# DUAL CML/PECL/LVPECL-to-LVDS TRANSLATOR

SuperLite™ SY55855V

#### **FEATURES**

- Guaranteed f<sub>MAX</sub> >750MHz over temperature
- 1.5Gbps throughput capability
- 3.0V to 5.7V power supply
- Guaranteed <700ps propagation delay over temperature
- Guaranteed <50ps within-device skew over temperature
- **LVDS compatible outputs**
- Fully differential I/O architecture
- Wide operating temperature range: -40°C to +85°C
- Available in a tiny 10-pin MSOP package



SuperLite™

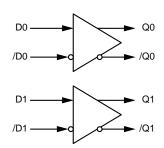
# **DESCRIPTION**

The SY55855V is a fully differential, CML/PECL/LVPECL-to-LVDS translator. It achieves LVDS signaling up to 1.5Gbps, depending on the distance and the characteristics of the media and noise coupling sources. LVDS is intended to drive  $50\Omega$  impedance transmission line media such as PCB traces, backplanes, or cables.

SY55855V inputs can be terminated with a single resistor between the true and the complement pins of a given input.

The SY55855V is a member of Micrel's new SuperLite<sup>™</sup> family of high-speed logic devices. This family features very small packaging, high signal integrity, and operation at many different supply voltages.

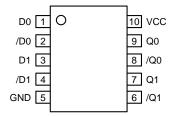
#### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### **APPLICATIONS**

- High-speed logic
- Data communications systems
- Wireless communications systems
- **■** Telecom systems

# **PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION**



10-Pin MSOP (K10-1)

# Ordering Information<sup>(1)</sup>

| Part Number                    | Package<br>Type | Operating<br>Range | Package<br>Marking                   | Lead<br>Finish    |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| SY55855VKI                     | K10-1           | Industrial         | 855V                                 | Sn-Pb             |
| SY55855VKITR <sup>(2)</sup>    | K10-1           | Industrial         | 855V                                 | Sn-Pb             |
| SY55855VKG <sup>(3)</sup>      | K10-1           | Industrial         | 855V with Pb-Free bar line indicator | NiPdAu<br>Pb-Free |
| SY55855VKGTR <sup>(2, 3)</sup> | K10-1           | Industrial         | 855V with Pb-Free bar line indicator | NiPdAu<br>Pb-Free |

#### Notes:

- 1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at  $T_A = 25$ °C, DC Electricals only.
- 2. Tape and Reel.
- 3. Pb-Free package recommended for new designs.

# PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin Number | Pin Name        | Pin Function                                                                                                          |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1, 2       | D0, /D0         | CML/PECL/LVPECL Input (Differential). This is one of the inputs. It is converted to LVDS onto the Q0 and /Q0 outputs. |
| 3, 4       | D1, /D1         | CML/PECL/LVPECL Input (Differential). This is the other input. It is converted to LVDS onto the Q1 and /Q1 outputs.   |
| 5          | GND             | Ground.                                                                                                               |
| 6, 7       | /Q1, Q1         | LVDS Output (Differential). This is the other LVDS output. It buffers the CML input that appears at D1, /D1.          |
| 8, 9       | /Q0, Q0         | LVDS Output (Differential). This is one LVDS output. It buffers the CML input that appears at D0, /D0.                |
| 10         | V <sub>CC</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub>                                                                                                       |

# **TRUTH TABLE**

| D0 | D1 | Q0 | /Q0 | Q1 | /Q1 |
|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|
| 0  | 0  | 0  | 1   | 0  | 1   |
| 0  | 1  | 0  | 1   | 1  | 0   |
| 1  | 0  | 1  | 0   | 0  | 1   |
| 1  | 1  | 1  | 0   | 1  | 0   |

#### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

#### **Establishing Static Logic Inputs**

The true pin of an input pair is internally biased to ground through a  $75k\Omega$  resistor. The complement pin of an input pair is internally biased halfway between  $V_{CC}$  and ground by a voltage divider consisting of two  $75k\Omega$  resistors. In this way, unconnected inputs appear as logic zeros. To keep an input at static logic zero at  $V_{CC}>3.0V,$  leave both inputs

unconnected. For  $V_{CC} \leq 3.0V$ , connect the complement input to  $V_{CC}$  and leave the true input unconnected. To make an input static logic one, connect the true input to  $V_{CC}$ , leave the complement input unconnected. These are the only two safe ways to cause inputs to be at a static value. In particular, no input pin should be directly connected to ground. All NC (no connect) pins should be unconnected.

