# The HTTP Module

### Introduction

This blurb is about using QDL's HTTP module. This module allows you to do basic operations to a website using the HTTP protocol.

### Loading the module

This is a Java module and is included in the standard distribution, but is not loaded, so to use it load it by issuing

q := module\_load('edu.uiuc.ncsa.qdl.extensions.http.QDLHTTPLoader','java')
module\_import(q)
http

## **Supported functions**

| Name                          | Description                           | Comment   |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| close()                       | close the connection                  | All requests will fail until open() is called                               |
| delete()                      | DELETE                                | Use current host  |
| delete(parameters.)           | DELETE                                | Use current host, add parameters  |
| delete(uri_path, parameters.) | DELETE                                | Append uri_path to host, add parameters                                     |
| get()                         | GET                                   | Use current host  |
| get(parameters.)              | GET                                   | Use host, add parameters. is a stem   |
| get(uri_path, parameters.)    | GET                                   | Append path_uri to host, use parameters                                     |
| headers()                     | list the current default headers      |   |
| headers(arg.)                 | set the default headers               |   |
| host()                        | get the current host                  |   |
| host(host_name)               | set the current host                  |   |
| is_open()                     | is the connection open?               |   |
| is_json(response.)            | Is the response content of type JSON? | This and is_text accept either the response or just the headers.            |
| is_text(response.)            | Is the response content of type text? | This does not include JSON since there is a separate method for that.       |
| open()                        | open a new connection                 |   |
| open(insecure)                | open a new, insecure connection       | insecure is a boolean, which if <b>true</b> will turn off security for SSL. |

|                            |      | Default is <b>false</b> .             |
|----------------------------|------|---------------------------------------|
| post(arg   arg.)           | POST | Payload maybe a string or a stem.     |
| post(uri_path, arg   arg.) | POST | Append uri_path to host, send payload |
| put(arg   arg.)            | PUT  | Payload may be a string or stem       |
| put(uri_path, arg   arg.)  | PUT  | Append uri_path to host, send payload |

Get returns a stem with entries for status, content and any returned headers.

#### **Typical examples**

Assuming you have loaded the above, open up a connection and get

```
q := module_load('edu.uiuc.ncsa.qdl.extensions.http.QDLHTTPLoader','java');
   module_import(q) ;
http
   http#host('https://didact-patto.dev.umccr.org/api/visa');
   http#open();
   z. := http#get({'sub':'https://nagim.dev/p/wjaha-ppqrg-10000'});
headers: {
 Connection: keep-alive,
 etag:W/"e6-suhkGbMm3fkbNhOR6b0IwIgkh8A",
 Apigw-Requestid:Gv9mdhv4SwMEMHw=,
 Content-Length: 230,
 Date: Tue, 05 Oct 2021 19:37:04 GMT,
 Content-Type:application/json; charset=utf-8,
 X-Powered-By: Express
content: [
s:XnKFkl4RTXtB2DD0f5f4yLtfcTaCGyqMxIV8Q42zX_XR1p9Cnxeqg2KI_4UCzcJZ2XGv_hlqVG0W5_3FE
9ZHCQ,
  v:c:8XZF4195109CIIERC35P577HAM et:1633549022 iu:https://nagim.dev/p/wjaha-ppqrg-
10000 iv:2f69e2650aed4f0e,
  k:rfc8032-7.1-test1
status: {
 code:200,
 message: OK
```

So we see the various components of the response, z.:

- headers. A stem of the headers, where the key is the name of the header and the value is its value (as a string, so Content-Length is not a number).
- content. The exact content. Here, it is an array with a single element and note that headers.Content-Type
   contains application/json and hence was in JSON format. If the content type is anything else, it will be returned as a stem of lines.
- status. The http status, which includes the <u>status code</u> and the message from the server. Anything other than something in the 200 range is an error.

Note that there are other options for content. but it will always be an array. For instance, from other servers it may be the lines in the body of the response if the Content-Type is form\_encoding. In that case, you will have to loop through the lines and process each of them in turn.