

# Vývoj Aplikácií s Viacvrstvovou Architektúrou

JVM





# čo JVM a ako ho efektívne využívať?

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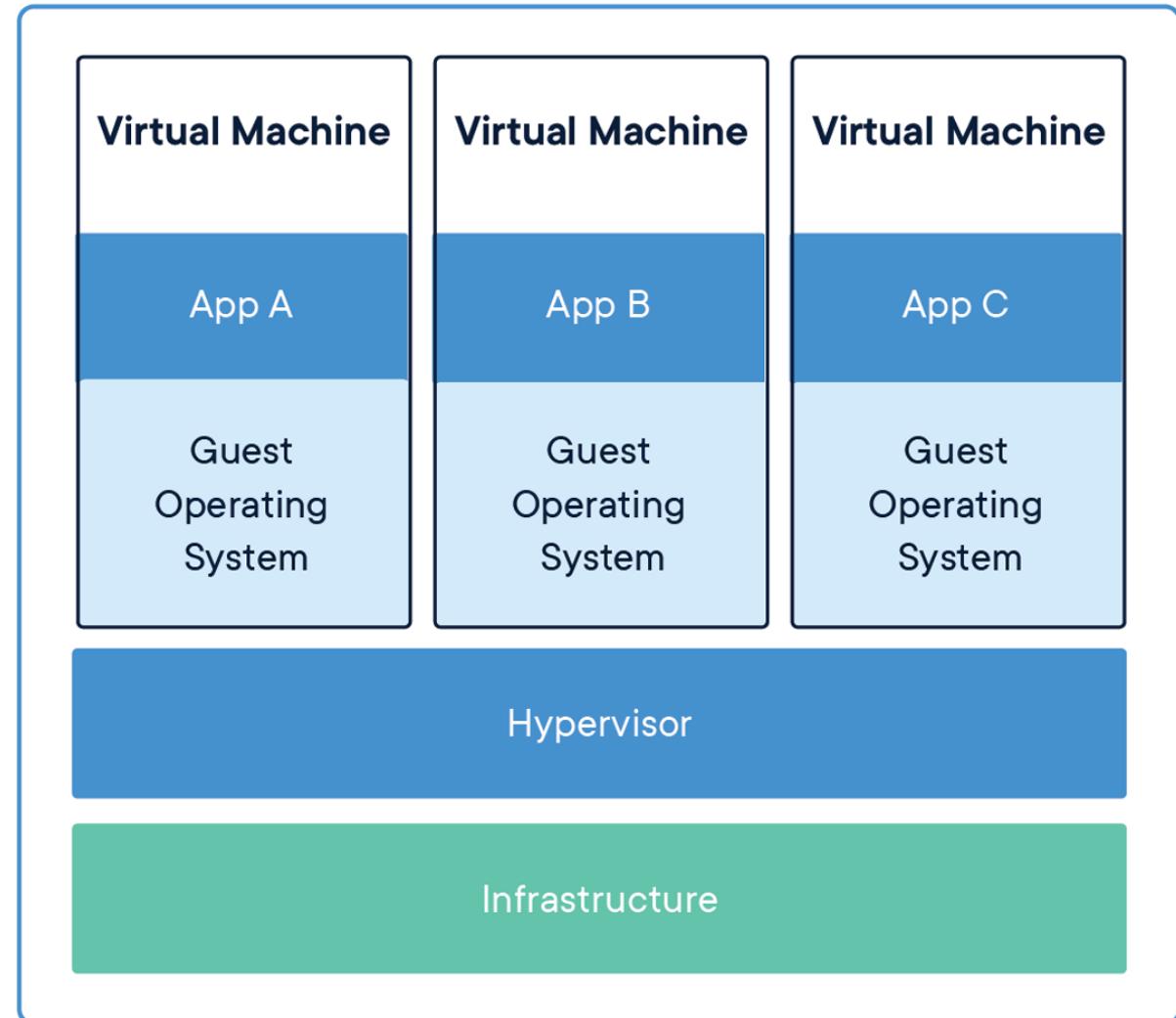
# Koľko zariadení používa Javu?

- Desktopové aplikácie (Java SE)
- Java a Android
  - Smartfóny
  - Tablety
  - Notebooky
  - Set-top boxy
  - Navigačné a parkovacie systémy
  - Terminály
  - Lekárske prístroje
  - Tlačiarne, webkamery, vysávače, chladničky
- Čipové karty (Java Card)
- Enterprise a serverové aplikácie (Java EE)
  - Podniková architektúra (EE)
  - Weby (Liferay, Spring)
  - Testovanie softvéru (JUnit, Selenium)



# Virtual Machine

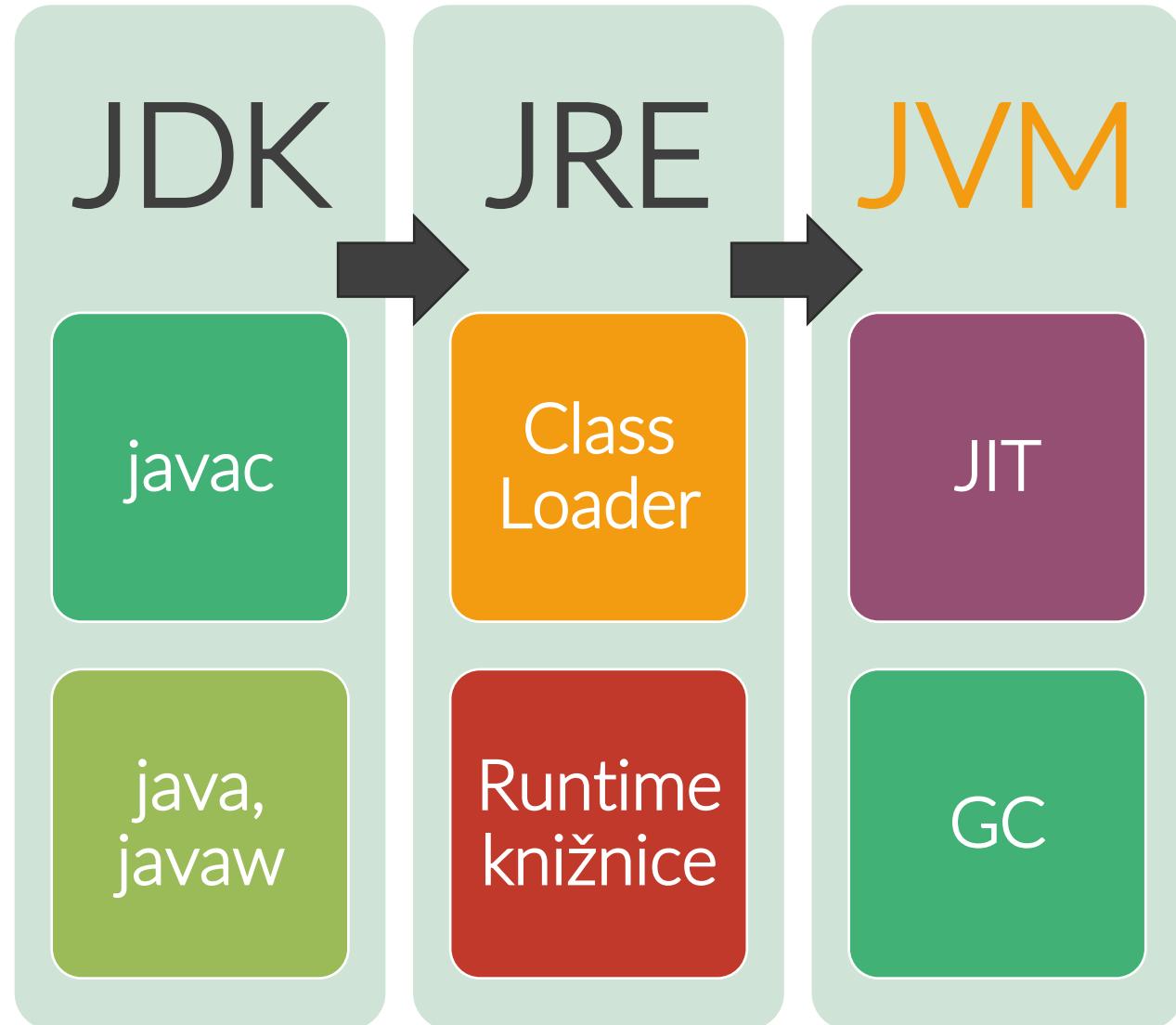
- Virtuálne stroje (VM) sa bežne používajú na **distribúciu programov v architektonicky neutrálnom formáte**, ktorý je možné **ľahko interpretovať alebo kompilovať**
- **Hardvérový virtuálny stroj**
- **Aplikačný virtuálny stroj**



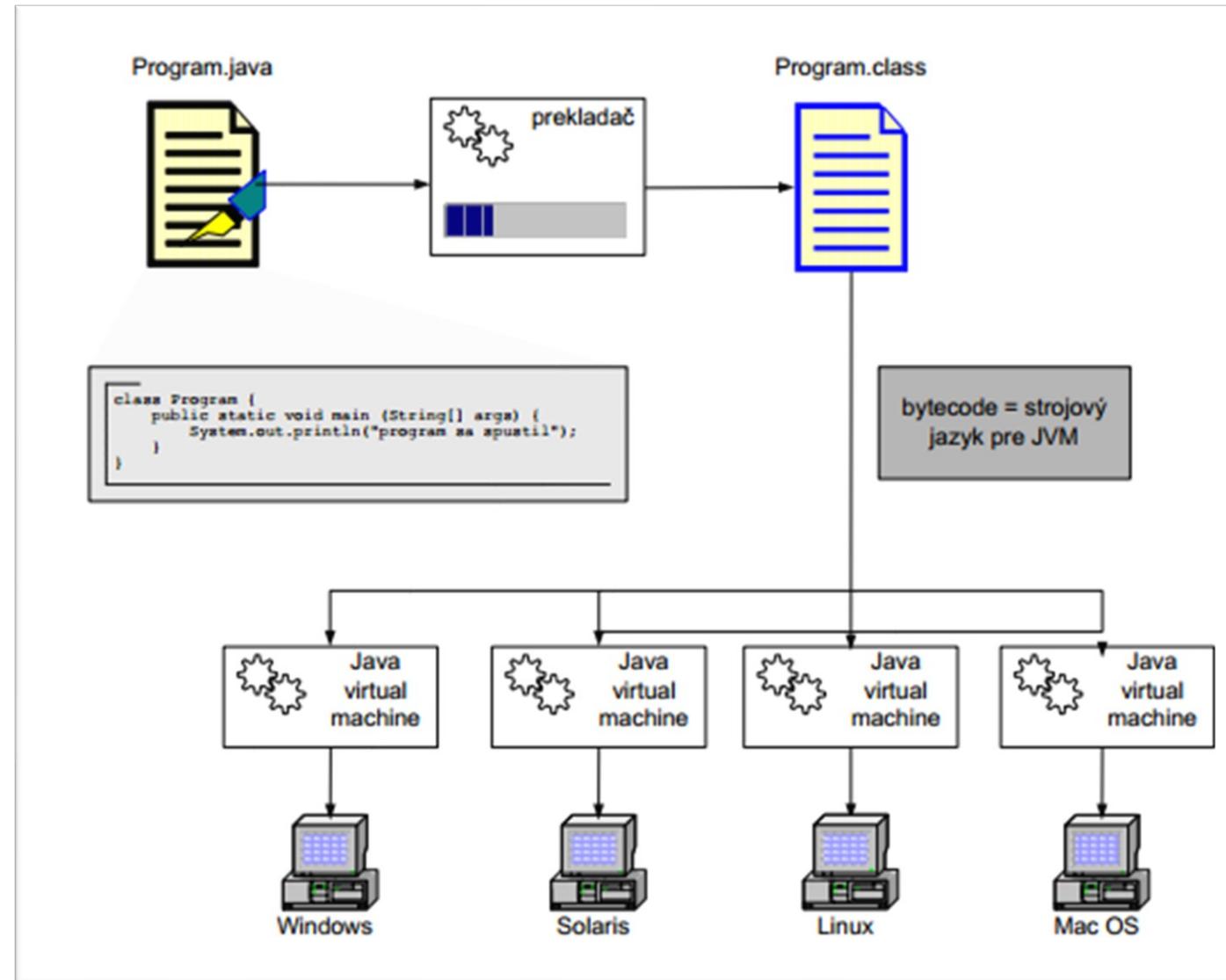
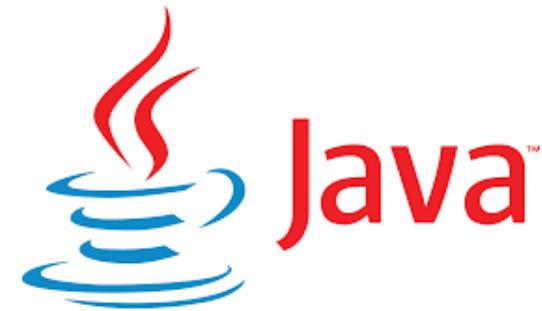
# Java platforma

Zahrňuje 2 komponenty:

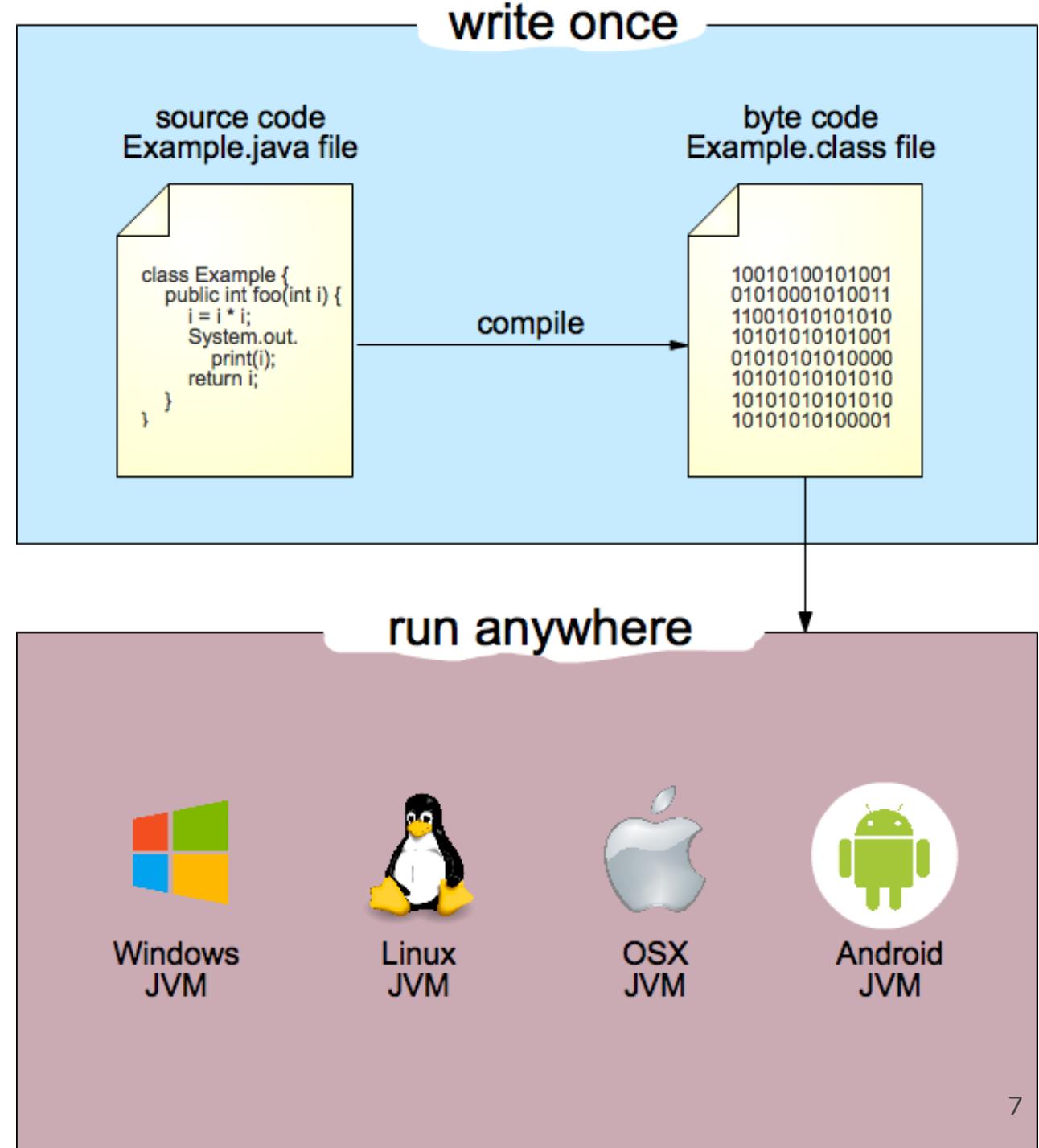
1. **Virtuálny stroj jazyka java  
JVM**
2. **Aplikačné programové  
rozhranie API**



