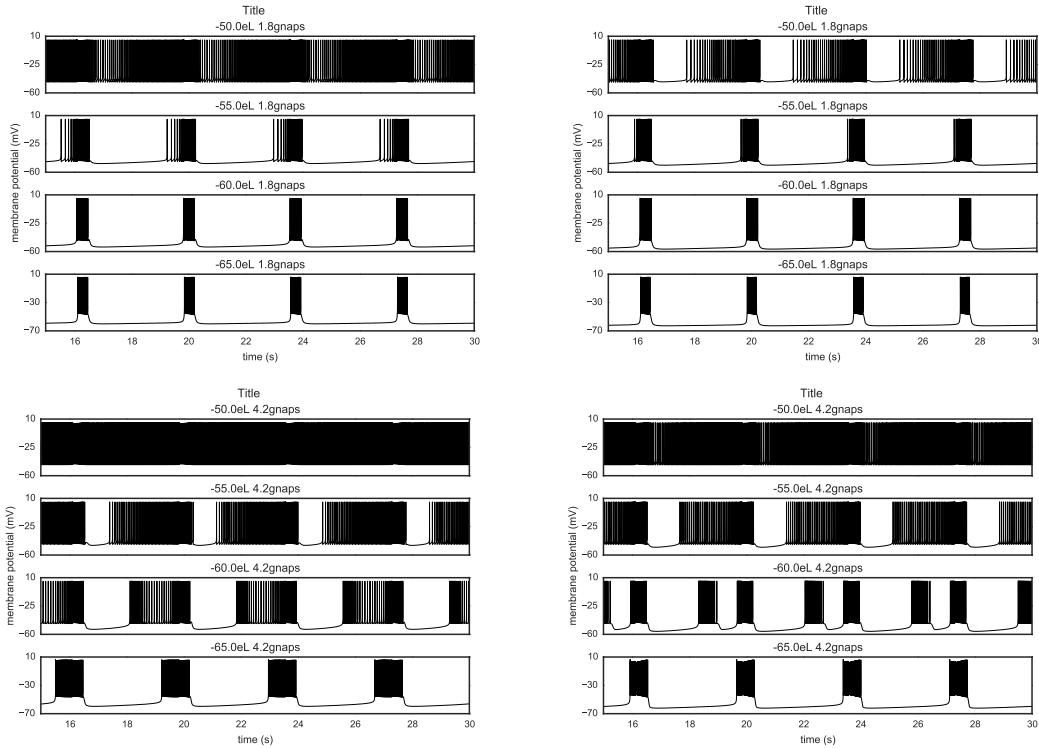


## 1 Results

talk about time series - what features characterize each model? -Compare models by comparing features of their time series: Burst Duration, Interburst Interval, etc. From these generally trend are clear: as Simple visual comparison of a section of membrane potential time series reveals the general trends created Yan model characterized by longer burst duration and more spiking along the leading edge of each burst. Comparing time series Figures ?? and ??, we see that at the low end of the tested  $g_{NaP}$  range (1.8 nS)...and at the end of the range, when  $g_{NaP} = 4.2$  nS, we see ...



### 1.1 Total Cycle Time, Burst Duration, Interburst Interval

-Interesting to note that while most of the measures vary considerably depending on the model and parameters used to generate the time series, Total Cycle exhibits little-to-no change reffig:hm txt. The single exception, caused by bi-modal bursting behavior ??, occurs in the TB model when  $eL = -60.0$  mV and  $g_{NaP} = 4.2$  nS.

Average total cycle time, the time from the start of one burst to the start of another, was very uniform between models for all parameter sets that exhibited bursting (Fig [ ??]). The only point of significant difference was at  $eL = -60$  mV,  $g_{NaP} = 4.2$  where the value for the TB model was half that of the Yan model, due to the two modes of interburst interval present in for the TB model but not for the Yan model (Fig [ ??]).

