How to set up a validator node

Pre-requisites

First of all, you need to have:

- installed /
- fetchd
- •
- Configured and connected /
- · your validator to the desired network.

Also, it would be beneficial if you also explore the CLI documentation ✓ to understand how to correctly interact with the Fetch Ledger.

Creating a validator

If you wish to create a validator, you will need to send a transaction to the network to stake your FET tokens. This process registers you as a validator, and if you are one of the chosen validators, you will start to produce blocks. If you want to create a validator usingfetchd Command Line Interface (CLI) / you will need to send acreate-validator transaction to the network as shown below:

```
fetchd
tx
staking
create-validator \ --amount= < the
amount
to
bon d
     \ --pubkey= ( fetchd
tendermint
show-validator ) \ --moniker= "choose a moniker" \ --chain-id= < chain_id
     \ --commission-rate= "0.10" \ --commission-max-rate= "0.20" \ --commission-max-change-rate= "0.01" \ --min-
     self-delegation= "" \ --gas
auto
--gas-adjustment
1.5
--gas-prices
"" \ --from= < key_name
     Dorado example
```

You should verify that you have some tokens available before trying to create a validator. The easiest way to do this is via the <u>CLI</u>. Below, you can find an example of a typical CLI command that registers the node as running the validator:

fetchd

tx

staking

create-validator \ --amount=1000000000000000000atestfet \ --pubkey= (fetchd

tendermint

```
show-validator ) \ --moniker= "my-test-validator" \ --chain-id=dorado-1 \ --commission-rate= "0.10" \ --commission-max-rate=
"0.20" \ --commission-max-change-rate= "0.01" \ --min-self-delegation= "1000000000000000000" \ --gas
auto
--gas-adjustment
1.5
--gas-prices
1000000000 atestfet \ --from=test-key
```

Edit a validator configuration

It is possible that validators will need to adjust various settings about their nodes over the time. This can be simple things, such as the associated website for a validator, ormore consequential actions, like altering the commission rate. In either case, should a validator choose to make this update they would send anedit-validator transaction to the network.

```
These transactions can be created in a similar way to thecreate-validator transaction depicted above:
fetchd
tx
staking
edit-validator --moniker = "choose a moniker" \ --website = "https://fetch.ai" \ --details = "To infinity and beyond!" \ --chain-id
=< chain_i d
     \--commission-rate = "0.10" \ --from =< key nam e
```

Unbonding a validator

staking

Whenever and if a validator wants to stop being a validator for any reason, they can unbond some or all of their staked tokens. Unbonding refers to the process of withdrawing or removing a certain amount of staked tokens from a validator or a network after a defined waiting period .

This operation is carried out with the following CLI command:

```
fetchd
tx
staking
unbond \ < validator
operator
addres s
     \ < amount
to
remov e
     \ --from
< key
nam e
     An instance of this command is given in the example below:
fetchd
tx
```

Was this page helpful?

test-key

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