# Java platforma pre jazyk Java



# Java platform pre Java



# Základné Java CMD príkazy

- **javac** – java compiler
  - javac PrvaTrieda.java
- **java** – spustenie preloženého programu
  - java PrvaTrieda
  - java -jar PrvyProgram.jar
- **jar** – práca so súbormi jar
  - jar -cfe PrvyProgram.jar PrvaTrieda  
PrvaTrieda.class
  - jar -cfm PrvyProgram.java Manifest.txt  
PrvaTrieda.class
- **javadoc** – vytvorenie dokumentácie zo zdrojových súborov

**Manifest-Version: 1.0**  
**Created-By: meno autora**  
**Main-Class: PrvaTrieda**

na konci prazdny  
riadok

Select Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.928]  
(c) Microsoft Corporation. Všetky práva vyhradené.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>cd C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>Main

Rychlý prístup

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>Main>javac Main

error: Class names, 'Main', are only accepted if annotation processing is explicitly requested

1 error

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>Main>javac Main.java

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>Main>java Main.class

Error: Could not find or load main class Main.class

Caused by: java.lang.ClassNotFoundException: Main.class

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>Main>java Main

Ahoj Java...2021

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>Main>fsutil file createnew manifest.man 0

File C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>Main\manifest.man is created

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>Main>notepad manifest.man

manifest.man – Poznámkový blok

Súbor Úpravy Formát Zobrazit' Pomocník

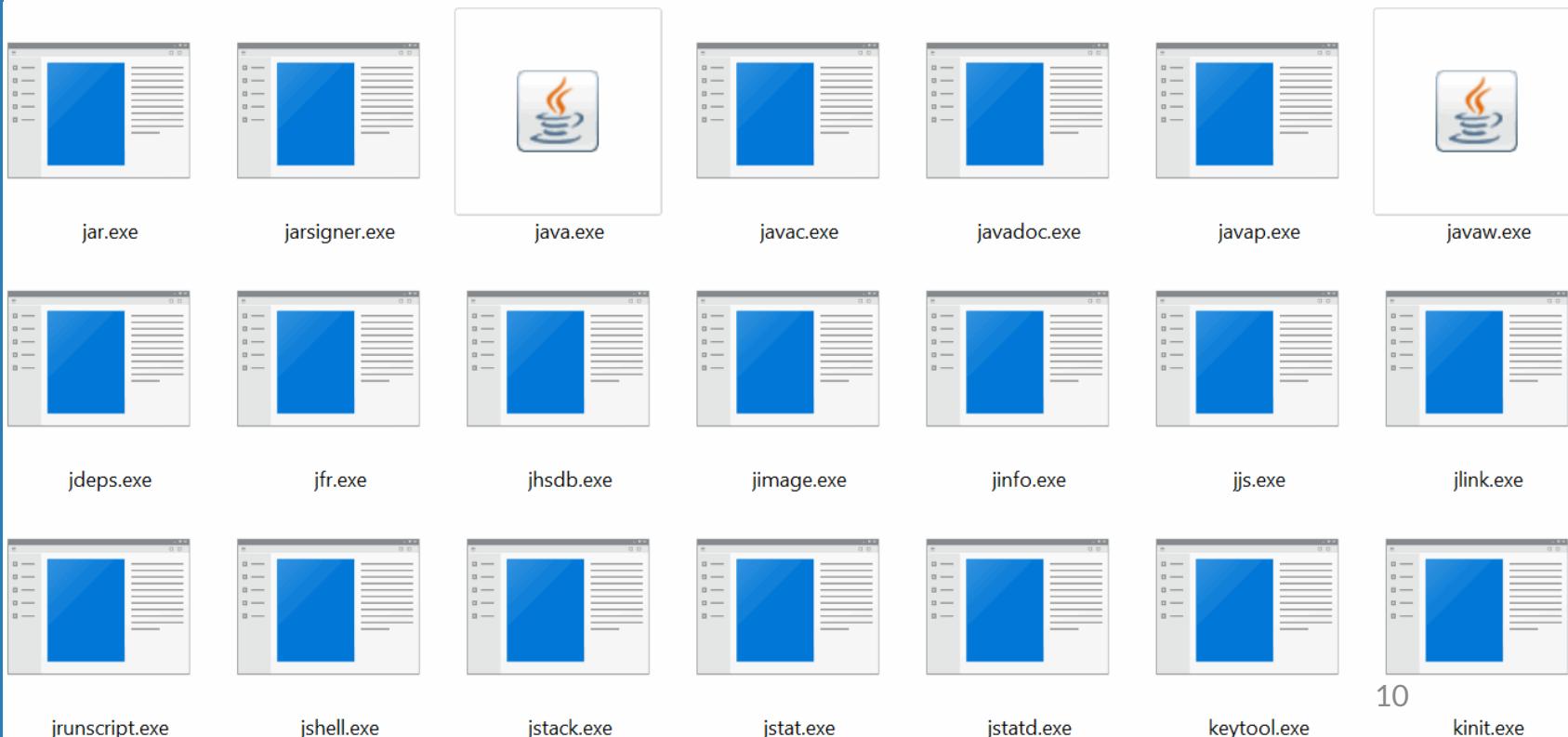
**Manifest-Version: 1.0**

**Main-Class: ProgramJava**

**Created-By: 1.8.0\_144 (Oracle Corporation)**

1. **\*.jar - Jar archive** (pre štandardné SE, EE aplikácie + slúži aj ako knižnice príp. frameworky)
2. **\*.war - Web archive** (pre EE webové aplikácie, môže v sebe obsahovať viac \*.jar archívov)
3. **\*.ear - Enterprise archive** (pre EE projekty, môže v sebe obsahovať viac \*.jar a \*.war archívov)

# Vytvorenie spustiteľného súboru



# WORA

..... *stands for* .....

# Write Once Run Anywhere



Abbreviations.[com](#)

# Čo je Java Virtual Machine (JVM)?

Sada programov a dátových štruktúr, ktorá využíva modul virtuálneho stroja

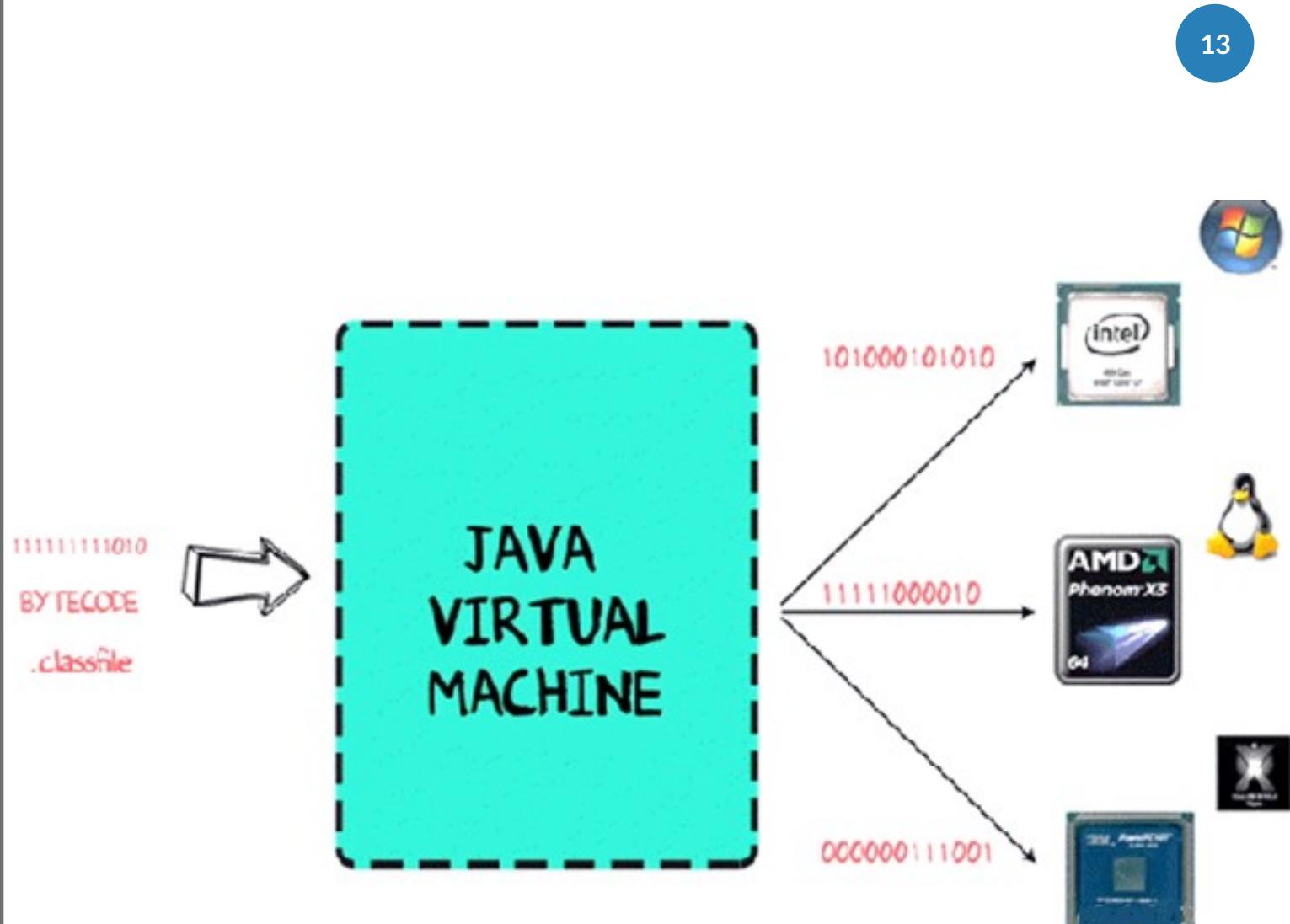


JVM  
(Java Virtual Machine)

Úlohou je spracovať iba Java bytecode

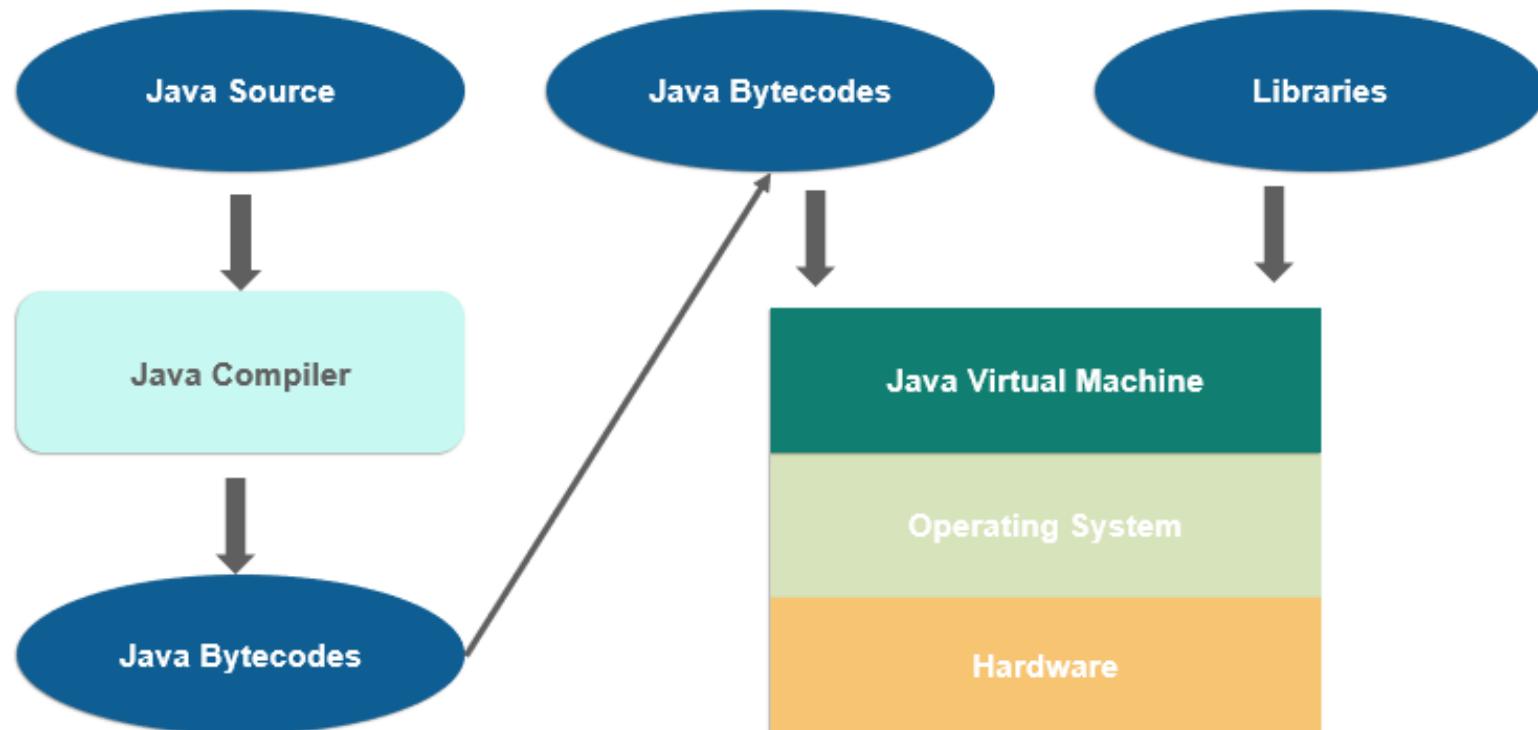
# Čo je (JVM) podľa Oracle?

