware requirements

The following hardware minimum requirements are recommended for running a full consensus node:

- Memory:8 GB RAM
- CPU:Quad-Core
- Disk:250 GB SSD Storage
- Bandwidth:1 Gbps for Download/1 Gbps for Upload

Running a full consensus node requires significant storage capacity to store the entire blockchain history. As of the latest recommendation, it is advisable to have at least 250 GB of SSD storage for a Celestia full consensus node if you are using pruning. If you are not using pruning, you are running an archive node, and it is recommended to have 500 GB of SSD storage. Please ensure that your storage meets this requirement to ensure smooth syncing and operation of the node.

## Setting up a full consensus node

The following tutorial is done on an Ubuntu Linux 20.04 (LTS) x64 instance machine.

### Set up the dependencies

Follow the instructions on [installing dependencies](#) .

### Install celestia-app

Follow the tutorial on [installing celestia-app](#) .

### Set up the P2P networks

Now we will set up the P2P Networks by cloning the networks repository:

```
sh cd HOME rm
```

```
-rf
```

```
networks git
```

```
clone
```

```
https://github.com/celestiaorg/networks.git cd HOME rm
```

```
-rf
```

```
networks git
```

```
clone
```

<https://github.com/celestiaorg/networks.git> To initialize the network, pick a "node-name" that describes your node. Keep in mind that this might change if a new testnet is deployed.

Mainnet Beta

Mocha

Arabica bash celestia-appd

init

"node-name"

--chain-id

celestia celestia-appd

init

"node-name"

--chain-id

celestia bash celestia-appd

init

"node-name"

--chain-id

mocha-4 celestia-appd

init

"node-name"

--chain-id

mocha-4 bash celestia-appd

init

"node-name"

--chain-id

arabica-11 celestia-appd

init

"node-name"

--chain-id

arabica-11 Download thegenesis.json file:

Mainnet Beta

Mocha

Arabica bash celestia-appd

download-genesis

celestia celestia-appd

download-genesis

celestia bash celestia-appd

download-genesis

mocha-4 celestia-appd

download-genesis

mocha-4 bash celestia-appd

download-genesis

arabica-11 celestia-appd

download-genesis

arabica-11 Set seeds in theHOME/.celestia-app/config/config.toml file:

Mainnet Beta

Mocha

Arabica bash SEEDS = ( curl

```
-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/celestia/seeds.txt |
tr '\n' ';' echo SEEDS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^seeds = ./seeds = \" SEEDS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml SEEDS = ( curl
-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/celestia/seeds.txt |
tr '\n' ';' echo SEEDS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^seeds = ./seeds = \" SEEDS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml bash SEEDS = ( curl
-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/mocha-4/seeds.txt |
tr '\n' ';' echo SEEDS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^seeds = ./seeds = \" SEEDS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml bash
```

**For Arabica, you can set seeds manually in the  
HOME/.celestia-app/config/config.toml file:  
Comma separated list of seed nodes to connect to**

```
seeds
=
"""
```

**For Arabica, you can set seeds manually in the  
HOME/.celestia-app/config/config.toml file:  
Comma separated list of seed nodes to connect to**

```
seeds
=
```

""" Optionally , you can set persistent peers in your config.toml file. You can get the persistent peers from the networks repository with the following commands:

Setting persistent peers is advised only if you are running a sentry node.

Mainnet Beta

Mocha

Arabica bash PERSISTENT\_PEERS = ( curl

-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/celestia/peers.txt |

tr '\n' ';' ) echo PERSISTENT\_PEERS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^persistent\_peers = ./persistent\_peers = \" PERSISTENT\_PEERS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml  
PERSISTENT\_PEERS = ( curl

-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/celestia/peers.txt |

tr '\n' ';' ) echo PERSISTENT\_PEERS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^persistent\_peers = ./persistent\_peers = \" PERSISTENT\_PEERS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml bash  
PERSISTENT\_PEERS = ( curl

-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/mocha-4/peers.txt |

tr '\n' ';' ) echo PERSISTENT\_PEERS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^persistent\_peers = ./persistent\_peers = \" PERSISTENT\_PEERS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml bash  
PERSISTENT\_PEERS = ( curl

-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/mocha-4/peers.txt |

tr '\n' ';' ) echo PERSISTENT\_PEERS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^persistent\_peers = ./persistent\_peers = \" PERSISTENT\_PEERS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml bash  
PERSISTENT\_PEERS = ( curl

-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/arabica-11/peers.txt |

tr '\n' ';' ) echo PERSISTENT\_PEERS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^persistent\_peers = ./persistent\_peers = \" PERSISTENT\_PEERS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml bash  
PERSISTENT\_PEERS = ( curl

-sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/celestiaorg/networks/master/arabica-11/peers.txt |

tr '\n' ';' ) echo PERSISTENT\_PEERS sed

-i.bak

-e

"s/^persistent\_peers = ./persistent\_peers = \" PERSISTENT\_PEERS \" /" HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml

## Storage and pruning configurations

### Connecting a consensus node to a bridge node

If your consensus node is being connected to a celestia-node bridge node, you will need to enable transaction indexing and retain all block data. This can be achieved with the following settings in yourconfig.toml .

