Vývoj Aplikácií s Viacvrstvovou Architektúrou

9. Modularita a Modulárne Aplikácie







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Čo nás čaká a neminie...

1. časť

2. časť

Úvod do Javy

Štruktúra platformy

Vývojové technológie

Kolekcie

Logovanie

Lokalizácia

NIO.2, IO, XML

Regulárne výrazy

Modularita

JDBC

Bezpečnosť

Prehľad JEE a .NET

Best practices | Faily | Fuckupy

Modulárny návrh (Modular design)

 Modulárny dizajn alebo modularita v dizajne je princíp dizajnu, ktorý rozdeľuje systém na menšie časti nazývané moduly (ako sú modulárne procesné časti), ktoré možno nezávisle vytvárať, upravovať, nahrádzať alebo vymieňať s inými modulmi alebo medzi rôznymi systémami.

Kde všade je modulárny návrh?

- Autá, výťahy, nábytok, tkáčske stavy
- Solárne panely, veterné turbíny
- Železničné signalizačné systémy, telefónne ústredne
- Modulárne budovy, potrubné systémy, rozvody elekt. energie
- Počítače HW (USB), informačné systémy, procesné systémy

Kde všade je modulárny návrh v IT?

- Servisne orientovaná architektúra (SOA)
- Mikroslužby (MSA/MSOA)
- Rozšírenia a doplnky (Add-ons / Extensions / Widgets)
- Moduly a knižnice
- Trh mobilných aplikácií



Modulárne dokumentové systémy

EDM/CA - Electronic
Document
Management
System/Contract
Administration

EBIS - Electronic Buying Information System EDCS - Electronic Document Control System EDSS - Electronic Document Storage System EDSS - Electronic Document Submission System

EDES - Electronic Document Encryption System EDLS - Electronic
Document Labeling
System

EDIS - Electronic Document Information System EDOCS - Electronic Document Management System EDMS - Electronic Document Management System

EDMS - Electronic Document Marking System MOLIS - Modular Open Laboratory Information System

DIS - Document Information System

EDDS - Electronic Document Delivery System EDAS - Electronic Document Approval System

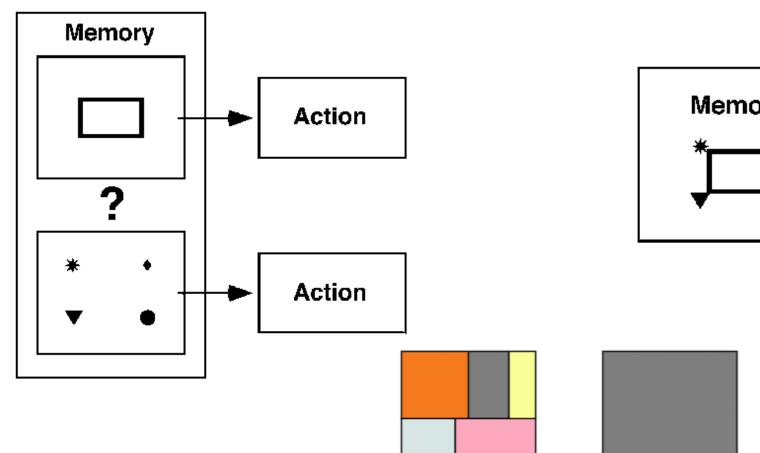
EDAS - Electronic Document Archive System EDMS - Electronic Document Managment System MITIS - Modular Integrated Transplant Information System edds –

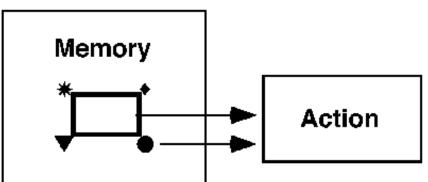
MEDIS - Modular Engineering Document Imaging System

Moduly vs Monolity

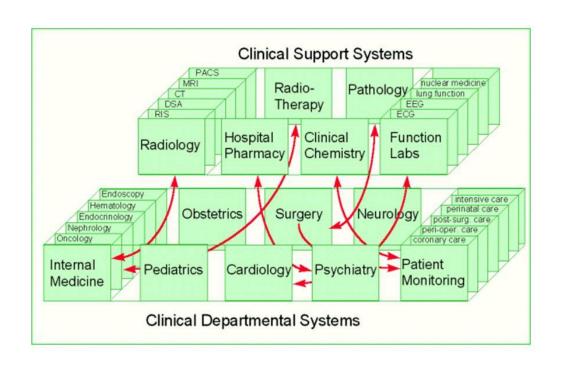
Modulárne systémy

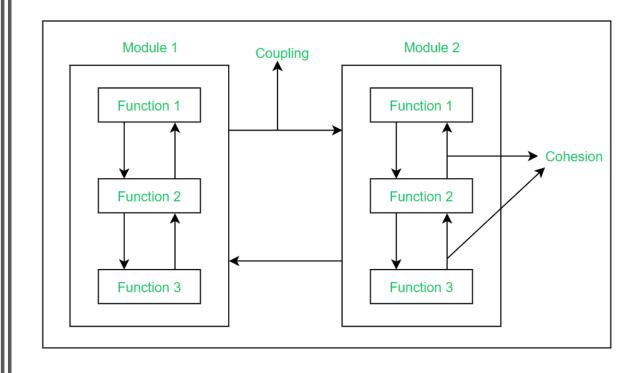
Monolitické (unifikované) systémy





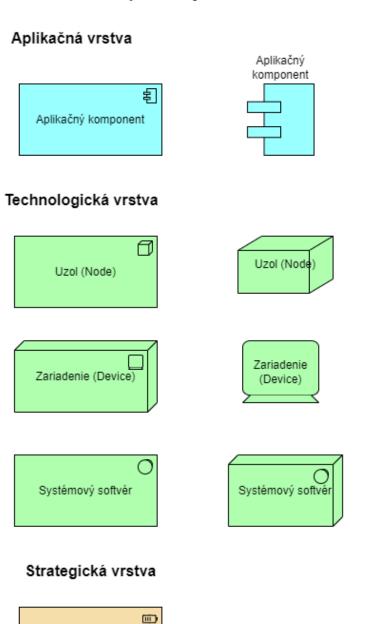
Príklady modularity



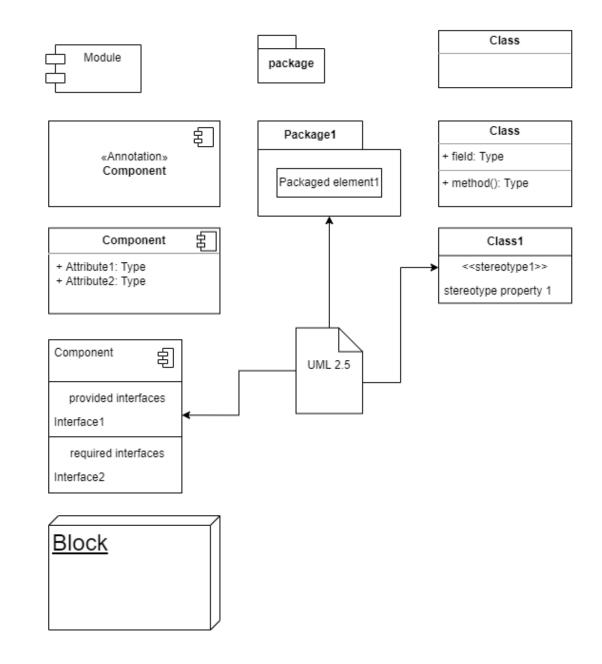


ArchiMate (Enterprise architektúra)