- Základným kameňom platformy Java
- Súčasť technológie zodpovedná za nezávislosť od hardvéru a operačného systému
- Abstraktný výpočtový stroj
- Má inštrukčnú sadu a za behu manipuluje s rôznymi oblastami pamäte
- Je bežné implementovať programovací jazyk pomocou



# Prečo potrebujeme JVM?

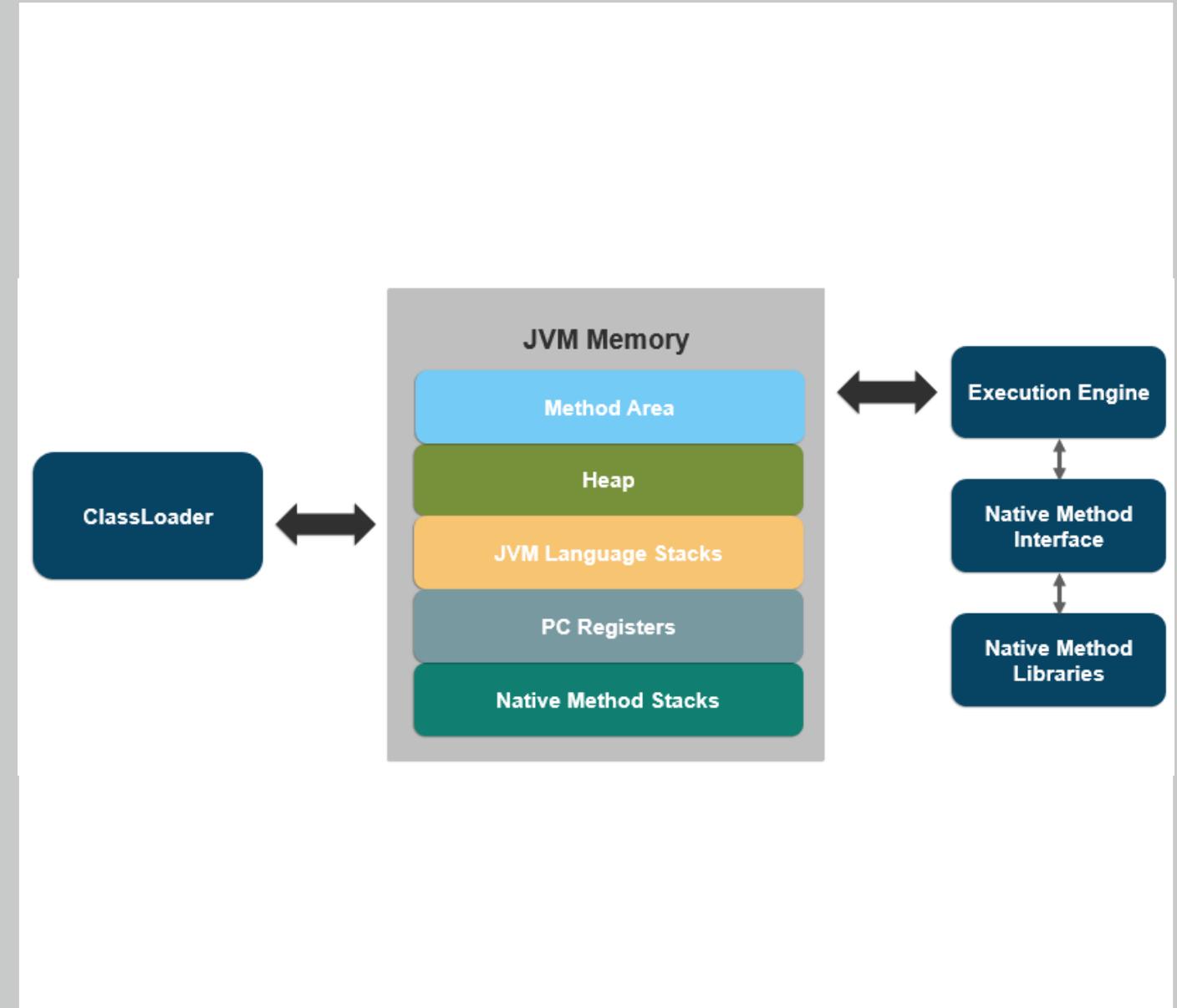
- Načíta kód
- Overenie kódu
- Vykonanie kódu
- Poskytuje run-time prostredie pre aplikácie
- Pamäťová oblasť
- Registre
- Garbage collection heap
- Hľásenie závažných chýb
- Poskytuje formát súboru triedy



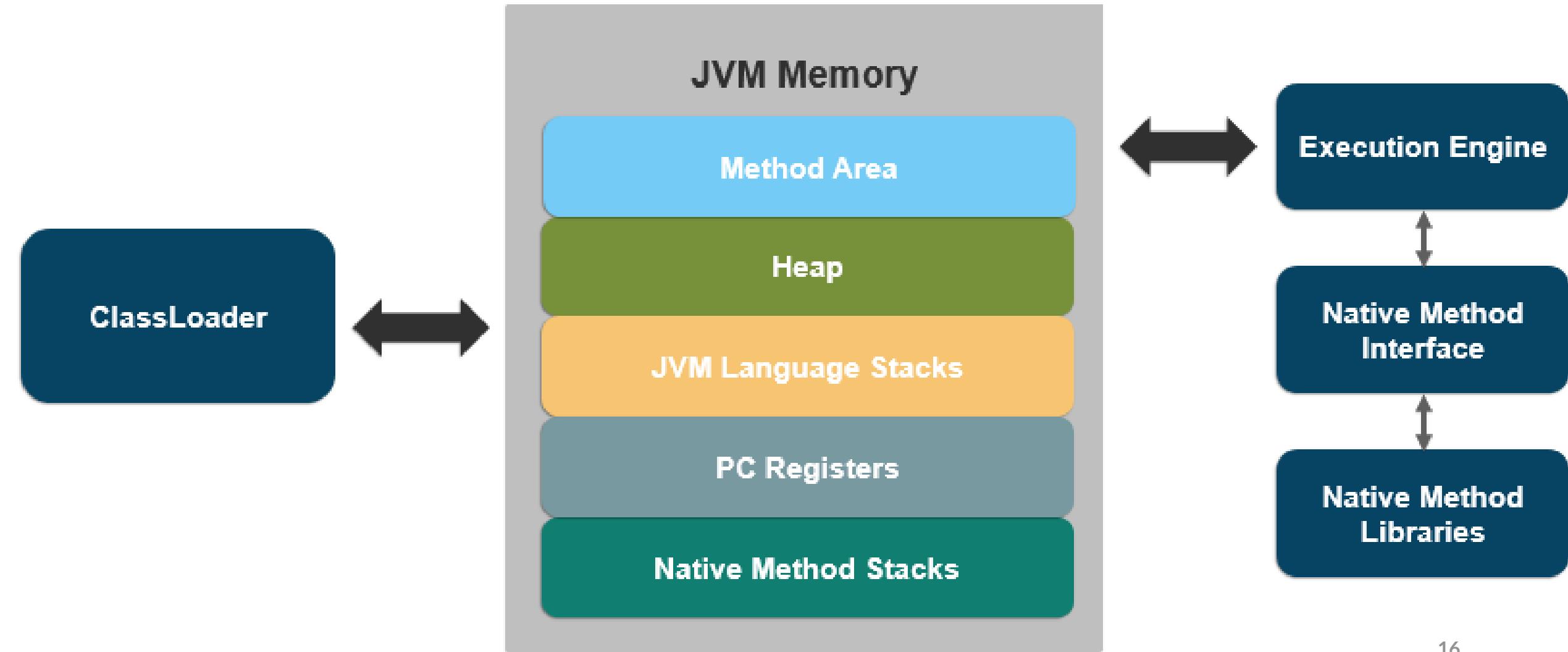
# Architektúra JVM

## Built-in classloaders

- Bootstrap ClassLoader
- Extension ClassLoader
- System / Application ClassLoader
- Loading Operation
- Linking Operation
- Initialization

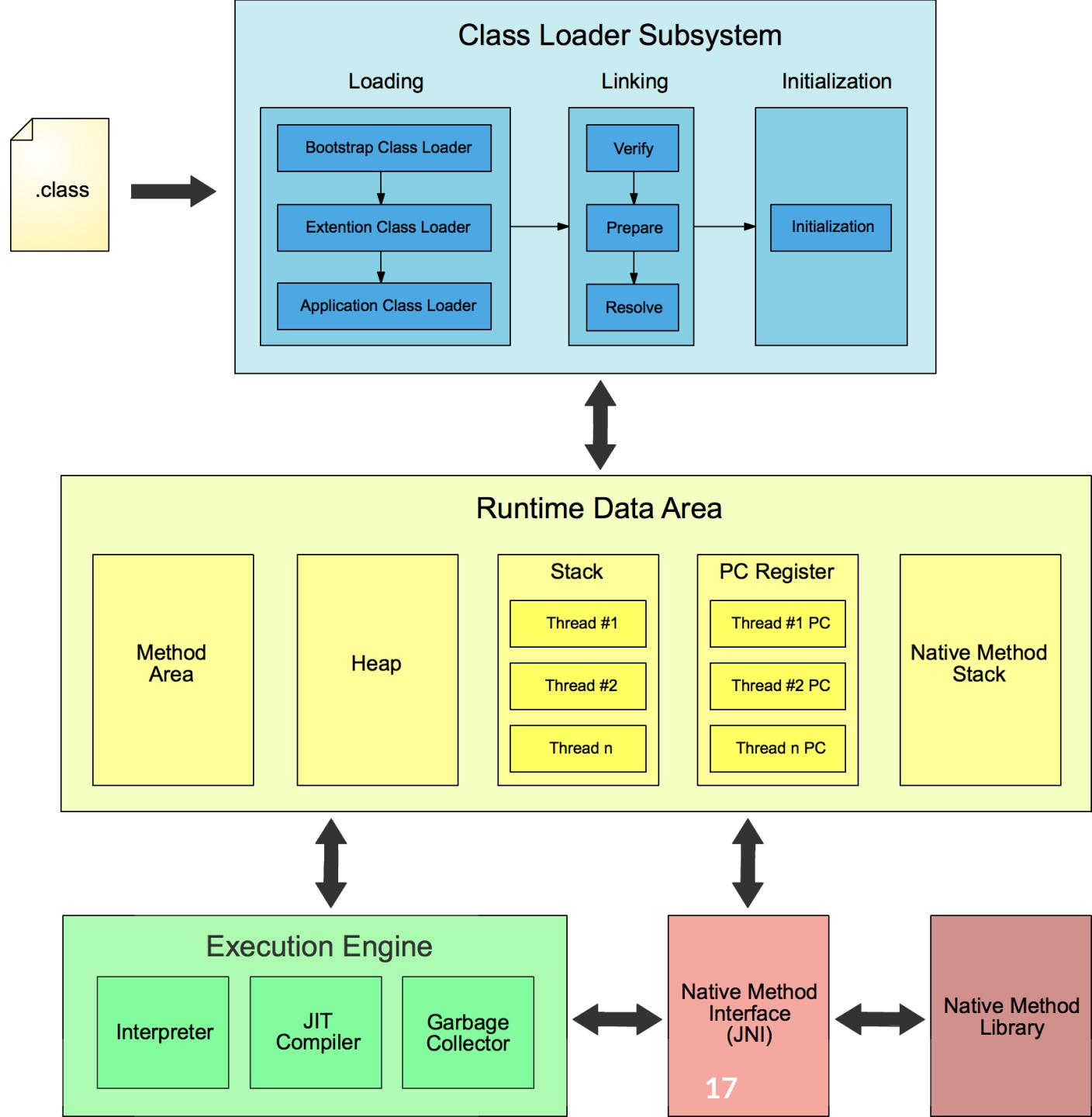


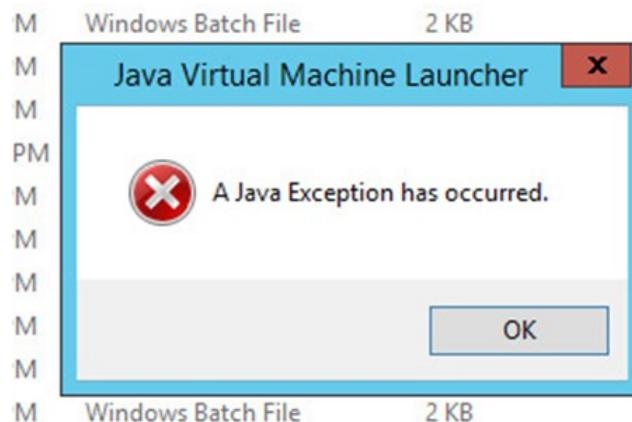
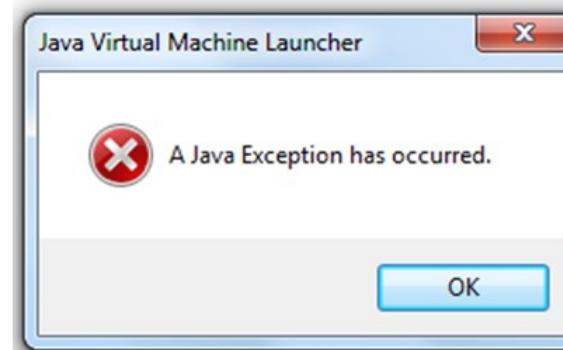
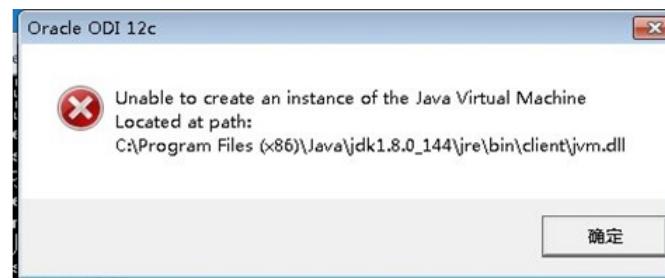
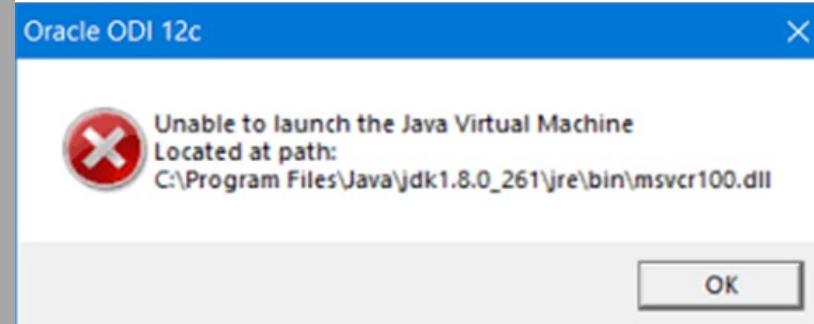
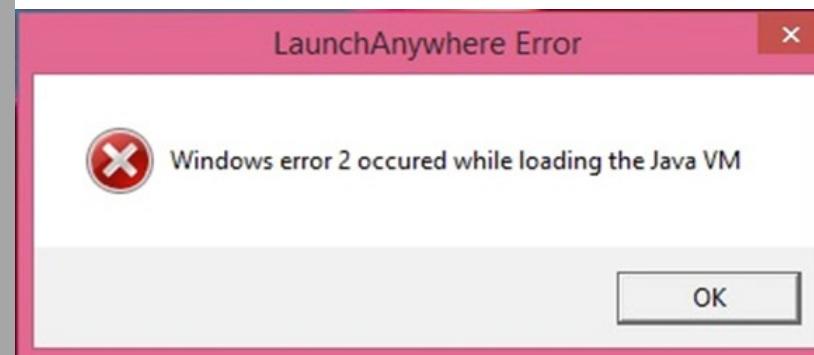
# JVM Memory



