Congratulations! You passed!

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**To pass** 80% or higher

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1. Which is an example of a classification task?

- Based on the size of each tumor, determine if each tumor is malignant (cancerous) or not.
- Based on a patient's age and blood pressure, determine how much blood pressure medication (measured in milligrams) the patient should be prescribed.
- O Based on a patient's blood pressure, determine how much blood pressure medication (a dosage measured in milligrams) the patient should be prescribed.

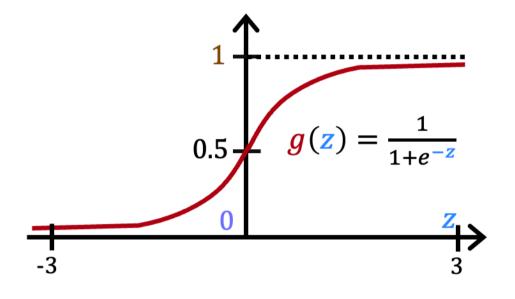
Correct
This task predicts one of two classes, malignant or not malignant.

**2.** Recall the sigmoid function is  $g(z)=rac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$ 

1/1 point

1/1 point

## sigmoid function



If z is a large positive number, then:

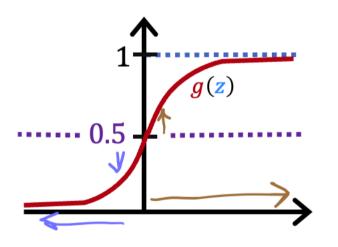
- igcap g(z) will be near zero (0)
- igotimes g(z) is near one (1)
- igcup g(z) will be near 0.5
- igcirc g(z) is near negative one (-1)

which is close to  $1\,$ 

igoplus Correct Say z = +100. So  $e^{-z}$  is then  $e^{-100}$  , a really small positive number. So,  $g(z)=rac{1}{1+{
m a\,small\,positive\,number}}$ 

1/1 point

1/1 point



A cat photo classification model predicts 1 if it's a cat, and 0 if it's not a cat. For a particular photograph, the logistic regression model outputs g(z) (a number between 0 and 1). Which of these would be a reasonable criteria to decide whether to predict if it's a cat?

- Predict it is a cat if  $g(z) \ge 0.5$
- O Predict it is a cat if g(z) < 0.7
- Predict it is a cat if g(z) = 0.5
- Predict it is a cat if g(z) < 0.5

Correct
Think of g(z) as the probability that the photo is of a cat. When this number is at or above the threshold of 0.5, predict that it is a cat.

True/False? No matter what features you use (including if you use polynomial features), the decision boundary

False

○ True

Correct
 The decision boundary can also be non-linear, as described in the lectures.

learned by logistic regression will be a linear decision boundary.

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