Where bursting occurs in the Yan model, burst duration for Yan increases more rapidly than TB as  $eL$  increases. For  $eL = -55$  mV, burst duration is different at all tested  $g_{NaP}$  values. Differences in burst duration between the two models does not change significantly with change in  $g_{NaP}$ . For Yan, bursting does not occur while  $eL = -50$  mV, while bursting occurs at  $eL = -50$ ,  $g_{NaP} = 1.8, 2.4$ .

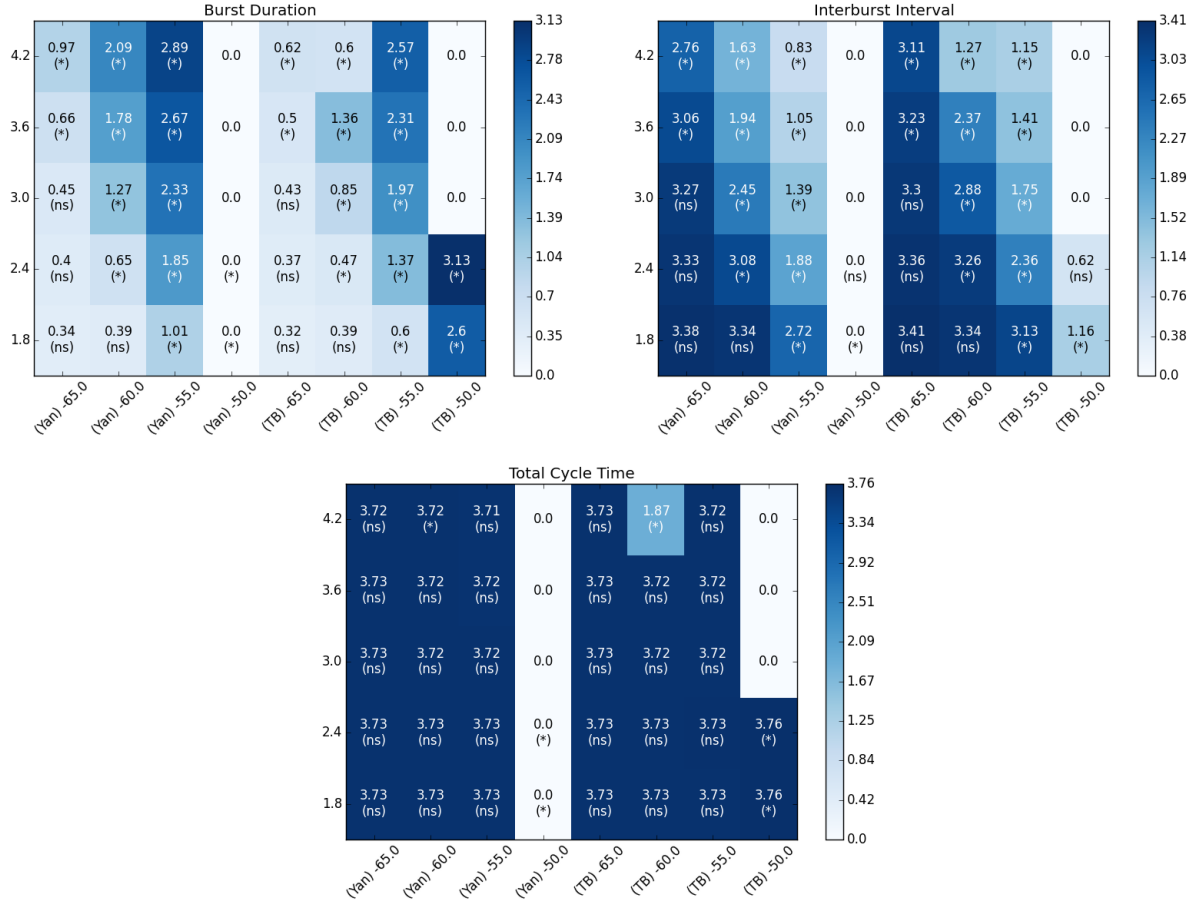


Figure 1: Heat map showing variations in total cycle time with changes in  $eL$ ,  $g_{NaP}$ , and model. Zeroes indicate tonic spiking. Star (\*) and (ns) symbols below each value indicates statistical significance between the corresponding cell for the other model.

