

Local testing using a Mock contract

You are viewing the VRF v2 guide - Direct funding method.

To learn how to request random numbers with a subscription, see the [Subscription Method](#) guide.

Security Considerations

Be sure to review your contracts with the [security considerations](#) in mind.

This guide explains how to test Chainlink VRF v2 on a [Remix IDE](#) sandbox blockchain environment. Note: You can reuse the same logic on another development environment, such as Hardhat or Truffle. For example, read the Hardhat Starter Kit [RandomNumberDirectFundingConsumer unit tests](#).

Test on public testnets thoroughly

Even though local testing has several benefits, testing with a VRF mock covers the bare minimum of use cases. Make sure to test your consumer contract thoroughly on public testnets.

Benefits of local testing

Testing locally using mock contracts saves you time and resources during development. Some of the key benefits include:

- **Faster feedback loop:** Immediate feedback on the functionality and correctness of your smart contracts. This helps you quickly identify and fix issues without waiting for transactions to be mined/validated on a testnet.
- **Saving your native testnet gas:** Deploying and interacting with contracts requires paying gas fees. Although native testnet gas does not have any associated value, supply is limited by public faucets. Using mock contracts locally allows you to test your contracts freely without incurring any expenses.
- **Controlled environment:** Local testing allows you to create a controlled environment where you can manipulate various parameters, such as block time and gas prices, to test your smart contracts' function as expected under different conditions.
- **Isolated testing:** You can focus on testing individual parts of your contract, ensuring they work as intended before integrating them with other components.
- **Easier debugging:** Because local tests run on your machine, you have better control over the debugging process. You can set breakpoints, inspect variables, and step through your code to identify and fix issues.
- **Comprehensive test coverage:** You can create test cases to cover all possible scenarios and edge cases.

Testing logic

Complete the following tasks to test your VRF v2 consumer locally:

1. Deploy the [VRFCoordinatorV2Mock](#). This contract is a mock of the [VRFCoordinatorV2](#) contract.
2. Deploy the [MockV3Aggregator](#) contract.
3. Deploy the [LinkToken](#) contract.
4. Deploy the [VRFV2Wrapper](#) contract.
5. Call the [VRFV2Wrapper.setConfig function](#) to set wrapper specific parameters.
6. Fund the [VRFV2Wrapper](#) subscription.
7. Call the [VRFCoordinatorV2Mock.addConsumer function](#) to add the wrapper contract to your subscription.
8. Deploy your VRF consumer contract.
9. Fund your consumer contract with LINK tokens.
10. Request random words from your consumer contract.
11. Call the [VRFCoordinatorV2Mock.fulfillRandomWords function](#) to fulfill your consumer contract request.

Prerequisites

This guide will require you to finetune the gas limit when fulfilling requests. When writing, manually setting up the gas limits on RemixIDE is not supported, so you will use RemixIDE in conjunction with [Metamask Ganache](#) lets you quickly fire up a personal Ethereum blockchain. If you still need to install Ganache, follow the [official guide](#).

1. Once Ganache is installed, click the QUICKSTART button to start a local Ethereum node.

Note: Make sure to note the RPC server. In this example, the RPC server is <http://127.0.0.1:7545/>. 2. Follow the Metamask [official guide](#) to add a custom network manually. 3. Import a Ganache account into Metamask.

1. On Ganache, click on the key symbol of the first account:
2. Copy the private key:
3. Follow the Metamask [official guide](#) to import an account using a private key.
4. Your Metamask is connected to Ganache, and you should have access to the newly imported account.

