







Rank









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Accurate Sorting



Problem

Submissions

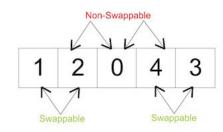
Leaderboard

Discussions

Your submission will run against only preliminary test cases. Full test cases will run at the end of the day.

Consider an unsorted array, $A = a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}$, of distinct integers from 0 to n-1. We can *swap* two adjacent elements in A any number of times as long as the absolute difference between these elements is 1.

For example, the diagram below depicts an array where we can swap adjacent elements 1 and 2 or 4 and 3, but we cannot swap adjacent elements 2 and 0 or 0 and 4:



Answer q queries, where each query consists of some array A. For each query, print Yes on a new line if it's possible to sort the array in ascending order by performing the swap operation defined above; otherwise, print No instead.

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer denoting q. The subsequent lines describe each of the q queries in the following format:

- 1. The first line contains an integer denoting n.
- 2. The second line contains n space-separated integers describing the respective values of a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{n-1} .

Constraints

- $1 \le q \le 10$
- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- The sum of n over all queries doesn't exceed 10^5 .

Output Format

For each query, print Yes on a new line if it's possible to sort the array; otherwise, print No instead.

Sample Input 0

- 2 4 1 0 3 2 3
- 2 1 0

Sample Output 0

Yes No

Explanation 0

We perform the following q = 2 queries:

1. The following sequence of swaps will sort the array in ascending order:

$$A = [1, 0, 3, 2] \rightarrow [\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{1}, 3, 2] \rightarrow [0, 1, \mathbf{2}, \mathbf{3}]$$

Because \boldsymbol{A} is now sorted, we print Yes on a new line.

2. Initially, we can perform two possible swaps:

1. $A = [2, 1, 0] \rightarrow [1, 2, 0]$

After performing this swap, no number of additional swaps can move **0** to the front of the array.

2.
$$A = [2, 1, 0] \rightarrow [2, 0, 1]$$

After performing this swap, no number of additional swaps can move 2 to the back of the array.

Because there's no way for us to sort the array, we print No on a new line.

F in

Contest ends in 6 days

Submissions: 1365

Max Score: 25

Difficulty: Easy

Rate This Challenge:

なかなかか

```
Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) & 4
                                                                                          C#
1 using System;
  using System.Collections.Generic;
  using System.IO;
3
4 using System.Linq;
5 ▼ class Solution {
6
        static void Main(String[] args) {
7 ▼
8
            int q = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
9
                for (int a0 = 0; a0 < q; a0++)
10 ▼
                {
11
                    int n = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
                    string[] a_temp = Console.ReadLine().Split(' ');
12
                     int[] a = Array.ConvertAll(a_temp, e => int.Parse(e));
13
                    // Write Your Code Here
14
15
16
                    //int[] a = { 1, 0, 3, 2 };
17
                    //sort = \{ 0, 1, 2, 3 \}
                    //int[] a = { 2, 1, 0 };
18
19
20
                    int[] sort = a.ToList().ToArray();
21
                    Array.Sort(sort);
22
23
                    Dictionary<int, int> indices_a = new Dictionary<int, int>();
24
                    for (int i = 0; i < a.Length; i++)
25 ▼
26
                         indices_a[a[i]] = i;
27
28
                    Dictionary<int, int> indices_sort = new Dictionary<int, int>();
29
                    for (int i = 0; i < sort.Length; i++)</pre>
30 1
```

```
31
                          indices_sort[sort[i]] = i;
32
                     }
33
34
                     string ans = "Yes";
35
                     for (int i = 0; i < a.Length; i++)
36 •
                          int i_copia = indices_a[a[i]]; // Array.IndexOf(a, a[i]);
37
38
                         int i_sort = indices_sort[a[i_copia]]; // Array.IndexOf(sort, a[i_copia]);
39
                         while (i_copia < i_sort)</pre>
40
41 🔻
                         {
                              if (i_copia + 1 < a.Length && Math.Abs(a[i_copia] - a[i_copia + 1]) <= 1)
42
43 ▼
                              {
44
                                  int temp = a[i_copia];
45
                                  a[i_copia] = a[i_copia + 1];
46
                                  a[i\_copia + 1] = temp;
47
48
                                  i_copia++;
                              }
49
50
                              else
51 ▼
                              {
52
                                  break;
53
                              }
54
                         }
55
                         while (i_copia > i_sort)
56 ▼
57
                              if (i\_copia - 1 >= 0 \&\& Math.Abs(a[i\_copia] - a[i\_copia - 1]) <= 1)
58 ₹
59
                                  int temp = a[i_copia];
60
                                  a[i_copia] = a[i_copia - 1];
61
                                  a[i_copia - 1] = temp;
62
63
                                  i copia--;
                              }
64
65
                              else
66 ₹
                              {
67
                                  break;
                              }
68
69
                         }
70
71
                         if (i_copia != i_sort)
72 ▼
                              ans = "No";
73
74
                              break;
75
                          }
76
77
                     }
78
79
                     Console.WriteLine(ans);
80
                 }
81
82
        }
83
84
                                                                                                                     Line: 81 Col: 1
```

<u>**1**</u> <u>Upload Code as File</u> □ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

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