# CS50's Web Programming with Python and JavaScript

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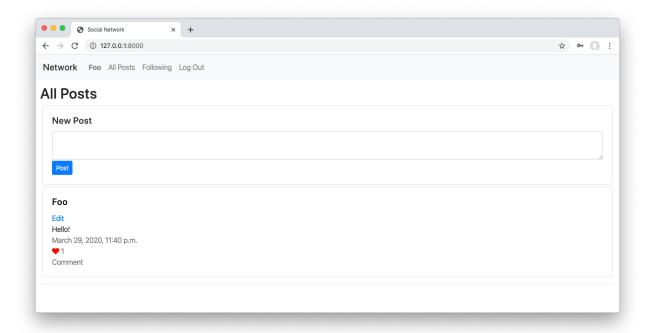
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## **Network**

Design a Twitter-like social network website for making posts and following users.



### **Getting Started**

- 1. Download the distribution code from https://cdn.cs50.net/web/2020/spring/projects /4/network.zip (https://cdn.cs50.net/web/2020/spring/projects/4/network.zip) and unzip it.
- 2. In your terminal, cd into the project4 directory.
- 3. Run python manage.py makemigrations network to make migrations for the network app.
- 4. Run python manage.py migrate to apply migrations to your database.

#### **Understanding**

In the distribution code is a Django project called <a href="project4">project4</a> that contains a single app called <a href="network">network</a>, structured similarly to Project 2's <a href="auctions">auctions</a> app.

First, open up network/urls.py, where the URL configuration for this app is defined. Notice that we've already written a few URLs for you, including a default index route, a /login route, a /logout route, and a /register route.

Take a look at <a href="network/views.py">network/views.py</a> to see the views that are associated with each of these routes. The index view for now returns a mostly-empty <a href="index.html">index.html</a> template. The <a href="login\_view">login\_view</a> view renders a login form when a user tries to GET the page. When a user submits the form using the POST request method, the user is authenticated, logged in, and redirected to the index page. The <a href="logout\_view">logout\_view</a> view logs the user out and redirects them to the index page. Finally, the <a href="register">register</a> route displays a registration form to the user, and creates a new user when the form is submitted. All of this is done for you in the distribution

code, so you should be able to run the application now to create some users.

Run python manage.py runserver to start up the Django web server, and visit the website in your browser. Click "Register" and register for an account. You should see that you are now "Signed in as" your user account, and the links at the top of the page have changed. How did the HTML change? Take a look at network/templates/network/layout.html for the HTML layout of this application. Notice that several parts of the template are wrapped in a check for if user.is\_authenticated, so that different content can be rendered depending on whether the user is signed in or not. You're welcome to change this file if you'd like to add or modify anything in the layout!

Finally, take a look at <a href="network/models.py">network/models.py</a>. This is where you will define any models for your web application, where each model represents some type of data you want to store in your database. We've started you with a <a href="User">User</a> model that represents each user of the application. Because it inherits from <a href="AbstractUser">AbstractUser</a>, it will already have fields for a username, email, password, etc., but you're welcome to add new fields to the <a href="User">User</a> class if there is additional information about a user that you wish to represent. You will also need to add additional models to this file to represent details about posts, likes, and followers. Remember that each time you change anything in <a href="network/models.py">network/models.py</a>, you'll need to first run <a href="python manage.py">python manage.py</a> makemigrations and then <a href="python manage.py migrate">python manage.py</a> migrate to migrate those changes to your database.

# **Specification**

Using Python, JavaScript, HTML, and CSS, complete the implementation of a social network that allows users to make posts, follow other users, and "like" posts. You must fulfill the following requirements:

- **New Post**: Users who are signed in should be able to write a new text-based post by filling in text into a text area and then clicking a button to submit the post.
  - The screenshot at the top of this specification shows the "New Post" box at the top of the "All Posts" page. You may choose to do this as well, or you may make the "New Post" feature a separate page.
- **All Posts**: The "All Posts" link in the navigation bar should take the user to a page where they can see all posts from all users, with the most recent posts first.
  - Each post should include the username of the poster, the post content itself, the date and time at which the post was made, and the number of "likes" the post has (this will be 0 for all posts until you implement the ability to "like" a post later).
- **Profile Page**: Clicking on a username should load that user's profile page. This page should:
  - Display the number of followers the user has, as well as the number of people

that the user follows.