Testing

Open the contracts on RemixIDE

Open [VRFCoordinatorV2Mock](#) and compile in Remix:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity ^0.8.7;
import "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.8/mocks/VRFCoordinatorV2Mock.sol";
// Open in Remix What is Remix?
OpenMockV3Aggregator and compile in Remix:
```

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity ^0.8.7;
import "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.8/tests/MockV3Aggregator.sol";
// Open in Remix What is Remix?
OpenLinkToken and compile in Remix:
```

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity ^0.8.7;
import "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.4/LinkToken.sol";
// Open in Remix What is Remix?
OpenVRFV2Wrapper and compile in Remix:
```

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity ^0.8.7;
import "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.8/vrf/VRFV2Wrapper.sol";
// Open in Remix What is Remix?
OpenRandomNumberDirectFundingConsumerV2 and compile in Remix:
```

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
// An example of a consumer contract that directly pays for each request.
pragma solidity ^0.8.7;
import {ConfirmedOwner} from "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.8/shared/access/ConfirmedOwner.sol";
import {VRFV2WrapperConsumerBase} from "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.8/* THIS IS AN EXAMPLE CONTRACT THAT USES HARDCODED VALUES FOR CLARITY. * THIS IS AN EXAMPLE CONTRACT THAT USES UNAUDITED CODE. * DO NOT USE THIS CODE IN PRODUCTION.
```

```
contract RandomNumberDirectFundingConsumerV2 is VRFV2WrapperConsumerBase, ConfirmedOwner {
    event RequestSent(uint256 requestId, uint32 numWords, uint256 paid);
    event RequestFulfillmentPaid(uint256 requestId, uint32 numWords, uint256 paid);

    mapping(uint256 => RequestStatus) public requests;

    constructor(address _linkAddress, address _wrapperAddress) ConfirmedOwner(msg.sender) VRFV2WrapperConsumerBase(_linkAddress, _wrapperAddress) {}

    // Depends on the number of requested values that you want sent to the fulfillRandomWords() function. Test and adjust this limit based on the network that you select, the size of the request, and the processing of the callback request in the fulfillRandomWords() function. The default is 3, but you can set this higher. For this example, retrieve 2 random values in one request. Cannot exceed VRFV2Wrapper.getConfig().maxNumWords.
    function requestRandomWords(uint32 _callbackGasLimit, uint16 _requestConfirmations, uint32 _numWords) external onlyOwner returns (uint256 requestId, bool fulfilled) {
        requestId = requestRandomness(_callbackGasLimit, _requestConfirmations, _numWords);
        uint256 paid = VRF_V2_WRAPPER.calculateRequestPrice(_callbackGasLimit);
        uint256 balance = LINK.balanceOf(address(this));
        if (balance < paid) {
            return (requestId, false);
        }
        requests[requestId] = RequestStatus.Pending;
        emit RequestSent(requestId, _numWords, paid);
        return (requestId, true);
    }

    function fulfillRandomWords(uint256 _requestId, uint32 _numWords) external {
        RequestStatus memory request = requests[_requestId];
        if (request.paid == 0) revert RequestNotFound(_requestId);
        return (request.paid, request.fulfilled, request.randomWords);
    }