UML (2.0/2.5)



Zdroje (Resources)



«interface»

Name

+ field1: Type

+ field2: Type

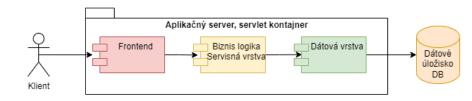
+ method1(Type): Type + method2(Type, Type): Type

<<Interface>>

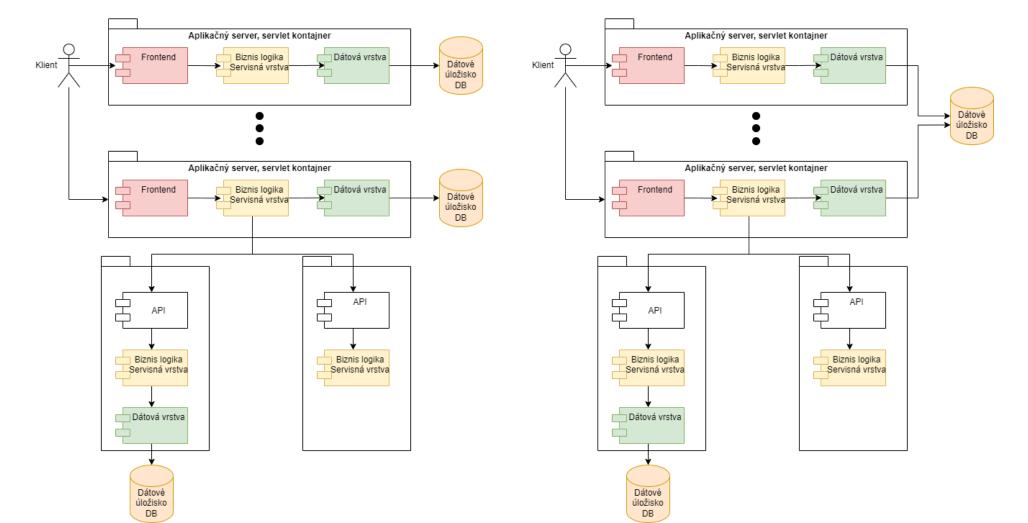
Interface

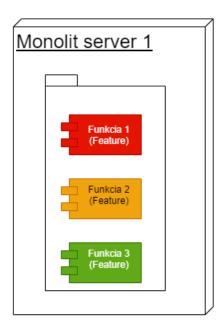
Write programs that do one thing and do it well. Write programs to work together. Write programs to handle text streams, because that is a universal interface.

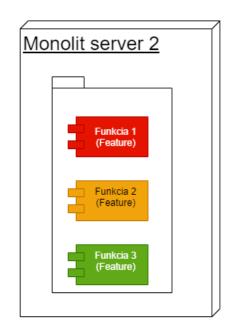
-- **Doug McIlroy** (This is the Unix philosophy)

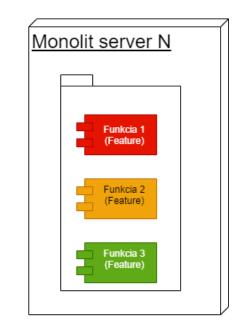


Architektúra aplikácie využívajúcej mikroslužby

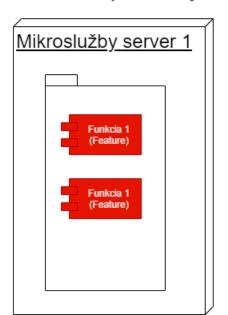


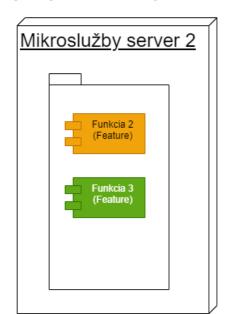


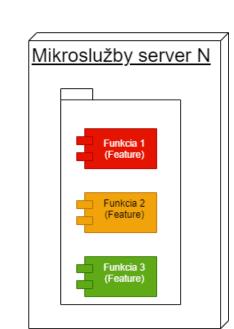




Škálovanie aplikácie využívajúcej mikroslužby







Rozdiely v prístupe konceptov

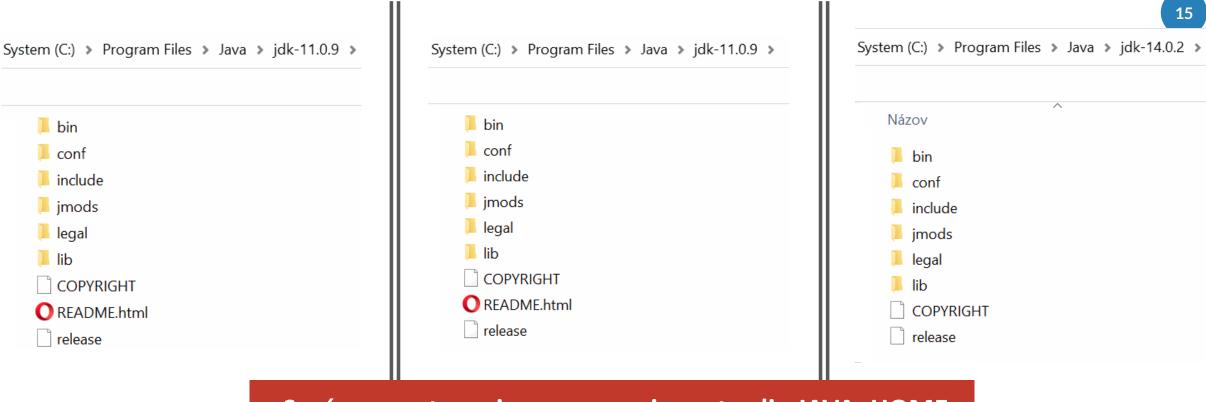
SOA (Servisne orientovaná architektúra)

- 1. Skôr hrubšia granularita služieb ("mikromonolity")
- 2. Zameranie na štandardizáciu procesov, nástrojov a pod.
- 3. Použitie ESB (Enterprise Service Bus)
- Podpora väčšieho množstva protokolov na prenos správ
- 5. Založené na jednom programovacom jazyku a sade knižníc
- 6. Beh vo viacerých vláknach
- 7. Služby delené podľa business požiadaviek
- 8. Jediná databáza pre celú aplikáciu
- 9. Požiadavka na zmenu: úprava (mikro)monolitu

MSA/MSOA (Microservice Architecture)

- 1. Jemnejšia granularita služieb
- 2. Zameranie na spoluprácu ľudí a možnosť slobodného výberu technológií
- 3. Jednoduché systémy na posielanie správ
- 4. Zameranie na použitie jednoduchých protokolov (HTTP, STOMP, ...)
- 5. Voľnosť výberu jazyka i knižníc podľa potreby
- 6. Typicky beh v jednom vlákne s non-locking I/O, použitie zelených vlákien
- 7. Delenie skôr podľa kontextu
- 8. Každá mikroslužba používa vlastné dátové úložisko
- 9. Požiadavka na zmenu: vytvorenie novej mikroslužby

