

Fundamentos de Sistemas de Operação

MIEI 2013/2014

Laboratory session 6

Programming Assignment 1 (2nd part)

Deadlines

Programming assignment 1 (PA1) will be developed in the classes of the weeks starting 14th October, 21st October, and 28th October – The deadline for submitting PA1 (report and code) is **Monday, November, 4th – 20:00**. Please see the instructions for submission at the end of this document.

Printing with threads (2nd Part)

In this part we will build on the code developed in laboratory session 5, namely on the way to simulate a slow printer. The main difference is that we will implement a client-server system composed by:

- A single-threaded client that accepts from the user a set of commands similar to the ones specified in the guide of laboratory session 5.
- A multi-threaded server that controls the simulated printer and will receive commands from one or more clients.

Client and server communicate through TCP sockets. A library to simplify the use of sockets is available.

Socket library

Please see the slides of October 21st's lecture for an introduction to sockets and to the C library to be used in this assignment. The API implemented is sketched in the following table:

Operation	Signature	Returns
myServerSocket (only for Server side)	int myServerSocket(int port) creates a TCP socket in the port indicated	> 0 I/O channel associated to server socket; -1 in case of error
myAcceptServerSocket (only for Server side)	int myAcceptServerSocket(int sock) waits for a connection to the server socket; returns a new socket	> 0 I/O channel allowing access to the socket that is connected to the client; -1 in case of error
myConnectSocket (only for Client side)	int myConnectSocket(char * host, int port number) makes a connection to a server socket located in host <i>host</i> and port number <i>port</i>	> 0 I/O channel connection client to server; -1 in case of error
myWriteSocket (client and server)	int myWriteSocket(int channel, char *buf, int nbytesToWrite) writes to channel <i>channel</i> <i>nbytesToWrite</i> bytes starting at <i>buf</i>	> 0, number of bytes sent; -1 in case of error
myReadSocket (client and server)	int myReadSocket(int channel, char *buf, int maxNbytesToRead) reads from channel <i>channel</i> at most <i>maxNbytesToRead</i> starting at <i>buf</i>	> 0, number of bytes received; < 0, error; 0, peer has closed the channel
myCloseSocket (client and server)	int myCloseSocket(int ch) close channel <i>ch</i>	0 OK; -1 error

The socket library is implemented in files `mysocks.c` and `mysocks.h`. These files can be downloaded from CLIP in *Documentação de Apoio -> Outros*. In order to use the library you should

- Compile it `gcc -g -c mysocks.c`
- Add the following line to your code: `#include "mysocks.h"`
- Compile and link like this: `gcc -g -o server server.c mysocks.o`

Client

The command line for client invocation contains the host name and the port number where the print server is waiting for requests. An example is:

```
./myPrint localhost 5555
```

After initialization, *myPrint* will enter the following loop:

- Writes prompt
- Gets a line from the user
- Recognizes the following three commands:
 - *print filename*
 - connects to the print server
 - sends through the socket the text message “P filename”
 - waits for a reply from the server
 - displays the reply
 - closes the socket used
 - *status*
 - connects to the print server
 - sends a text message with “S”
 - waits for a reply from the server
 - displays the reply
 - closes the socket used
 - *quit* – terminates this program

Server

The print server will be started with two command line parameters: the pseudo terminal used for simulating the printer and the port number used for receiving client requests, like in

```
./printServer /dev/pts/2 5555
```

The print server will have two threads:

- One that waits for connections and parses messages received from clients
- One that will print files in the pseudo terminal (the printer)

The two threads communicate through a bounded buffer.

The server will start by creating and binding the server socket, initialize the bounded buffer and creating the printer thread. After initialization, the main thread will enter a loop waiting for client connections. After reading a message from the socket it will proceed according to the following:

- if the message read is “S” replies with a text message indicating how many files are waiting to be printed;
- if the message read contains “P filename”:
 - tries to open *filename* for read
 - if this fails replies to client with an error message
 - if the open succeeds, deposits the result of the open operation in the bounded buffer; replies to the client indicating that the print request has been queued;
- for other messages, replies “Unknown request;”

Submission instructions

The work should be made by groups of two students. Each group definition is responsibility of its members. Individual work can only be accepted if is **first** authorized by the student’s teacher. The work deliverables are:

- The source code for client and server programs. *Makefiles* and scripts needed to compile and test your work should also be included.
- A small report (in PDF format with no more than 4 pages) describing implementation options, assumptions made, and possible limitations of your system.

These should be archived in a ZIP-file named as “AAAAA-BBBBBB.zip” were “AAAAA” and “BBBBB” are the student’s numbers (AAAAA < BBBB). Send this file by email to your lab instructor with the subject:

FSO - Trabalho 1: alunos XXXXX nº AAAAA e YYYYY nº BBBB

(put your group colleague in Cc). The instructor will acknowledge the reception; if you don’t receive a confirmation message after 48h contact your instructor.