# WRITE A PROGRAM TO GENERATE ASSEMBLY CODE FROM PREFIX CODE

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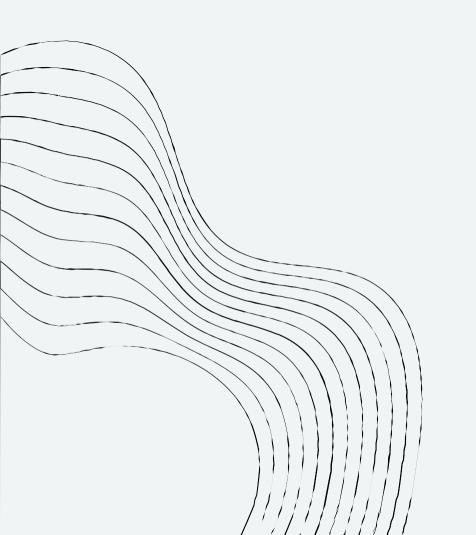
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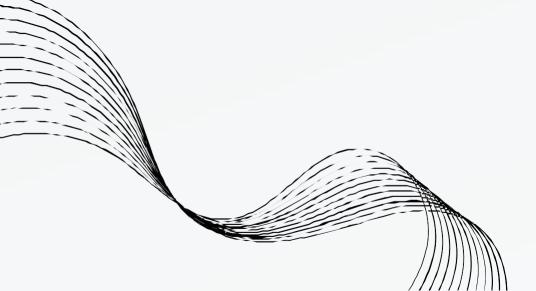






# **OBJECTIVE**

- The primary objective of this project is to develop a program that takes expressions in prefix notation as input and produces corresponding assembly language code as output.
  - This program aims to demonstrate an understanding of parsing, data transformation, and code generation techniques to convert prefix expressions into executable assembly code.







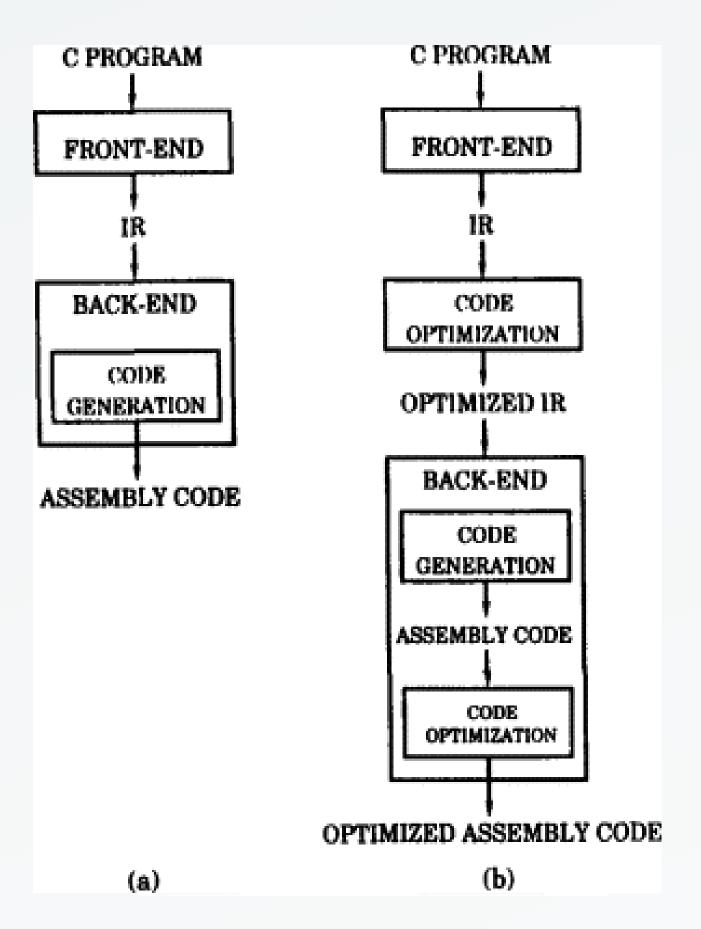
# **MODULES**

- **1.Input Processing Module:** Responsible for accepting and validating the prefix expression.
- **2.Parsing and Conversion Module:** Converts the prefix expression into a suitable data structure and transforms it into assembly code.
- **3.Assembly Code Generation Module:** Generates assembly code based on the parsed prefix expression.
- 4.Output Module: Outputs the generated assembly code.





# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**







# **USES**

## Educational Purposes:

- Provides a practical application of data structures and algorithms for parsing and conversion.
- Demonstrates the link between high-level expressions and low-level assembly instructions, aiding in comprehension of computer architecture.

## •Compiler Design:

 Offers a foundation for building a compiler or language interpreter, illustrating the translation of abstract syntax to executable code.





# **ALGORITHM**

<u>Initialize:</u> Start by defining an empty stack, an operator-to-assembly-instruction dictionary (for basic arithmetic operations), and an empty list to store assembly code.