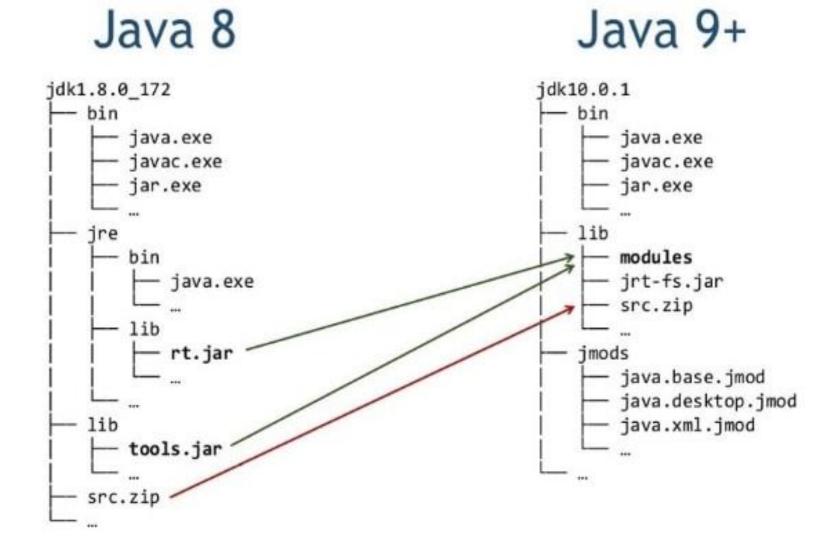
		Java Language	Java Language											
		Tools & Tool APIs	java	javac		javado	C	jar		javap	jdeps	Scripting		
			Security	Monitoring		JConsole		VisualVM	ı	JMC	JFR			
JDK			JPDA	JVM TI		IDL		RMI	J	ava DB	Deployment			
			Internationalization			Web Ser		vices	Tro		ubleshooting			
		<u>Deployment</u>	Java Web Star			t	1			oplet / Java Plug-in				
			JavaFX											
		User Interface Toolkits	Swi	ng	g J			AWT		Accessibility				
	<u>JRE</u>	<u>Integration</u> <u>Libraries</u>	Drag and Drop Inp			out Methods		Image I/O		Print 9	Print Service Sound			_
			IDL	JDBC	JDBC JN		JNDI RN		VII RMI-		-IIOP Scripting			
		Other Base Libraries	Beans	Se	,	Serialization			Extension Mechanism				Java SE	
			JMX	XML	XML JAXP		Networking			Override Mechanism				
			JNI	Date a	me Input/Output				Internationalization				<u>API</u>	
	<u>lang and util</u> Base Libraries		lang and util										<u>Profiles</u>	
			Math Collecti			ions F		Ref Objects		Regular Expressions				
			Logging Manage		nage	ement Ir		nstrumentation		n Concurrency Utilities				
			Reflection Version		ersior	ning Pref		ferences API		JA	\R	Z ip		
	<u>Jav</u>	Java Virtual Machine Java HotSpot Client and Server VM												

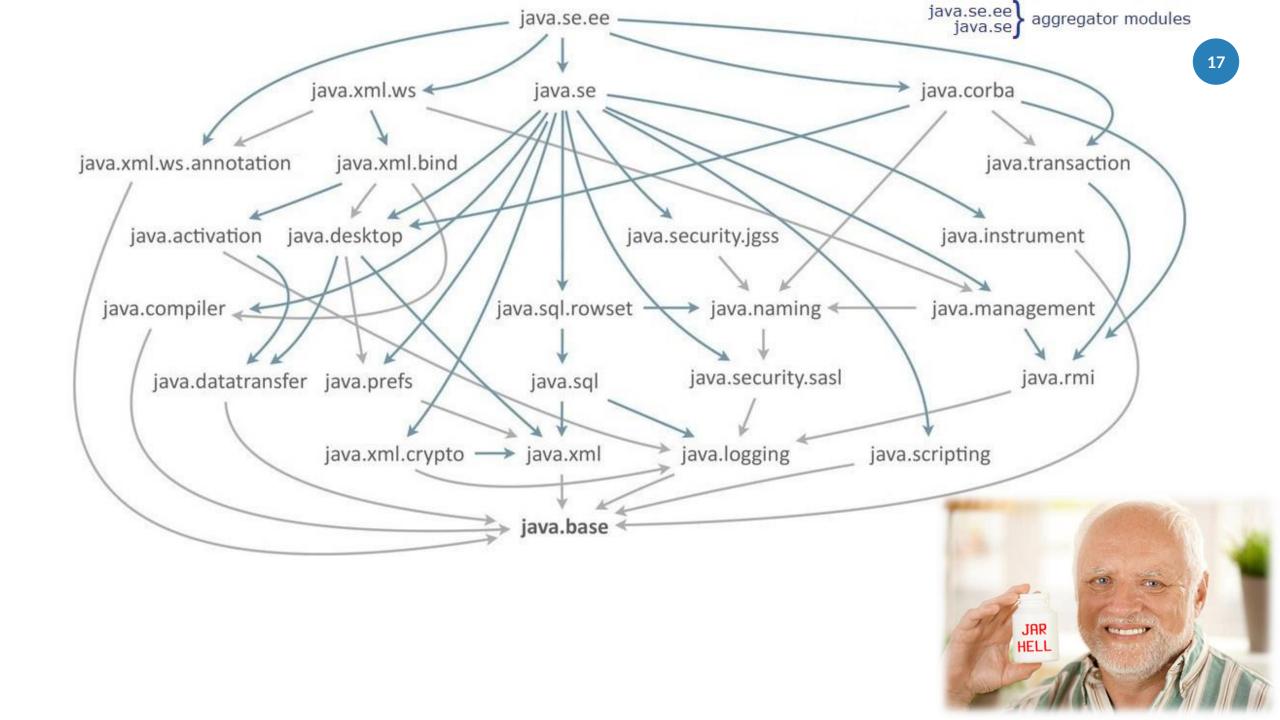


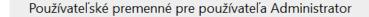
Správne nastavenie premennej prostredia JAVA_HOME

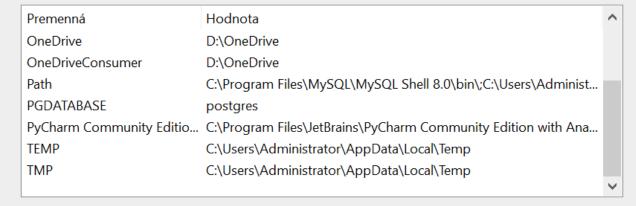
Nájdite 1 dôležitý rozdiel (Nie Readme)

Zavedenie modulov







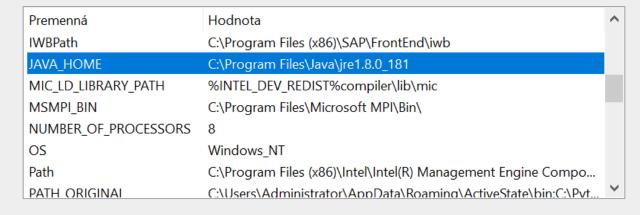


Nové...

Upraviť...

Odstrániť

Systémové premenné



Nové...

Upraviť...

