

GPR Project Files

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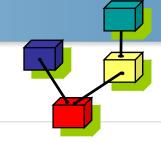
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The GPR Project Facility

- Overview
- GPR Project Files
- Property Values
- Setting Project Properties
- External and Conditional References
- Importing Projects
- Extending ("Modifying") Projects
- Source File Naming Schemes





The GPR Project Facility

- Provides configurable properties for source files
 - Represented by "projects"
- Supports incremental, modular project definition
 - Projects can import other projects containing needed files
 - Child projects can extend parent projects, inheriting source files and optionally overriding any of them
- Facilitates the structuring of large development efforts into hierarchical subsystems
 - With build decisions deferred to the subsystem level



Configurable Properties

- Source directories and specific files' names
- Output directory for object modules and .ali files
- Target directory for executable programs
- Switch settings for project-enabled tools
- Source files for main subprogram(s) to be built
- Source programming languages
 - Ada / C / C++ / Fortran / ...
- Source file naming conventions



Sample Uses

- Common set of sources generating object files in different directories, via different switches
 - "Debug" version
 - "Release" version
- Multiple versions of the body for a package spec
- Note this is not a configuration management facility
 - "Projects" should be under CM too!





GPR Project Files

- Text files with Ada-like syntax
- Integrated into command-line tools
 - Specified via the -Pproject-file-name switch
- Integrated into GPS
 - A fundamental part of the IDE
 - Automatically generated
 - There is even a Project Wizard





Property Values Introduction

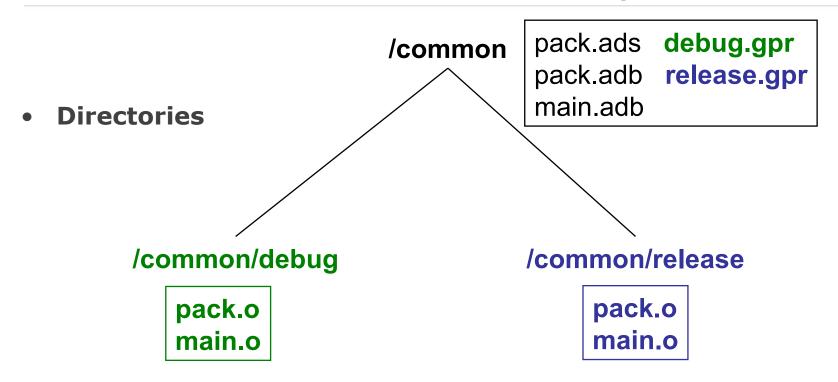
- Strings
- Lists of strings

- Associative arrays
 - Like functions that map an input string to either a single string or a list of strings

for Switches ("Ada") use ("-v", "-gnatv");



Common Files with Different Switches Example



- Example usage for debug case
 - gnatmake -P/common/debug.gpr /common/main.adb



Common Files with Different Switches Projects

```
project Debug is
  for Object_Dir use "debug";
  package Builder is
    for Default_Switches ("Ada") use ("-g");
  end Builder;
  package Compiler is
    for Default_Switches ("Ada")
      use ("-fstack-check", "-gnata", "-gnato");
  end Compiler;
end Debug;
```

```
project Release is
  for Object_Dir use "release";
  package Compiler is
  for Default_Switches ("Ada") use ("-O2");
  end Compiler;
end Release;
```



Conventions for Naming GPR Project Files

- File name should match project name
 - Not case sensitive
- Extension should be ".gpr"
- Warnings issued if not followed





Setting Project Properties

- Packages
- Variables
- Types
- Switches
- Source Directories
- Source Files
- Object Directory
- Executable Directory



Packages In GPR Project Files

- Package names correspond to tools
 - Builder
 - Compiler
 - Linker
 - Binder
 - etc.
- Allowable names and content defined by facility
 - Not by users



Typed Versus Untyped Variables

- Typed variables have only listed values possible
 - Case sensitive, unlike Ada
- Typed variables are declared once per scope
 - Once at project level
 - Once within any package
 - Essentially read-only constants
 - Especially nice for external inputs
- Untyped variables may be "declared" many times
 - No previous declaration required



