

Welcome to the Dawn of Open-Source Networking.™

## **Linux IP Routers**

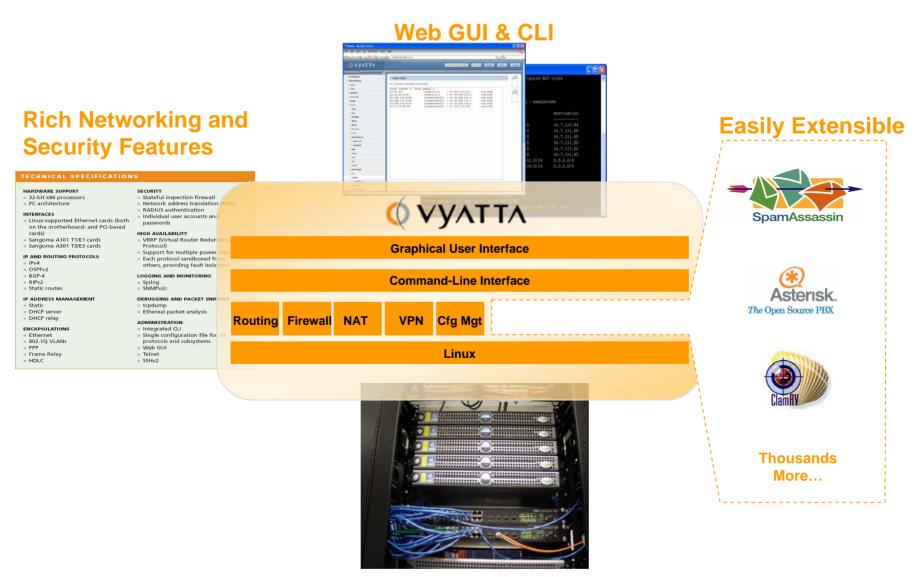
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### **Outline**

- About Vyatta: Open source project, and software product
- Areas we're working on or interested in working on
- Some of our performance testing results
- Conclusions



### **Vyatta - The Service Router, Redefined** Integrated, Yet Open



**Industry-Standard 32-bit x86** 



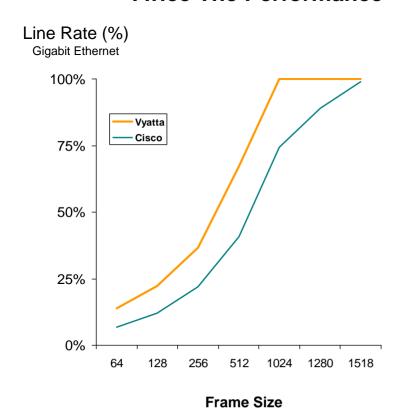
## **Vyatta: Scalable Software Performance**