Odstrániť

OK

Zrušiť

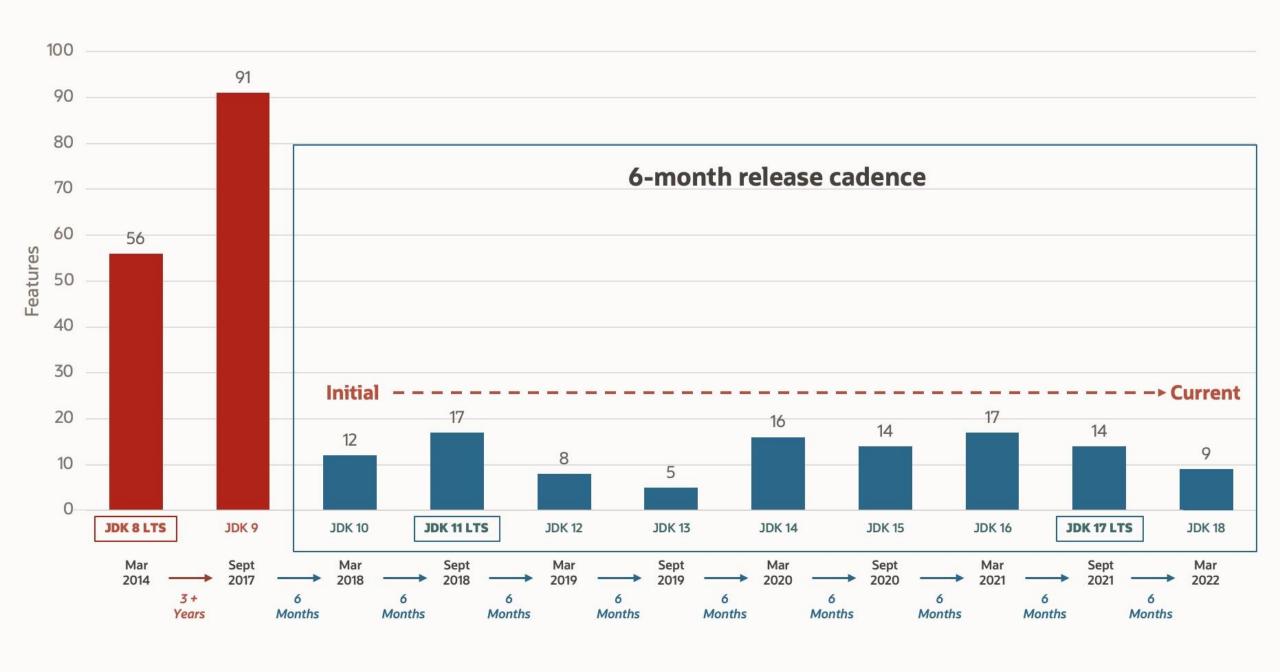
Java LTS

- Java 7 až do roku 2022
- Java 8 minimálne do roku 2030
- Java 11 až 2026
- Java 17 minimálne do roku 2029

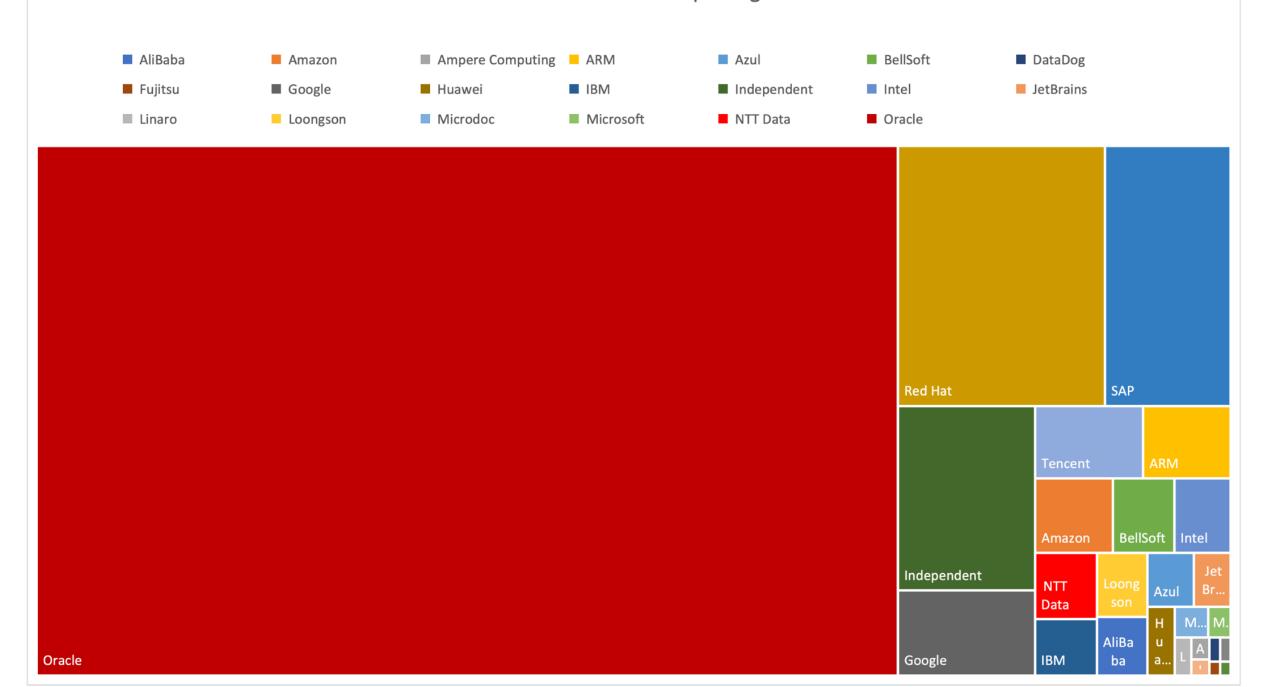
- Najnovšia Java 18 (Nie LTS/non LTS)
- Budúca Java 21 (Bude LTS, 09-2023)



The 6-month feature-release model



Issues fixed in JDK 11-JDK 18 per organization



...



Introduction

JDK BUO SYSTEM

Welcome to the JDK Bug System

Describe your project here

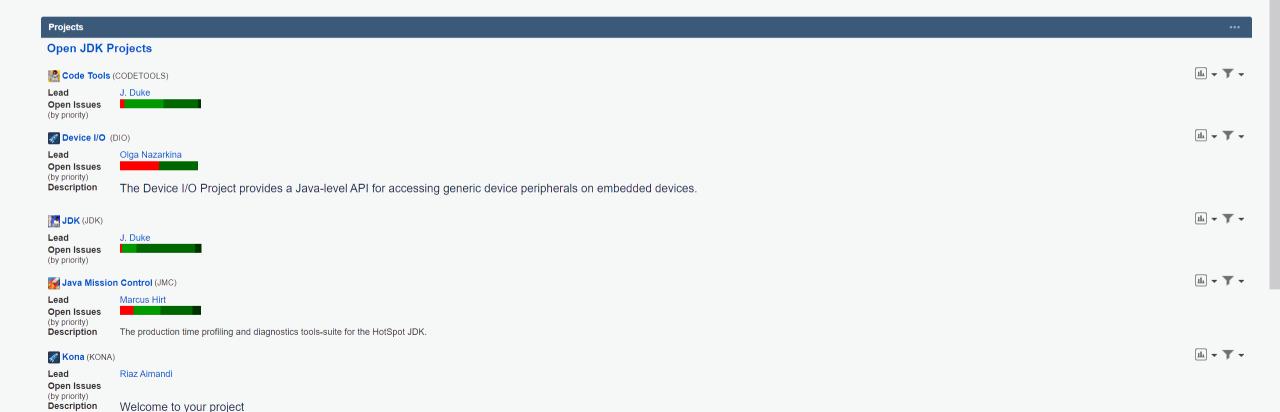
Change the project description to include details about your project.

The JDK Bug System (JBS) is a JIRA instance which provides bug tracking for Projects in the OpenJDK Community.

Everyone with OpenJDK Author status or above has a JBS account which may be used to create and edit bugs. Those without accounts can view bugs anonymously.

Everything you need to know about how your project is running is tracked on this page. As your project evolves, the information will be updated. Use the tabs on the left to navigate within your project.

See the OpenJDK wiki for information on using the system. For help in resolving access problems send email to help@openjdk.java.net.





View all issues and filters



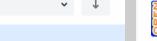
JDK BUG SYSTEM



- Reports
- 23 Components







JDK-8284855 Update needed to Cleaners added t...

