Combining Servers and Databases!

The plan for the day:

Set up express server (using Express generator)

Set up a database (using Heroku)

Hook up express app and database (so we can use NODE and JS to start sending our SQL queries)

Set up tables in our DB and get the data in them (populate them)

Hook up our server's logic to talk to the DB instead of a file

Express application generator

Sets up a basic server for us. Uses Common S!

npx express-generator

Or use Chris Meah's way that converts to ESM for us!

Npx express-generator-esmodules.

It definitely is npx, not npm!

Npm allows you install packages in the node-modules folder so you can use them permanently on the plumber. Npx allows it to get set up quickly and then leave straight away without hanging around!

Still need to npm i first!

All code in app.js we used before plus a load of middleware such as a logger. This sets up the listener in bin folder – www.js – either using the provided port from env.variable if there is one, or 3000 by default.

Heroku

Create new app (not pipeline)

Add-ons – Heroku Postgres

Node-postgres

Collection of modules to interface with PostgreSQL DB.

npm install pg

Change the CommonJS import syntax to ESM (can still use object destructuring or import pg from "pg" then const pool = new pg.Pool()

Refactor the arrow function

Change the module.exports to export function (query) (CommonJS to ESM)

```
EXPLORER
                           M♣ plan.md 1
                                           Js index.js
∨ WEEK-05
                            demo_node-pg > db > Js index.js > ...
                                  import pg from "pg";
demo_express-generator
demo_node-pg
                                  const pool = new pg.Pool();
 bin
 db
                                  export function query(text, params, callback) {
  Js index.js
                                   return pool query(text, params, callback);
  libs
                              8
  models
  node_modules
```

Pooling

Connection pool

Think of a guy with a bunch of hoses that can be connected between server and databases. The guy is the "pool"!

Query function

This query function converts our Node request in to a SQL query Always need the text argument but params and callback are optional (but may be needed if doing anything other than simple SELECT * FROM table)

Configuring the Pool

Fill in all fields with details from Database Credentials from Heroku Postgres page

```
const pool = new Pool({
  user: 'dbuser',
  host: 'database.server.com',
  database: 'mydb',
  password: 'secretpassword',
  port: 3211,
  ssl: { rejectUnauthorized: false },  This is specific to Heroku!
})
```

But don't hardcode your credentials! These should be stored in **environment variables**:

Environment variables are a great way to securely and conveniently configure things that don't change often, like URLs, authentication keys and passwords.

They are supported out of the box with Node and are accessible via the env object (which is a property of the process global object). But we are going to use DotEnv for now (https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/how-to-use-node-environment-variables-with-a-dotenv-file-for-node-js-and-npm/)

Convention is to write environment variables in all caps No semicolon at end of the line

Npm I --save-dev dotenv Can always use -D instead of -save-dev

Create .env file and put all the PG variables in:

Then swap these variables in to the index.js file using process.env.PGUSER for example:

```
no_node-pg > db > ____s index.js > [@] pool > ____s ssl > ____ rejectUna
    import pg from "pg";

const pool = new pg.Pool({
        user: process.env.PGUSER,
        host: process.env.PGHOST,
        database: process.env.PGDATABASE,
        password: process.env.PGPASSWORD,
        port: process.env.PGPORT,
        ssl: { rejectUnauthorized: false },
    });

export function query(text, params, callback) {
        return pool.query(text, params, callback);
    }
```

Then use the Preload section of the docs to see how to automatically load dotenv when it runs, using the script in the package-json, in the dev key:

```
"name": "workshop-rest-express",
"version": "0.0.0",
"private": true,
"type": "module",

    Debug

"scripts": {
        "start": "node ./bin/www.js",
        "dev": "nodemon -r dotenv/config ./bin/www.js"
},
```

Then ensure to add .env to .gitignore (it may already be there as Express Generator sets it for you) so your passwords don't get uploaded to GitHub

Set up tables in our DB and get the data in them (populate them)

Create new folder inside db called scripts, then new file called createBooksTable.|S

The plan

- Import query function from db/index.js
- Write SQL string that creates our table
 - Columns: book_id INT PRIMARY KEY GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY, author_id INT, title TEXT, publishedDate TEXT (for now as we are beginners but can use DATE!)
- Use our query function to communicate with the database (passing in SQL string as the text argument)

```
Import { query } from "../index.js";
```

const sqlString = `CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS books (book_id INT PRIMARY KEY GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY, author id INT, title TEXT, publishedDate TEXT);`;

IF NOT EXISTS simply checks that the table doesn't already exist so you don't create duplicate tables or overwrite. Semicolon inside backticks is for SQL, the one outside is for JS.

```
async function createBooksTable() {
          const res = await query(sqlString);
          console.log('created books table'); could use something that you get back from SQL
}
```

createBooksTable()

Note from Arshi: could get away with awaiting outside of async function as we are using ESM.

