

✔ Congratulations! You passed!

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higher

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1 / 1 point

1. You are using reinforcement learning to control a four legged robot. The position of the robot would be its _____

- ☐ reward
- ☐ return
- ☒ state
- ☐ action

✔ Correct
Great!

1 / 1 point

2. You are controlling a Mars rover. You will be very very happy if it gets to state 1 (significant scientific discovery), slightly happy if it gets to state 2 (small scientific discovery), and unhappy if it gets to state 3 (rover is permanently damaged). To reflect this, choose a reward function so that:

- ☐ $R(1) > R(2) > R(3)$, where $R(1)$, $R(2)$ and $R(3)$ are positive.
- ☐ $R(1) < R(2) < R(3)$, where $R(1)$ and $R(2)$ are negative and $R(3)$ is positive.
- ☐ $R(1) > R(2) > R(3)$, where $R(1)$, $R(2)$ and $R(3)$ are negative.
- ☒ $R(1) > R(2) > R(3)$, where $R(1)$ and $R(2)$ are positive and $R(3)$ is negative.

✔ Correct
Good job!

1 / 1 point

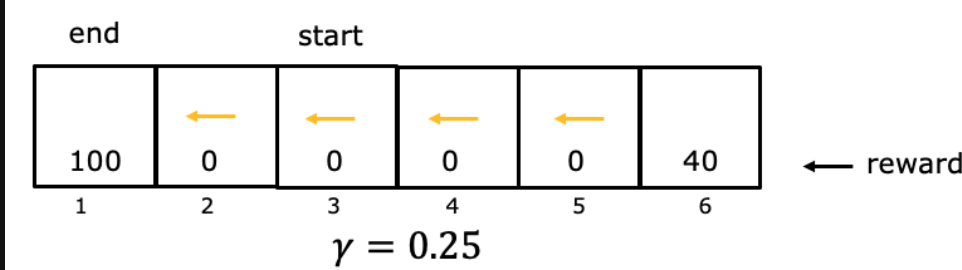
3. You are using reinforcement learning to fly a helicopter. Using a discount factor of 0.75, your helicopter starts in some state and receives rewards -100 on the first step, -100 on the second step, and 1000 on the third and final step (where it has reached a terminal state). What is the return?

- ☒ $-100 - 0.75 \times 100 + 0.75^2 \times 1000$
- ☐ $-0.25 \times 100 - 0.25^2 \times 100 + 0.25^3 \times 1000$
- ☐ $-0.75 \times 100 - 0.75^2 \times 100 + 0.75^3 \times 1000$
- ☐ $-100 - 0.25 \times 100 + 0.25^2 \times 1000$

✔ Correct
Awesome!

1 / 1 point

4. Given the rewards and actions below, compute the return from state 3 with a discount factor of $\gamma = 0.25$.



- ☒ 6.25
- ☐ 0.39
- ☐ 25
- ☐ 0

✔ Correct
If starting from state 3, the rewards are in states 3, 2, and 1. The return is $0 + (0.25) \times 0 + (0.25)^2 \times 100 = 6.25$.