Order by Priority

- JDK-8284108 RunThese hang with Xcomp in loom...
- JDK-8284220 TypeMirror#toString omits enclosing...
- JDK-8281297 TestStressG1Humongous fails with ...
- JDK-8278390 [lworld] Scalarization of nullable inlin...
- JDK-8269820 C2 PhaseIdealLoop::do unroll get ...
- JDK-8283899
 - G1PageBasedVirtualSpace::uncom...
- JDK-8282080 Lambda deserialization fails for Obj...
- JDK-8087163 Re-examine caller-sensitiveness of j...
- JDK-8134507 Improve the tiered compilation com...
- JDK-8282555 Missing memory edge when spilling ...
- JDK-8283716 java/time/test/java/time/TestZoneOff...
- JDK-8283590 Application window does not get act...
- JDK-8276797

(5)

<<





Update needed to Cleaners added to jdk.crypto.cryptoki



Description

The fix for JDK-8284368 replaced the finalizers in jdk.crypto.cryptoki with Cleaners.

However, there is a problem with the code changes. The Runnables registered with Cleaner refer to the object being registered ('this'). Meaning, the Cleaner mechanism will keep the objects reachable, preventing them from being cleaned and collected.

The JDK-8284368 change needs to be reworked to not reference 'this'.

Issue Links

relates to

- JDK-8253568 Replace and mitigate Object.finalize() uses in JDK libraries 4
- JDK-8284368 Remove finalizer method in jdk.crypto.cryptoki

3 RESOLVED

Activity

Comments Work Log History Activity

▼ ○ Brent Christian added a comment - 15 hours ago

For PKCS11, some native refactoring may be needed to allow it to disconnect() without keeping the PKCS11 object itself around.



1 of 20537

People

Assignee:

Xuelei Fan Brent Christian

Reporter: Votes:

Vote for this issue

Watchers: 2 Start watching this issue

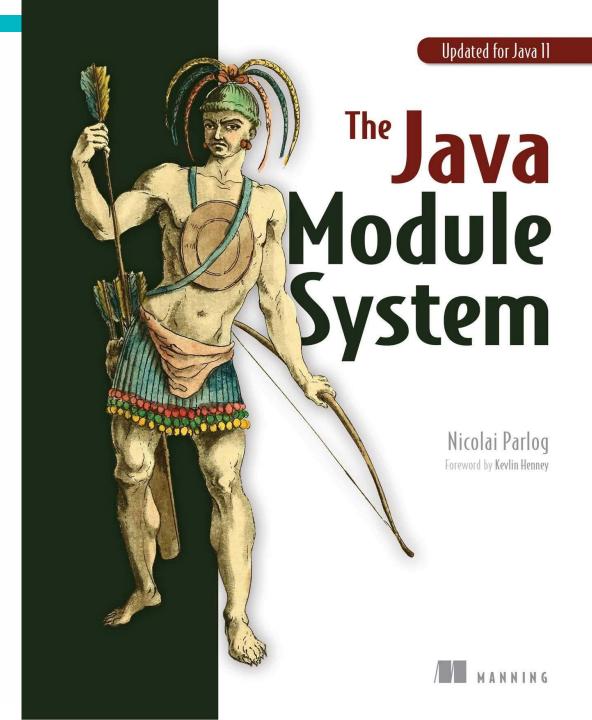
Dates

15 hours ago Created

Updated:

9 hours ago

```
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.9\bin>java -version
java version "11.0.9" 2020-10-20 LTS
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment 18.9 (build 11.0.9+7-LTS)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM 18.9 (build 11.0.9+7-LTS, mixed mode)
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.9\bin>java --version
java 11.0.9 2020-10-20 LTS
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment 18.9 (build 11.0.9+7-LTS)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM 18.9 (build 11.0.9+7-LTS, mixed mode)
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.9\bin>cd C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0 221\bin
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0 221\bin>java -version
java version "1.8.0 221"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0 221-b11)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.221-b11, mixed mode)
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0 221\bin>java --version
Unrecognized option: --version
Error: Could not create the Java Virtual Machine.
Error: A fatal exception has occurred. Program will exit.
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0 221\bin>cd C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-14.0.2\bin
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-14.0.2\bin>java -version
iava version "14.0.2" 2020-07-14
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 14.0.2+12-46)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 14.0.2+12-46, mixed mode, sharing)
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-14.0.2\bin>java --version
java 14.0.2 2020-07-14
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 14.0.2+12-46)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 14.0.2+12-46, mixed mode, sharing)
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-14.0.2\bin>
```



```
or java [options] -m <module>[/<mainclass>] [args...]
      java [options] --module <module>[/<mainclass>] [args...]
          (to execute the main class in a module)
  or java [options] <sourcefile> [args]
          (to execute a single source-file program)
Arguments following the main class, source file, -jar <jarfile>,
-m or --module <module>/<mainclass> are passed as the arguments to
main class.
where options include:
   -cp <class search path of directories and zip/jar files>
   -classpath <class search path of directories and zip/jar files>
   --class-path <class search path of directories and zip/jar files>
                 A; separated list of directories, JAR archives,
                 and ZIP archives to search for class files.
   -p <module path>
   --module-path <module path>...
                 A ; separated list of directories, each directory
                 is a directory of modules.
   --upgrade-module-path <module path>...
                 A ; separated list of directories, each directory
                 is a directory of modules that replace upgradeable
                 modules in the runtime image
   --add-modules <module name>[,<module name>...]
                 root modules to resolve in addition to the initial module.
                 <module name> can also be ALL-DEFAULT, ALL-SYSTEM,
                 ALL-MODULE-PATH.
   --list-modules
                 list observable modules and exit
   -d <module name>
   --describe-module <module name>
                 describe a module and exit
                 create VM and load main class but do not execute main method.
   --dry-run
                 The --dry-run option may be useful for validating the
                 command-line options such as the module system configuration.
   --validate-modules
                 validate all modules and exit
```

Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

or java [options] -jar <jarfile> [args...] (to execute a jar file)

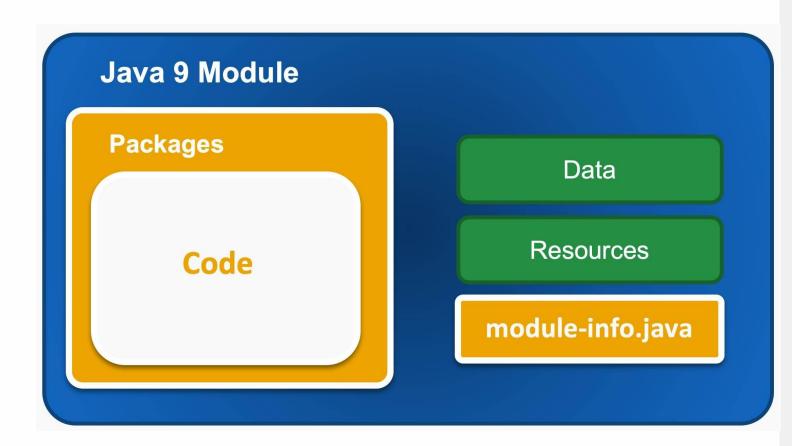
Programátori Vývojári Architekti DevOps

Testeri Test analytici

-showversion print product version to the error stream and continue --show-version print product version to the output stream and continue --show-module-resolution show module resolution output during startup -? -h -help print this help message to the error stream print this help message to the output stream --help print help on extra options to the error stream --help-extra print help on extra options to the output stream -ea[:<packagename>...|:<classname>] -enableassertions[:<packagename>...|:<classname>] enable assertions with specified granularity -da[:<packagename>...|:<classname>]

