# tensor.cumsum

Copy fncumsum(self:@Tensor, axis:usize, exclusive:Option, reverse:Option)->Tensor;

Performs cumulative sum of the input elements along the given axis.

### Args

- self
- (@Tensor
- ) The input tensor.
- axis
- (usize
- ) The axis along which to compute the cumulative sum.
- exclusive
- (Option
- ) By default, it will do the sum inclusively meaning the first element is copied as is.
- reverse
- (Option
- ) If true, the cumulative sum is performed in the opposite direction. Defaults to false.

#### **Panics**

- · Panics if axis is not in the range of the input tensor's dimensions.

#### Returns

A newTensor instance containing the cumulative sum of the input tensor's elements along the given axis.

## Examples

```
Case 1: cumsum with default parameters
Copy usecore::array::{ArrayTrait,SpanTrait};
useorion::operators::tensor::{TensorTrait,Tensor,U32Tensor};
fncumsum_example()->Tensor { lettensor=TensorTrait::::new( shape:array![2,2,2].span(), data:array![0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7].span(),
);
returntensor.cumsum(axis:2, exclusive:Option::None(()), reverse:Option::None(())); }
                 [[[0,1],[2,5]],[[4,9],[6,13]]]
Case 2: cumsum with exclusive = true
Copy usecore::array::{ArrayTrait,SpanTrait};
useorion::operators::tensor::{TensorTrait,Tensor,U32Tensor};
fncumsum example()->Tensor { lettensor=TensorTrait::::new( shape:array![2,2,2].span(), data:array![0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7].span(),
returntensor.cumsum(axis:2, exclusive:Option::Some(true), reverse:Option::None(())); }
                 [[[0,0],[0,2]],[[0,4],[0,6]]]
```

```
Copy usecore::array::{ArrayTrait,SpanTrait};
useorion::operators::tensor::{TensorTrait,Tensor,U32Tensor};
fncumsum_example()->Tensor { lettensor=TensorTrait::::new( shape:array![2,2,2].span(), data:array![0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7].span(), );
returntensor.cumsum(axis:2, exclusive:Option::Some(true), reverse:Option::Some(true)); }
[[[1,0],[3,0]],[[5,0],[7,0]]]
```

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Last updated3 months ago