







Rank









Arrays Challenges

Left Rotation



Problem

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A *left rotation* operation on an array of size n shifts each of the array's elements 1 unit to the left. For example, if 2 left rotations are performed on array [1, 2, 3, 4, 5], then the array would become [3, 4, 5, 1, 2].

Given an array of n integers and a number, d, perform d left rotations on the array. Then print the updated array as a single line of space-separated integers.

Input Format

The first line contains two space-separated integers denoting the respective values of n (the number of integers) and d (the number of left rotations you must perform).

The second line contains n space-separated integers describing the respective elements of the array's initial state.

Constraints

- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $1 \le d \le n$
- $1 \le a_i \le 10^6$

Output Format

Print a single line of n space-separated integers denoting the final state of the array after performing d left rotations.

Sample Input

5 4

1 2 3 4 5

Sample Output

5 1 2 3 4

Explanation

When we perform d=4 left rotations, the array undergoes the following sequence of changes:

$$[1,2,3,4,5] \rightarrow [2,3,4,5,1] \rightarrow [3,4,5,1,2] \rightarrow [4,5,1,2,3] \rightarrow [5,1,2,3,4]$$

Thus, we print the array's final state as a single line of space-separated values, which is 5 1 2 3 4.

f ⊮ in

Submissions: 36276 Max Score: 20 Difficulty: Easy

Rate This Challenge:



```
Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) &
                                                                                           C#
                                                                                                                            Ö
 1 using System;
   using System.Collections.Generic;
 3 using System.IO;
 4 ▼ class Solution {
 5
 6
            static int[] rotateLeft(int[] a, int d)
 7 🔻
 8
                 d = d % a.Length;
 9
10
                 int[] temp = new int[d];
11
                 for (int i = 0; i < d; i++)
12 '
13
                     temp[i] = a[i];
14
15
                 for (int i = d; i < a.Length; i++)</pre>
16
17 ▼
                     a[i - d] = a[i];
18
19
20
                 int indice_temp =0;
21
                for (int i = a.Length - d; i < a.Length; i++)
22 •
                 {
23
                     a[i] = temp[indice_temp++];
24
25
26
                 return a;
27
            }
28
29
30
            static void Main(string[] args)
31
32
                 //int[] a = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 };
33
                 // rotateLeft(a, 2);
34
35
                 string[] nd = Console.ReadLine().Split(' ');
36
                 int n = int.Parse(nd[0].ToString());
37
                 int d = int.Parse(nd[1].ToString());
38
39
                 int[] a = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(' '), e => int.Parse(e));
40
41
                 foreach (int elem in rotateLeft(a, d))
42 v
                     Console.Write(elem + " ");
43
44
45
46
                 Console.ReadLine();
47
            }
48
49
   }
                                                                                                                  Line: 18 Col: 33
```

Congrats, you solved this challenge!

✓ Test Case #0

✓ Test Case #3

Test against custom input

✓ Test Case #6

✓ Test Case #1

✓ Test Case #4

✓ Test Case #7

✓ Test Case #2

Run Code

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✓ Test Case #8

1 Upload Code as File

✓ Test Case #9

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