2nd Machine Learning in Heliophysics Boulder, 21 – 25 March 2022

Monday 21st March

8:30	- 9:30	Registration and coffee
9:30	-10:00	Introductory Remarks

Helio 2022

Session 1 – Chairs:

10:00 – 10:30	(Invited) Rafal Angryk TBD
11:00 – 11: 20	Cedric Huwyler (University of Applied Sciences and Arts Northwestern, CH) <i>Using Multiple Instance Learning for Explainable Flare Prediction</i>
11:20 – 11:40	Kiera van der Sande (University of Colorado) Comparing Solar Flare Irradiance in GOES X-ray and SDO/AIA EUV Data via Machine Learning Regression
11:40 – 12:00	Jonathan Donzallaz (Haute Ecole d'Ingénierie et d'Architecture Fribourg, CH) <i>SolarNet: Solar Flares Prediction with Self-Supervised Learning</i>
12:00 – 12:20	Dattaraj B Dhuri (NYU Abu Dhabi) Deep learning reconstruction of sunspot vector magnetic fields for forecasting solar storms
12:20 – 14:00	Lunch

Session 2 – Chairs:

14:00 – 14:30	(Invited) Eunsu Park Application of image translation methods based on deep learning to solar data
14:30 – 14:50	Elena G Broock (Instituto Astrofísico de Canarias) Farnet-II: application of Convolutional LSTM and attention mechanisms to solar far-side activity detection
14:50 – 15:10	Allison Liu (University of Colorado) Data Augmentation of Magnetograms for Solar Flare Prediction using GANs
15:10 – 16:00	Coffee Break
16:00 – 16:30	(Invited) Andres Munoz-Jaramillo TBD

Robert Jarolim (Graz University)
Probing the coronal magnetic field with physics informed neural networks
Oleg Stepanyuk (Bulgarian Academy of Sciences)
Advanced Image Preprocessing and Feature Tracking for Remote CME
Characterization with Deep Learning
Benoit Tremblay (University of Colorado)
Emulation of MHD simulations to Infer Flows in Granulation, Sunspots, and
Active Regions
Reception

Tuesday 22nd March

8:00 - 9:30	(demo) Hannah Marlowe (Amazon AWS)
9:30 – 10:00	Coffee break
10:00 – 11:30	Wendy Carande (LASP, University of Colorado) Tutorial on ML, part 1
11:30 – 12:30	Poster Session A (mostly virtual)
12:30 – 14:00	Lunch
Session 3 – Chairs:	
14:00 – 14:30	(Invited) Katariina Nykyri (Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University) Information Theory and Machine Learning Applications to Solar Wind Magnetosphere Interactions
14:30 – 14:50	Sahib Julka (University of Passau) An active learning approach for automatic detection of bow shock and magnetopause crossing signatures in Mercury's magnetosphere using MESSENGER magnetometer observations.
14:50 – 15:10	Simon Wing (Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Lab) Modeling radiation belt electrons with information theory informed neural networks
15:10 – 15:30	Georgios Balasis (National Observatory of Athens) Machine Learning Techniques for Automated ULF Wave Recognition in Swarm Time Series
15:30 – 15:50	Michael S. Kirk (ASTRA) The Center for HelioAnalytics
15:50 – 18:00	Poster Session A (<i>mostly</i> in-person) – including coffee and refreshments

Wednesday 23rd March

8:30 – 10:30	Enrico Camporeale Tutorial on ML, part 2:
	Gaussian Process Regression
10:30 - 11:00	Coffee Break
Session 4 – Chairs:	
11:00 – 11:20	Ramiz A. Qudsi (Boston University) Algorithm Development for Magnetic Field topology Reconstruction in a 3-D Simulation Box Using Machine Learning
11:20 – 11:40	Brecht Laperre (KU Leuven) Identification of closure terms from fully kinetic plasma simulations using machine learning
11:40 – 12:00	Mikhail Sitnov (Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Lab) Resolving the geomagnetic tail current sheet structure with data mining
12:00 – 12:20	Sigiava Aminalragia-Giamini (SPARC) Radiation belt model including semi-annual variation and Solar driving (SENTINEL)
12:20 – 12:40	Sergio Vidal-Luengo (University of Colorado) Whistler-mode Waves and Relativistic Precipitation Event Detection by Employing Self-Organizing-Maps
12:40 – 14:00	Lunch
Session 5 – Chairs:	
14:00 – 14:30	(invited) Jay Johnson (Andrews University) <i>TBD</i>
14:30 – 14:50	Marius Giger (University of Applied Sciences and Arts Northwestern, CH) <i>Unsupervised event detection in heliophysics</i>
14:50 – 15:10	Sophie Teichmann (Georg-August-Universität Göttingen) Influence of solar wind parameters on unsupervised solar wind classification
15:10 – 15:30	Talwinder Singh (University of Alabama) Improving the Arrival Time Prediction of Coronal Mass Ejections using Magnetohydrodynamic Ensemble Modeling, Heliospheric Imager data and Machine Learning
15:30 – 16:00	(invited) Gary Doran (JPL) Responsive Onboard Science for Europa Clipper