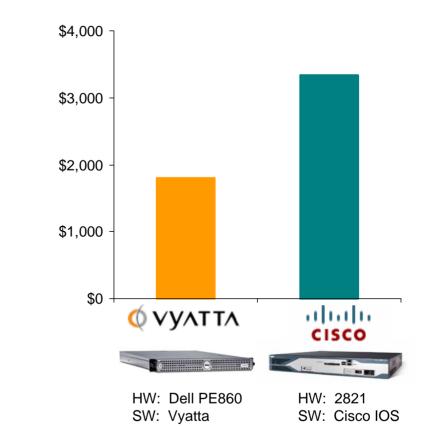


**Retail Price** 

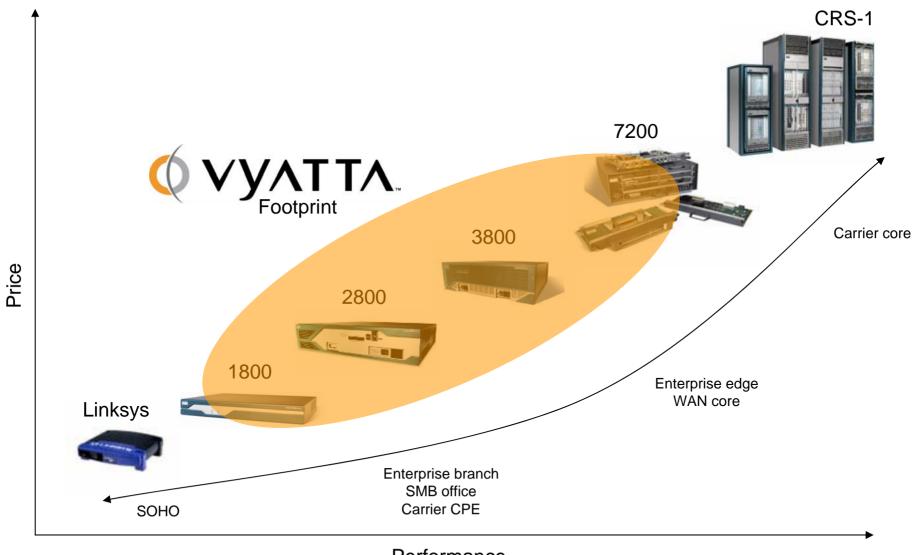
#### **Twice The Performance**

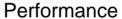
#### **Half The Price**





# Target Markets: Mid-range Router / Firewall / VPN







## **Vyatta Product**

- Linux Software Distribution
- Open Source Project and Product
  - Community (free) and Supported (pay) versions available
  - "Appliance" version also available.
  - Open bugzilla bug database, wiki, user group lists, docs
  - Open Git source repository
- Getting Community Version:
  - Start at: <a href="http://www.vyatta.com/community/">http://www.vyatta.com/community/</a>
  - Download and burn live CD: <a href="http://www.vyatta.com/download/">http://www.vyatta.com/download/</a>
  - Full source at: <a href="http://suva.vyatta.com/git/">http://suva.vyatta.com/git/</a>



#### **Software Focus Areas**

- Interested in working with the community on features relevant to running Linux as a router
  - Router issues not necessarily the same as server or desktop issues
- Routing protocol performance: XORP Package
  - Fast convergence large routing tables
  - Software optimization
  - MP scaling
- IP Forwarding performance
  - Performance with large routing tables (> 200,000 routes)
    - Kernel routing table (FIB) hash vs. TRIE tree implementation
  - Performance forwarding min-size (64 byte) packets
  - MP scaling: Efficiently take advantage of dual/quad core processors
    - Most new machines will be dual/quad core
- Scheduling IP forwarding and user-level routing protocols
  - Router runs both; Both are CPU intensive
  - Need to ensure both get adequate CPU under heavy load
  - Efficiently and fairly on MPs



#### **Hardware Focus Areas**

### Features NICs should support:

- PCI-e, especially for serial cards
  - · Some new machines support only PCI-e
  - Older serial/WAN NICs are still PCI-X
- Multiple MAC addresses
  - For MAC-address takeover
  - Used by Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) to provide High Availability
- NAPI support
- VLAN/Tagging support

### IPsec performance

- Raw encryption performance
- Hw encryption engine performance vs. more cores

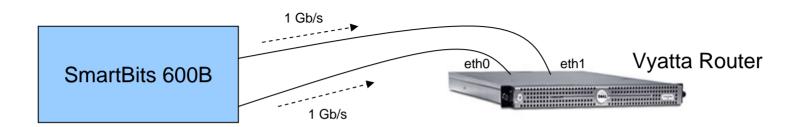


## **Testing results: IP Forwarding Performance**

- Two standardized router forwarding performance tests:
  - Zero-Loss Throughput Test
    - Reduce offered rate until all packets get through (higher is better)
  - Packet Loss Test
    - At 100 % offered rate, measure packet loss rate at various packet sizes (lower is better)
  - Both tests defined in the IETF Benchmark Methodology Spec (RFC 2544)
  - Both measure at range of packet sizes (64 bytes 1518 bytes)