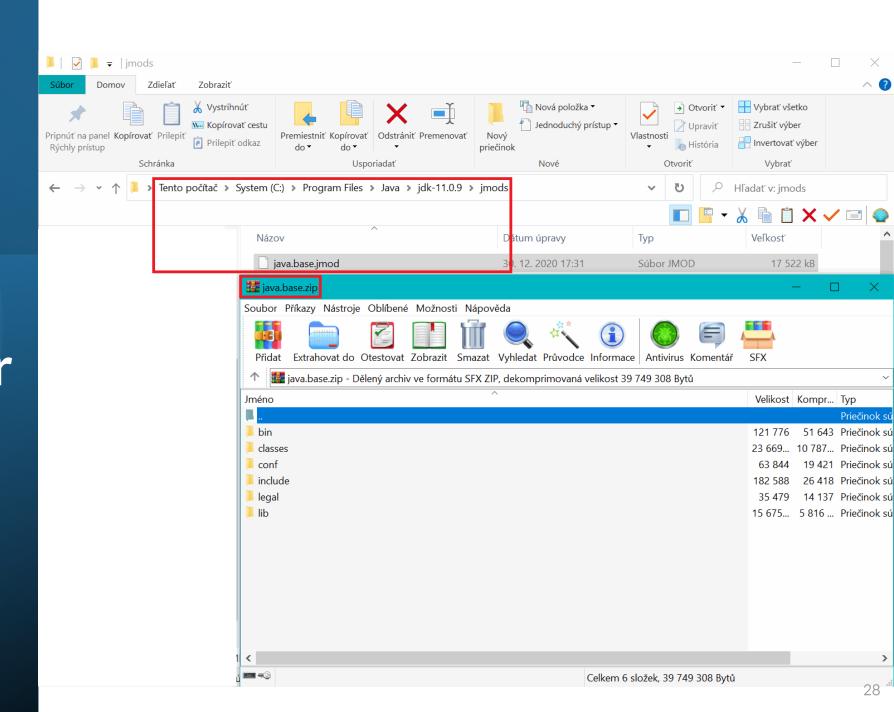
Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe —

C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.9\bin>java --list-modules java.base@11.0.9 java.compiler@11.0.9 java.datatransfer@11.0.9 java.desktop@11.0.9 java.instrument@11.0.9 java.logging@11.0.9 java.management@11.0.9 java.management.rmi@11.0.9 java.naming@11.0.9 java.net.http@11.0.9 java.prefs@11.0.9 java.rmi@11.0.9 java.scripting@11.0.9 java.se@11.0.9 java.security.jgss@11.0.9 java.security.sasl@11.0.9 java.smartcardio@11.0.9 java.sql@11.0.9 java.sql.rowset@11.0.9 java.transaction.xa@11.0.9 java.xml@11.0.9 java.xml.crypto@11.0.9 jdk.accessibility@11.0.9 jdk.aot@11.0.9 jdk.attach@11.0.9 jdk.charsets@11.0.9 jdk.compiler@11.0.9 jdk.crypto.cryptoki@11.0.9 jdk.crypto.ec@11.0.9 jdk.crypto.mscapi@11.0.9 jdk.dynalink@11.0.9 jdk.editpad@11.0.9 jdk.hotspot.agent@11.0.9 jdk.httpserver@11.0.9 jdk.internal.ed@11.0.9 jdk.internal.jvmstat@11.0.9 jdk.internal.le@11.0.9 jdk.internal.opt@11.0.9 jdk.internal.vm.ci@11.0.9 jdk.internal.vm.compiler@11.0.9 jdk.internal.vm.compiler.management@11.0.9 jdk.jartool@11.0.9 jdk.javadoc@11.0.9



~

Jmods (Zip súbory) podobne ako Jar



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.9\bin>java -d java.base
java.base@11.0.9
exports java.io
exports java.lang
exports java.lang.annotation
exports java.lang.invoke
exports java.lang.module
exports java.lang.ref
exports java.lang.reflect
exports java.math
exports java.net
exports java.net.spi
exports java.nio
exports java.nio.channels
exports java.nio.channels.spi
exports java.nio.charset
exports java.nio.charset.spi
exports java.nio.file
exports java.nio.file.attribute
exports java.nio.file.spi
exports java.security
exports java.security.acl
exports java.security.cert
exports java.security.interfaces
exports java.security.spec
exports java.text
exports java.text.spi
exports java.time
exports java.time.chrono
exports java.time.format
exports java.time.temporal
exports java.time.zone
exports java.util
exports java.util.concurrent
exports java.util.concurrent.atomic
exports java.util.concurrent.locks
exports java.util.function
exports java.util.jar
exports java.util.regex
exports java.util.spi
exports java.util.stream
exports java.util.zip
exports javax.crvpto
```

exports javax.crypto.interfaces

java --describe-module <module name> java --describe-module java.base

Prehľad modulov

Typy modulov

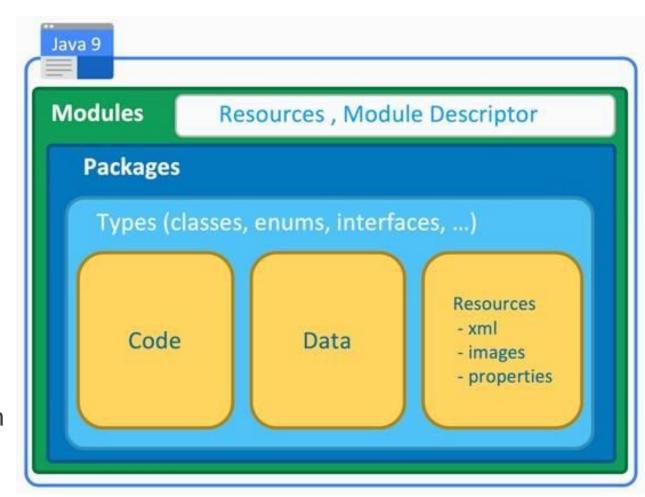
- 1. Systemové moduly Java SE a JDK moduly. Tu máme umiestnené všetky už default poskytované moduly.
- 2. Aplikačné moduly sú moduly, ktoré chceme vytvárať, keď sa rozhodneme, že chceme používať moduly.
- 3. Automatické moduly vytvoria sa, keď pridávame JAR súbory na path modulu. Názov modulu sa preberie z názvu jar súboru. Tieto automatické moduly majú plný prístup na čítanie do všetkých ostatných modulov načítaných na path.
- 4. Nepomenovaný modul ak sa na path (nie na module path) načítajú nejaké triedy alebo jar súbory, tak tieto triedy a jar súbory sú automaticky pridané do tohto nepomenovaného modulu. Slúži na spätnú kompatibilitu s predchádzajúcim starším javovským kódom.

Distribúcia

- Modul má byť zbalený ako jar súbor 1 jar súbor má obsahovať max 1 modul.
- Keď robíme build projektu, musíme si dať pozor, aby sme zabalili každý modul v našom projekte ako samostatný jar.
- Každý modul, ktorý vytvoríme, bude používať implicitne java.base modul. Použitie iných modulov bude dostupné po konugurácii.
- Modul vznikne, ak zadefinujeme v roote zdrojového kódu modulu súbor moduleinfo.java.
- Moduly sa navzájom nevidia nemajú prístup jeden do druhého a do tretieho a tak ďalej.

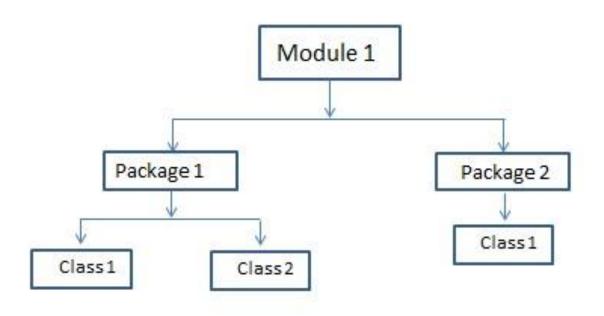
Výhoda modulov

- 1. Silné zapuzdrenie je hlavnou výhodou modulového systému. Keďže "public" už nie je prístupný každému. S modulovým systémom môžeme povoliť, aby bola obmedzená množina balíkov prístupná pre vonkajšie aplikácie.
- 2. Vďaka tomu je vaša aplikacia "odľahčená", takže ju možno spustiť na väčšom počte zariadení.
- 3. Keďže je odhľahčená, zlepšuje výkon aplikácie.
- 4. Architektúra, ktorá vám umožňuje rozdeliť vašu aplikáciu do externých balíkov a skrytých balíkov, a teda ľahko dodržiavať princíp oddelenia záujmu (separation of concern principle).
- 5. Niektoré interné triedy v balíkoch ako sun.security.*, com.sun.crypto.* už nie sú prístupné, pretože tieto balíky sú teraz skryté, čím sa zvyšuje bezpečnosť.



Príklad modulu