    // Allow withdrawal of LINK tokens from the contract
    function withdrawLink(address _receiver) public onlyOwner {
        bool success = LINK.transfer(_receiver, LINK.balanceOf(address(this)));
        if (!success) revert LinkTransferError(msg.sender, _receiver, LINK.balanceOf(address(this)));
    }
}
```

Select the correct RemixIDE environment

Under DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS:

1. Set the Environment to Injected Provider - Metamask:
2. On Metamask, connect your Ganache account to the Remix IDE.
3. Click on Connect. The RemixIDE environment should be set to the correct environment, and the account should be the Ganache account.

Deploy VRFCoordinatorV2Mock

1. OpenVRFCoordinatorV2Mock.sol.
2. UnderDEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS, selectVRFCoordinatorV2Mock.
3. UnderDEPLOY, fill in the _BASEFEEand _GASPRICELINK. These variables are used in theVRFCoordinatorV2Mockcontract to represent the base fee and the gas price (in LINK tokens) for the VRF requests. You can set: _BASEFEE=10000000000000000and _GASPRICELINK=1000000000.
4. Click ontransactto deploy theVRFCoordinatorV2Mockcontract.
5. A Metamask popup will open. Click onConfirm.
6. Once deployed, you should see theVRFCoordinatorV2Mockcontract underDeployed Contracts.
7. Note the address of the deployed contract.

Deploy MockV3Aggregator

TheMockV3Aggregatorcontract is designed for testing purposes, allowing you to simulate an oracle price feed without interacting with the existing Chainlink network.

1. OpenMockV3Aggregator.sol.
2. UnderDEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS, selectMockV3Aggregator.
3. UnderDEPLOY, fill in _DECIMALS and _INITIALANSWER. These variables are used in theMockV3Aggregatorcontract to represent the number of decimals the aggregator's answer should have and the most recent price feed answer. You can set: _DECIMALS=18and _INITIALANSWER=3000000000000000(We are considering that1 LINK = 0.003 native gas tokens).
4. Click ontransactto deploy theMockV3Aggregatorcontract.
5. A Metamask popup will open. Click onConfirm.
6. Once deployed, you should see theMockV3Aggregatorcontract underDeployed Contracts.
7. Note the address of the deployed contract.

Deploy LinkToken

The Chainlink VRF v2 direct funding method requires your consumer contract to pay for VRF requests in LINK. Therefore, you have to deploy theLinkTokencontract to your local blockchain.

1. OpenLinkToken.sol.
2. UnderDEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS, selectLinkToken.
3. UnderDEPLOY, click ontransactto deploy theLinkTokencontract.
4. A Metamask popup will open. Click onConfirm.
5. Once deployed, you should see theLinkTokencontract underDeployed Contracts.
6. Note the address of the deployed contract.

Deploy VRFV2Wrapper

As the VRF v2 direct funding^{[end-to-end diagram](#)} explains, theVRFV2Wrapperacts as a wrapper for the coordinator contract.

1. OpenVRFV2Wrapper.sol.
2. UnderDEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS, selectVRFV2Wrapper.
3. UnderDEPLOY, fill in _LINKwith theLinkTokencontract address, _LINKETHFEEDwith theMockV3Aggregatorcontract address, and _COORDINATORwith theVRFCoordinatorV2Mockcontract address.
4. click ontransactto deploy theVRFV2Wrappercontract.
5. A Metamask popup will open. Click onConfirm.
6. Once deployed, you should see theVRFV2Wrappercontract underDeployed Contracts.
7. Note the address of the deployed contract.

Configure the VRFV2Wrapper

1. UnderDeployed Contracts, open the functions list of your deployedVRFV2Wrappercontract.
2. Click ongetConfigand fill in _wrapperGasOverheadwith60000, _coordinatorGasOverheadwith52000, _wrapperPremiumPercentagewith10, _keyHashwith0xd89b2bf150e3b9e13446986e571fb9cab24b13cea0a43ea20a6049a8 and _maxNumWordswith10. Note on these variables:
3. _wrapperGasOverhead: This variable reflects the gas overhead of the wrapper's fulfillRandomWords function. The cost for this gas is passed to the user.
4. _coordinatorGasOverhead: This variable reflects the gas overhead of the coordinator's fulfillRandomWordsfunction. The cost for this gas is billed to theVRFV2Wrappersubscription and must, therefore, be included in the VRF v2 direct funding requests pricing.
5. _wrapperPremiumPercentage: This variable is the premium ratio in percentage. For example, a value of 0 indicates no premium. A value of 15 indicates a 15 percent premium.
6. _keyHash: The gas lane key hash value is the maximum gas price you are willing to pay for a request in wei.
7. _maxNumWords: This variable is the maximum number of words requested in a VRF v2 direct funding request.
