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Sorting: Bubble Sort



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Check out the resources on the page's right side to learn more about bubble sort. The video tutorial is by Gayle Laakmann McDowell, author of the best-selling interview book [Cracking the Coding Interview](#).

Consider the following version of Bubble Sort:

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    // Track number of elements swapped during a single array traversal
    int numberOfSwaps = 0;

    for (int j = 0; j < n - 1; j++) {
        // Swap adjacent elements if they are in decreasing order
        if (a[j] > a[j + 1]) {
            swap(a[j], a[j + 1]);
            numberOfSwaps++;
        }
    }

    // If no elements were swapped during a traversal, array is sorted
    if (numberOfSwaps == 0) {
        break;
    }
}
```

Task

Given an n -element array, $A = a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}$, of distinct elements, sort array A in ascending order using the *Bubble Sort* algorithm above. Once sorted, print the following three lines:

1. Array is sorted in `numSwaps` swaps., where *numSwaps* is the number of swaps that took place.
2. First Element: `firstElement`, where *firstElement* is the *first* element in the sorted array.
3. Last Element: `lastElement`, where *lastElement* is the *last* element in the sorted array.

Hint: To complete this challenge, you must add a variable that keeps a running tally of *all* swaps that occur during execution.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, n , denoting the number of elements in array A .

The second line contains n space-separated integers describing the respective values of a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{n-1} .

Constraints

- $2 \leq n \leq 600$
- $1 \leq a_i \leq 2 \times 10^6, \forall i \in [0, n - 1]$

Output Format

You must print the following three lines of output:

1. Array is sorted in `numSwaps` swaps., where *numSwaps* is the number of swaps that took place.
2. First Element: `firstElement`, where *firstElement* is the *first* element in the sorted array.
3. Last Element: `lastElement`, where *lastElement* is the *last* element in the sorted array.

Sample Input 0

```
3
1 2 3
```

Sample Output 0

```
Array is sorted in 0 swaps.  
First Element: 1  
Last Element: 3
```

Explanation 0

The array is already sorted, so **0** swaps take place and we print the necessary three lines of output shown above.

Sample Input 1

```
3  
3 2 1
```

Sample Output 1

```
Array is sorted in 3 swaps.  
First Element: 1  
Last Element: 3
```

Explanation 1

The array is *not sorted*, and its initial values are: **{3, 2, 1}**. The following **3** swaps take place:

1. **{3, 2, 1} → {2, 3, 1}**
2. **{2, 3, 1} → {2, 1, 3}**
3. **{2, 1, 3} → {1, 2, 3}**

At this point the array is sorted and we print the necessary three lines of output shown above.

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Submissions: [7306](#)

Max Score: 30

Difficulty: Medium

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☆☆☆☆☆

Need Help?

4:35

[Bubble Sort](#)

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Current Buffer (saved locally, editable)  

C#



```
1 using System;  
2 using System.Collections.Generic;  
3 using System.IO;  
4 using System.Linq;  
5 class Solution {  
6  
7     public static int BubbleSort(int[] a)  
8     {  
9         int total_swaps = 0;  
10        int n = a.Length;  
11  
12        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
13        {  
14            // Track number of elements swapped during a single array traversal  
15            int numberOfSwaps = 0;
```

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    for (int j = 0; j < n - 1; j++)
    {
        // Swap adjacent elements if they are in decreasing order
        if (a[j] > a[j + 1])
        {
            //swap(a[j], a[j + 1]);
            int temp = a[j];
            a[j] = a[j+1];
            a[j + 1] = temp;
            numberOfSwaps++;
            total_swaps++;
        }
    }

    // If no elements were swapped during a traversal, array is sorted
    if (numberOfSwaps == 0)
    {
        break;
    }
}

return total_swaps;
}

static void Main(string[] args)
{
    //int[] a = { 3, 2, 1 };
    //int[] a = { 6, 1, 5, 9, 4, 7, 3, 8, 2 };
    //BubbleSort(a);
    //foreach (int elem in a)
    //{
    //    Console.WriteLine(elem + " ");
    //}

    int n = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
    string[] a_temp = Console.ReadLine().Split(' ');
    int[] a = Array.ConvertAll(a_temp, e => int.Parse(e));

    int total_swaps = BubbleSort(a);
    Console.WriteLine("Array is sorted in {0} swaps.", total_swaps);
    Console.WriteLine("First Element: {0}", a[0]);
    Console.WriteLine("Last Element: {0}", a[a.Length - 1]);

    // Console.ReadLine();
}
```

Line: 1 Col: 1

[Upload Code as File](#) ☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

Congrats, you solved this challenge!

✓ Test Case #0

✓ Test Case #1

✓ Test Case #2

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