With one exception, interburst interval and burst duration display the same inter-model pattern of significance. The exception, at  $eL = -50.0$ ,  $g_{NaP} = 2.4$  where interburst interval is 0.62 seconds for the TB model and 0 (due to an absence of bursting) for the Yan model. The pattern change in their values the patterns in their values are flipped.

This is unsurprising, since Total Cycle Time, the summation of Interburst interval and burst duration, was nearly invariant across all model-parameter combinations.

## 1.2 Peaks within Bursts

## 1.3 Peak Measures

Average peak amplitude was strongly model dependent (Figure 3). While average peak was significantly different between models, no clear and consistent pattern of increase or decrease occurred, making it difficult to tell if peak amplitude was model-dependent in a meaningful way. Interpeak interval (not pictured) was not model dependent, as no statistical significant difference occurred between same-parameters, different-model time series.

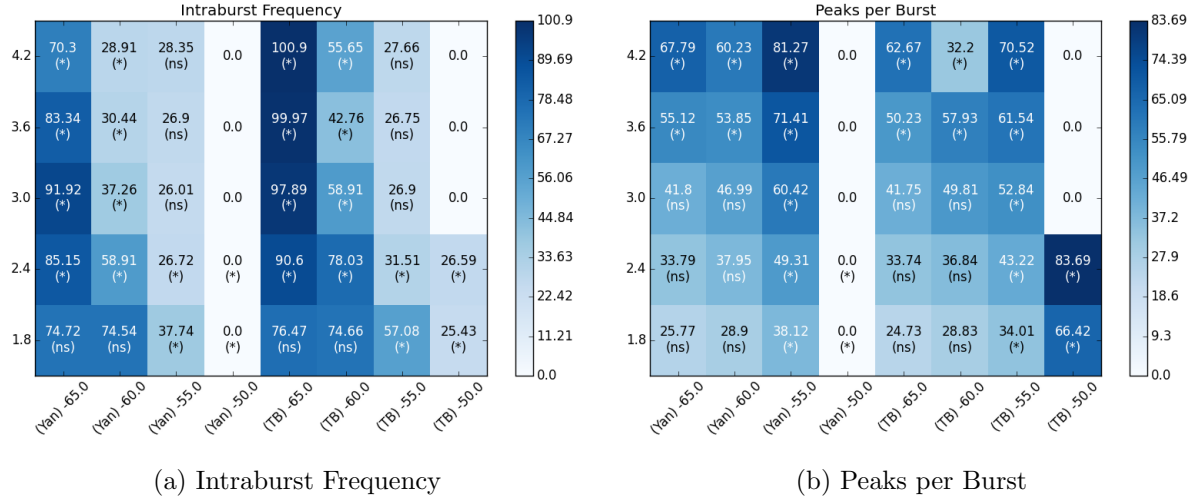


Figure 2

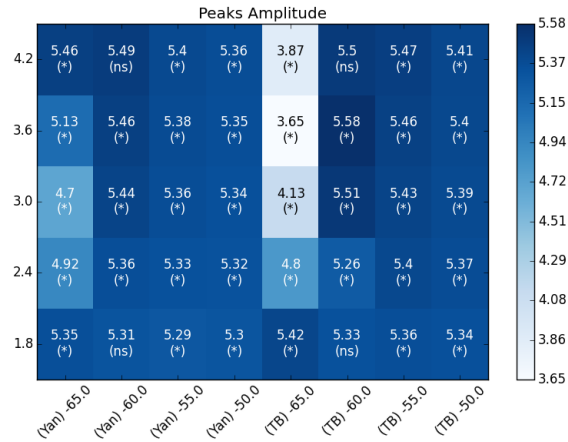


Figure 3: Peak Amplitudes. Stars (\*) indicate which cells were significantly different from their other-model counterpart.