8. click ontransact.
9. A Metamask popup will open. Click onConfirm.

Fund the VRFV2Wrapper subscription

When deployed, theVRFV2Wrappercontract creates a new subscription and adds itself to the newly created subscription. If you started this guide from scratch, the subscription ID should be 1.

1. UnderDeployed Contracts, open the functions list of your deployedVRFCoordinatorV2Mockcontract.
2. Click onfundSubscriptionto fund theVRFV2Wrappersubscription. In this example, you can set the _subidto1(which is your newly created subscription ID) and the _amountto100000000000000000000(10 LINK).
3. A Metamask popup will open. Click onConfirm.

Deploy the VRF consumer contract

1. In the file explorer, openRandomNumberDirectFundingConsumerV2.sol.
2. UnderDEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS, selectRandomNumberDirectFundingConsumerV2.
3. UnderDEPLOY, fill in _LINKADDRESS with theLinkTokencontract address, and _WRAPPERADDRESS with the deployedVRFV2Wrapperaddress.
4. Click ontransactto deploy theRandomNumberDirectFundingConsumerV2contract.
5. A Metamask popup will open. Click onConfirm.
6. Once deployed, you should see theRandomNumberDirectFundingConsumerV2contract underDeployed Contracts.
7. Note the address of the deployed contract.

Fund your VRF consumer contract

1. UnderDeployed Contracts, open the functions list of your deployedLinkTokencontract.
2. Click ontransferand fill in the _to with your consumer contract address and _value with LINK tokens amount. For this example, you can set the _valuetto100000000000000000000(10 LINK).
3. Click ontransact.
4. A Metamask popup will open. Click onConfirm.

Request random words

Request three random words.

1. UnderDeployed Contracts, open the functions list of your deployedRandomNumberConsumerV2contract.
2. In requestRandomWords, fill in _callbackGasLimitwith300000, _requestConfirmationswith3and _numWordswith3.
3. Click ontransact.
4. A Metamask popup will open.

Set your gas limit in MetaMask

Remix IDE doesn't set the right gas limit, so you must [edit the gas limit in MetaMask](#) within the Advanced gas controls settings.

For this example to work, set the gas limit to 400,000 in MetaMask.

First, [enable Advanced gas controls in your MetaMask settings](#).

Before confirming your transaction in MetaMask, navigate to the screen where you can edit the gas limit: Select Site suggested > Advanced > Advanced gas controls and select Edit next to the Gas limit amount. Update the Gas limit value to 400,000 and select Save. Finally, confirm the transaction. 5. Click on Confirm. 6. In the Remix IDE console, read your transaction logs to find the VRF request ID. In this example, the request ID is 1. 7. Note your request ID.

Fulfill the VRF request

Because you are testing on a local blockchain environment, you must fulfill the VRF request yourself.

1. Under Deployed Contracts, open the functions list of your deployed `VRFCoordinatorV2Mock` contract.
2. Click `fulfillRandomWords` and fill `in_requestId` with your VRF request ID and `_consumer` with the `VRFV2Wrapper` contract address.
3. Click on `transact`.
4. A Metamask popup will open.

Set your gas limit in MetaMask

Remix IDE doesn't set the right gas limit, so you must [edit the gas limit in MetaMask](#) within the Advanced gas controls settings.

For this example to work, set the gas limit to 1,000,000 in MetaMask.

First, [enable Advanced gas controls in your MetaMask settings](#).

Before confirming your transaction in MetaMask, navigate to the screen where you can edit the gas limit: Select `Site suggested` > `Advanced` > `Advanced gas controls` and select `Edit` next to the `Gas limit` amount. Update the `Gas limit` value to 1000000 and select `Save`. Finally, confirm the transaction. 5. Click on `Confirm`. 6. In the Remix IDE console, read your transaction logs to find the random words.

Check the results

1. Under Deployed Contracts, open the functions list of your deployed `RandomNumberDirectFundingConsumerV2` contract.
2. Click on `lastRequestId` to display the last request ID. In this example, the output is 1.
3. Click on `getRequestStatus` with `_requestId` equal to 1:
4. You will get the amount paid, the status, and the random words.

Next steps

This guide demonstrated how to test a VRF v2 consumer contract on your local blockchain. We made the guide on Remix IDE for learning purposes, but you can reuse the same [testing logic](#) on another development environment, such as Truffle or Hardhat. For example, read the Hardhat Starter Kit [RandomNumberDirectFundingConsumer unit tests](#).