#### Enable transaction indexing

toml indexer = "kv" indexer = "kv"

#### Retain all block data

And in yourapp.toml ,min-retain-blocks should remain as the default setting of0 :

toml min-retain-blocks = 0

## retain all block data, this is default setting

min-retain-blocks = 0

## retain all block data, this is default setting

### Querying transactions by hash

To query transactions using their hash, transaction indexing must be turned on. Set theindexer to"kv" in yourconfig.toml :

toml indexer = "kv" indexer = "kv"

### Accessing historical state

If you want to query the historical state — for example, you might want to know the balance of a Celestia wallet at a given height in the past — you should run an archive node withpruning = "nothing" in yourapp.toml . Note that this configuration is resource-intensive and will require significant storage:

toml pruning = "nothing" pruning = "nothing"

### Saving on storage requirements

If you want to save on storage requirements, consider usingpruning = "everything" in yourapp.toml to prune everything. If you select"everything" or"default" , but still want to keep the block data, you can do so by not changing the default value ofmin-retain-blocks = 0 in yourapp.toml . A value of0 formin-retain-blocks will keep all block data. This will prune snapshots of the state, but it will keep block data:

toml pruning = "everything" min-retain-blocks = 0

## this is the default setting

pruning = "everything" min-retain-blocks = 0

## this is the default setting

## Syncing

By default, a consensus node will sync using block sync; that is request, validate and execute every block up to the head of the blockchain. This is the most secure mechanism yet the slowest (taking up to days depending on the height of the blockchain).

There are two alternatives for quicker syncing.

### State sync

State sync uses light client verification to verify state snapshots from peers and then apply them. State sync relies on weak subjectivity; a trusted header (specifically the hash and height) must be provided. This can be found by querying a trusted RPC endpoint (/block). RPC endpoints are also required for retrieving light blocks. These can be found in the docs here under the respective networks or from [the chain-registry](#).

In `HOME/.celestia-app/config/config.toml`, set

`toml rpc_servers = "" trust_height = 0 trust_hash = "" rpc_servers = "" trust_height = 0 trust_hash = ""` To their respective fields. At least two different rpc endpoints should be provided. The more, the greater the chance of detecting any fraudulent behavior.

Once setup, you should be ready to start the node as normal. In the logs, you should see: `Discovering snapshots`. This may take a few minutes before snapshots are found depending on the network topology.

## Quick sync

Quick sync effectively downloads the entire data directory from a third-party provider meaning the node has all the application and blockchain state as the node it was copied from.

Run the following command to quick-sync from a snapshot:

Mainnet Beta

Mocha

Arabica `bash cd HOME rm`

`-rf`

`~/celestia-app/data mkdir`

`-p`

`~/celestia-app/data SNAP_NAME = ( curl`

`-s https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia/ |`

`\ egrep`

`-o ">celestia.*tar" |`

`tr`

`-d ">") aria2c`

`-x`

`16`

`-s`

`16`

`-o`

`celestia-snap.tar`

`"https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia{ SNAP_NAME }" tar`

`xf`

`celestia-snap.tar`

`-C`

`~/celestia-app/data/ cd HOME rm`

`-rf`

`~/celestia-app/data mkdir`

`-p`

```
~/celestia-app/data SNAP_NAME = ( curl
-s https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia/ |
\ egrep
-o ">celestia.*tar" |
tr
-d ">") aria2c
-x
16
-s
16
-o
celestia-snap.tar
"https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia{ SNAP_NAME }" tar
xf
celestia-snap.tar
-C
~/celestia-app/data/ bash cd HOME rm
-rf
~/celestia-app/data mkdir
-p
~/celestia-app/data SNAP_NAME = ( curl
-s https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia/ |
\ egrep
-o ">mocha-4.*tar" |
tr
-d ">") aria2c
-x
16
-s
16
-o
celestia-snap.tar
"https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia{ SNAP_NAME }" tar
xf
celestia-snap.tar
-C
~/celestia-app/data/ cd HOME rm
```

```
-rf
~/celestia-app/data mkdir

-p
~/celestia-app/data SNAP_NAME = ( curl
-s https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia/ |
\ egrep
-o ">mocha-4.*tar" |
tr
-d ">") aria2c
-x
16
-s
16
-o
celestia-snap.tar
"https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia{ SNAP_NAME }" tar
xf
celestia-snap.tar
-C
~/celestia-app/data/ bash cd HOME rm
-rf
~/celestia-app/data mkdir
-p
~/celestia-app/data SNAP_NAME = ( curl
-s https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia/ |
\ egrep
-o ">arabica-11.*tar" |
tr
-d ">") aria2c
-x
16
-s
16
-o
celestia-snap.tar
"https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia{ SNAP_NAME }" tar
xf
```



```

celestia-snap.tar
-C
~/celestia-app/data/ cd HOME rm
-rf
~/celestia-app/data mkdir
-p
~/celestia-app/data SNAP_NAME = ( curl
-s https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia/ |
\ egrep
-o ">arabica-11.*tar" |
tr
-d ">") aria2c
-x
16
-s
16
-o
celestia-snap.tar
"https://snaps.qubelabs.io/celestia{ SNAP_NAME }" tar
xf
celestia-snap.tar
-C
~/celestia-app/data/