- Display all of the posts for that user, in reverse chronological order.
- For any other user who is signed in, this page should also display a "Follow" or "Unfollow" button that will let the current user toggle whether or not they are following this user's posts. Note that this only applies to any "other" user: a user should not be able to follow themselves.
- **Following**: The "Following" link in the navigation bar should take the user to a page where they see all posts made by users that the current user follows.
  - This page should behave just as the "All Posts" page does, just with a more limited set of posts.
  - This page should only be available to users who are signed in.
- **Pagination**: On any page that displays posts, posts should only be displayed 10 on a page. If there are more than ten posts, a "Next" button should appear to take the user to the next page of posts (which should be older than the current page of posts). If not on the first page, a "Previous" button should appear to take the user to the previous page of posts as well.
  - See the Hints section for some suggestions on how to implement this.
- **Edit Post**: Users should be able to click an "Edit" button or link on any of their own posts to edit that post.
  - When a user clicks "Edit" for one of their own posts, the content of their post should be replaced with a textarea where the user can edit the content of their post.
  - The user should then be able to "Save" the edited post. Using JavaScript, you should be able to achieve this without requiring a reload of the entire page.
  - For security, ensure that your application is designed such that it is not possible for a user, via any route, to edit another user's posts.
- "Like" and "Unlike": Users should be able to click a button or link on any post to toggle whether or not they "like" that post.
  - Using JavaScript, you should asynchronously let the server know to update the like count (as via a call to fetch) and then update the post's like count displayed on the page, without requiring a reload of the entire page.

#### Hints

- For examples of JavaScript fetch calls, you may find some of the routes in Project 3 useful to reference.
- You'll likely need to create one or more models in network/models.py and/or modify the existing User model to store the necessary data for your web application.
- Django's Paginator (https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/3.0/topics/pagination/) class

may be helpful for implementing pagination on the back-end (in your Python code).

■ Bootstrap's Pagination (https://getbootstrap.com/docs/4.4/components/pagination/) features may be helpful for displaying pages on the front-end (in your HTML).

#### **How to Submit**

**Hold on!** If you have already submitted and received a passing grade on the **prior version of Project 3 (https://docs.cs50.net/web/2020/x/projects/3/project3.html)** (Pizza), please stop here. You already have received an equivalence credit for this project, and you should not submit this assignment, as it will have no impact on your progress in the course and will therefore only slow our graders down!

- Visit this link (https://submit.cs50.io/invites/89679428401548238ceb022f141b9947), log in with your GitHub account, and click **Authorize cs50**. Then, check the box indicating that you'd like to grant course staff access to your submissions, and click **Join course**.
- 2. Install Git (https://git-scm.com/downloads) and, optionally, install submit50 (https://cs50.readthedocs.io/submit50/).

When you submit your project, the contents of your web50/projects/2020/x /network branch should match the file structure of the unzipped distribution code as originally received. That is to say, your files should not be nested inside of any other directories of your own creation. Your branch should also not contain any code from any other projects, only this one. Failure to adhere to this file structure will likely result in your submission being rejected.

By way of example, for this project that means that if the grading staff visits <a href="https://github.com/me50/USERNAME/tree/web50/projects/2020/x/network">https://github.com/me50/USERNAME/tree/web50/projects/2020/x/network</a> (where USERNAME is your own GitHub username as provided in the form, below) we should see the two subdirectories (network, project4) and the manage.py file. If that's not how your code is organized when you check, reorganize your repository needed to match this paradigm.

3. If you've installed submit50, execute

submit50 web50/projects/2020/x/network

Otherwise, using Git, push your work to https://github.com/me50/USERNAME.git, where USERNAME is your GitHub username, on a branch called web50/projects /2020/x/network.

- 4. Record a screencast (https://www.howtogeek.com/205742/how-to-record-your-windows-mac-linux-android-or-ios-screen/) not to exceed 5 minutes in length, in which you demonstrate your project's functionality. Be certain that every element of the specification, above, is demonstrated in your video. There's no need to show your code in this video, just your application in action; we'll review your code on GitHub. Upload that video to YouTube (https://www.youtube.com/upload) (as unlisted or public, but not private) or somewhere else. In your video's description, you must timestamp where your video demonstrates each of the seven (7) elements of the specification. This is not optional, videos without timestamps in their description will be automatically rejected.
- 5. Submit this form (https://forms.cs50.io/b2301ba7-d9bc-4e90-9709-2a041990d867).

You can then go to https://cs50.me/cs50w (https://cs50.me/cs50w) to view your current progress!