Then can use this as another script inside the package.json file:

"db:createBooksTable": "node -r dotenv/config ./db/scripts/createBooksTable.js"

Then add it to scripts in package.json file and use npm run db:createBooksTable to run the script! Can check it's worked by visiting Heroku Postgres page and selecting overview tab, it should say I table!

```
"name": "workshop-rest-express",
        "version": "0.0.0",
        "private": true,
        "type": "module",
        "scripts": {
          "start": "node ./bin/www.js",
          "dev": "nodemon -r dotenv/config ./bin/www.js",
          "db:createBooksTable": "node -r dotenv/config ./db/scripts/createBooksTable.js"
 9
        "dependencies": {
          "cookie-parser": "~1.4.4",
          "debug": "~2.6.9",
          "express": "~4.16.1",
               OUTPUT TERMINAL
                                                                    🍞 bash - demo_node-pg 🕂 🗸 🔲 🛍 🗥 🗙
   at Client._handleAuthSASLContinue (/Users/lizkaufman/Projects/SoC/BC12/03_demos/week-05/demo_node-pg/n
ode_modules/pg/lib/client.js:257:10)
   at /Users/lizkaufman/Projects/SoC/BC12/03_demos/week-05/demo_node-pg/node_modules/pg/lib/connection.js
   at Parser.parse (/Users/lizkaufman/Projects/SoC/BC12/03_demos/week-05/demo_node-pg/node_modules/pg-pro
tocol/dist/parser.js:40:17)
   at Socket.<anonymous> (/Users/lizkaufman/Projects/SoC/BC12/03_demos/week-05/demo_node-pg/node_modules/
pg-protocol/dist/index.js:11:42)
    at Socket.emit (node:events:527:28)
lizkaufman demo_node-pg npm run db:createBooksTable
```

Populate books table

Create populateBooksTable.js inside db/scripts folder

Plan

- Import my query from db/index
- INSERT INTO statement inserting values from our data into our table
 - Import data array
 - Loop through data array to visit each object
 - o For each object, insert the data into our database
- Confirm data is successfully going in

This query is vulnerable to SQL injection as people could populate the books[i].author_id with SQL command like DROP TABLE "companies" which would delete the entire table!

So this is how we sanitise them:

Const res = await query(`INSERT INTO books (author_id, title, publishedDate) VALUES (\$1, \$2, \$3);`, [books[i].author_id, books[i].title]);

This parameterises the query which under the hood will be sanitised to remove any; and stuff that can cause problems.

Add a console.log to show the loop is working each time then call the function:

Then add to scripts in package.json:

"db:populateBooksTable": "node -r dotenv/config ./db/scripts/populuateBooksTable.js"

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "node ./bin/www.js",
    "dev": "nodemon -r dotenv/config ./bin/www.
    js",
    "db:createBooksTable": "node -r dotenv/
    config ./db/scripts/createBooksTable.js",
    "db:populateBooksTable": "node -r dotenv/
    config ./db/scripts/populateBooksTable.js"
},
"danagdansias": {
```

Then run using npm run db:populateBooksTable

During lunch, Liz added drop table script to reset table

Missing line I – which imports query from index.js

Res is an object that we get back from the DB. The command property tells you what you asked it...The data you get back is in res.rows.

```
. . .
                                                              dropBooksTable.js — week-05
        EXPLORER
                               M♣ plan.md 1
                                                us createBooksTable.js
                                                                          Js populateBooksTab
 Ð
      ∨ WEEK-05 [‡ [‡ ] ひ @
                                                   Js index.js
                               package.json
         bin 🗰
                                demo_node-pg > db > scripts > Js dropBooksTable.js > ♦ createBook
         db
          scripts
                                       const sqlString = `DROP TABLE IF EXISTS books;`;
          Js createBooksTabl...
                                       async function createBooksTable() {
           Js dropBooksTable.js
                                        const res = await query(sqlString);
           us populateBooksT...
                                         console.log(res.command, "dropped books table");
          Js index.js
         libs
          Js data.js
                                       createBooksTable();
 models
```

And added 2 scripts to to package.json, first to just drop the table and then a chain of the 3 keys to reset table with && to drop, create and populate table from scratch.

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "node ./bin/www.js",
    "dev": "nodemon -r dotenv/config ./bin/www.js",
    "db:createBooksTable": "node -r dotenv/config ./db/scripts/createBooksTable.js",
    "db:populateBooksTable": "node -r dotenv/config ./db/scripts/populateBooksTable.
    js",
    "db:dropBooksTable": "node -r dotenv/config ./db/scripts/dropBooksTable.js",
    "db:resetBooksTable": "npm run db:dropBooksTable && npm run db:createBooksTable &&
    npm run db:populateBooksTable"
},
"dependencies": {
```

Can also run Dataclip in Heroku Postgres directly to check the table is working