```
1. //src/java.sql/module-info.java
2. module java.sql {
    1. requires transitive java.logging;
    2. requires transitive java.xml;
    3. exports java.sql;
    4. exports javax.sql;
    5. exports javax.transaction.xa;
    6. uses java.sql.Driver;
3. }
```



Ako vytvoriť a používať moduly

```
\---module-demo
         \---src
             +---sk.stu.kalkulacka
                      module-info.java
6.
                  \---sk
                      \---stu
                          \---kalkulacka
8.
9.
                                   Main.java
10.
              \---sk.stu.matematicka analyza
11.
                      module-info.java
12.
13.
14.
                  \---sk
                      \---stu
15.
                           \--- matematicka analyza
16.
                                   Mocnina. java
17.
```

```
module sk.stu.matematicka_analyza {
    exports sk.stu.matematicka_analyza;
     package sk.stu.matematicka analyza;
1.
     public class Mocnina {
2.
      public static double power(double a, double b) {
3.
        double vysledok = Math.pow(a, b);
4.
        System.out.println("Mocnina: " + vysledok);
        return vysledok;
7.
8.
module sk.stu.kalkulacka {
        requires sk.stu.matematicka_analyza;
```

Ako vytvoriť a používať moduly

```
>javac -d mods/sk.stu.matematicka analyza
                                           src/ sk.stu.matematicka analyza/module-
   package sk.stu.kalkulacka;
                                           info.java
                                           src/sk.stu.matematicka_analyza/sk/stu/
                                           matematicka analyza/Mocnina.java
   import
   sk.stu.matematicka_analyza.Mocnina;
                                           >javac --module-path mods -d mods/
                                           sk.stu.kalkulacka
3. public class Main {
                                           src/sk.stu.kalkulacka/module-info.java src/
   public static void main(String[] args)
                                           sk.stu.kalkulacka
                                           /sk/stu/kalkulacka/Main.java
      Mocnina.umocni(Integer.parseInt(args
   [0]), Integer.parseInt(args[1]));
                                           >java --module-path mods -m
6.
                                           sk.stu.kalkulacka / sk.stu.kalkulacka.Main
                                           2 5
                                           Mocnina: 32
```

Java Platform Module System Cheat Sheet



module-info.java file contents

module module.name - declares module.name

requires module.name - this module depends on module module.name

requires transitive module.name - this means that any module that reads your module implicitly also reads the transitive module or module specifically referenced.

exports pkg.name - this module exports public members in package pkg.name

exports pkg.name to module.name - this module allows the target module to access public members in package pkg.name

uses class.name - this module declares itself as a consumer for service class.name

provides class.name with class.name.impl provides an implementation of a service for others
to consume

opens pkg.name - allows reflective access to the private members of package pkg.name

opens pkg.name to module.name - opens private members of package pkg.name to the given module

Manifest attributes

Automatic-Module-Name: module.name - declares stable module name for non-modularized jar

Add-Exports: <module>/<package> - exports the package to all unnamed modules

Add-Opens: <module>/<package> - opens the package to all unnamed modules

Java command line options