# Execution Process

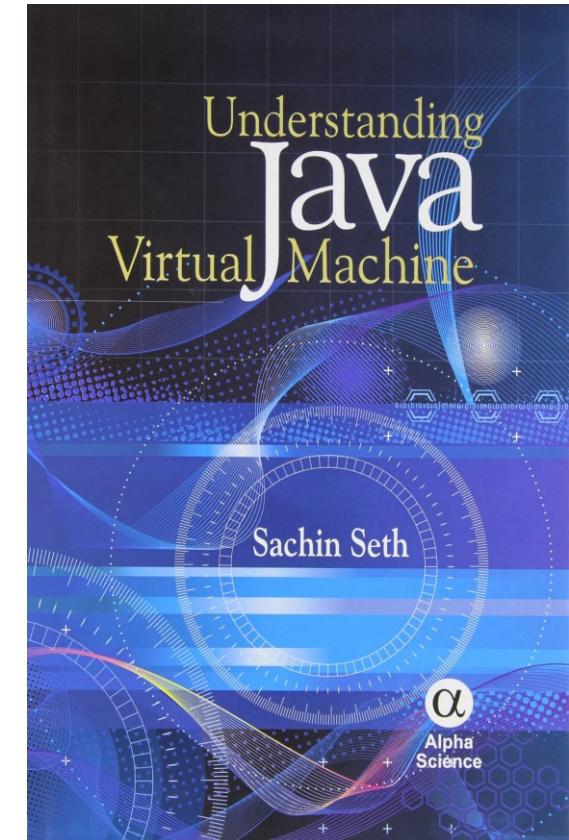
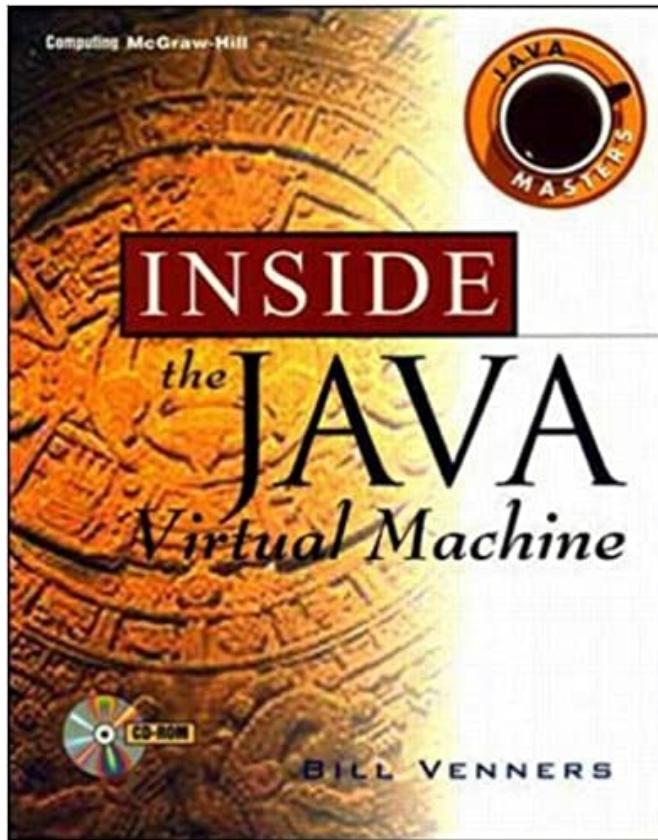
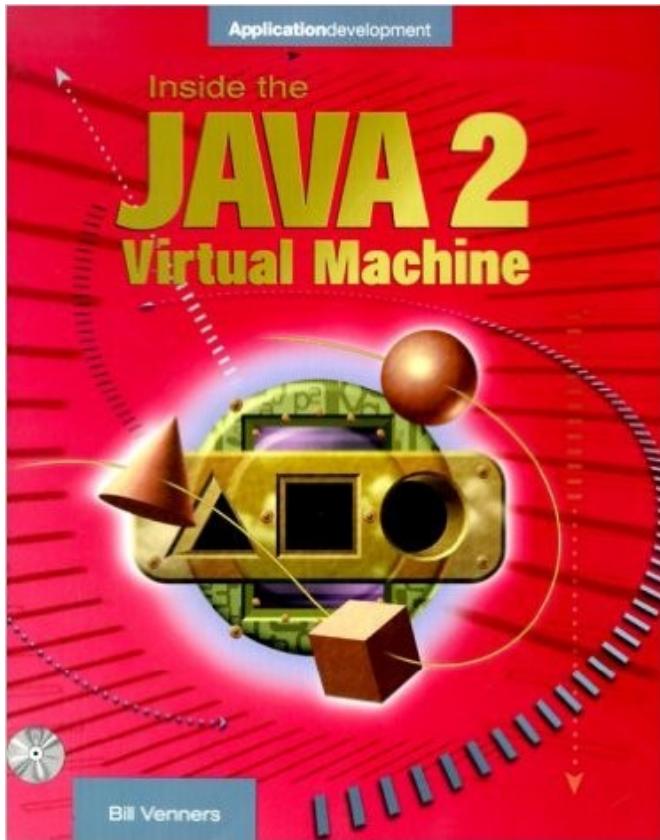
1. Hlavná metóda
2. Súbory .class
3. Overenie Classloaderu
4. Bajt kód na strojový kód





# Aj priamo v IDE, nástrojoch, Mac OS X...



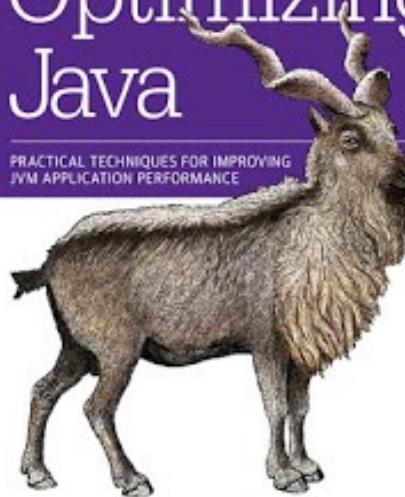


# Knihy a literatúra

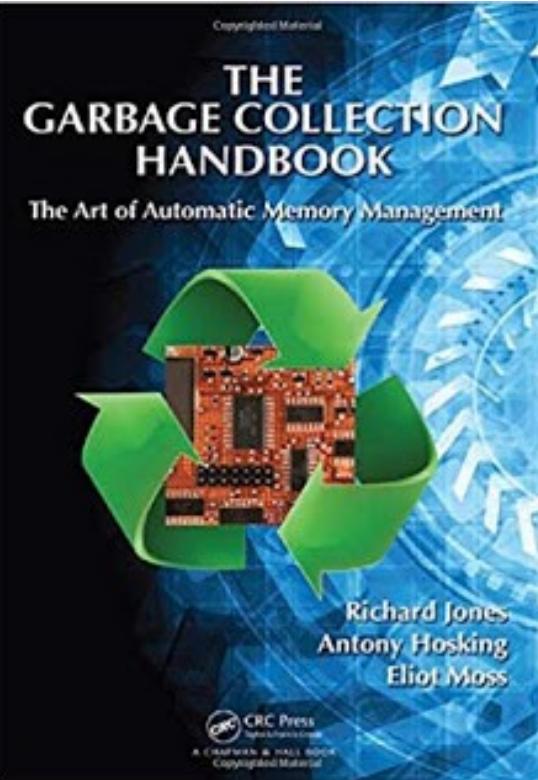
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# Optimizing Java

PRACTICAL TECHNIQUES FOR IMPROVING JVM APPLICATION PERFORMANCE



Benjamin J. Evans, James Gough & Chris Newland



Copyrighted Material  
Charlie Hunt • Binu John  
Forewords by James Gosling and Steve Wilson

## Java™ Performance

*The Java Series*



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## Java Performance The Definitive Guide

GETTING THE MOST OUT OF YOUR CODE

Scott Oaks

# Čo aspoň odporúčam



# A first look at Java 17: Encapsulating the runtime internals

Week of May 3, 2021



## Java Language and Virtual Machine Specifications

### Java SE 16

Released March 2021 as [JSR 391](#)



#### The Java Language Specification, Java SE 16 Edition

- [HTML](#) | [PDE](#)
- Preview feature: [Sealed Classes](#)



#### The Java Virtual Machine Specification, Java SE 16 Edition

- [HTML](#) | [PDE](#)
- Preview feature: [Sealed Classes](#)

### Java SE 15

Released September 2020 as [JSR 390](#)



#### The Java Language Specification, Java SE 15 Edition

- [HTML](#) | [PDE](#)
- Preview features: [Pattern matching for instanceof](#), [Records](#), [Sealed Classes](#)



#### The Java Virtual Machine Specification, Java SE 15 Edition

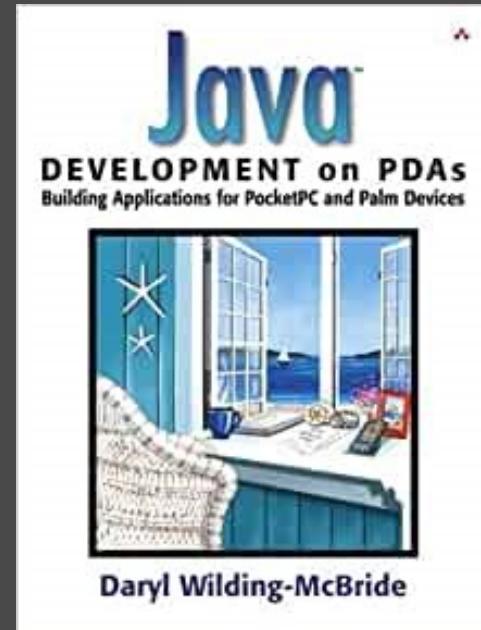
- [HTML](#) | [PDE](#)
- Preview features: [Records](#), [Sealed Classes](#)

### Java SE 14

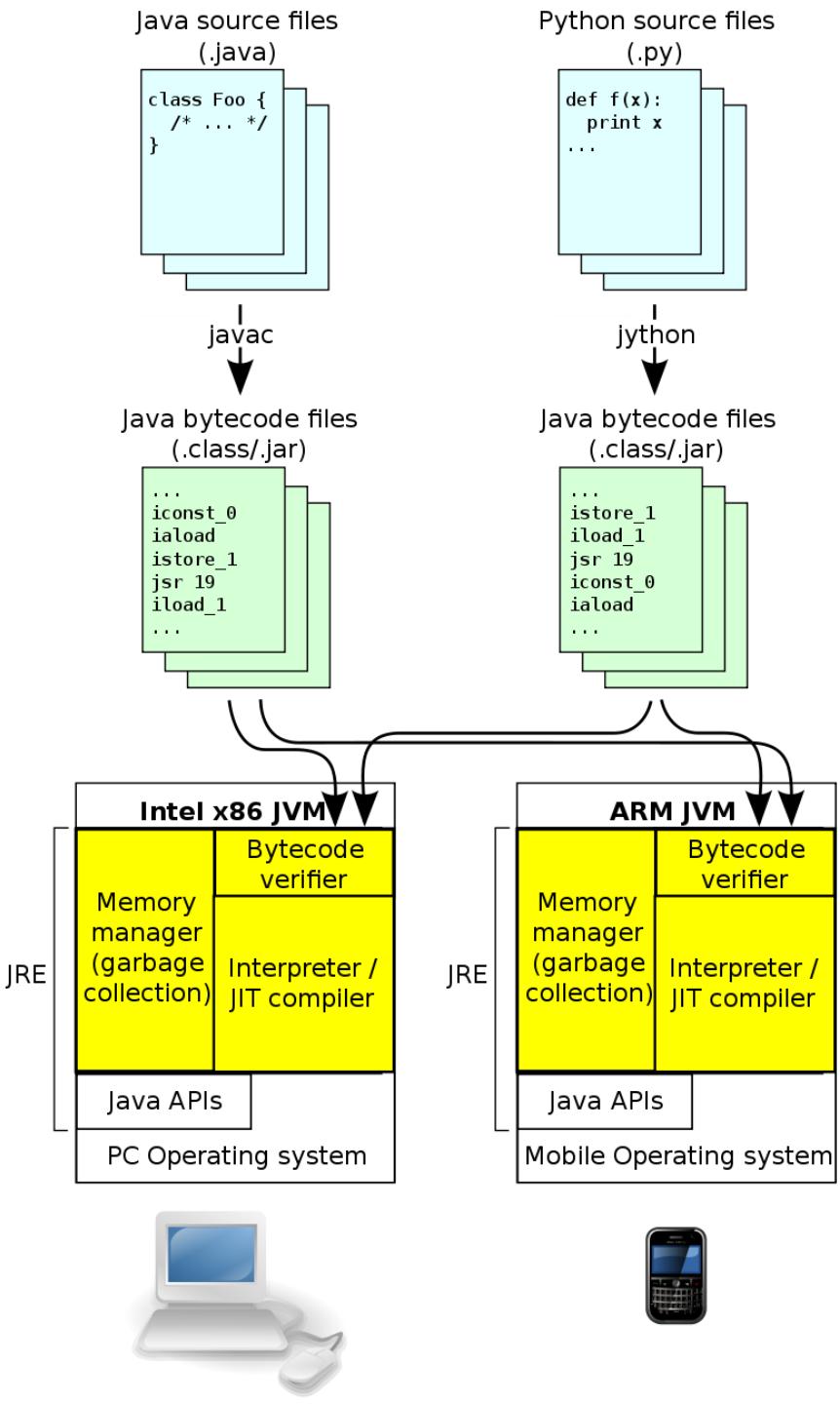
<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/specs/>

# Prvá implementácia Java Virtual Machine

Programmers can write a program once, and it will run on any machine supplying a Java run-time environment



# Java Virtual Machine (JVM)



- **JVM nevie nič o programovacom jazyku Java**
- **Vie iba konkrétnom binárnom formáte, formáte súboru triedy**
- **Súbor triedy obsahuje pokyny Java Virtual Machine** (alebo bytecodes) a **tabuľku symbolov**, ako aj ďalšie pomocné informácie
- Kvôli bezpečnosti ukladá virtuálny počítač Java silné syntaktické a štrukturálne obmedzenia pre kód v súbore triedy
- **Akýkoľvek jazyk s funkčnosťou**, ktorý je **možné vyjadriť v podobe platného súboru triedy**, však môže byť hostený virtuálnym počítačom Java
- Implementátori iných jazykov, ktorých pritahuje všeobecne dostupná platforma nezávislá od stroja, sa môžu obrátiť na Java Virtual Machine

# Podpora ďalších jazykov

Ruby s JRuby

JavaScript s Nashorn

Python s Jython

Groovy

Scala

Clojure

Kotlin

# Zoznam JVM (Free a Open source)

Azul Zulu

Codename  
One

Eclipse  
OpenJ9

GraalVM

HotSpot

JamVM

leJOS

Maxine



home > java virtual machine download links

## Microsoft Virtual Machine

The Microsoft Java Virtual Machine is no longer available from Microsoft directly due to legal wrangling with SUN, however it still can be downloaded...

### **Microsoft VM build 3810 for Windows Vista, Windows XP, Windows 2000, Windows 95/98, Windows Me, Windows NT 4.0. 5.07 MB**

Microsoft Java Virtual Machine download links:

- <http://www.saigoninfo.com/msjavx86.exe>
- <http://www.meetingworks.com/files/msjavx86.exe>
- <http://www.linktivity.com/home/java/msjavx86.exe>
- <http://www.zxll.com/files/msjavx86/>
- [http://visiteinteractive.free.fr/VM\\_java/msjavx86.exe](http://visiteinteractive.free.fr/VM_java/msjavx86.exe)
- <http://www.laplink.com/download/pcsync/upgrade/msjavx86.exe>
- <https://www.alibre.com/alibrelibraries/ftp/JavaVM/9xNT4/msjavx86.exe>  
or
- [Search for msjavx86.exe!](#)

Steps to install the Microsoft Virtual Machine:

1. Download the file using the links above and save it to your harddrive.
2. Once the file is on your harddrive, execute it and thus load the Virtual Machine.
3. As the file begins execution, answer Yes to the License Agreement question and then once complete, [re-boot](#) your PC.
4. Once the PC is re-booted you should be set to go.

## One way to get Microsoft Java Virtual Machine

First go to this site and get the older version of the MS Java Virtual Machine:

# Informácie o verziách

Name	Creator	First public release	Latest stable version	Latest release date	Cost, availability	License
Eclipse OpenJ9 (formerly IBM J9)	IBM	?	0.25.0 <sup>[1]</sup>	16 March 2021 <sup>[2]</sup>	Free	Apache License 2.0 Eclipse Public License 2.0
GCJ	GNU	6 September 1998	6.4 (Terminal)	4 July 2017	Free	GPL version 2 or later, with the "libgcc exception" <sup>[3]</sup>
HotSpot, OpenJDK edition	Sun Microsystems, Oracle	27 April 1999	jdk-16	16 March 2021	Free	GPL version 2 only
HotSpot, Oracle JDK edition	Sun Microsystems, Oracle	27 April 1999	jdk 16	16 March 2021	Free	Proprietary
HotSpot, Java SE embedded edition	Sun Microsystems, Oracle	27 April 1999	?	?	Commercial	Proprietary <sup>[4]</sup>
HotSpot, Zero port	Gary Benson <sup>[5]</sup>	?	?	?	Free	GPL version 2 only
IKVM.NET	Jeroen Frijters	28 June 2004	7.0.4335.0	5 December 2011	Free	zlib License <sup>[6]</sup>
JAmiga	Peter Werno, Joakim Nordström	19 May 2005 <sup>[7]</sup>	1.2	6 January 2014	Free	GPL version 2 or later
JamVM	Robert Louher	13 March 2003	2.0.0	30 July 2014	Free	GPL version 2 or later
Jato VM	Pekka Enberg and contributors <sup>[8]</sup>	?	0.3 <sup>[9]</sup>	4 January 2012 <sup>[9]</sup>	Free	GPL version 2 only <sup>[8]</sup>
JC virtual machine	Archie L. Cobbs	?	1.4.7	13 November 2005	Free	LGPL version 2.1 or later
Jikes RVM	IBM	14 October 2001	3.1.4 <sup>[10]</sup>	18 February 2016 <sup>[10]</sup>	Free	Eclipse Public License version 1.0 <sup>[11]</sup>
Kaffe	Transvirtual Technologies	1996	1.1.9	22 February 2008	Free	GPL version 2 or later <sup>[12]</sup>
Mysaifu JVM	?	16 April 2005 <sup>[13]</sup>	0.4.8 <sup>[13]</sup>	5 March 2010 <sup>[13]</sup>	Free	GPL version 2 only <sup>[13]</sup>
SableVM	Sable Research Group	?	1.13	30 March 2007 <sup>[14]</sup>	Free	LGPL version 2.1 or later