#### Test configuration

- SmartBits 600B network traffic generator
- 2 GbE links Bidirectional test





## **Testing results: IP Forwarding Performance**

#### Platforms tested:

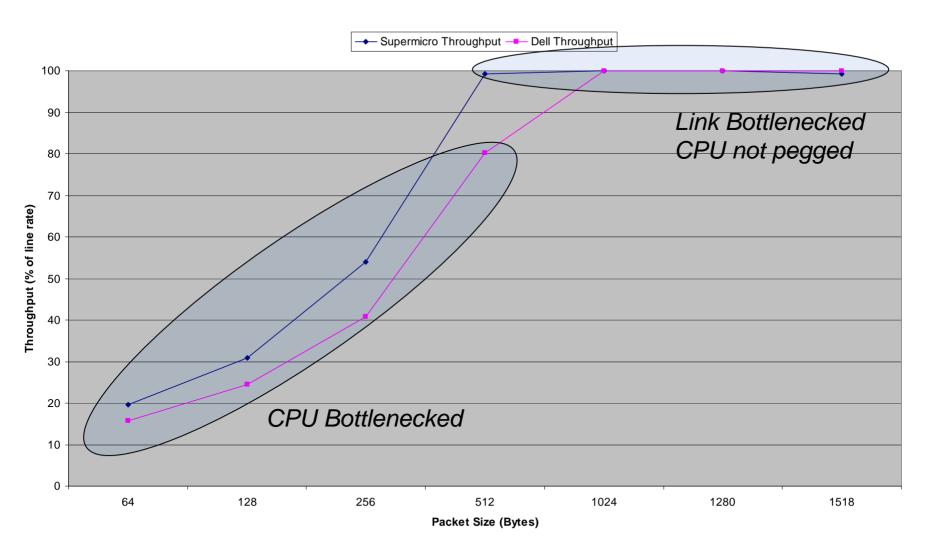
- 1. Dell PE860:
  - Celeron 336: 2.8 GHz CPU, 256 KB L2 cache
  - 533 MHz FSB
  - 2 x On-board BCM 5721 NIC
  - PCI-e x1 lane interconnect to each NIC
- 2. SuperMicro PDSM4+ motherboard:
  - Dual-core Pentium-D 935: 3.2 GHz CPUs, 2 MB L2 cache
  - 800 MHz FSB
  - Off-board 2-port Intel 82571 NIC
  - PCI-e x4 lane interconnect to NIC

#### Linux 2.6.20 kernel

- No firewall rules
- No NAT

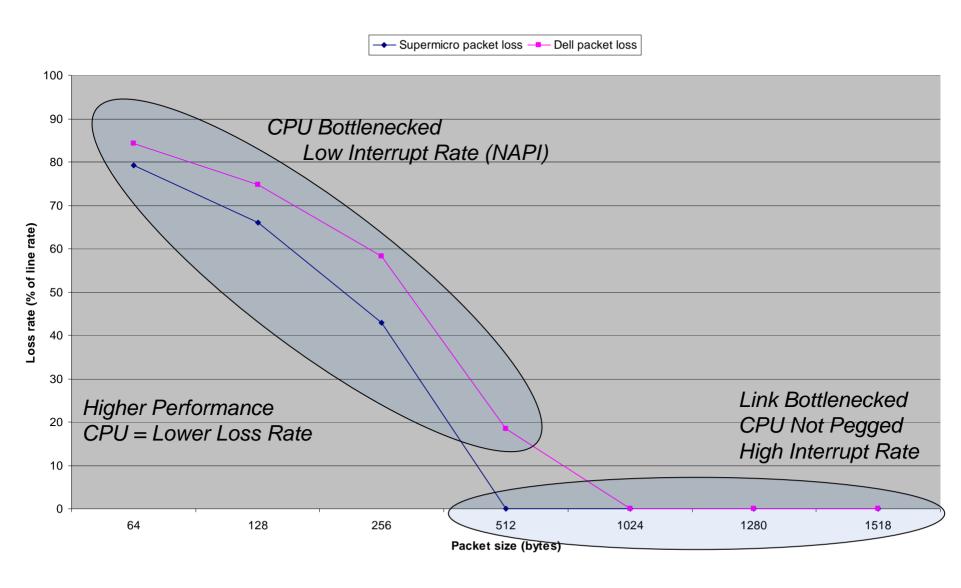


# **Zero-Loss Throughput Comparison**





## **Loss Rate Test Comparison**





#### **Observations**

- "Low end" server platforms deliver excellent IP forwarding performance
- Forwarding performance correlates with CPU performance
  - Higher performance CPU → higher throughput rate, lower loss rate
  - At small packet sizes, when CPU is pegged
- NAPI appears to be working
  - Interrupts moderated when CPU is pegged
- One issue to be investigated:
  - Only one CPU utilized on dual-core Pentium-D platform



### Conclusion

- Linux on x86 server platform makes a great IP router!
  - "Twice the performance at half the price".
- Vyatta is interested in working with the community to improve features relevant to IP routing

