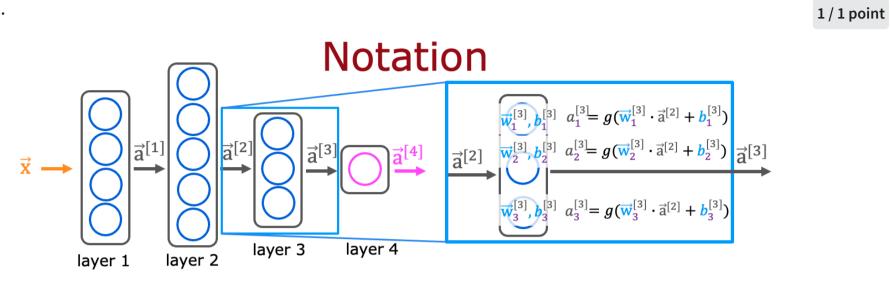
Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100%

Latest Submission Grade 100%

To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item



For a neural network, what is the expression for calculating the activation of the third neuron in layer 2? Note, this is different from the question that you saw in the lecture video.

$$igcirc a_3^{[2]} = g(ec w_3^{[2]} \cdot ec a^{[2]} + b_3^{[2]})$$

$$igcirc a_3^{[2]} = g(ec w_2^{[3]} \cdot ec a^{[1]} + b_2^{[3]})$$

$$igcirc a_3^{[2]} = g(ec w_2^{[3]} \cdot ec a^{[2]} + b_2^{[3]})$$

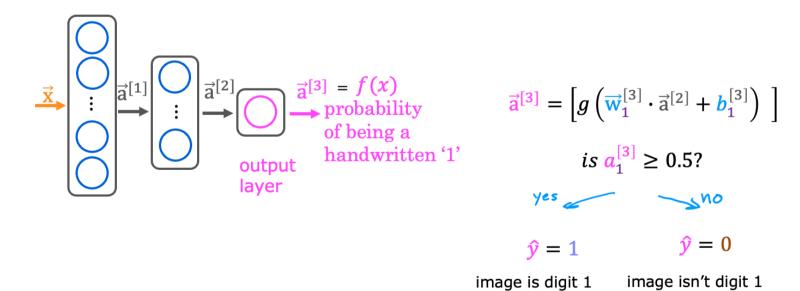
$$igotimes a_3^{[2]} = g(ec{w}_3^{[2]} \cdot ec{a}^{[1]} + b_3^{[2]})$$

⊘ Correct

Yes! The superscript [2] refers to layer 2. The subscript 3 refers to the neuron in that layer. The input to layer 2 is the activation vector from layer 1.

Handwritten digit recognition

1/1 point



For the handwriting recognition task discussed in lecture, what is the output $a_1^{[3]}$?

- A vector of several numbers, each of which is either exactly 0 or 1
- A number that is either exactly 0 or 1, comprising the network's prediction
- A vector of several numbers that take values between 0 and 1
- The estimated probability that the input image is of a number 1, a number that ranges from 0 to 1.

⊘ Correct

Yes! The neural network outputs a single number between 0 and 1.