

Printing

CUPS

A short history.

Overview

<http://www.cups.org/documentation.php/overview.html> <http://www.linuxfoundation.org/en/OpenPrinting/Database/CUPS>

Installation and setup

use ports run cupsd <http://localhost:631/admin>

OK, some of the worst systems administration problems, the most frustrating times come from trying to get ink onto paper.

We shall install CUPS on a USB connected printer. Then on a network enabled printer. discuss the differences, and the security implications.

PPD file

I am using a Brother HL-5270DN printer, it is ethernet enabled and fast. If I look up the PPD file at I find the entry easily and it says it works “perfectly”

so a PPD file looks like

```
*PPD-Adobe: "4.3"
*% This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it
*% under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free
...
*%=====
*% Copyright(C) 2005 Brother Industries, Ltd.
*% "Brother HL-5270DN BR-Script3"
*%=====

*%==== General Information Keywords =====
*FormatVersion: "4.3"
*FileVersion: "1.03"
*LanguageEncoding: ISOLatin1
*LanguageVersion: English
*Manufacturer: "Brother"
...
```

Where do i get my PPD file from?

There is a list, maintained by volunteers of PPD files and the printers they work with (and how well they work) at http://www.linuxprinting.org/printer_list.cgi

Using command line printing

This should work

```
$ lpr -P Brother_HL_5270DN mytestfile.txt
```

however there may be problems. The most common is that the old non CUPS printing software is also named lp or lpr. and that they sit higher up \$PATH than the stuff CUPS installs

```
$ /usr/local/bin/lpr -P Brother_HL_5270DN resolv.conf
```

if that works you just have a path problem. It can be fixed on install of CUPS by XXX Or you can move /usr/local/bin *before* /usr/bin in your \$PATH¹ Or force a replace of the old with a softlink to the new

```
$ ln -s /usr/local/bin/lpr /usr/bin/lpr
```

trouble shooting

1. Unable to open device file "/dev/ulpt0": Permission denied

solution 1

<http://lists.freebsd.org/pipermail/freebsd-questions/2006-July/126232.html>

```
crw----- 1 root wheel 0, 78 May 19 19:07 ttyvf crw-r--r-- 1 root operator 0, 80 May 19 19:19 ulpt0
crw-r--r-- 1 root operator 0, 81 May 19 19:07 unlpt0 lrwxr-xr-x 1 root wheel 6 May 19 19:07 urandom
-> random
```

solution 1

<http://lists.freebsd.org/pipermail/freebsd-questions/2006-July/126232.html>

The printer is a HL-1430 connected to USB and the error I got was: 'Unable to open USB device "usb:/dev/unlpt0" Permission Denied.' Now I don't know if this is relevant in any way. After trying all kinds of solutions I finally decided to simply do "chmod 777 /dev/unlpt0", and that solved the problem.

results 1 Nope, it did not complain, but still sat there and did nothing

put the setup back > chmod 0644 ulpt0

solution 2 Be sensible

The model number shows this is HP LaserJet 1000W printer Q1342A - end of life

Linuxprinting.org http://www.openprinting.org/show_printer.cgi?recnum=HP-LaserJet_1000

OK, This printer requires the foo2zjs printer driver. This needs firmware loading up each boot. This is going to get complicated

<http://foo2zjs.rkkda.com/>

OK - we download from there. (note on paypal request) This asks us to run make (on freebsd we need gmake - its easy to tell - make fails horribly)

then reading INSTALL we need to get some more firmware files

it seems I need <http://foo2zjs.rkkda.com/firmware/sihp1000.tar.gz>

but the code assumes I have wget. It seemed easier to pkg_add wget than check the code - it seems to just untar it but...

OK

HP LASERJET 1000/1005/1018/1020, P1005/P1006/P1505 NOTES

These printers need their firmware downloaded to them every time they are powered up.

On Linux with USB connected printer: If you are running Linux and the printer is connected via USB, you can arrange for the firmware to be automatically downloaded to the printer by performing one more installation step:

```
# make install-hotplug
```

Unplug and re-plug the USB printer.

On another OS or with a parallel port connected printer:

You must send a firmware file to the printer each time you power it up.

If you downloaded the extra files for the HP above, a typical command line to load the firmware would be ONE of these:

```
==> cat /usr/share/foo2zjs/firmware/sihp1000.dl > /dev/usb/lp0 cat /usr/share/foo2zjs/firmware/sihp1005.dl > /dev/usb/lp0 cat /usr/share/foo2zjs/firmware/sihp1018.dl > /dev/usb/lp0 cat /usr/share/foo2zjs/firmware/sihp1020.dl > /dev/usb/lp0 cat /usr/share/foo2zjs/firmware/sihpP1005.dl > /dev/usb/lp0
```

problem 3 manhattan# cat /usr/share/foo2zjs/firmware/sihp1000.dl > /dev/ulpt0 cat: stdout: Input/output error

OK - <http://foo2zjs.rkkda.com/forum/read.php?12,605,605>

first you should build the kernel without ulpt driver. then you should get foo2zjs and follow the instructions in the readme file. if you'll have any questions - report me!

ok - rebuild the kernel in /usr/src/sys/i386/conf is GENERIC a file telng make how to build the kernel and what to leave ut. Comment out ulpt rebuild

OK - cat /usr/share/foo2zjs/firmware/sihp1000.dl > /dev/ugen0.1

that actually did something - it wrote and the printer got excited. However... cups does not see it...

OK - I give up - buy a parallel to ethernet adaptor

¹ From <http://www.freebsdidiary.org/cups.php>