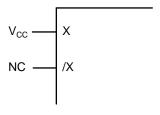
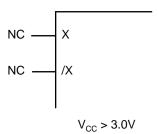


Figure 1. Hard Wiring a Logic "1" (1)

Note 1. X is either D0 or D1 input. /X is either /D0 or /D1 input.



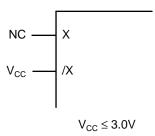
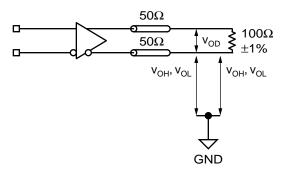


Figure 2. Hard Wiring a Logic "0" (1)

Note 1. X is either D0 or D1 input. /X is either /D0 or /D1 input.

#### LVDS OUTPUTS

LVDS stands for Low Voltage Differential Swing. LVDS specifies a small swing of 350mV typical, on a nominal 1.25V common mode above ground. The common mode voltage has tight limits to permit large variations in ground between an LVDS driver and receiver. Also, change in common mode voltage, as a function of data input, is also kept tight, to keep EMI low.



**Figure 3. LVDS Differential Measurement** 

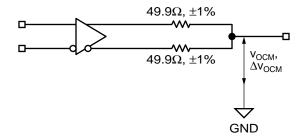


Figure 4. LVDS Common Mode Measurement

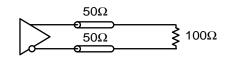


Figure 5. LVDS Output Termination

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

| Symbol             | Rating                               | Value                        | Unit |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>    | Power Supply Voltage                 | -0.5 to +6.0                 | V    |
| V <sub>IN</sub>    | Input Voltage                        | –0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5 | V    |
| I <sub>OUT</sub>   | LVDS Output Current                  | ±10%                         | mA   |
| T <sub>A</sub>     | Operating Temperature Range          | -40 to +85                   | °C   |
| T <sub>LEAD</sub>  | Lead Temperature (soldering, 20sec.) | 260                          | °C   |
| T <sub>store</sub> | Storage Temperature Range            | -65 to +150                  | °C   |

**Note 1.** Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC} = 3.0V \text{ to } 5.7V; \text{ GND} = 0V; T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}^{(2)}$ 

|                 |                                                               | T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C |          | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C |         |          | T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C |          |      |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------|----------|------------------------|----------|------|
| Symbol          | Parameter                                                     | Min.                   | Max.     | Min.                   | Тур.    | Max.     | Min.                   | Max.     | Unit |
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Power Supply Voltage                                          | 3.0                    | 5.7      | 3.0                    | _       | 5.7      | 3.0                    | 5.7      | V    |
| I <sub>CC</sub> | Power Supply Current $3.6V < V_{CC} < 5.7V$ $V_{CC} \le 3.6V$ |                        | 80<br>50 | _<br>_                 | _<br>30 | 80<br>50 | _<br>_                 | 80<br>50 | mA   |

#### **CML DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{CC} = 3.0V \text{ to } 5.7V; \text{ GND} = 0V; T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}^{(2)}$ 

| Symbol          | Parameter                  | Min. | Тур. | Max.                  | Unit | Condition |
|-----------------|----------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|------|-----------|
| $V_{ID}$        | Differential Input Voltage | 100  |      |                       | mV   |           |
| $V_{IH}$        | Input HIGH Voltage         | 1.6  | _    | V <sub>CC</sub>       | V    |           |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Input LOW Voltage          | 1.5  | _    | V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1 | V    |           |

# LVDS DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC} = 3.0V \text{ to } 5.7V; \text{ GND} = 0V; T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}^{(2)}$ 

| Symbol           | Parameter                                       | Min.        | Тур. | Max.  | Unit | Condition                |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|------|-------|------|--------------------------|
| V <sub>OD</sub>  | Differential Output Voltage <sup>(4)</sup>      | 250         | _    | 450   | mV   | 100 $\Omega$ Termination |
| V <sub>OCM</sub> | Output Common Mode<br>Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>    | 1.125       |      | 1.375 | ٧    |                          |
| $\Delta V_{OCM}$ | Change in Common Mode<br>Voltage <sup>(3)</sup> | <b>–</b> 50 | _    | +50   | mV   |                          |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | Output HIGH Voltage <sup>(4), (5)</sup>         |             |      | 1.474 | V    | I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0mA |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Output LOW Voltage <sup>(4), (5)</sup>          | 0.925       | _    | _     | V    | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4.0mA  |

Note 2. Equilibrium temperature.