# Technické informácie

JVM	Status	Latest supported Java version	Supported class libraries			Performance		
			GNU Classpath	OpenJDK	Other	Interpretation	AOT	JIT
<b>GCJ</b>	No longer maintained or distributed by GNU as of GCC 7 [15]	?	Yes	No		Yes	Yes	No
<b>HotSpot, OpenJDK edition</b>	Reference implementation.	1.8	No	Yes		Yes	No	Yes
<b>HotSpot, Oracle JDK edition</b>	Reference implementation.	1.8	No	Yes		Yes	No	Yes
<b>HotSpot, Java SE embedded edition</b>		?	No	Yes		Yes	No	Yes
<b>HotSpot, Zero port</b>	Interpreter-only port of OpenJDK using almost no assembly language and designed to be very portable.	1.7	No	Yes		Yes	No	No
<b>IKVM.NET</b>		?	?	?		Whatever the .NET runtime uses		
<b>JAmiga</b>		1.4 <sup>[16]</sup>	Yes <sup>[17]</sup>	No		Yes <sup>[18]</sup>	No	No
<b>JamVM</b>		1.8 <sup>[19]</sup>	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>		Yes <sup>[20]</sup>	No	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>
<b>Jato VM</b>		1.6 <sup>[21]</sup>	Yes <sup>[9]</sup>	No <sup>[22]</sup>		No <sup>[22]</sup>	No <sup>[22]</sup>	Yes <sup>[9]</sup>
<b>JC virtual machine</b>	Translates Java to C and compiles it with a C compiler.	1.4 <sup>[23]</sup>	Yes <sup>[24]</sup>	No		Yes <sup>[25]</sup>	Yes <sup>[25]</sup>	Yes <sup>[25]</sup>
<b>Jikes RVM</b>		1.6 <sup>[26]</sup>	Yes <sup>[27]</sup>	Port <sup>[28][29]</sup>	Apache Harmony <sup>[27]</sup>	No <sup>[30]</sup>	?	Yes
<b>Kaffe</b>		1.4 <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	No		Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	No <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>
<b>Mysaifu JVM</b>		?	Yes <sup>[31]</sup>	No		Yes <sup>[32]</sup>	No <sup>[32]</sup>	No <sup>[32]</sup>
<b>SableVM</b>	Unmaintained	1.4	Yes	No		Yes	No	No

# Podporované architektúry CPU

JVM	x86	x86-64	SPARC	MIPS	Itanium	Power ISA	ARM	Alpha	S/390	z/Architecture	m68k
<b>GCJ</b>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	Yes <sup>[33]</sup>	No <sup>[33]</sup>	No <sup>[33]</sup>
<b>HotSpot, OpenJDK edition</b>	Yes <sup>[34]</sup>	Yes <sup>[34]</sup>	Solaris only <sup>[34]</sup>	Port <sup>[35][36]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	PowerPC/AIX port <sup>[37]</sup>	Yes <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>
<b>HotSpot, Oracle JDK edition</b>	Yes <sup>[34]</sup>	Yes <sup>[34]</sup>	Solaris only <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	Java 1.6 <sup>[38]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	Yes <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>	No <sup>[34]</sup>
<b>HotSpot, Java SE embedded edition</b>	Yes <sup>[4]</sup>	Yes <sup>[4]</sup>	Yes <sup>[4]</sup>	?	?	Yes <sup>[4]</sup>	Yes <sup>[4]</sup>	?	?	?	?
<b>HotSpot, Zero port</b>	Yes <sup>[39]</sup>	Yes <sup>[39]</sup>	No <sup>[39]</sup>	Yes <sup>[39]</sup>	Yes <sup>[39]</sup>	Yes <sup>[39]</sup>	Yes <sup>[39]</sup>	Yes <sup>[39]</sup>	No <sup>[39]</sup>	Yes <sup>[39]</sup>	No <sup>[39]</sup>
<b>IKVM.NET</b>	Any architecture with a .NET framework.										
<b>JAmiga</b>	?	?	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes
<b>JamVM</b>	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>	No <sup>[20]</sup>	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>	Yes <sup>[20]</sup>	No <sup>[20]</sup>	No <sup>[20]</sup>	No <sup>[20]</sup>	No <sup>[20]</sup>
<b>Jato VM</b>	Yes <sup>[9]</sup>	Under development <sup>[40]</sup>	No	No	No	Under development <sup>[40]</sup>	Preliminary ARMv5 support <sup>[22]</sup>	No	No	No	No
<b>JC virtual machine</b>	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
<b>Jikes RVM</b>	Yes <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>	Yes <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>	No <sup>[41]</sup>
<b>Kaffe</b>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>	No <sup>[12]</sup>	Yes <sup>[12]</sup>
<b>Mysaifu JVM</b>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	Yes <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>	No <sup>[42]</sup>
<b>SableVM</b>	Yes <sup>[43]</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>[43]</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>[43]</sup>	Yes <sup>[43]</sup>	Yes <sup>[43]</sup>	Yes <sup>[43]</sup>	Yes <sup>[43]</sup>	No <sup>[43]</sup>	Yes <sup>[43]</sup>

# Podporované operačné systémy

# Porovnanie VM

## Java VM

## Dalvik VM

### Stack Based

Executes .class file

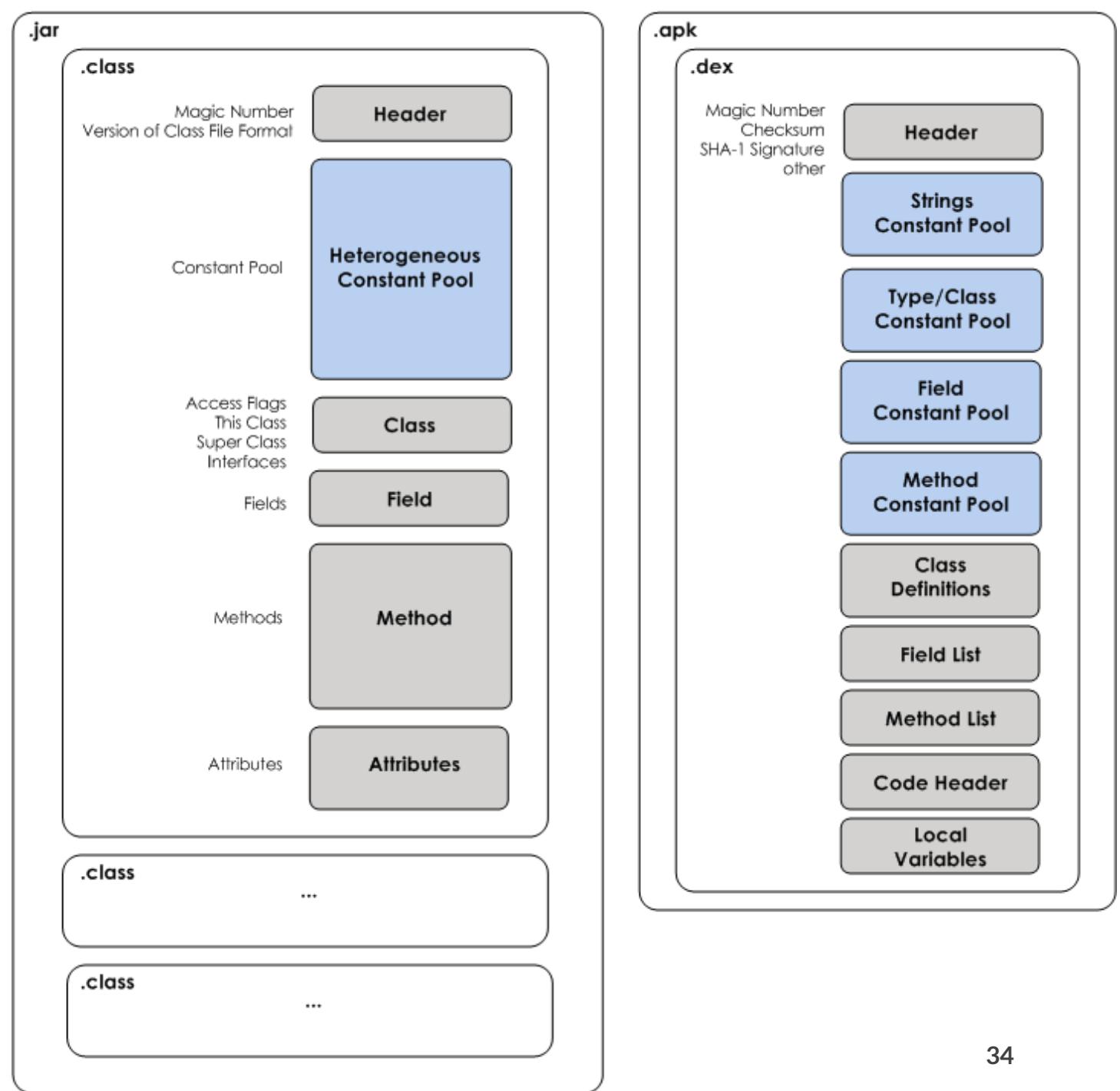
In the case of the .class file, each class has its own private, heterogeneous constant pool.

### Register Based

Executes .dex file

It uses shared, type-specific constant pools as it's primary mechanism for conserving memory. Rather than store these values throughout the class, they are always referred to by their index in the constant pool.

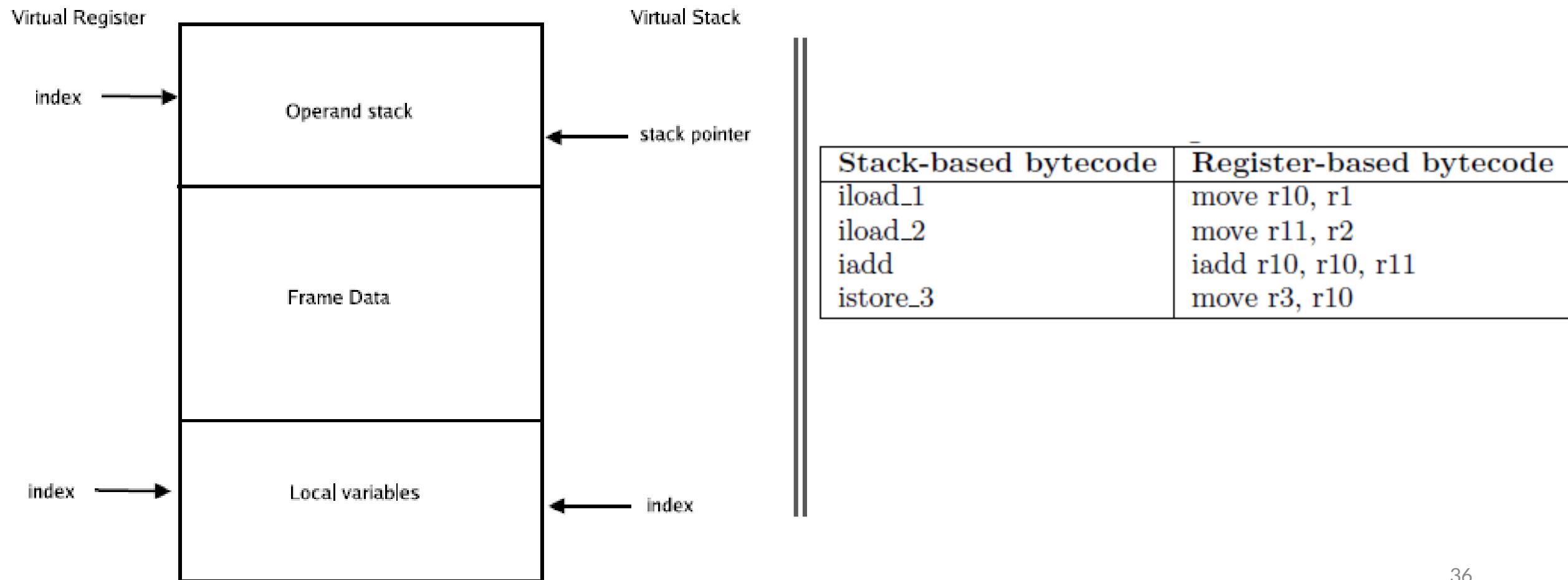
# Porovnanie jar a apk



# Zásobník (Stack) vs. Registre

- Rézia na vykonanie inštrukcie interpretera VM pozostáva z 3 komponentov:
  1. Odoslanie/dispečing inštrukcie
  2. Prístup k operandom
  3. Prevedenie výpočtu
- Príklad:  $A = B + C$ 
  - **ILOAD c, ILOAD b, IADD, ISTORE a (Stack JVM)**
  - **IADD a, b, c (Virtual Register Machine)**

