Implicit Quorums

giuli

December 9, 2018

Contents

1	1.1 Intact sets	1 3 4
2	2.1 Inductive definition of blocked	4 5 5
3	Reachable part of a quorum	8
	eory ImplicitQuorums mports Main	9
1	quorums	
fi		J
	breviation quorum-of where uorum-of $p \ Q \equiv quorum \ Q \land p \in Q$	
	finition blocks where locks $R \ p \equiv \forall \ Q$. quorum-of $p \ Q \longrightarrow Q \cap R \neq \{\}$	
abl	breviation blocked where blocked $R \equiv \{p \text{ . blocks } R p\}$	
bi	nma $blocked$ - $blocked$ - eq - $blocked$: $locks (blocked R) q = blocks R q$ nfolding $blocks$ - def by $fastforce$	

```
lemma l1:
  assumes finite S and S \neq \{\} and \bigwedge p . p \in S \Longrightarrow \exists Q . quorum-of p Q \land Q
  shows quorum S
       - This is trivial by the quorum union property but seems clumsy to prove in
Isabelle/HOL
proof -
  obtain f where quorum-of p (f p) and f p \subseteq S if p \in S for p using assms(3)
by (auto; metis)
  have \bigcup \{f p \mid p : p \in S\} = S
  proof -
    have \forall p \in S : p \in f p \land f p \subseteq S
      by (simp add: \langle \bigwedge p. \ p \in S \Longrightarrow f \ p \subseteq S \rangle \langle \bigwedge p. \ p \in S \Longrightarrow quorum-of \ p \ (f \ p) \rangle)
    thus \bigcup \{f p \mid p : p \in S\} = S \text{ by } auto
  qed
  moreover
  have quorum (\bigcup \{f p \mid p : p \in S\})
  proof -
   have wf\{(X, Y), X \subset Y \land finite Y\} by (metis finite-psubset-def wf-finite-psubset)
         - We are going to use well-founded induction
    moreover
    have \forall p \in S : p \in f p \land quorum (f p)
      by (simp add: \langle \bigwedge p. \ p \in S \Longrightarrow f \ p \subseteq S \rangle \langle \bigwedge p. \ p \in S \Longrightarrow quorum-of \ p \ (f \ p) \rangle)
    \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{note} \ \langle S \neq \{\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle \mathit{finite} \ S \rangle
    ultimately
    show quorum (\bigcup \{f p \mid p : p \in S\})
    proof (induct S rule:wf-induct-rule)
         - Is this also called Noetherian induction?
      case (less S)
      obtain S' x where S = insert \ x \ S' and S' \neq S using \langle S \neq \{\} \rangle \langle finite \ S \rangle
         by (metis finite.cases insertI1 mk-disjoint-insert)
      have S' \subset S using \langle S = insert \ x \ S' \rangle \ \langle S' \neq S \rangle by auto
      moreover have \forall p \in S'. p \in f p \land quorum (f p)
         by (simp add: \forall p \in S : p \in f p \land quorum (f p) \forall S = insert x S')
      moreover have finite S'
         using \langle finite S \rangle \langle S = insert \ x \ S' \rangle by auto
      moreover note \langle finite S \rangle less.hyps
       ultimately have quorum (\bigcup \{f \mid p \mid p : p \in S'\}) if S' \neq \{\} using that by
auto
      \mathbf{moreover} \ \mathbf{have} \ \{f \ p \ | \ p \ . \ p \in S\} = \mathit{insert} \ (f \ x) \ \{f \ p \ | \ p \ . \ p \in S'\}
         using \langle S = insert \ x \ S' \rangle by auto
      moreover have quorum (f x)
         \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \forall\forall\ p\in S\ .\ p\in \mathit{f}\ p\ \land\ \mathit{quorum}\ (\mathit{f}\ p)\!\lor \langle S=\mathit{insert}\ x\ S'\rangle)
      ultimately show ?case using quorum-union
         by (cases S' = \{\}, auto)
    ged
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by simp
```

```
qed
```

