Jumping on the Clouds: Revisited





Aerith is playing a cloud game! In this game, there are n clouds numbered sequentially from n to n to n to n a thundercloud.

Aerith starts out on cloud 0 with energy level E=100. She can use 1 unit of energy to make a jump of size k to cloud (i+k) % n until she gets back to cloud 0. If Aerith lands on a thundercloud, her energy (E) decreases by 2 additional units. The game ends when Aerith lands back on cloud 0.

Given the values of n, k, and the configuration of the clouds, can you determine the final value of E after the game ends?

Note: Recall that % refers to the modulo operation.

Input Format



- If $c_i = 0$, then cloud i is an ordinary cloud.
- If $c_i = 1$, then cloud i is a thundercloud.

Constraints

- $2 \le n \le 25$
- $1 \le k \le n$
- n % k = 0
- $c_i \in \{0, 1\}$

Output Format

Print the final value of \boldsymbol{E} on a new line.

Sample Input

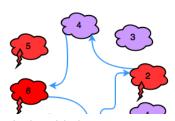
82

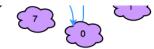
Sample Output

92

Explanation

In the diagram below, red clouds are thunderclouds and purple clouds are ordinary clouds:





Observe that our thunderclouds are the clouds numbered 2, 5, and 6. Aerith makes the following sequence of moves:

- 1. Move: $\mathbf{0} \rightarrow \mathbf{2}$, Energy: $E = \mathbf{100} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{2} = \mathbf{97}$.
- 2. Move: $2 \to 4$, Energy: E = 97 1 = 96.
- 3. Move: ${f 4}
 ightarrow {f 6}$, Energy: ${f E} = {f 96} {f 1} {f 2} = {f 93}$.
- 4. Move: $\mathbf{6} \rightarrow \mathbf{0}$, Energy: $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{93} \mathbf{1} = \mathbf{92}$.

Thus, we print 92 as our answer.





More

```
Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) & 5
                                                                                          C#
   using System;
   using System.Collections.Generic;
 2
 3
   using System.IO;
   using System.Linq;
 5 ▼ class Solution {
 6
 7 '
        static void Main(String[] args) {
 8
            string[] tokens_n = Console.ReadLine().Split(' ');
 9
            int n = Convert.ToInt32(tokens_n[0]);
            int k = Convert.ToInt32(tokens_n[1]);
10
            int[] c = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(' '), e => int.Parse(e));
11
12
            int E = 100;
13
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i+=k)
14
15 ▼
                if (c[i] == 0)
16
17 ▼
                {
18
                    E--;
19
                }
                else
20
21 🔻
                {
22
                    E -= 3;
23
                }
24
25
            Console.WriteLine(E);
26
27
        }
28
   }
29
                                                                                                                 Line: 18 Col: 21
```

<u>**1**</u> <u>Upload Code as File</u> □ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

Congrats, you solved this challenge!

- ✓ Test Case #0
- ✓ Test Case #3
- ✓ Test Case #6

- ✓ Test Case #1
- ✓ Test Case #4
- ✓ Test Case #7

- ✓ Test Case #2
- ✓ Test Case #5

Next Challenge

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