# Preklad zásobníka do registra

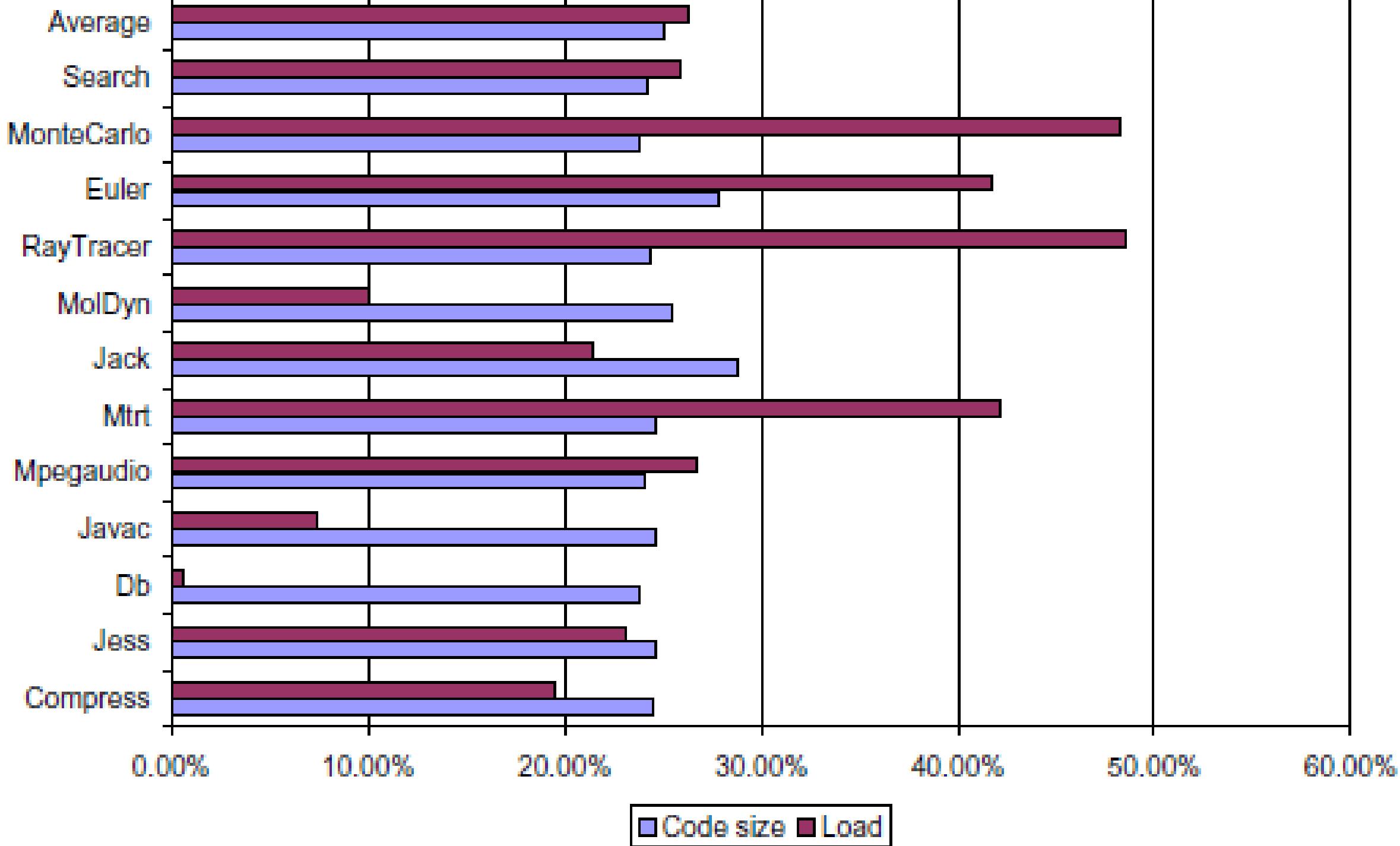


# Príklad copy propagation

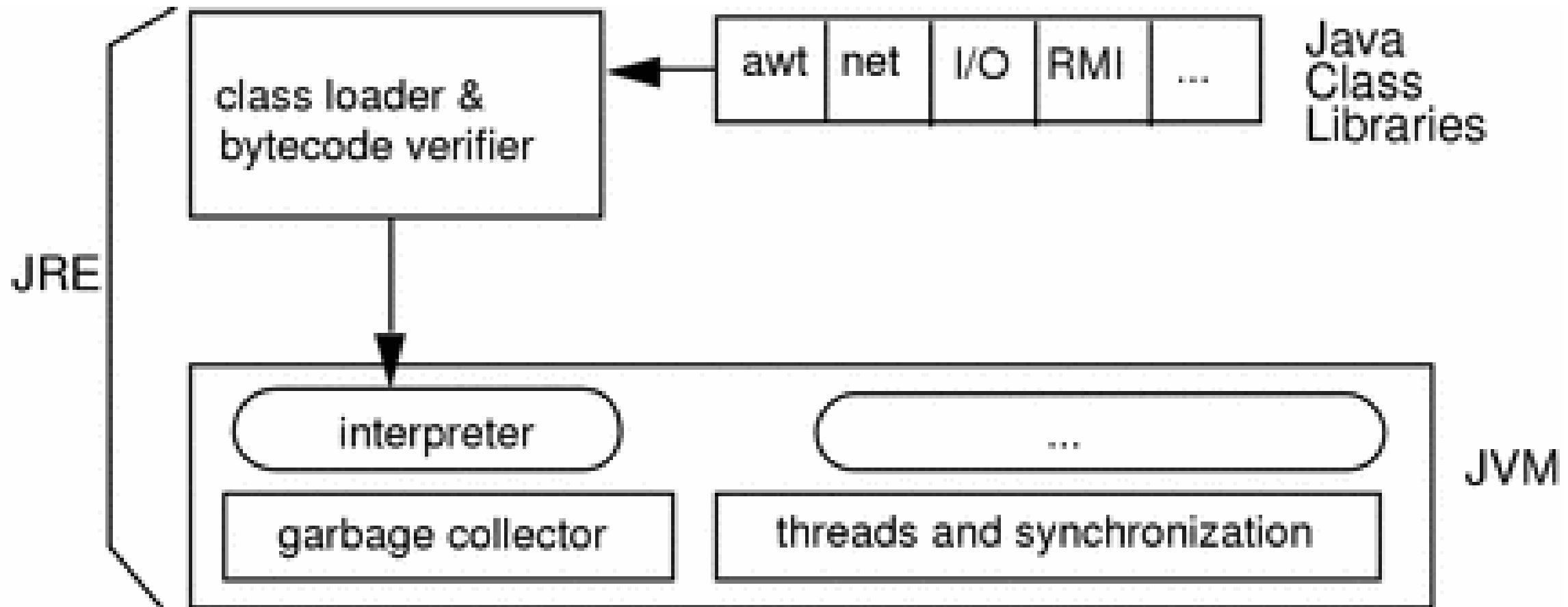
Inštrukcia po preklade pre JVM

Po šírení kópie dopredu a dozadu

1. move r10, r1	//iload_1	
2. move r11, r2	//iload_2	
3. iadd r10, r10, r11	//iadd	3. iadd r3, r1, r2
4. move r3, r10	//istore_3	



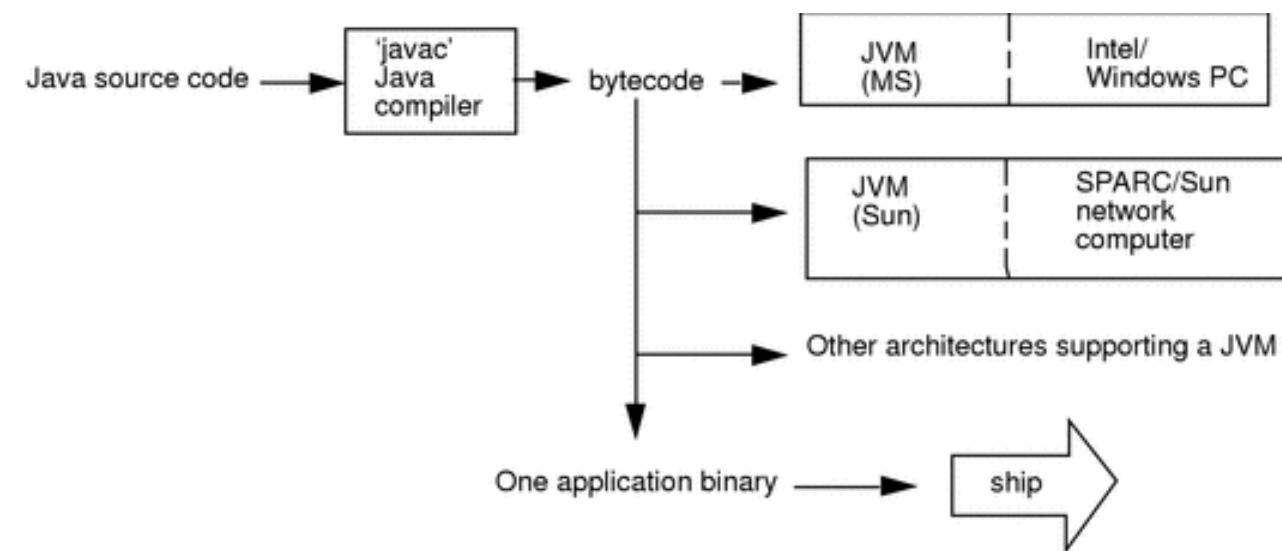
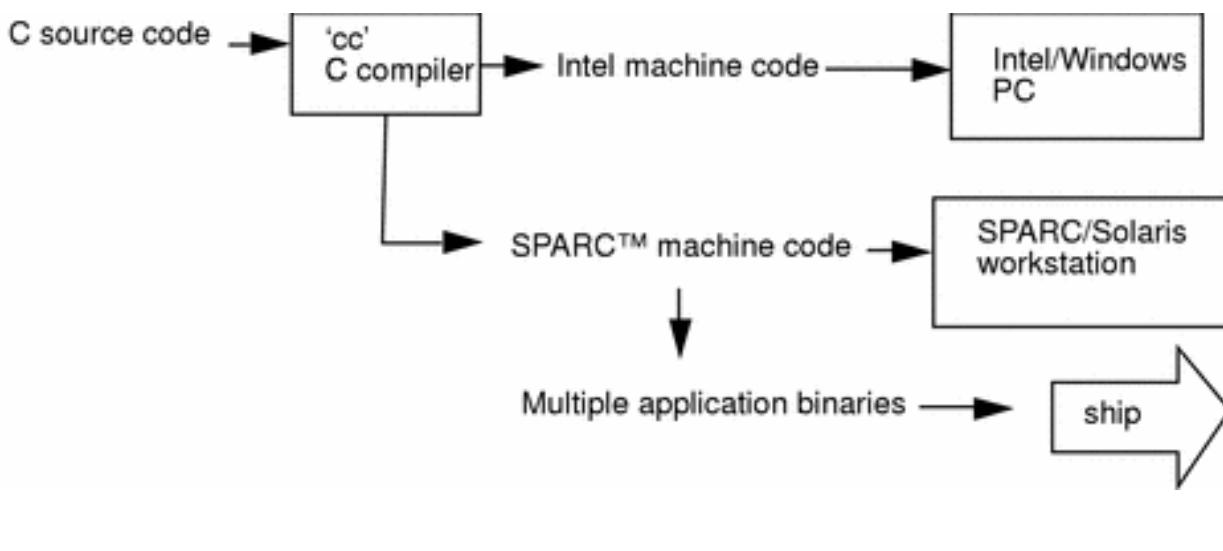
# Typická implementácia JVM



# JVM a kompilovanie

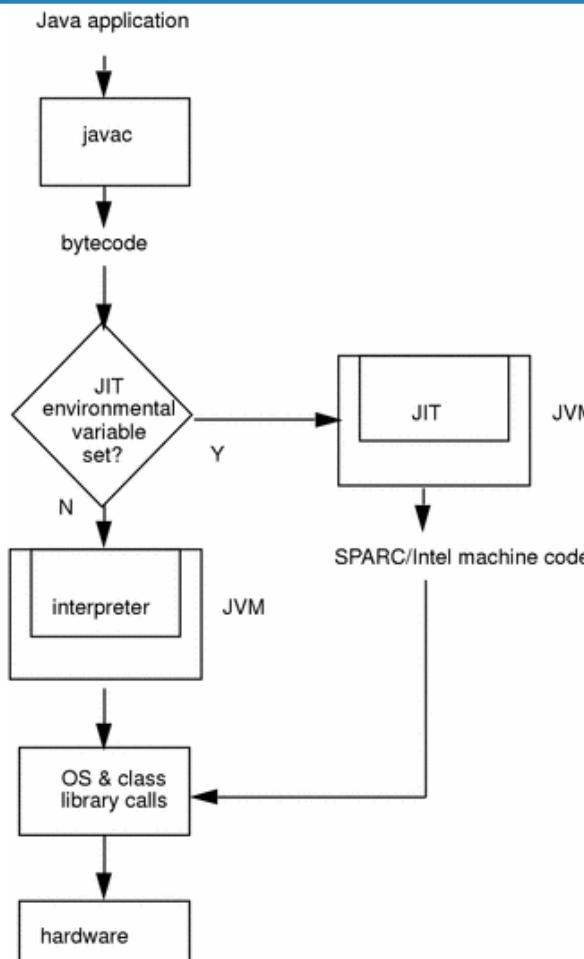
Traditional Compile-Time Environment

Java Compile-Time Environment

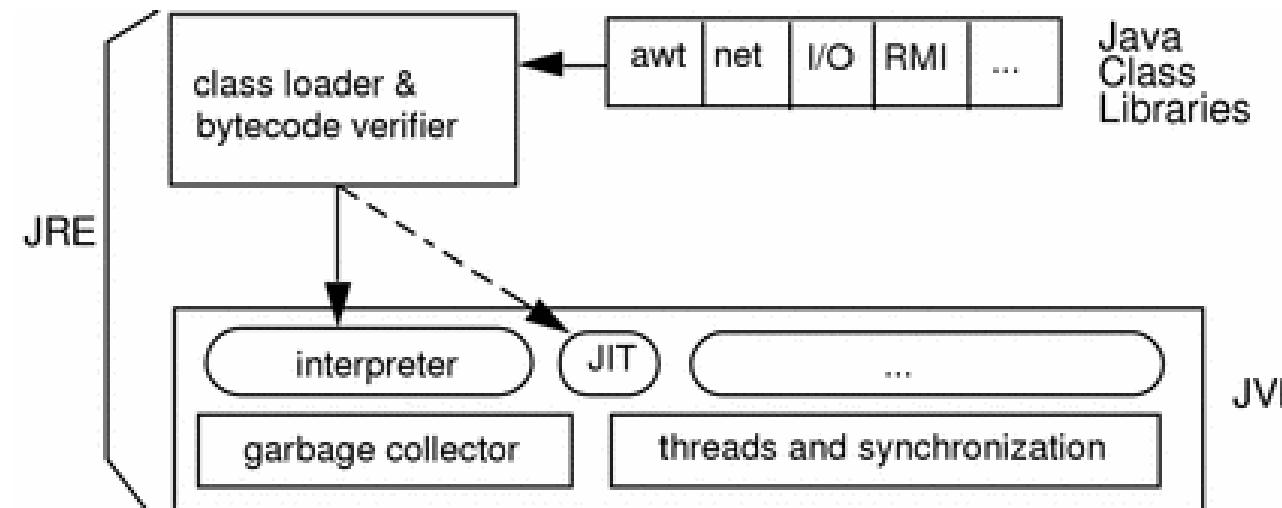


# Just-In-Time (JIT) Compiler

## JIT Compile Process



## JVM Relationship to JIT Compiler



```
C:\Windows\system32>javac
Usage: javac <options> <source files>
where possible options include:
@<filename>           Read options and filenames from file
-Akey[=value]          Options to pass to annotation processors
--add-modules <module>(<module>)*
    Root modules to resolve in addition to the initial modules, or all modules
    on the module path if <module> is ALL-MODULE-PATH.
--boot-class-path <path>, -bootclasspath <path>
    Override location of bootstrap class files
--class-path <path>, -classpath <path>, -cp <path>
    Specify where to find user class files and annotation processors
-d <directory>         Specify where to place generated class files
-deprecation
    Output source locations where deprecated APIs are used
--enable-preview
    Enable preview language features. To be used in conjunction with either -source or --release.
-encoding <encoding>   Specify character encoding used by source files
-endorseddirs <dirs>   Override location of endorsed standards path
-extdirs <dirs>         Override location of installed extensions
-g
-g:{lines,vars,source}  Generate only some debugging info
-g:none                Generate no debugging info
-h <directory>
    Specify where to place generated native header files
--help, -help, -?
    Print this help message
--help-extra, -X
    Print help on extra options
-implicit:{none,class}
    Specify whether or not to generate class files for implicitly referenced files
-J<flag>               Pass <flag> directly to the runtime system
--limit-modules <module>(<module>)*
    Limit the universe of observable modules
--module <module>(<module>)*, -m <module>(<module>)*
```

Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

```
Specify where to find application modules
--module-source-path <module-source-path>
    Specify where to find input source files for multiple modules
--module-version <version>
    Specify version of modules that are being compiled
-nowarn                         Generate no warnings
-parameters
    Generate metadata for reflection on method parameters
-proc:{none,only}
    Control whether annotation processing and/or compilation is done.
-processor <class1>[,<class2>,<class3>...]
    Names of the annotation processors to run; bypasses default discovery process
--processor-module-path <path>
    Specify a module path where to find annotation processors
--processor-path <path>, -processorpath <path>
    Specify where to find annotation processors
-profile <profile>
    Check that API used is available in the specified profile
--release <release>
    Compile for the specified Java SE release. Supported releases: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
-s <directory>                   Specify where to place generated source files
--source <release>, -source <release>
    Provide source compatibility with the specified Java SE release. Supported releases: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
--source-path <path>, -sourcepath <path>
    Specify where to find input source files
--system <jdk>|none             Override location of system modules
--target <release>, -target <release>
    Generate class files suitable for the specified Java SE release. Supported releases: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
--upgrade-module-path <path>
    Override location of upgradeable modules
-verbose                          Output messages about what the compiler is doing
--version, -version                Version information
-Werror                           Terminate compilation if warnings occur
```



&lt;default config&gt;



376,6/449,0MB



Projects X Files Services

- GUIFormExamples
  - Source Packages
    - examples
      - Antenna.java
      - ContactEditor.java
      - Find.java
  - JavaApplication38
    - Source Packages
      - <default package>
        - NewJFrame.java

Find.java x Antenna.java x

Source Design History



## Position/Direction

Direction [°]: 140.000

Height [m]: 110.000

 Height is Lower Edge (Not Center)