16:00 – 16:30	Coffee
16:30 – 17:00	(invited) Maria Elena Innocenti TBD
17:00 – 17:20	Hannah Marlowe (Amazon) An unsupervised learning approach to superstorm signature identification in precipitating particle data
17:20 – 17:40	Andong Hu (University of Colorado) Innovative Dst predictions using neural networks
17:40 – 18:00	Kiley Yeakel (Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Lab) Automated algorithm for the detection of dispersionless electron injection events in Earth's magnetotail

Thursday 24th March

Session 6 – Chairs:

8:30 – 9:00	(invited) Maziar Raissi (University of Colorado) Data-Efficient Deep Learning using Physics-Informed Neural Networks
9:00 – 9:20	Xiaoyue Li (Zhejiang University) Transfer-Solar-GAN: Generation of Input Sources for Solar Wind Models with Deep Learning
9:20 – 9:40	Panagiotis Tigas (Oxford University) Global geomagnetic perturbation forecasting using deep learning
9:40 – 10:00	Mohamed Nedal (Bulgarian Academy of Sciences) Forecasting the Solar Energetic Protons Integral Flux using the Bi-Directional Long Short-Term Memory Neural Network
10:00 - 10:20	Andrew Smith (University College London) Producing ML-driven Real-Time Forecasts of the Probability of Large Rates of Change of the Surface Magnetic Field in the UK
10:20 - 11:00	Coffee Break
11:00 – 11:30	(invited) Alan Kaptanoglu (University of Washington)
	Machine Learning for discovering sparse models of fluids, plasmas, and much more
11:30 – 12:30	Poster Session B (mostly virtual)
12:30 – 14:00	Lunch

14:00 – 14:20	Sai Gowtam Valluri (University of Alaska) An Artificial Neural Network-based global three-dimensional ionospheric
	electron density model: present state, challenges, and future directions
14:20 – 14:40	Vivian Otugo (Rivers State University) Estimation of ionospheric critical plasma frequencies from GNSS-TEC measurements using artificial neural networks
14:40 – 15:00	Jhassmin A Aricoché (Universidad Nacional del Callao) Modeling ionograms with deep neural networks: Contrasting models
15:00 – 15:30	Brianna Maze and Alec Engell (NextGen)
	The Weather Machine Learning Platform and the Space Radiation Intelligence System
15:30 – 17:30	Poster Session B (<i>mostly</i> in-person) – including coffee and refreshments
19:30	Social Dinner

Friday 25th March

Session 7 – Chairs:

8:30 – 9:00	Early career awards
9:00 – 9:30	(invited) Maria J. Molina (NCAR, Boulder, Colorado) <i>Machine Learning for the Geosciences</i>
9:30 – 9:50	Simon Mackovjak (Slovak Academy of Sciences) Towards explanation of airglow variation by ML techniques
9:50 – 10:10	Shanshan Bao (Rice University) A gray-box approach in modeling atmospheric precipitation in global geospace models
10:10 – 10:30	Daniel I Okoh (Centre for Atmospheric Research) Results from a 3-D electron density model developed from COSMIC radio occultation data using artificial neural networks
10:30 - 11:00	Coffee
11:00 – 11:20	Delores J Knipp (University of Colorado) Geophysical interpretations from machine learning superstorm signature identification in satellite precipitating particle data
11:20 – 11:40	Ekaterina Verner (NASA)
11:40 – 13:00	Open discussion

List of posters

(Poster sessions will be assigned once we have numbers on virtual and in-person attendees)