Switches In GPR Project Files

May be specified to apply by default

```
package Compiler is
  for Default_Switches ("Ada") use ("-gnaty", "-v");
end Compiler;
```

- May be specified on a per-unit basis
 - Associative array "Switches" indexed by unit name

```
package Builder is
  for Switches ("main1.adb") use ("-O2");
  for Switches ("main2.adb") use ("-g");
end Builder;
```



Source Directories In GPR Project Files

- One or more in any project file
- Default is same directory as project file
- Can specify additional individual directories

```
for Source_Dirs use ("mains", "drivers");
```

Can specify additional directory trees

```
for Source_Dirs use ("foo/**", "./**");
```

Can specify that none are present

for Source_Dirs use ();



Source Files In GPR Project Files

- Must contain at least one "immediate" source file
 - In one of the source directories of the project file
 - Unless explicitly specifies none present

```
for Source_Files use ();
```

Can specify source files by name

```
for Source_Files use ("main.adb","pack1.ads","pack2.adb");
```

Can specify an external file containing source names

```
for Source_List_File use "files.list";
```



Object Directory In GPR Project Files

Specifies the location for compiler's output

- Such as "ali" files and object files
- For the project's *immediate* sources

```
project Release is
  for Object_Dir use "release";
  ...
end Release;
```

Only one per project

 When extending a parent project the child's object directory is used for any inherited sources not already compiled in the parent



Executable Directory In GPR Project Files

Specifies the location for executable image

```
project Release is
  for Exec_Dir use "executables";
  ...
end Release;
```

- Default is same directory as object files
- Only one per project



External and Conditional References

- Allow project file content to depend on value of environment variables & command-line arguments
- Reference to external values is by function
 - external(name [, default]) returns value of name as supplied on the command line or as environment variable
 - If name is undefined, return default (if supplied) or ""
- Set via command line switch (for example)
 - gnatmake -P... -Xname=value ...

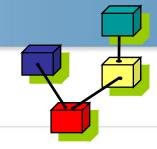
gnatmake –P/common/build.gpr -Xtarget=test /common/main.adb



External/Conditional Reference Example

```
project Build is
 type Targets is ("release", "test");
 Target : Targets := external("target", "test");
 case Target is -- project attributes
   when "release" =>
     for Object_Dir use "release";
     for Exec Dir use ".";
   when "test" =>
     for Object Dir use "debug";
 end case:
 package Compiler is
   case Target is
     when "release" =>
       for Default_Switches ("Ada") use ("-O2");
     when "test" =>
       for Default Switches ("Ada") use
           ("-g", "-s", "-gnata", "-gnato", "-gnatE");
   end case;
 end Compiler;
end Build:
```





Importing Projects

- Compilation units in source files of one project may depend on compilation units in source files of others
 - "Depend" in the Ada sense (contains with-clauses)
- We want to localize properties of other projects
 - Switches etc.
 - Defined in one place and not repeated elsewhere
- Thus dependent projects "import" other projects to place other projects' source files on search path



Project Import Notation

- Similar to Ada's "with" clauses
 - But uses strings

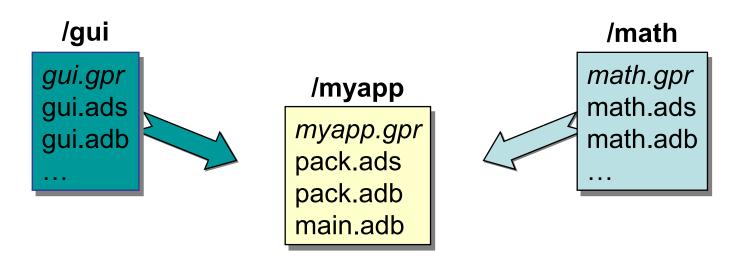
```
with literal_string { , literal_string } ;
```

- String literals are path names of project files
 - Relative
 - Absolute



Importing Projects Example

with GUI, Math; package body Pack is ...



```
with "/gui/gui.gpr", "/math/math";
project MyApp is
...
end MyApp;
```