end

```
1.1 Intact sets
```

```
locale wb = quorum \ quorum \ for \ quorum :: 'node \ set \Rightarrow bool +
  fixes W::'node set
begin
abbreviation B where B \equiv -W
definition is-intact where
  is\text{-}intact\ I \equiv I \subseteq W \land quorum\ I
       \land (\forall \ Q \ Q' \ . \ quorum \ Q \land quorum \ Q' \land Q \cap I \neq \{\} \land Q' \cap I \neq \{\} \longrightarrow W
\cap Q \cap Q' \neq \{\}
lemma intact-union:
  assumes is-intact I_1 and is-intact I_2 and I_1 \cap I_2 \neq \{\}
  shows is-intact (I_1 \cup I_2)
proof -
  have I_1 \cup I_2 \subseteq W
    using assms(1) assms(2) is-intact-def by auto
  moreover
  have quorum (I_1 \cup I_2)
    using \langle is\text{-}intact\ I_1 \rangle \ \langle is\text{-}intact\ I_2 \rangle \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ is\text{-}intact\text{-}def \ \mathbf{using} \ quorum\text{-}union
\mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
  moreover
  have W \cap Q_1 \cap Q_2 \neq \{\}
    if quorum Q_1 and quorum Q_2 and Q_1 \cap (I_1 \cup I_2) \neq \{\} and Q_2 \cap (I_1 \cup I_2) \neq \{\}
{}
    for Q_1 Q_2
  proof -
    have W \cap Q_1 \cap Q_2 \neq \{\} if Q_1 \cap I \neq \{\} and Q_2 \cap I \neq \{\} and I = I_1 \vee I
= I_2 for I
      \textbf{using} \ \ \langle \textit{is-intact} \ I_1 \rangle \ \ \langle \textit{is-intact} \ I_2 \rangle \ \ \langle \textit{quorum} \ \ Q_1 \rangle \ \ \langle \textit{quorum} \ \ Q_2 \rangle
      by (metis \langle is\text{-intact } I_1 \rangle \langle is\text{-intact } I_2 \rangle is-intact-def that)
    have \langle W \cap Q_1 \cap Q_2 \neq \{\} \rangle if is-intact I_1 and is-intact I_2
      and I_1 \cap I_2 \neq \{\} and Q_1 \cap I_1 \neq \{\} and Q_2 \cap I_2 \neq \{\}
    for I_1 I_2 — We generalize to avoid repeating the argument twice
    proof -
      note \langle I_1 \cap I_2 \neq \{\} \rangle
       moreover have quorum I_2 using (is-intact I_2) unfolding is-intact-def by
       ultimately have I_2 \cap Q_1 \neq \{\} using (is-intact I_1) (quorum Q_1) (Q_1 \cap I_1
         unfolding is-intact-def using inf-sup-aci(1) by blast
      thus W \cap Q_1 \cap Q_2 \neq \{\} using (is-intact I_2) (quorum Q_2) (quorum Q_1) (Q_2
```

```
\cap I_2 \neq \{\}\rangle
        unfolding is-intact-def by blast
    ultimately show ?thesis using assms that by auto
  ged
  ultimately show ?thesis using assms
    unfolding is-intact-def by simp
qed
1.2
        The live set
definition L where L \equiv W - (blocked B)
lemma l2: p \in L \Longrightarrow \exists Q \subseteq W. quorum-of p Q
  unfolding L-def blocks-def using DiffD2 by auto
lemma l3:
  \mathbf{assumes}\ p\in L\ \mathbf{shows}\ \exists\ Q\subseteq L\ .\ \mathit{quorum-of}\ p\ Q
proof -
  have False if \bigwedge Q . quorum-of p \ Q \Longrightarrow Q \cap (-L) \neq \{\}
  proof -
    obtain Q where quorum-of p Q and Q \subseteq W
      using l2 \langle p \in L \rangle by auto
    moreover have Q \cap (-L) \neq \{\}
      using that \langle quorum\text{-}of \ p \ Q \rangle by simp
    ultimately show False unfolding L-def blocks-def by auto
  qed
  thus ?thesis
    by fastforce
\mathbf{qed}
lemma l_4:
  assumes L \neq \{\} and finite L
  shows quorum L using 11 13 assms by metis
lemma l5: quorum L' \Longrightarrow L' \subseteq W \Longrightarrow L' \subseteq L
   unfolding L-def blocks-def by auto
lemma l6: is\text{-}intact\ I \Longrightarrow I \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow I \subseteq L
  \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{is\text{-}intact\text{-}def}\ \mathit{l5})
end
2
      Stellar quorums
locale stellar =
  fixes slices :: 'node \Rightarrow 'node set set — the quorum slices
    and W :: 'node \ set — The well-behaved nodes
begin
```

```
definition quorum where quorum Q \equiv \forall p \in Q \cap W. \exists Sl \in slices p. Sl \subseteq Q

lemma quorum-union:quorum Q \Longrightarrow quorum \ Q' \Longrightarrow quorum \ (Q \cup Q')

unfolding quorum-def

by (metis IntE Int-iff UnE inf-sup-aci(1) sup.coboundedI1 sup.coboundedI2)
```

