

How to create and use a Safe account with multiple signers

[Safe](#) is the most battle-tested Ethereum smart account provider. With their recent release of their ERC-4337 module, it is now possible to plug in Safe accounts to ERC-4337 bundlers and paymasters. This guide will walk you through how to create and use a Safe account with `permissionless.js`.

Steps

Import the required packages

```
...  
  
import{ createSmartAccountClient }from"permissionless" import{ createPublicClient, getContract, http, parseEther  
}from"viem" import{ sepolia }from"viem/chains"  
  
...
```

Create the clients

First we must create the public, (optionally) pimlico paymaster clients that will be used to interact with the Safe account.

```
...  
  
exportconstpublicClient=createPublicClient({ chain: sepolia, transport:http("https://rpc.ankr.com/eth_sepolia"), })  
  
exportconstpaymasterClient=createPimlicoClient({ transport:http("https://api.pimlico.io/v2/sepolia/rpc?apikey=API_KEY"),  
entryPoint: { address: entryPoint07Address, version:"0.7", }, })  
  
...
```

Get the owner addresses

The Safe account will need to have a signer to sign user operations. In `permissionless.js`, the default Safe account validates ECDSA signatures. [Any permissionless.js-compatible signer](#) can be used for the Safe account.

For example, to create a signer based on a private key:

```
...  
  
import{ privateKeyToAccount, toAccount }from"viem/accounts" import{ createPimlicoClient  
}from"permissionless/clients/pimlico" import{ entryPoint07Address }from"viem/account-abstraction" import{  
toSafeSmartAccount }from"permissionless/accounts"  
  
constownerOne="0xPUBLIC-ADDRESS-ONE" constownerTwo="0xPUBLIC-ADDRESS-TWO"  
constownerThree="0xPUBLIC-ADDRESS-THREE"  
  
...
```

Create the Safe account

For a full list of options for creating a Safe account, take a look at the reference documentation page for [toSafeSmartAccount](#). With a signer, you can create a Safe account as such:

```
...  
  
constowners=[toAccount(ownerOne),toAccount(ownerTwo),toAccount(ownerThree)]  
  
constsafeAccount=awaittoSafeSmartAccount({ client: publicClient, entryPoint: { address: entryPoint07Address, version:"0.7",  
}, owners, saltNonce:0n,// optional version:"1.4.1", })  
  
...
```

You can also create a Safe account with 7579 module, read more about [it here](#).

Create the smart account client

The smart account client is a `permissionless.js` client that is meant to serve as an almost drop-in replacement for

viem's [walletClient](#) .

...

```
const smartAccountClient = createSmartAccountClient({ account: safeAccount, chain: sepolia, paymaster: paymasterClient,
bundlerTransport: http("https://api.pimlico.io/v2/sepolia/rpc?apikey=API_KEY"), userOperation: {
estimateFeesPerGas: async () => (await paymasterClient.getUserOperationGasPrice()).fast, }, })
```

...

Prepare a user operation

Since we may not have access to all the signers at once, we should prepare a user operation and then submit it later after all the signers have signed.

...

```
const unsignedUserOperation = await smartAccountClient.prepareUserOperation({ calls: [ {
to: "0xd8da6bf26964af9d7eed9e03e53415d37aa96045", value: parseEther("0.1"), }, ], })
```

...

Collect signatures

You can use the `SafeSmartAccount.signUserOperation` method to collect signatures from the signers.

...

```
import { SafeSmartAccount } from "permissionless/accounts/safe"
```

```
const ownerOneAccount = privateKeyToAccount("0xPRIVATE-KEY-ONE") // this can be any LocalAccount | EIP1193Provider |
WalletClient
```

```
let partialSignatures = await safeSmartAccount.signUserOperation({ version: "1.4.1", entryPoint: { address:
entryPoint07Address, version: "0.7", }, chainId: sepolia.id, owners: owners.map((owner) => toAccount(owner.address)),
account: ownerOneAccount, // the owner that will sign the user operation ...unsignedUserOperation, })
```

```
const ownerTwoAccount = privateKeyToAccount("0xPRIVATE-KEY-TWO") // this can be any LocalAccount | EIP1193Provider |
WalletClient
partialSignatures = await safeSmartAccount.signUserOperation({ version: "1.4.1", entryPoint: { address:
entryPoint07Address, version: "0.7", }, chainId: sepolia.id, owners: owners.map((owner) => toAccount(owner.address)),
account: ownerTwoAccount, // the owner that will sign the user operation
signatures: partialSignatures,
...unsignedUserOperation, })
```

```
const ownerThreeAccount = privateKeyToAccount("0xPRIVATE-KEY-THREE") // this can be any LocalAccount | EIP1193Provider
| WalletClient
const finalSignature = await safeSmartAccount.signUserOperation({ version: "1.4.1", entryPoint: { address:
entryPoint07Address, version: "0.7", }, chainId: sepolia.id, owners: owners.map((owner) => toAccount(owner.address)),
account: ownerThreeAccount, // the owner that will sign the user operation
signatures: partialSignatures,
...unsignedUserOperation, })
```

...

Submit the user operation

Once you have the final signature, you can submit the user operation.

...

```
const userOpHash = await smartAccountClient.sendUserOperation({ ...unsignedUserOperation, signature: finalSignature, })
```

```
const receipt = await smartAccountClient.waitForUserOperationReceipt({ hash: userOpHash, })
```

...

Understanding the errors

If you're getting an error that starts with `GS` , it probably means that something went off with the Safe account. Checkout the Safe error codes [here](#) .