Project Path

- Locates GPR project files referenced by other projects
- Combined content of:
 - Directory containing GPR project file
 - GPR_PROJECT_PATH environment variable (if defined)
- Note "with" clauses are transitive
 - Indirectly imported projects are automatically included
 - Unlike Ada "with" clauses
 - A project is responsible for making its own imports work regardless of whether or not it is imported elsewhere



Project Path Examples

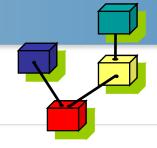
• If /gui,/math are on GPR_PROJECT_PATH

```
with "gui.gpr", "math"; project MyApp is ...
```

• If /gui,/math are not on GPR_PROJECT_PATH

```
with "/gui/gui.gpr", "/math/math"; project MyApp is ...
```





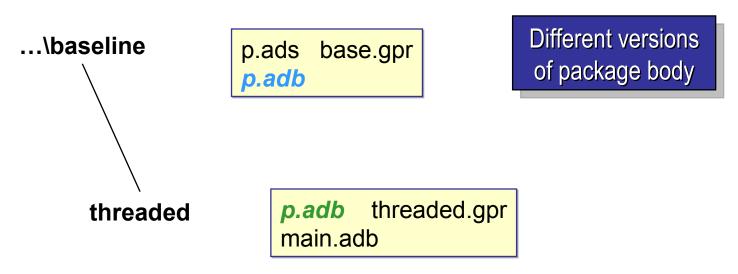
Extending ("Modifying") Projects

- Allows using modified versions of source files without changing the original sources
- Based on "inheritance" of parent project's properties
 - Source files
 - Switch settings
- Supports localized build decisions and properties
 - Inherited properties may be overridden with new versions
- Hierarchies permitted



Multiple Versions of Unit Bodies Example

Assume this directory structure & files

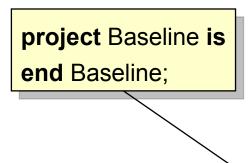


Usage (assume baseline is current directory)

gnatmake –Pthreaded/threaded.gpr main



Multiple Versions of Unit Bodies File



project Threaded extends "/source/ada/dev/baseline" is
end Threaded;



Source File Naming Schemes

- Allow arbitrary naming conventions
 - Other than default convention
- May be applied to all source files in a project
 - Specified in a package named "Naming"
- May be applied to specific files in a project
 - Individual attribute specifications



Foreign Default File Naming Example

```
project APEX is
 for Source Files use ();
 package Naming is
  for Casing use "lowercase";
  for Dot_Replacement use ".";
  for Specification_Suffix ("Ada") use ".1.ada";
  for Implementation Suffix ("Ada") use ".2.ada";
 end Naming;
end APEX;
```



GNAT Default File Naming Example

```
project GNAT is
 for Source_Files use ();
 package Naming is
  for Casing use "lowercase";
  for Dot Replacement use "-";
  for Specification_Suffix ("Ada") use ".ads";
  for Implementation_Suffix ("Ada") use ".adb";
 end Naming;
end GNAT;
```



Individual (Arbitrary) File Naming

- Uses associative arrays to specify file names
 - Index is a string containing the unit name
 - Value is a string
 - Case sensitivity depends on host file system
- Has distinct attributes for specifications and bodies

```
for Specification ("MyPack.MyChild")
    use "mypack.mychild.spec";
for Implementation ("MyPack.MyChild")
    use "mypack.mychild.body";
```

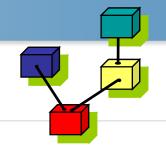


GPS Directly Supports Projects

- The fundamental conceptual basis for GPS
- Graphically displays a project hierarchy
- Provides a wizard to help you create projects
- Displays and navigates project sources
- Compiles sources defined by a project
- Creates executables for project main programs
- Debugs a project's executables
- et cetera







- Supports hierarchical, localized build decisions
- Supports arbitrary file naming conventions
- GPS provides direct support
- See the GNAT User's Guide for further details!