 $\textbf{interpretation} \ wb \ quorum \ W \ \textbf{using} \ quorum-union \ \textbf{unfolding} \ wb\text{-}def \ quorums\text{-}def$ $\textbf{by} \ auto$

```
lemma quorum-is-quorum-of-some-slice:

assumes quorum-of p Q and p \in W

obtains S where S \in slices p and S \subseteq Q

and \bigwedge p'. p' \in S \cap W \Longrightarrow quorum-of p' Q

using assms unfolding quorum-def by (metis IntD1 Int-iff subsetCE)
```

2.1 Inductive definition of blocked

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{inductive} \ blocking \ \textbf{where} \\ p \in R \implies blocking \ R \ p \\ | \ \forall \ Sl \in slices \ p \ . \ \exists \ q \in Sl \ . \ blocking \ R \ q \implies blocking \ R \ p \end{array}
```

2.1.1 Properties of blocking

Here we show two main lemmas:

- if $R \cup B$ blocks $p \in Intact$, then $R \cap Intact \neq \{\}$
- if $p \in Intact$ and quorum Q is such that $Q \cap Intact \neq \{\}$, then $Q \cap W$ is blocking p

```
lemma l7:
   assumes blocking (R \cup B) p and p \in W
   shows blocks (R \cup B) p
   using assms thm blocking.induct

proof (induct \ R \cup B \ p \ rule:blocking.induct)
   case (1 \ p)
   then show ?case
   using blocks-def by auto

next
   case (2 \ p)
   then show ?case unfolding blocks-def quorum-def
   by (metis \ Compl-partition \ IntE \ Int-Un-distrib \ inf-sup-absorb \ subset \ CE \ subset-refl
sup-assoc \ sup-bot.left-neutral)
```

```
qed
lemma l8:
 assumes is-intact I and p \in I and blocking (R \cup B) p
  shows R \cap I \neq \{\}
proof -
  have quorum I and I \subseteq W and I \neq \{\}
    using assms(1) is-intact-def using assms(2) by auto
  have blocks (R \cup B) p using l \gamma [OF \land blocking (R \cup B) \ p)] using \langle I \subseteq W \rangle \land p \in A
I by auto
  hence (R \cup B) \cap Q \neq \{\} if quorum-of p Q for Q
    using blocks-def that by auto
 moreover
 have B \cap I = \{\}
    using ComplD \ Int\text{-}emptyI \ \langle I \subseteq W \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
 have quorum-of p I by (simp add: \langle quorum \ I \rangle \ \langle p \in I \rangle)
  ultimately
 show ?thesis
    by (metis Un-absorb assms(2) inf-sup-distrib2)
\mathbf{qed}
inductive not-blocked for p R where
  \llbracket p \notin R; Sl \in slices \ p; \ \forall \ q \in Sl \ . \ \neg \ blocking \ R \ q \rrbracket \implies not\text{-blocked} \ p \ R \ p
| [not\text{-blocked } p \ R \ p'; \ Sl \in slices \ p'; \ \forall \ q \in Sl \ . \ \neg \ blocking \ R \ q; \ p'' \in Sl] \implies
not-blocked p R p"
lemma not-blocked-self:not-blocked p R q \Longrightarrow not-blocked p R p
proof (induct rule:not-blocked.induct)
  case (1 Sl)
  then show ?case
    using not-blocked.intros(1) by blast
next
  case (2 p' Sl p'')
 then show ?case
    by simp
\mathbf{qed}
lemma 19:
  fixes Q p R
  defines Q \equiv \{q : not\text{-}blocked \ p \ R \ q\}
  shows quorum Q
proof -
  have \forall n \in Q : \exists S \in slices n : S \subseteq Q
  proof (simp add: Q-def; clarify)
    \mathbf{fix} \ n
    assume not-blocked p R n
    thus \exists S \in slices \ n. \ S \subseteq Collect \ (not\text{-}blocked \ p \ R)
```

proof (cases)