Note 3. Measured as per Figure 4.

Note 4. Measured as per Figure 3.

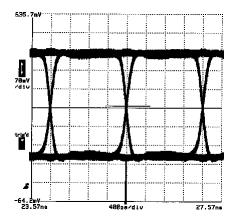
Note 5. Do not short output to GND.

# AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(1)</sup> $V_{CC} = 3.0V \text{ to } 5.7V; \text{ GND} = 0V; T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}^{(2)}$

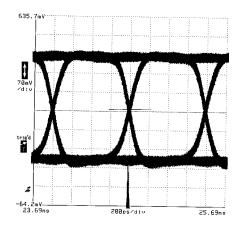
| Symbol                               | Parameter                                                      | Min. | Тур. | Max.      | Unit | Condition |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-----------|------|-----------|
| f <sub>MAX</sub>                     | Maximum Operating Frequency                                    | 750  | _    | _         | MHz  |           |
| t <sub>PLH</sub><br>t <sub>PHL</sub> | Propagation Delay<br>D0 to Q0, D1 to Q1                        | 300  | _    | 700       | ps   |           |
| t <sub>SKEW</sub>                    | Within-Device Skew <sup>(3)</sup><br>Part-to-Part Skew (Diff.) |      |      | 50<br>250 | ps   |           |
| t <sub>r</sub><br>t <sub>f</sub>     | LVDS Output Differential<br>Rise/Fall Times (20% to 80%)       | 100  | _    | 300       | ps   |           |

- Specification for packaged product only. Note 1.
- Note 2. Equilibrium temperature.
- Note 3. Worst case difference between Q0 and Q1 from either D0 or D1, when both outputs have the same transition.

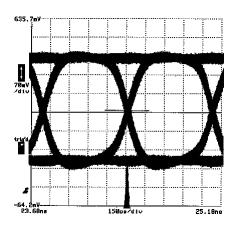
# EYE DIAGRAMS(1)



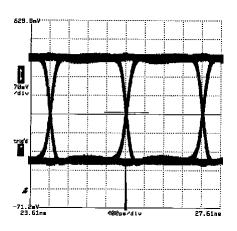
622Mbps 3.3V LVPECL-to-LVDS



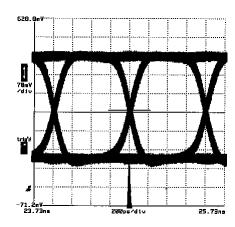
1.25Gbps 3.3V LVPECL-to-LVDS



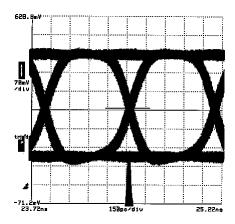
1.5Gbps 3.3V LVPECL-to-LVDS



622Mbps 3.3V CML-to-LVDS



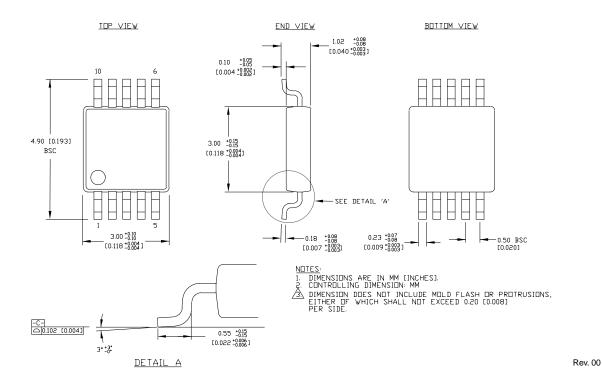
1.25Gbps 3.3V CML-to-LVDS



1.5Gbps 3.3V CML-to-LVDS

**Note 1.** 2<sup>23</sup>–1 pattern.

#### 10-PIN MSOP (K10-1)



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