

tensor.bitwise_xor

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...

```
Copy fnbitwise_xor(self:@Tensor, other:@Tensor)->Tensor;
```

...

Computes the bitwise XOR of two tensors element-wise. The input tensors must have either:

- Exactly the same shape
- The same number of dimensions and the length of each dimension is either a common length or 1.
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Args

- self
- (@Tensor
-) - The first tensor to be compared
- other
- (@Tensor
-) - The second tensor to be compared
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Panics

- Panics if the shapes are not equal or broadcastable
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Returns

A newTensor with the same shape as the broadcasted inputs.

Example

...

```
Copy usecore::array::{ArrayTrait,SpanTrait};
```

```
useorion::operators::tensor::{TensorTrait,Tensor,U32Tensor};
```

```
fnxor_example()->Tensor { lettensor_1=TensorTrait::new( shape:array![3,3].span(), data:array![0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8].span(), );
```

```
lettensor_2=TensorTrait::new( shape:array![3,3].span(), data:array![0,1,2,0,4,5,0,6,2].span(), );
```

```
returntensor_1.bitwise_xor(@tensor_2); }
```

```
        [0,0,0,3,0,0,6,1,10]
```

...

[Previous tensor.bitwise_and](#) and [Next tensor.bitwise_or](#)

Last updated3 months ago