## System

Channels: 2 Watts: 12.000

Adjust

Output

NetBeansProjects - C:\Users\Administrator\Documents\NetBeansProjects x GUIFormExamples (run) x

```
ant -f C:\\\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\GUIFormExamples -Dnb.internal.action.init:  
Deleting: C:\\\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\GUIFormExamples\\\\build\\\\built-jar.properties  
deps-jar:  
Updating property file: C:\\\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\GUIFormExamples\\\\build\\\\buil  
Compiling 3 source files to C:\\\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\GUIFormExamples\\\\build  
warning: [options] bootstrap class path not set in conjunction with -source 6  
error: Source option 6 is no longer supported. Use 7 or later.  
error: Target option 6 is no longer supported. Use 7 or later.  
BUILD FAILED (total time: 0 seconds)
```

```
C:\Windows\system32>java
Usage: java [-options] class [args...]
              (to execute a class)
or  java [-options] -jar jarfile [args...]
              (to execute a jar file)
where options include:
-d32          use a 32-bit data model if available
-d64          use a 64-bit data model if available
-server        to select the "server" VM
               The default VM is server.

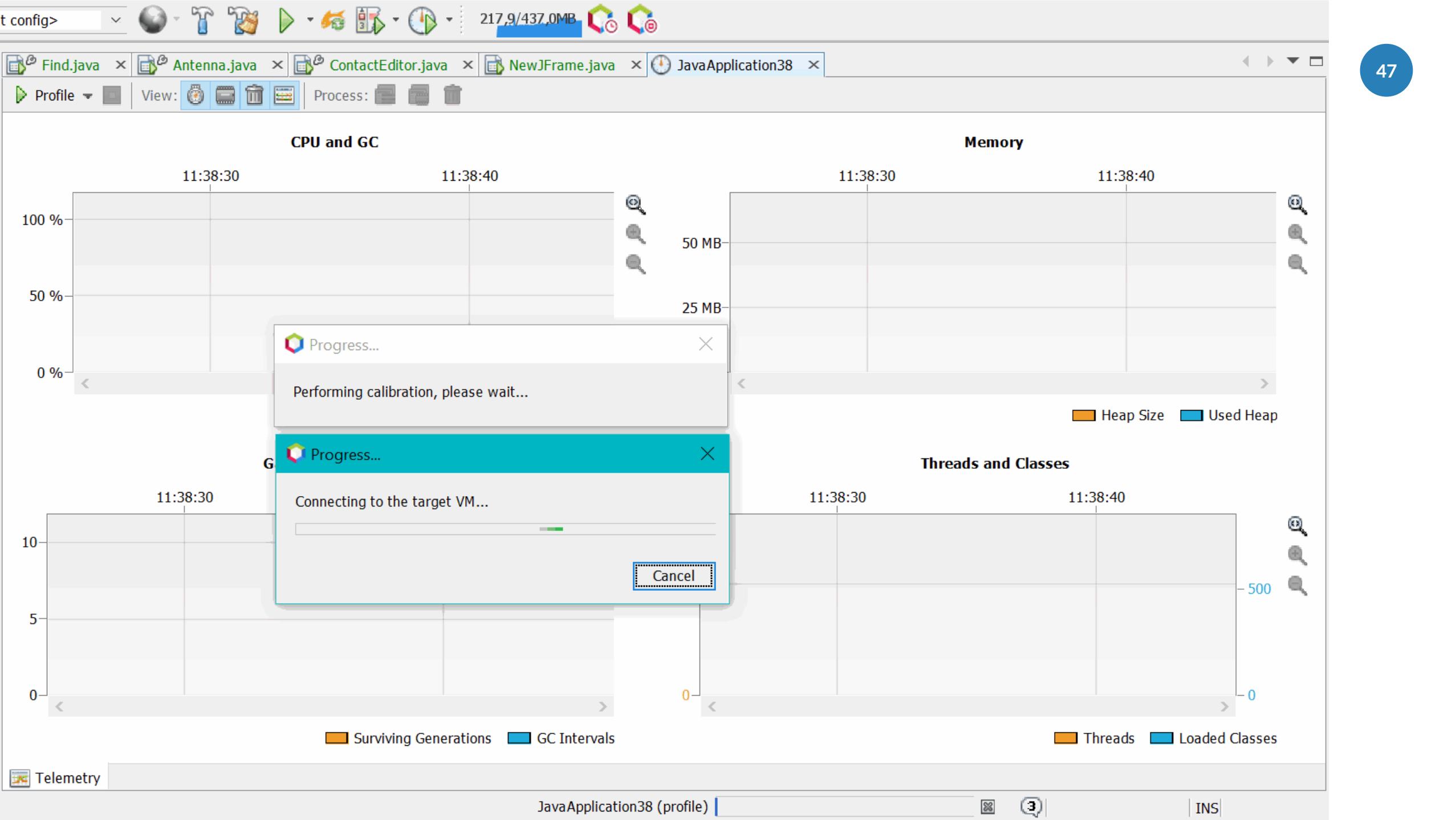
-cp <class search path of directories and zip/jar files>
-classpath <class search path of directories and zip/jar files>
               A ; separated list of directories, JAR archives,
               and ZIP archives to search for class files.

-D<name>=<value>
               set a system property
-verbose:[class|gc|jni]
               enable verbose output
-version       print product version and exit
-version:<value>
               Warning: this feature is deprecated and will be removed
               in a future release.
               require the specified version to run
-showversion  print product version and continue
-jre-restrict-search | -no-jre-restrict-search
               Warning: this feature is deprecated and will be removed
               in a future release.
               include/exclude user private JREs in the version search
-? -help      print this help message
-X           print help on non-standard options
-ea[:<packagename>...|:<classname>]
-enableassertions[:<packagename>...|:<classname>]
```

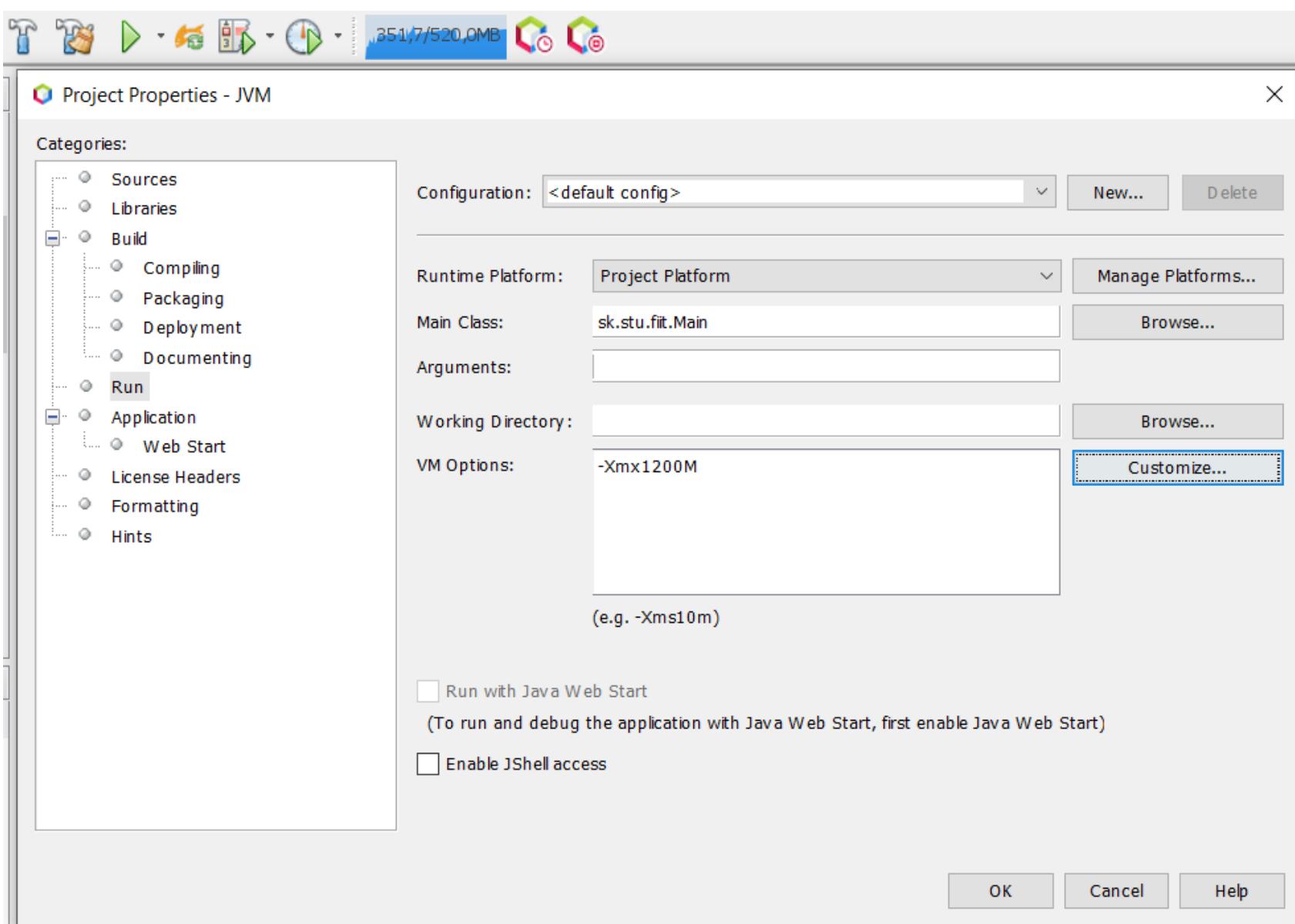
Output

NetBeansProjects - C:\Users\Administrator\Documents\NetBeansProjects × JavaApplication38 (profile) ×

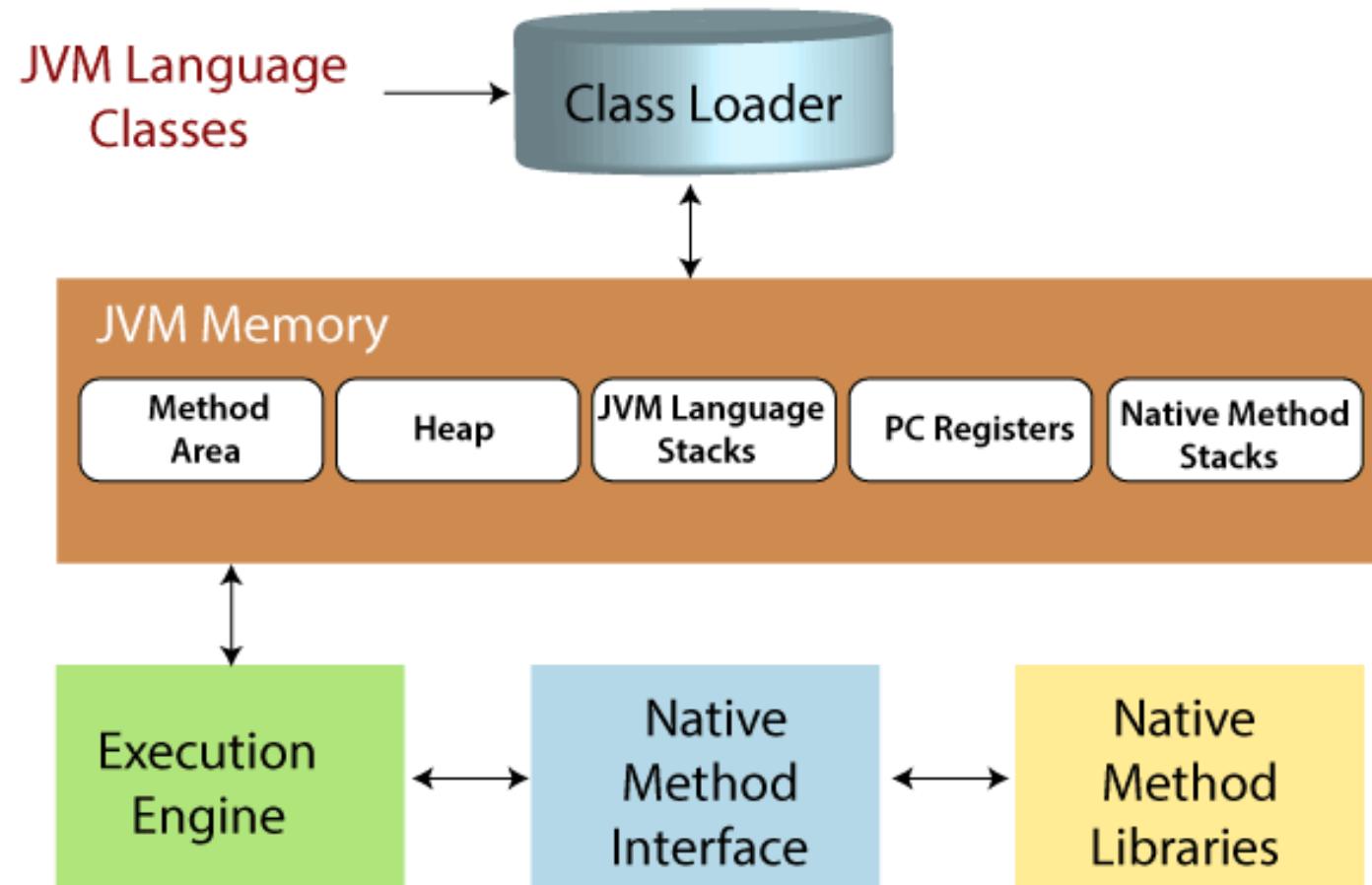
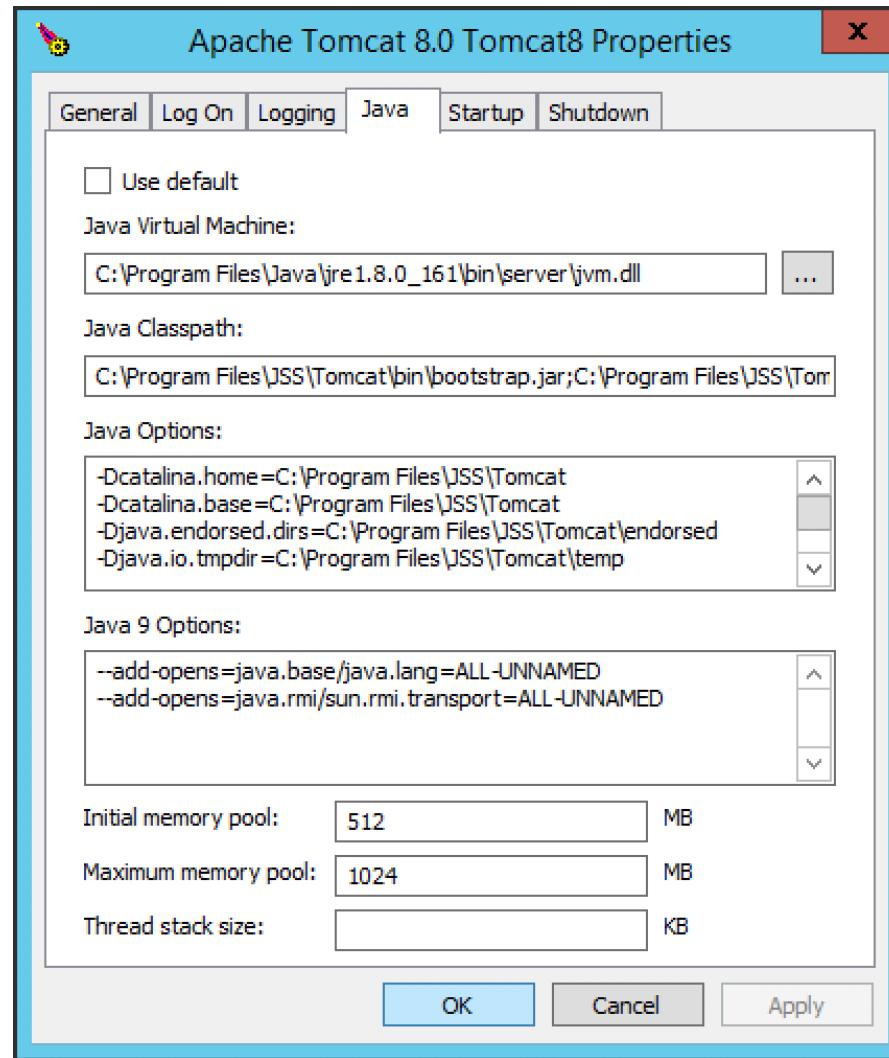
```
ant -f C:\\\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\JavaApplication38 -Dnb.internal.action.name=profile -Drun.class=NewJFrame "-Drun.jvmargs.ide= -agentpath:\"C:/Program Files/NetBeans-12.1/netbeans/profile/lib/deployed/jdk16/windows-amd64/profilerinterface.dll\"=\"C:\\\\Program Files\\\\NetBeans-12.1\\\\netbeans\\\\profiler\\\\lib\\\\\",5140,10 -XX:+HeapDumpOnOutOfMemoryError -XX:HeapDumpPath=C:\\\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\JavaApplication38\\\\nbproject\\\\private\\\\profiler \" profile
init:
profile-init:
Deleting: C:\\\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\JavaApplication38\\\\build\\\\built-jar.properties
deps-jar:
Updating property file: C:\\\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\JavaApplication38\\\\build\\\\built-jar.properties
compile:
profile:
*** Profiler message (Sat May 08 11:39:08 CEST 2021): Starting target application...
C:\\Program Files\\\\Java\\\\jdk-14.0.2\\\\bin\\\\java.exe -agentpath:C:/Program Files/NetBeans-12.1/netbeans/profiler/lib/deployed/jdk16/windows-amd64/profilerinterface.dll -Xbootclasspath/a:C:\\Program Files\\\\NetBeans-12.1\\\\netbeans\\\\profiler\\\\lib\\\\jfluid-server.jar;C:\\Program Files\\\\NetBeans-12.1\\\\netbeans\\\\profiler\\\\lib\\\\jfluid-server-15.jar org.netbeans.lib.profiler.server.ProfilerServer C:/Program Files/NetBeans-12.1/netbeans/profiler/lib/deployed/jdk16/windows-amd64 5141 10 ____ Profiler+Calibration+Run ____
*** Profiler error (Sat May 08 11:41:20 CEST 2021): connection with server not open
C:\\Users\\\\Administrator\\\\Documents\\\\NetBeansProjects\\\\JavaApplication38\\\\nbproject\\\\build-impl.xml:1459 : User abort
```