- **--module-path or (-p)** is the module path; its value is one or more directories that contain modules.
- --add-reads src.module=target.module a command-line form of a requires clause in a module declaration.
- --add-exports src.module/pkg.name=target.module-acommand line form of an exports clause.
- --add-opens src.module/pkg.name=target.module
 -a command line form of the open clause in a module
 description.

- **--add-modules** adds the indicated modules to the default set of root modules.
- **--list-modules** displays the names and version strings of the observable modules.
- **--patch-module** adds or overrides classes in a module. Replaces -Xbootclasspath/p.
- --illegal-access=permit|warn|denyrelaxes strong encapsulation of the module system; Java 9 default is permit.

Mechanism	Compile Access	Reflection Access			
Export	all code public	all code — public			
Qualified Export	specified modules — public	specified modules — public			
Open Package	none 🚫	all code — private			
Qualified Open Package	none 🚫	specified modules — private			
Open Module	none 🚫	all code —private			
Default	none 🚫	none 🚫			

Module types

Java SE and JDK modules - modules provided by JDK: java.base, java.xml, etc.

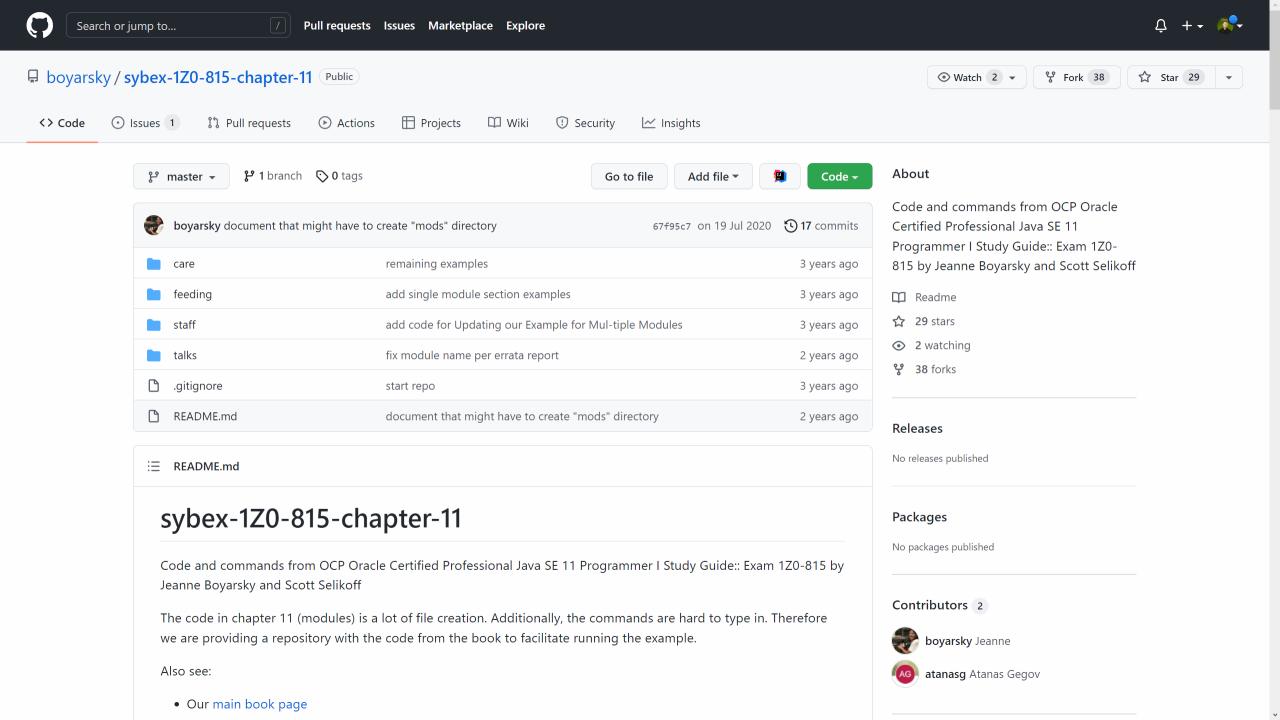
Named application module-your application modules; contains module-info.class; explicitly exports packages; can't read the unnamed module.

Automatic module - non-modular jar on the module-path; exports all packages; name derived from the Automatic-Module-Name MANIFEST.MF entry or the filename; can read all modules.

Unnamed module - all jars/classes on the classpath; can read all modules.







Aké IDE mám použiť?



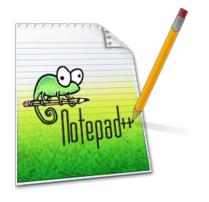


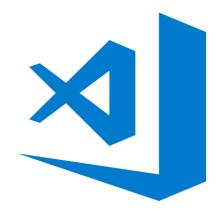
Visual Studio



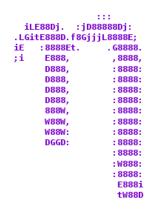
Integrated development environment

Aký editor mám použiť?

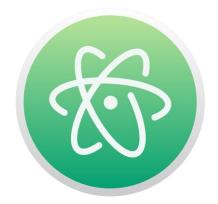


















Updaty a aktualizácie







JAVA DEVELOPERS NEVER RIP, THEY JUST GET GARBAGE COLLECTED.

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- Albatrosmedia
- Kopp
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- BEN
- Veda

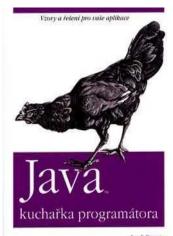
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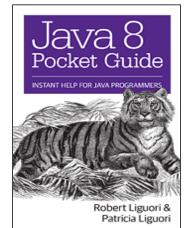


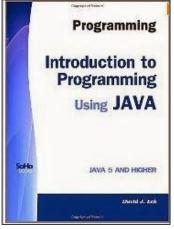


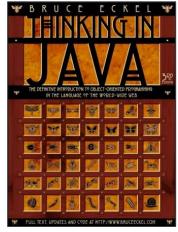


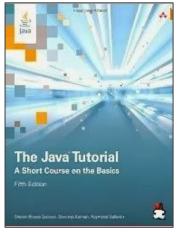


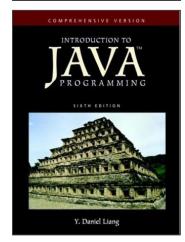
Čo sa oplatí/neoplatí prečítať EN

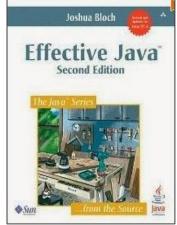


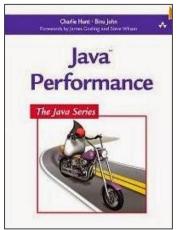


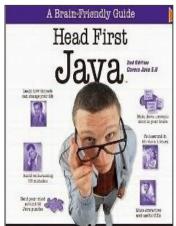




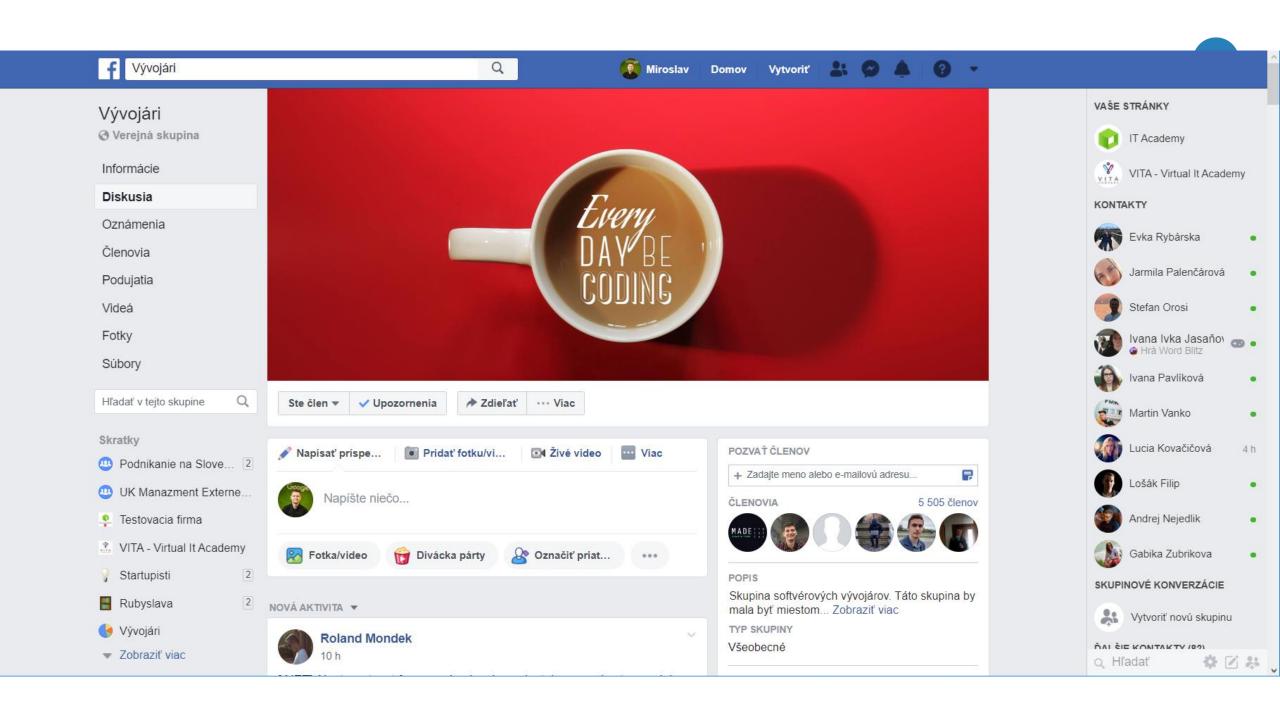








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for questions about Apache Tomcat (or simply Tomcat, formerly also Jakarta Tomcat) which is an open source Servlet Container developed by the...

40936 11 asked today, 47 this questions week

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5541 10 asked this month, 143 this questions year

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Name

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8 asked this week, 32 this 784 questions month

tomcat5.5

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4 asked this year 252 questions

embedded-tomcat-8

Embedded Apache Tomcat 8

209 questions 21 asked this year maven-tomcat-plugin

The Tomcat Maven Plugin provides goals to manipulate WAR projects within the Tomcat servlet container.

202 questions 2 asked this year

embedded-tomcat-7

Questions about running Apache

tomcat8.5

Version 8.5.x (June 2018 onwards) of

tomcat-valve

a type of component that can be

tomcat-jdbc

about tomcat and jdbc working

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