A tutorial on gtools to solve Differential Equations

gtools (V1.0.0)

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gtools is a command-line interface for GiNaCDE library. It requires no GUI tools. It is executed in console mode. The usage of gtools for solving differential equations is described in this tutorial. The following two examples demonstrate the usage of gtools to solve differential equations.

1 Example 1

Let us consider the Eckhaus equation

$$iu_t + u_{xx} + 2(|u|^2)_x u + |u|^4 u = 0.$$
 (1)

For solving Eq. (1) using GiNaCDE library, the C++ codes are

```
// eckhaus_FIM.cpp
#include <GiNaCDE/GiNaCDE.h>
int main()
{
      const ex u=reader("u"), t=reader("t"), x=reader("x"),
a=reader("a"), b=reader("b"),k=reader("k");
2.
      depend(u, {t, x});
      ex pde = I*Diff(u,t,1) + Diff(u,x,2) + 2*u*Diff(u*conjugate(u),x,1)
+ u*u*conjugate(u)*conjugate(u)*u;
      output = mathematica;
      twcPhase=lst{lst{-2*k*a,k},lst{b,a}};
5.
      paraInDiffSolve=lst{};
6.
7.
      filename = "eckhaus_FIM.txt";
8.
      desolve(pde, {u},FIM);
9.
      return 0;
}
```

In the following, we display the screenshots of each step when we implement the above C++ code in gtools.

```
## Stocks - A tool for solving differential equation (GiNaCDE VI.0 )

Type h for help.

Input dependent variables: u

Input independent variables: (t,x)

Input differential equation: "POIFf(u,t,1)+DIff(u,x,2)+2*u*Diff(u*conjugate(u),x,1)+u*u*conjugate(u)*conjugate(u)*u

Output format for saving results: h

Type a for output format in maple.

Type a for output format in maple.

Type if or output format in maple.

Type if or output format in maple.

Type if or output format in saving results: M

Do you assign value of N?: h

Do you assign value of N?: h

Type if or very for yes.

Perspansion methods, the solutions of input NLPDE is expressed by a finite power series where presents 'Nn' 'terms.

By default, for Elik, Nel and for F-expansion, modified F-expansion methods 'N' is evaluated automatically if N is not assigned to any value.

Do you assign value of N?: h

Provide constants in the traveling wave coordinate: (-2*k*a,k)

Provide constants in phase part: (b,a)

Wethods for solving differential equation: h

Type if or First integral method.

Type if or pexapansion method.

Wethods for solving differential equation: f

Do you supply any extra constant parameter(s)?: h

Type y for yes.

T
```

Figure 1: Screenshot 1.

```
■ DAResearch/MyPublicGiNacDE\Writing\Submissions\ACMGiNacDE_VI_0\GU\GiNacDE_GU\mingw32\gtook.exe
— □ X

Oo you supply any extra constant parameter(s)?: h

Type y for yes.
Type n for no.
GiNacDE Ibrary solve an overdetermined system of algebraic equations only for constant parameters internally generated. If you wish to solve for any constant parameter internally generated. If you wish to solve for any constant parameter internally generated. If you wish to solve for any constant parameter internally generated. If you wish to solve for any constant parameter internally generated. If you wish to solve for any constant parameter parameter internally generated. If you wish to solve for any constant parameter parameter internally generated. If you wish to solve for any constant parameter parameter (s)?: n
Name of output file: eckhaus_FIM.txt
Input equation is: D[u[t,x],{x,2}]+u[t,x]^3*Conjugate[u[t,x]]^2+I*D[u[t,x],{t,1}]+2*u[t,x]*D[u[t,x]*Conjugate[u[t,x]],{x,1}] = 0;
Balancing degrees of X we get, degrees of (a 0, g.) = (3, 2),
System of equations are solved for the variables {a,k,b,a=00,a=01,a=02,a=03,g=0,g=1,g=2}.....
Time: 3.575 seconds
Successfully solved.
```

Figure 2: Screenshot 2.

After execution of the last step in fig. 2 the output results are saved in eckhaus FIM.txt file.

2 Example 2

We now discuss an another example considering generalized Camassa-Holm equation

$$u_t + 2ku_x - u_{xxt} + auu_x - 2u_x u_{xx} - uu_{xxx} = 0. (2)$$

The following C++ code solve Eq. (2) applying more modified F-expansion method.

// Generalized_Camassa-Holm_mF.cpp

```
#include <GiNaCDE/GiNaCDE.h>
int main()
{
1.
      const ex u=reader("u"),t=reader("t"), x=reader("x"),
k=reader("k"),a=reader("a"),k_0=reader("k_0"),
k_1=reader("k_1"),A_1=reader("A_1"),A_3=reader("A_3");
      depend(u, {t,x});
      pde = Diff(u,t,1)+2*k*Diff(u,x,1)-Diff(Diff(u,x,2),t,1)
+a*u*Diff(u,x,1)-2*Diff(u,x,1)*Diff(u,x,2)
-u*Diff(u,x,3);
4.
      output = maple;
5.
      twcPhase=lst{lst{k_0,k_1},lst{}};
6.
      degAcoeff = lst{3,0,A_1,0,A_3};
7.
      NValue = 2;
      filename = "Generalized_Camassa-Holm_mF.txt";
8.
9.
     ASolve=false;
10.
     positivePart = true;
     negativePart = true;
12.
      paraInDiffSolve = lst{k,a};
      desolve(pde, {u}, mF_expansion);
13.
14.
      return 0;
}
```

The following screenshots express each step to implement the above C++ code in gtools.

```
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```

Figure 3: Screenshot 1.

```
Name of output file: Generalized_Camassa-Holm_mf.txt

Appear of output file: Generalized_Camassa-Holm_mf.txt

Input equation is: -diff(diff(u(t,x),x$2),t$1)+diff(u(t,x),x$1)*u(t,x)*a-diff(u(t,x),x$3)*u(t,x)-2*diff(u(t,x),x$1)*diff(u(t,x),x$2)+2*diff(u(t,x),x$1)*k+diff(u(t,x),t$1)*h+ Diff. Equ. is integrable;
be your assign a value to integrating constant (ic_1)? y
ic_1: 0

The value of N is: 2;
U = 2.2*C*2*C*(-1)*b_1=a_0+f^(-2)*b_2+a_1*f;
System of equations are solved for the variables {k_0,k_1,k_1,a_0,a_0,a_1,a_2,b_1,b_2}....

Successfully solved.
```

Figure 4: Screenshot 2.

After execution of the last step in fig. 4 the output results are saved in $Generalized_Camassa-Holm.txt$ file.