Carlos Jose D Diaz Baso Bayesian Stokes inversion with Normalizing flows

Spiridon Kasapis Machine Learning-Based Forecasting of SEP Events Using the

Recently Published MDI Data

Linnea Wolniewicz SEARCH: SEgmentation of Active Regions and Coronal Holes

Pete Riley What Machine Learning Algorithms Teach us about Which

Explanatory Variables Matter Most in Predicting Bz within Coronal

Mass Ejections

Yong Ji Composite model for predicting sym-H index

Egor Illarionov Machine learning for digitization of historical records of solar activity

Zeyu Sun Predicting Solar Flares Using CNN and LSTM on Two Solar Cycles of

Active Region Data

Shan Jiahui Transfer learning for the three-dimensional reconstruction of CMEs

Xiukuan Zhao Ionospheric scintillation prediction using gradient boosting algorithm

Matthew G Lennard Machine Learning in Heliophysics

Anna L Morozova Comparison of the performance of PCA-NN models for daily mean

TEC over the Iberian Peninsula: performance of different neural

networks configuration

Kevin D Smith Machine Learning Classification of Mercury Magnetospheric

Boundary Crossings

Daniel T S Wrench Exploring the potential of neural networks to predict statistics of solar

wind turbulence

Rukundo Wellen Forecasting of ionospheric electron content (TEC) using a time series

neural network

Emmanuel De Leon Automatic detection of the electron density from the WHISPER

instrument onboard CLUSTER

Drew L Turner Unsupervised clustering employed to identify different drivers of

relativistic electron enhancement events in Earth's magnetotail

Xiangning Chu Relativistic Electron Model in the Outer Radiation Belt Using a

Neural Network Approach

Kimberly D Moreland A machine-learning oriented remote and in-situ database for

forecasting SEP occurrence and properties

Amy Keesee Methods to improve magnitude accuracy for machine learning

predictions of ground magnetic field perturbations

Hannah T Rüdisser Automatic Detection of Interplanetary Coronal Mass Ejections

Luisa Capannolo Investigating the Relativistic Electron Precipitation using Deep

Learning Techniques

Raman Mukundan Optimizing a Neural Network for Regional Forecasting of Ground

Magnetic Perturbations Using Spherical Elementary Current Systems

Alexander Boyd SHELLS Model: Specifying High-altitude Electrons using Low-altitude

LEO Systems

Michael K Coughlan Using a Convolutional Neural Network with Uncertainty to Forecast

GIC Risk of Occurrence at Mid-Latitudes.

Victor A Pinto Developing near real-time ground magnetic field perturbations

predictions with machine learning models

Xudong Sun SpIn4D: Spectropolarimetric Inversion in Four Dimensions with Deep

Learning

Rong Lin Predicting Ambient Solar Wind Speed at L1-point based on

Convolutional Neural Network and PFSS Magnetogram

Stefan Lotz Solar flare forecast and feature attribution with simple deep neural

networks

Mario Cobos Maestre Stability of loss functions for solar wind forecasting using Deep

Learning

Armando Collado-Villaverde Deep Neural Networks With Convolutional and LSTM Layers for

SYM-H and ASY-H Forecasting.

Suvadip Sinha A comparative study of supervised machine learning algorithms to

forecast solar flares

Tommaso Alberti Chaos and spontaneous stochasticity: two sides of (un)predictability

Luiz F Guedes dos Santos Exploring the ability of Convolutional Neural Networks to

predict Solar wind quantities at 1 AU

Seray Sahin Spatial and Temporal Analysis of Quiescent Coronal Rain over an

Active Region

Luiz F Guedes dos Santos Forecasting flux rope's orientation using CNNs

Peter Wintoft Solar wind to ground magnetic field proxies studied with GRU

networks: predictability with respect to physical phenomena

Kamen Kozarev Towards Lucky Imaging for Quiet-Time Low-Frequency Radio Solar

Observations

Verena Heidrich-Meisner Neural network reconstruction of in-situ solar wind parameters

Ute V Amerstorfer Machine Learning Solutions for Data Analysis and Exploitation in

