

In August 2019, under a cooperative research program with Peru's National Institute for Research on Glaciers and Mountain Ecosystems (INAIGEM), the OSU-BPCRC team returned to Huascarán and recovered four ice cores totaling 471.6 m. As in 1993, two cores were drilled to bedrock in the col: Col core A (CCA) is 165 m in length, and Col core B (CCB) is 168.6 m in length. However, in addition to the cores from the col, two ice cores were drilled to bedrock on the summit of the South Peak. Summit core A (SCA) and Summit core B (SCB) are 69.33 m and 68.73 m long, respectively. SCA and SCB are the highest elevation ice cores to be collected from a Southern Hemisphere glacier.