```
case (1 Sl)
     then show ?thesis
      by (metis (full-types) Ball-Collect not-blocked.intros)
     case (2 p' Sl)
     hence \neg blocking R n  by simp
      with this obtain Sl where n \notin R and Sl \in slices n and \forall q \in Sl.
      \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ blocking.intros(2)\ blocking.intros(1))
     moreover note \langle not\text{-}blocked\ p\ R\ n \rangle
   ultimately show ?thesis by (metis (full-types) Ball-Collect not-blocked.intros(2))
   qed
 qed
 thus ?thesis by (simp add: quorum-def)
lemma l10:
 fixes Q p R
 defines Q \equiv \{q : not\text{-}blocked \ p \ R \ q\}
 shows Q \cap R = \{\}
proof -
 have q \notin R if not-blocked p R q for q
   using that
 proof (induct)
   case (1 Sl)
   then show ?case by auto
 next
   case (2 p' Sl p'')
   then show ?case using blocking.intros(1) by blast
 thus ?thesis unfolding Q-def by auto
qed
lemma l11:
 assumes p \in W and blocks R p
 shows blocking R p
  define Q where Q \equiv \{q : not\text{-}blocked \ p \ R \ q\}
 have Q \neq \{\} if \neg blocking R p unfolding Q-def
  by (metis\ blocking.intros(2)\ empty-Collect-eq\ not-blocked.intros(1)\ blocking.intros(1)
that)
 hence p \in Q if \neg blocking R p unfolding Q-def using not-blocked-self that by
blast
 moreover
 have quorum Q using 19 quorum-def Q-def by auto
 moreover have Q \cap R = \{\} by (simp add: l10 Q-def)
 ultimately have \neg blocks \ R \ p if \neg blocking \ R \ p using that unfolding blocks\text{-}def
```

```
by auto thus ?thesis using (blocks R p) by blast qed lemma l12: assumes is-intact I and p \in I and Q \cap I \neq \{\} and quorum Q shows blocking (Q \cap W) p proof — have blocks (Q \cap W) p using assms unfolding blocks-def is-intact-def using disjoint-iff-not-equal by blast moreover have p \in W using assms(1,2) is-intact-def by auto ultimately show ?thesis using l11 by auto qed
```

3 Reachable part of a quorum

Here we define the part of a quorum Q of p that is reachable through well-behaved nodes from p. We show that if p and p' are intact and Q is a quorum of p and Q' is a quorum of p', then the intersection of Q, Q', and W is reachable from both p and p' through intact participants.

```
inductive reachable for p Q where
  reachable p Q p
| [reachable \ p \ Q \ p'; \ p' \in W; \ S \in slices \ p'; \ S \subseteq Q; \ p'' \in S] ] \Longrightarrow reachable \ p \ Q \ p''
definition truncation where truncation p \ Q \equiv \{p' \ . \ reachable \ p \ Q \ p'\}
lemma l13:
 assumes quorum Q and p \in Q \cap W and reachable p \mid Q \mid p'
 shows p' \in Q
 using assms by (metis IntE contra-subsetD reachable.cases)
lemma l14:
 assumes quorum Q and p \in Q \cap W
 shows quorum (truncation p(Q))
 have \exists \ S \in slices \ p' . \forall \ q \in S . reachable p \ Q \ q if reachable p \ Q \ p' and p' \in S
W for p'
   by (metis IntI assms 113 quorum-def stellar.reachable.simps that)
   by (metis IntE mem-Collect-eq stellar.quorum-def subsetI truncation-def)
qed
lemma l15:
 assumes is-intact I and quorum Q and quorum Q' and p \in Q \cap I and p' \in
Q' \cap I and Q \cap Q' \cap W \neq \{\}
```