```

## Start the consensus node

In order to start your full consensus node, run the following:

```
sh celestia-appd
```

```
start celestia-appd
```

start Optional: If you would like celestia-app to run as a background process, you can follow the [SystemD tutorial](#) .

TIP

Refer to [the ports section of the celestia-node troubleshooting page](#) for information on which ports are required to be open on your machine.

## Extra resources for consensus nodes

### Optional: Reset network

This will delete all data folders so we can start fresh:

```
sh celestia-appd
```

```
tendermint
```

```
unsafe-reset-all
```

```
--home HOME /.celestia-app celestia-appd
```

```
tendermint
```

```
unsafe-reset-all
```

```
--home HOME /.celestia-app
```

## Optional: Configuring an RPC endpoint

You can configure your full consensus node to be a public RPC endpoint. This allows it to accept connections from data availability nodes and serve requests for the data availability API.

### Expose RPC

By default, the RPC service listens on localhost which means it can't be accessed from other machines. To make the RPC service available publicly, you need to bind it to a public IP or 0.0.0.0 (which means listening on all available network interfaces).

You can do this by editing the config.toml file:

```
sh sed
```

```
-i
```

```
's#"tcp://127.0.0.1:26657"#"tcp://0.0.0.0:26657"#g'
```

```
~/.celestia-app/config/config.toml sed
```

```
-i
```

```
's#"tcp://127.0.0.1:26657"#"tcp://0.0.0.0:26657"#g'
```

~/.celestia-app/config/config.toml This command replaces the localhost IP address with 0.0.0.0, making the RPC service listen on all available network interfaces.

### Note on external-address

The external-address field in the configuration is used when your node is behind a NAT and you need to advertise a different address for peers to dial. Populating this field is not necessary for making the RPC endpoint public.

```
sh EXTERNAL-ADDRESS = ( wget
```

```
-qO- eth0.me) sed
```

```
-i.bak
```

```
-e
```

```
"s/^external-address = ""/external-address = " EXTERNAL -ADDRESS:26656"/"
```

```
\ HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml EXTERNAL-ADDRESS = ( wget
```

```
-qO- eth0.me) sed
```

```
-i.bak
```

```
-e
```

```
"s/^external-address = ""/external-address = " EXTERNAL -ADDRESS:26656"/"
```

```
\ HOME /.celestia-app/config/config.toml
```

### Restart the node

After making these changes, restart celestia-appd to load the new configurations.

## Optional: Transaction indexer configuration options

This section guides you on how to configure your `config.toml` file in `celestia-app` to select which transactions to index. Depending on the application's configuration, a node operator may decide which transactions to index.

The available options are:

1. `null`
2. `:` This option disables indexing. If you don't need to query transactions, you can choose this option to save space.
3. `kv`
4. (default): This is the simplest indexer, backed by key-value storage (defaults to `levelDB`; see `DBBackend`). When `kv` is chosen, `tx.height`
5. `andtx.hash`
6. `psql`
7. `:` This indexer is backed by PostgreSQL. When `psql` is chosen, `tx.height`
8. `andtx.hash`
9. `:` This option is suitable for basic queries on transactions.
10. `psql`
11. `:` This option is suitable for complex queries on transactions.

An example to set the value `tokv` in `config.toml` is:

`toml indexer = "kv" indexer = "kv"` Remember to restart `celestia-appd` after making changes to the configuration to load the new settings.

## Optional: Discard ABCI responses configuration

This section will guide you on how to configure your `config.toml` file in `celestia-app` to manage the storage of ABCI responses. ABCI responses are the results of executing transactions and are used for `block_results` RPC queries and to reindex events in the command-line tool.

The `discard_abci_responses` option allows you to control whether these responses are persisted in the state store:

- `false`
- (default): ABCI responses are stored in the state store. This ensures that ABCI responses are available for `block_results`
- RPC queries and for reindexing events. However, it can consume a significant amount of disk space.
- `true`
- `:` ABCI responses are not stored in the state store. This can save a considerable amount of disk space, but `block_results`
- RPC queries and event reindexing will not be available.

An example to set the value to `false` in `config.toml` is:

`toml discard_abci_responses = false discard_abci_responses = false` Remember to restart `celestia-appd` after making changes to the configuration to load the new settings. [\[Edit this page on GitHub\]](#) Last updated: [Previous page Bridge node](#) [Next page Validator node](#)