

# Optimizing early steps of long-read genome assembly

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November 20, 2018

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# What's a long-read?

Third generation reads are :

- Long  $> 10\text{kb}$  <sup>1</sup>
- Erroneous  $\approx 16\%$  <sup>1</sup>
- Chimeric <sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>Jain et al. 2018

<sup>2</sup>Laver et al. 2016

# Sequencing faster, cheaper, stronger



**James Hadfield**

@coregenomics

Just heard that @illumina will announce  
\$100 genome in a couple of months  
#AMP2018

Traduire le Tweet

11:37 - 3 nov. 2018



**Clive G. Brown**

@Clive\_G\_Brown

If we've got a couple of months i think  
PromethION can also do it, think its 300G+  
per flowcell, at 220 now.

**James Hadfield** @coregenomics

Just heard that @illumina will announce \$100 genome in a couple of months  
#AMP2018

Afficher cette discussion

# What we can do with long-read?

By mapping against reference:

- read correction
- variant calling
- ...

against themselves:

- self correction
- assembly
- ...

# Long-read mapping

Many tools :

- minimap[2]
- mhap
- ngmlr
- graphmap
- daligner
- ...

Some output format:

- MHAP:

```
read1 read2 0.14 1955 0 998 20480 21581 0 45 19527 19801
```

- Pairwise Alignment Format:

```
read1 21581 998 20480 + read2 19801 45 19527 1955 19482 255
```

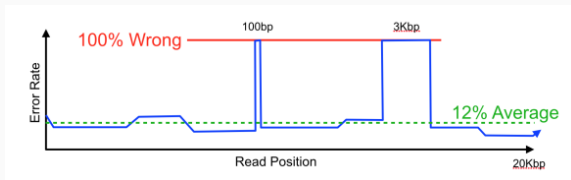
- SAM

## Correction?

Correction involves a lot of operations and costs time and memory.

I just want to detect chimeras.

# What is a chimera?

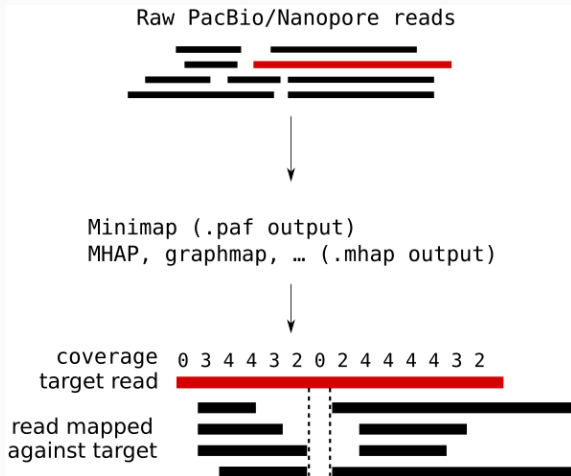


"Error profile of a typical long read. The average error rate is say 12% but it varies and occasionally is pure junk." Gene Myers <sup>4</sup>

*Chimeric* read: when a part of the read is not well supported (i.e. covered) by other reads of the dataset.

<sup>4</sup><https://dazzlerblog.wordpress.com/2017/04/22/1344/>

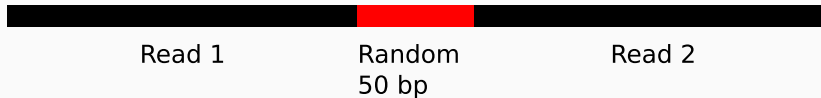
# Yet Another Chimeric Read Detector





# Yet Another Chimeric Read Detector

Test dataset: 20x synthetic long read<sup>5</sup> of *T. roseus*



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<sup>5</sup>LongISLND with pacbio error model

## Yet Another Chimeric Read Detector

	minimap2 + yacrd	DAScrubber <sup>6</sup>
wallclock time (seconds)	48.13	365.79
precision	100.00%	87.70%
sensitivity	70.34%	71.16%

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<sup>6</sup>run by <https://github.com/rrwick/DASCRUBBER-wrapper>

## Another trouble: the disk space



**Shaun Jackman**

@sjackman

I have a 1.2 TB PAF.gz file of minimap2 all-vs-all alignments of 18 flowcells of Oxford Nanopore reads. Yipes. I believe that's my first file to exceed a terabyte. Is there a better way? Perhaps removing the subsumed reads before writing the all-vs-all alignments to disk?

18 flowcells produce  $\approx$  180Gb-540Gb

A summary of troubles and some possible solutions:

<https://blog.pierre.marijon.fr/binary-mapping-format/>

# Filter Pairwise Alignment

FPA can filter on:

- type :
  - containment
  - internal match
  - dovetails
- self match
- overlap length
- read match against a regex

FPA can rename your read, compress (gzip, bzip, lzma) and convert your pairwise alignment in an overlap graph (GFA1)



# Filter Pairwise Alignment

	wallclock time (s)	output length (Mb) / % space saved	throughput (kb/s)
minimap2	866	565	652.320
minimap2 + fpa no filter	869	565 (0%)	650.047
minimap2 + fpa ovl length > 2000	868	452 (20%)	520.468
minimap2 + fpa dovetails only	869	401 (29%)	462.007

Dataset: SQK-MAP-006 2D nanopore read

<http://lab.loman.net/2015/09/24/first-sqk-map-006-experiment/>

# Filter Pairwise Alignment

	minimap2 + miniasm	minimap2 fpa + miniasm	diff
PAF file size (Mb)	565	452	-20%
assembly time (s)	6.5	6	0.5
assembly result			∅

Dataset: SQK-MAP-006 2D nanopore read

<http://lab.loman.net/2015/09/24/first-sqk-map-006-experiment/>

What we have:

- more and more third generation sequencing data
- analyses generate even more intermediate data
- with simple algorithms we can save time and space

What we need:

- compressed pairwise alignment format
- to detect more precisely poor quality regions

# Questions?

yacrd : <https://gitlab.inria.fr/pmarijon/yacrd> **BIOCONDA**

fpa: <https://gitlab.inria.fr/pmarijon/fpa> **BIOCONDA**

twitter : @pierre\_marijon

slides are available on my website:

<https://pierre.marijon.fr>