```
shows W \cap (truncation \ p \ Q) \cap (truncation \ p' \ Q') \neq \{\}
proof -
 have quorum (truncation p Q) and quorum (truncation p' Q') using l14 assms
is-intact-def by auto
 moreover have truncation p \ Q \cap I \neq \{\} and truncation p' \ Q' \cap I \neq \{\}
  by (metis IntD2 Int-Collect assms (4,5) empty-iff inf-commute reachable.intros (1)
stellar.truncation-def)+
  moreover note \langle is\text{-}intact \ I \rangle
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding is-intact-def by auto
qed
end
4
      elementary quorums
locale elementary = stellar
begin
definition elementary where
  elementary s \equiv quorum \ s \land (\forall \ s' \ . \ s' \subset s \longrightarrow \neg quorum \ s')
lemma finite-subset-wf:
 shows wf \{(X, Y). X \subset Y \land finite Y\}
 by (metis finite-psubset-def wf-finite-psubset)
lemma quorum-contains-elementary:
 assumes finite s and \neg elementary s and quorum s
 shows \exists s' . s' \subset s \land elementary s' using assms
proof (induct s rule:wf-induct[where ?r=\{(X, Y). X \subset Y \land finite Y\}])
  then show ?case using finite-subset-wf by simp
\mathbf{next}
 case (2 x)
 then show ?case
  by (metis (full-types) elementary-def finite-psubset-def finite-subset in-finite-psubset
less-le psubset-trans)
qed
inductive path where
 path []
| \bigwedge x \cdot path [x]|
| \bigwedge l \ n \ . [path \ l; \ S \in Q \ (hd \ l); \ n \in S] \implies path \ (n \# l)
lemma elementary-connected:
 assumes elementary s and n_1 \in s and n_2 \in s and n_1 \in W and n_2 \in W
 shows \exists l . hd (rev l) = n_1 \wedge hd l = n_2 \wedge path l (is ?P)
proof -
  { assume \neg ?P
   define x where x \equiv \{n \in s : \exists l : l \neq [] \land hd (rev l) = n_1 \land hd l = n \land path \}
```

```
l
    have n_2 \notin x using \langle \neg ?P \rangle x-def by auto
    have n_1 \in x unfolding x-def using assms(2) path.intros(2) by force
    have quorum x
    proof -
      \{  fix n
        assume n \in x
        have \exists S : S \in slices \ n \land S \subseteq x
        proof -
           obtain S where S \in slices \ n \ \text{and} \ S \subseteq s \ \text{using} \ \langle elementary \ s \rangle \ \langle n \in x \rangle
unfolding x-def
            by (force simp add:elementary-def quorum-def)
          have S \subseteq x
          proof -
            { assume \neg S \subseteq x
              obtain m where m \in S and m \notin x using \langle \neg S \subseteq x \rangle by auto
              obtain l' where hd (rev l') = n_1 and hd l' = n and path l' and l' \neq n
using \langle n \in x \rangle x-def by blast
              have path (m \# l') using \langle path \ l' \rangle \ \langle m \in S \rangle \ \langle S \in slices \ n \rangle \ \langle hd \ l' = n \rangle
                using path.intros(3) by fastforce
               moreover have hd (rev (m \# l')) = n_1 using \langle hd (rev l') = n_1 \rangle \langle l' \rangle
\neq [] by auto
              ultimately have m \in x using \langle m \in S \rangle \langle S \subseteq s \rangle x-def by auto
              hence False using \langle m \notin x \rangle  by blast  }
            thus ?thesis by blast
          qed
          thus ?thesis
            using \langle S \in slices \ n \rangle by blast
        qed }
      thus ?thesis by (meson Int-iff quorum-def)
    moreover have x \subset s
      using \langle n_2 \notin x \rangle assms(3) x-def by blast
    ultimately have False using (elementary s)
      using elementary-def by auto
 thus ?P by blast
qed
end
end
```