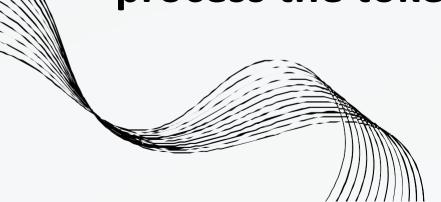
<u>Input:</u> Ask the user to enter a prefix expression. The expression is split into tokens, which are typically numbers and operators (e.g., "+", "-", "\*", "/").

<u>Processing Tokens:</u> Iterate through the tokens in reverse order (right to left), which is a common way to process prefix expressions.

Stack: Use a stack to keep track of operands (numbers) and operators as you process the tokens.







## **Token Handling:**

- If the token is a number, push it onto the stack.
- If the token is an operator (e.g., "+", "-", "\*", "/"):
- Pop the top two operands from the stack (the last two numbers added to the stack).
- Use the operator to perform an arithmetic operation on these two operands.
- Push the result back onto the stack.

<u>Error Handling:</u> If the expression is not well-formed or if there's more than one value left on the stack at the end, raise an error (e.g., "Invalid prefix expression").



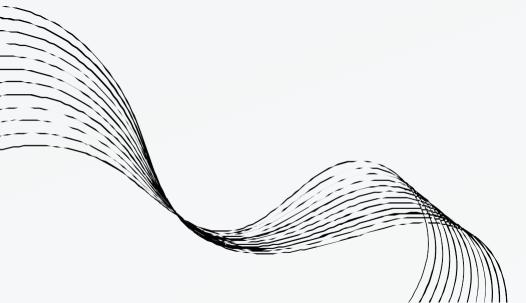


Result: The final result is at the top of the stack.

### **Generate Assembly Code:**

- Move the result to a special register (e.g., "eax" in x86 assembly).
- Optionally, call a function (e.g., "print\_result") to print the result. This
  part is a placeholder, and the actual printing code is not shown.

Output: Return the generated assembly code as a string.







# **CODE**

```
main.py
  1 def generate_assembly(prefix_expression):
         stack = []
         # Define a dictionary for mapping operators to assembly instructions
         operators = {
             '+': 'add',
             '-': 'sub',
             '*': 'imul',
             '/': 'idiv',
  9
 10
 11
 12
         assembly_code = []
 13
         # Iterate through the tokens in reverse order (right to left)
 14
         for token in reversed(prefix_expression):
 15 -
             if token.i
 16
                             (token) # Push operands onto the stack
 17
                 stack.
             elif token in operators:
 18
                 # Pop two operands from the stack
 19
 20
                 operand1 = stack.pop()
                 operand2 = stack.pop()
 21
 22
                 # Generate the corresponding assembly instruction
 23
                 instruction = operators[token]
 24
 25
                 # Emit the assembly instruction
 26
                 assembly_code.append(f'{instruction} {operand1}, {operand2}')
 27
```





```
28
               # Push the result back onto the stack
29
               stack.append(operand1)
30
31
           else:
                raise ValueError(f"Invalid token: {token}")
32
33
       # The final result should be on top of the stack
34
35 -
       if len(stack) != 1:
           raise ValueError("Invalid prefix expression")
36
37
       # Add code to print the result (assuming x86 assembly)
38
39
       result = stack[0]
       assembly_code.append(f'mov eax, {result}')
40
       assembly_code.append('call print_result')
41
42
       return '\n'.join(assembly_code)
43
44
45 # Get the prefix expression from the user
   prefix_expression = input("Enter a prefix expression: ").split()
47
48 # Example usage:
49 assembly_code = generate_assembly(prefix_expression)
50 print(assembly_code)
```

### **CODE LINK:**

https://docs.google.com/document/d/11U4r9Vjc3xfo6IB2jsIAxFkKqCSKP75eHggMa\_P 24n8/edit?usp=sharing



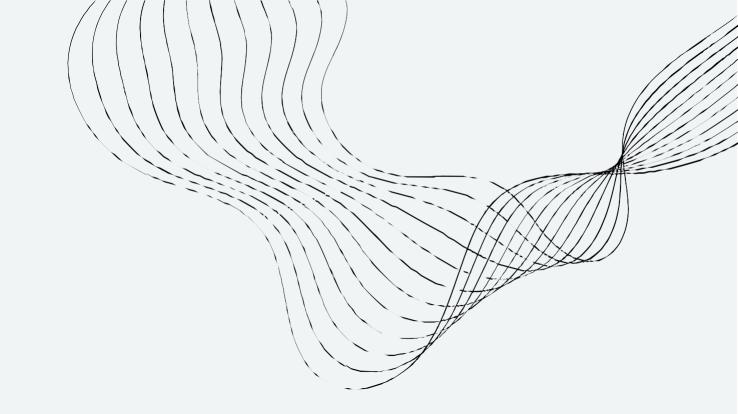


# **OUTPUT**

```
Enter a prefix expression: + 5 * 3 4
imul 3, 4
add 5, 3
mov eax, 5
call print_result
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```







# THANK YOU!