# Vytvorenie vlastných configov



# Nastavenie JVM pre Webové servery





347,9/527,0MB



**Navigator** x

- printf(String,Object...)
- \$1 : int
- \$3 : int
- \$4 : int
- \$6 : double
- a : int
- PI : BigDecimal

**Java Shell - JDK 14 (Default)** x

```
1 |  
2 |     System Information:  
3 |         Java version: 14.0.2+12-46  
4 |         Virtual Machine: Java HotSpot™ 64-Bit Server VM 14.0.2+12-46  
5 |         Classpath:  
6 |             C  
7 |             \Program Files\NetBeans-12.1\netbeans\java\modules\ext\nb-mod-jshell-probe.jar  
8 |  
9 | [1]-> 2+3  
10 | $1 ==> 5  
11 | [2]-> 5/0  
12 |     java.lang.ArithmetricException thrown: / by zero  
13 |         at (#2:1)  
14 | [3]-> 0/0  
15 |     java.lang.ArithmetricException thrown: / by zero  
16 |         at (#3:1)  
17 | [4]-> 0-0.0  
18 | $6 ==> 0.0  
19 | [5]-> int a = 42  
20 | a ==> 42  
21 | [6]-> BigDecimal PI = new BigDecimal("3.14159")  
22 | PI ==> 3.14159  
23 | [7]-> PI  
24 | PI ==> 3.14159
```

# JVM argumenty (parametre)

## Standard Options for Java

- Voľby garantované a podporované všetkými implementáciami JVM
- Nastavenie modulov (Java9 a vyššie)
- Testovanie verzie JVM
- Nastavenie classpath
- Pomocné výstupy
- Systémové premenné JVM

## Extra Options for Java

- Začínajú -X
- Nemusia byť podporované všetkými implementáciami JVM, alebo sa môžu meniť
- Pokročilé možnosti pre vývojárov používané pre vyladenie špecifických oblastí behu JVM začínajú -XX

# Ďalšie JVM argumenty (parametre)

## Pokročilé možnosti

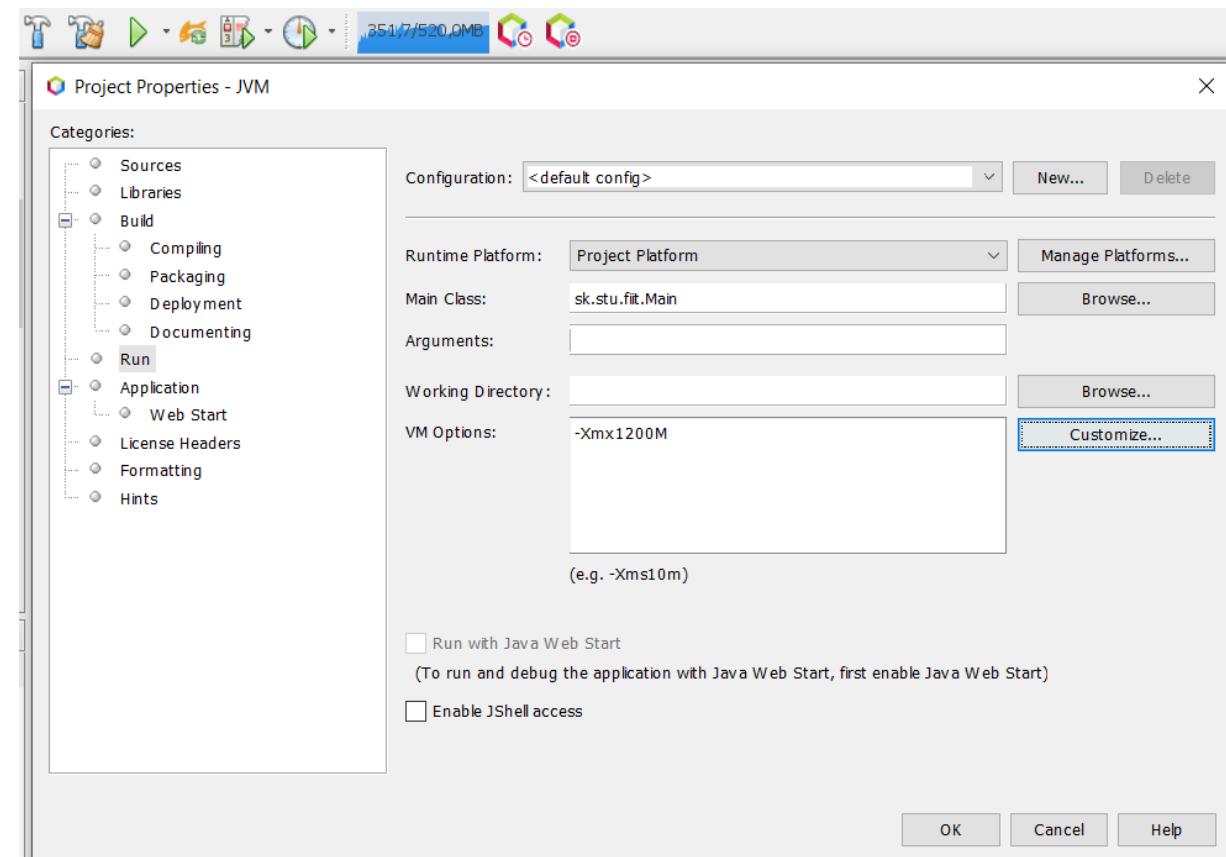
- **Advanced Runtime Options for Java**  
- Riadi behové správanie JVM
- **Advanced JIT Compiler Options for Java** - Umožňuje pokročilé nastavenie kompilátora
- **Advanced Serviceability Options for Java** - Zhromažďuje systémové informácie a vykonáva rozsiahle ladenie
- **Advanced Garbage Collection Options for Java** - Umožňuje nastaviť správanie garbage collector, pravidlá pre čistenie haldy

## Staršie nastavenia

- **Deprecated Java Options** - Funkčné, ale neodporúčané, takže sa vykonajú s Warning
- **Obsolete Java Options** - Funkčné, ale ignorované, nevykonajú sa, vyvolajú warning
- **Removed Java Options** - Odstránené, nevykonajú sa a spôsobí Error

# Veľkosť haldy

- Maximálna veľkosť haldy
  - `java -Xmx1200M -jar Program.jar`
- Predvolená veľkosť haldy
  - `java -Xms512M -jar Program.jar`



# New JDK 7 Feature: Support for Dynamically Typed Languages in the Java Virtual Machine

By Ed Ort, July 2009

[DaVinci Helicopter](#) - This article describes a new feature provided in JDK 7: support for dynamically typed languages in the Java virtual machine (JVM). This feature, which implements [JSR 292: Supporting Dynamically Typed Languages on the Java Platform](#), is the logical follow-on to [JSR 223: Scripting for the Java Platform](#). Support for JSR 223 was provided as part of [Java SE 6](#) and implemented in [JDK 6](#).

With the addition of support for JSR 292 in JDK 7, dynamically typed languages should run faster in the JVM than they do today. A key part of this support is the addition of a new Java bytecode, `invokedynamic`, for method invocation, and an accompanying linkage mechanism that involves a new construct called a method handle. These features enable implementers of compilers for dynamically typed languages, that is, the people who develop compilers for languages such as JRuby and Jython, to generate bytecode that runs extremely fast in the JVM.

This should increase the variety and quality of dynamically typed languages that run in the JVM. Application developers should see more of their favorite dynamically typed languages available in the Java ecosystem. Also, these features should boost the performance of code generated by dynamically typed language compilers that already run in the JVM. For example, the JRuby compiler generates bytecode that performs well in the JVM, but the JRuby bytecode will run even faster when the JRuby compiler is modified to use the `invokedynamic` bytecode and method handles.

Support for JSR 292 in JDK 7 will enable developers of compilers for dynamically typed languages to generate bytecode that runs extremely fast in the JVM.



Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.928]  
(c) Microsoft Corporation. Všetky práva vyhradené.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32>jshell
| Welcome to JShell -- Version 14.0.2
| For an introduction type: /help intro
```

```
jshell> /help intro
```

```
|           intro
|           =====
```

```
| The jshell tool allows you to execute Java code, getting immediate results.
| You can enter a Java definition (variable, method, class, etc), like: int x = 8
| or a Java expression, like: x + x
| or a Java statement or import.
| These little chunks of Java code are called 'snippets'.
```

```
| There are also the jshell tool commands that allow you to understand and
| control what you are doing, like: /list
```

```
| For a list of commands: /help
```

```
jshell> /vars
```

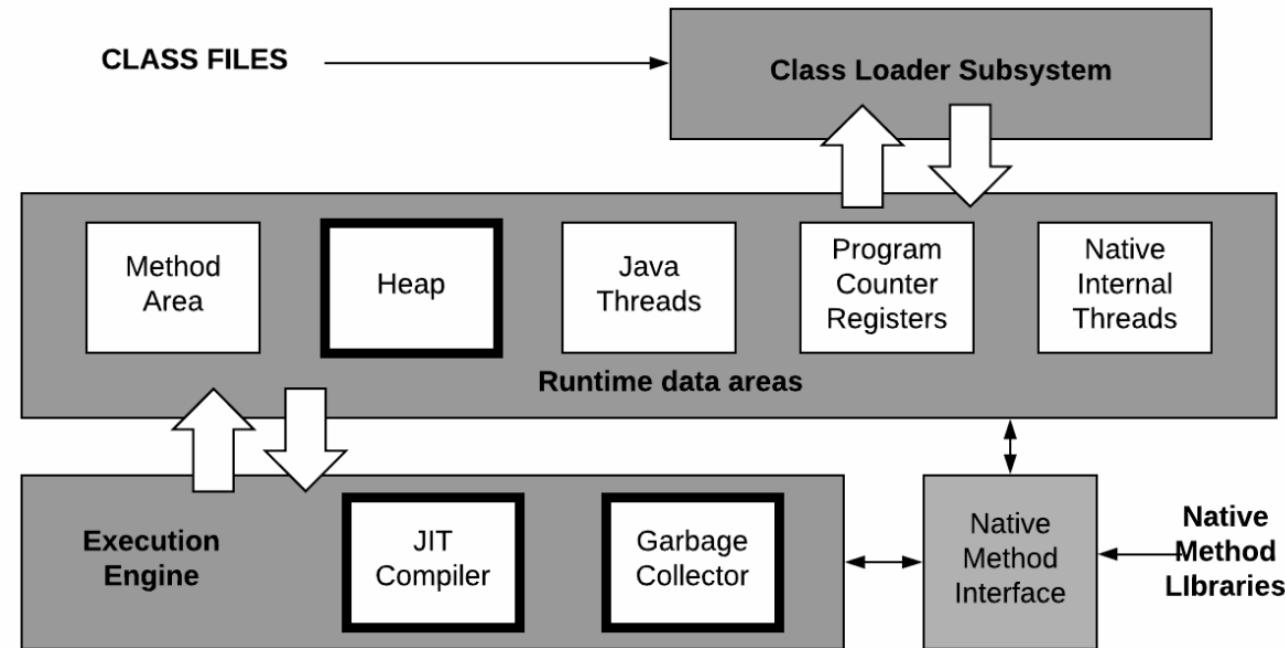
```
jshell>
```

**JAVA DEVELOPERS NEVER RIP,  
THEY JUST GET GARBAGE COLLECTED.**

- I LIKE NITTY-WITTY.COM

# Garbage collectors in JDK

- Serial Garbage Collector
- Parallel Garbage Collectors in several versions
- Concurrent Mark Sweep (CMS) Collector
- Garbage First (G1) Garbage Collector



```
java -Xms1G -Xmx1G -jar dacapo-9.12-bach.jar  
h2 -n 5 --no-pre-iteration-gc
```

The example of the command that would execute 5 iterations of *h2* application with limited memory heap to 1 GB, and no system GC between iterations.

# Garbage Collector

## Getting Started with the G1 Garbage Collector

---

⊕ Overview

⊕ Java Technology and the JVM

⊕ The G1 Garbage Collector

⊕ Reviewing GC with the CMS

⊕ The G1 Garbage Collector Step by Step

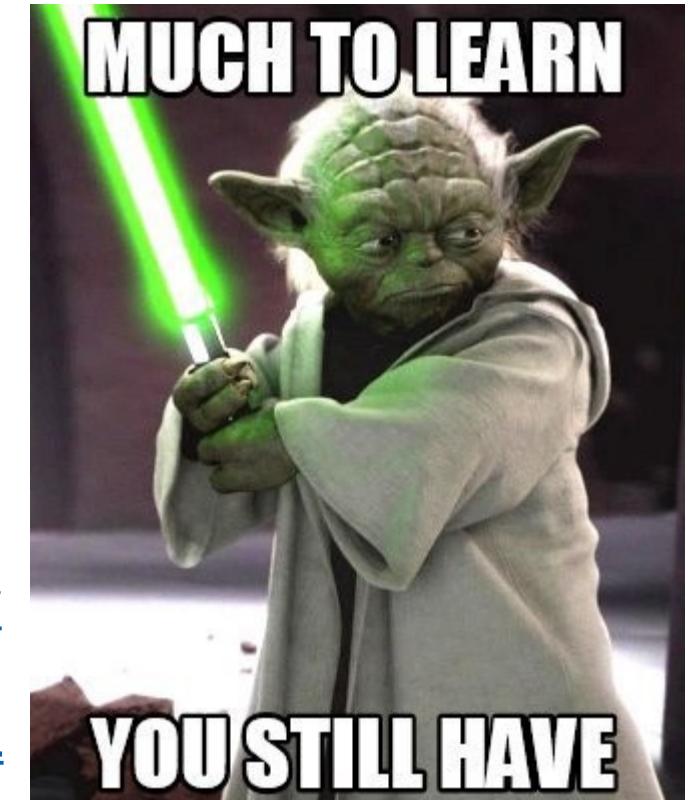
⊕ Command Line Options and Best Practices

⊕ Logging GC with G1

⊕ Summary

# Čo ti odporúčam si pozrieť?

1. <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/specs/>
2. [https://blogs.oracle.com/javamagazine/java-runtime-encapsulation-internals?source=:em:nw:mt:::RC\\_WWMK200429P00043:N SL400155430](https://blogs.oracle.com/javamagazine/java-runtime-encapsulation-internals?source=:em:nw:mt:::RC_WWMK200429P00043:N SL400155430)
3. <https://www.javatpoint.com/jvm-java-virtual-machine>
4. <https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/tutorials/tutorials-1876574.html>
5. [https://www.researchgate.net/publication/326701102\\_Comparison\\_of\\_garbage\\_collectors\\_in\\_Java\\_programming\\_languag e/figures?lo=1](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/326701102_Comparison_of_garbage_collectors_in_Java_programming_languag e/figures?lo=1)
6. <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/10/jshell/snippets.htm#JSHEL-GUID-E24D9E84-C9E3-43DE-B14D-C9544A35E5FC>
7. <https://www.oracle.com/technical-resources/articles/javase/dyntypelang.html>



Šup do záložiek