## Proof of stake using the SDK

All proof of stake functionality will be find within thenamada sdk::proof of stake module.

Thenamada\_impl object is assumed to have been constructed as described in the setting up a client section. // We assume we have a namada\_impl object that is already initialized

let bond\_tx\_builder = namada\_impl

. new\_bond (validator\_address . clone (), amount) . source (source\_address . clone ()) . signing\_keys ( vec! [source\_public\_key]);

let ( mut bond\_tx, signing\_data) = bond\_tx\_builder . build ( & namada\_iml) .await . expect ( "unable to build bond" );

 $namada\_impl \ . \ sign \ (\ \&mut \ bond\_tx\_builder \ . \ tx, \ signing\_data, \ default\_sign, \ (), \ ) \ . await \ . \ expect \ (\ "unable \ to \ sign \ reveal \ bond" \ );$ 

let tx = namada\_iml . submit (bond\_tx, & bond\_tx\_builder . tx) .await ; That will submit the bond transaction to the network.

Similar proof of stake transactions such asnew\_unbond ,new\_redelegation ,new\_claim\_rewards andnew\_withdraw are also available in the SDK.

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