Planetary Science - A Work Package in Europlanet 2024 Research

Infrastructure

Ajay Kumar Tiwari CME-learn: An interactive playground to benchmark CME databases

for the time of arrival (ToA) prediction for using machine learning

methods

Elizabeth P O'Dwyer Machine Learning for the Classification of Low Frequency Extensions

of Saturn Kilometric Radiation

Harry Arnold Using Effective Resistivity Maps Derived From Data Mining for

Global MHD Simulations of the Magnetosphere

Ajay Kumar Tiwari Predicting Arrival Time and Arrival Speed for CMEs: Machine

Learning and Ensemble Methods

Laura Simms A comparison of ARMAX (autoregressive moving average transfer

function) and RNN (recurrent neural network) models to predict

geostationary keV electrons

Luigi Palladino Application of diverse explainable DL architectures for sunspot groups

detection and classification

Dogacan S Ozturk A predictive model for the high-latitude ionospheric convection

Aliaa A. M. Afify Development of a forecasting technique for ionospheric plasma

irregularities by applying a supervised machine learning regression

technique to spaceborne GPS measurements

Matthew Blandin Predicting Geomagnetically Induced Currents across Alaska utilizing

Multi-Variate LSTM models

Chris Green Solar flare predictions with mixed data neural network

Reynaldo O Rojas Zelaya Forecasting Spread F at Jicamarca

Adam T Michael Radiation Belt Variability due to Wave-Particle Interactions: A

Multiscale Modeling Approach

Kendra Bergstedt Machine Learning Algorithms for the Detection of Plasmoids in

Multiple-X-Line Collisionless Reconnection Regions

Yigit Aytac A Computer Vision Approach for Real-time Solar Event Detection

Andong Hu A Multi-Hour-Ahead global geospace model using Gated Recurrent

Unit (GRU) networks and SuperMAG data

Sevag Derghazarian Neural Network Based ISR Estimates

Jasmine R Kobayashi Machine Learning Models as an Alternative to Standard Interpolation

Techniques for Estimating Gaps in OMNI Data

Robert Jarolim ITI for the Sun: Improved intercalibration of multi-instrument

heliophysics data series with Instrument-To-Instrument translation

Paul J Wright SDOVIS: A Vision Transformer Model for Solar Dynamics

Observatory (SDO) Data

Laura Simms The use of differencing to remove spurious correlations in models of

geostationary 2 MeV electron flux

Naoto Nishizuka Reliable Probability Forecast of Solar Flares using Deep Neural

Networks

Juliana Vievering Real-Time Solar Flare Predictions using Machine Learning Constantinos Papadimitriou Application of information theoretical measures for improved machine learning modelling of the electron radiation belt Deep learning analysis on CMEs assosciated with flares and filaments Hemapriya Raju Ryan McGranaghan A Next Generation Space Weather Particle Precipitation Model: Mature machine learning approaches, multiscale mesoscale prediction, and an open science framework for machine learning Dattaraj B Dhuri A deep learning model of proton auroras on Mars Henrik Eklund Image refinement and estimation of intensity contrast degradation at small scales events of Solar observations. Sumanth A.T. Rotti Machine Learning Dataset of SEP Events from Solar Cycles 22, 23 and 24. Yana Shtyk Solar flare prediction using a multi-channel model Pavithra G Srinivas Development Of An Onboard Space Weather Module For Satellite **Operations** Grant K Stephens Global structure of magnetotail reconnection unveiled by mining spaceborne magnetometer data Gonzalo A Cucho-Padin A machine learning framework for the reconstruction of the 3-D ion density distributions and energetic fluxes in the Earth's cusp Automatic Extraction of Solar Filaments Using Machine Learning Andrea Diercke *Techniques* Detection of sunquakes in Egression Power Maps using Deep Vanessa M Mercea **Autoencoders** Ring current plasma pressure reconstructed from empirical magnetic Anthony Sciola field distributions embedded within a global MHD model Decreasing False Alarm Rates in ML-based Solar Flare Prediction Varad Deshmukh using SDO/HMI Data

Talha Siddique A Bayesian Ensemble Machine Learning Approach For Prediction of

Geomagnetically Induced Currents (GICs) With Uncertainty

Quantification

Victor M Velasco Herrera Are Ground Level Enhancement events really the result of a random

process?

Sachin A Reddy Predicting Equatorial Plasma Bubbles with Machine Learning and

CubeSats

Edward J E Brown Attention-based machine vision models and techniques for solar wind

speed forecasting using solar EUV images

Stefano Bianco A neural network model of the plasmasphere dynamics

Michele Piana The STIX imaging problem

Denny Oliveira Perspectives on the use of data assimilation for improving

thermospheric empirical models: Focus on extreme magnetic storms

and exploit sparse datasets

Sponsors

