# The DynamoDB module

# **Getting started**

To start using the module, you need to load it. Since it is built into the base QDL distribution, it is quite easy:

```
ddb := j_load('dynamo');
```

Since there is a default region set on startup, you can test if it loaded right by querying that:

```
ddb#region()
us-east-2a
```

# Typical example session

```
dd := j_load('dynamo');
   // Setup method #1, open the connection with all the parameters
       cfg. 'access key id' := 'YOUR KEY';
  cfg.'secret_access_key' := 'YOUR_SECRET';
    cfg.'table_name' := 'fermilab_dev';
       cfg. 'partition_key' := 'PartitionKey';
  dd#open(cfg.);
// Setup method #2, set a bunch of them using mutators
  dd#region('us-east-2');
  dd#table_name('fermilab_dev');
  dd#partition_key('PartitionKey');
  dd#open('YOUR_KEY', 'YOUR_SECRET');
// either way, it is ready to be used. The main method is get:
  out. := dd#get('identifier#eppn#dwd@fnal.gov');
  out.; // print it
  { PartitionKey : identifier#eppn#dwd@fnal.gov,
        cm_members : [/dune,/fermilab],
   capabilitysets : [wlcq.capabilityset:/duneana,wlcq.capabilityset:/fermilab]
   // pretty print a specific capability set, using get again:
   // dd#get retrieve a set of capabilities as a stem, then we access them
  print( dd#get(out.'capabilitysets'.0).'capabilities');
 : compute.cancel
1 : compute.create
2 : compute.modify
3 : compute.read
4 : storage.create:/dune/resilient/jobsub_stage
 : storage.create:/dune/scratch/users/${uid}
 : storage.create:/fermigrid/jobsub/jobs
7 : storage.read:/dune
8 : storage.read:/dune/resilient/jobsub_stage
```

# **Operations**

# Close

#### Description

Close the current session. You must class open again before doing any operations.

#### Usage

close()

#### Arguments

none

### Output

Logical true if it worked, or an error is raised.

## Get

# Description

Get the entry for a given key

## Usage

get(key)

## **Arguments**

key − a string that is the key for the entry

# Output

A stem with the entries. Note that the entries are converted to QDL types, so you will get back, booleans, integers, decimals, lists and stems. If there is no such entry, the result is empty.

## Open

## Description

Open a connection to a dynamo database.

#### Usage

```
open(cfg.)
open(access_key_id, secret_access_key)
```

#### **Arguments**

If you want to initialize the connection in one go, then use a cfg. Stem. The key/value pairs are

+	Name	Req?	+   Description	+
	access_key_id secret_access_key region table_name partition_key	N	The access key. Part of your AWS credentials   The secret access key. Part of your AWS credentials   The AWS region   The table name for all queries. Can be set   The partition key for all queries. Can be set	.           +

otherwise, if you have set the region, table name and partition key separately (there are methods for those), then you can just open the connection using the access key id and secret access key.

#### Output

A boolean true if it succeeded otherwise an error is raised.

## Examples

See the example session above for both ways to open a connection.

## partition\_key

Set or query the partition key for the connection. This must be set before issuing the open() call.

#### Usage

partition\_key({new\_key})

## Arguments

none – simply query the current key, if any.

new\_key – the new key to use. The old key is returned

# Region

Set or query the region for the connection. Note this has a default value of us\_east\_2.

#### Usage

region({new\_region})

#### **Arguments**

none – query current region. A default is usually set.

new\_region – the new region. The old region is returned.

# Regionsm

Query the supported regions for this module.

#### Usage

regions()

#### **Arguments**

none

#### Output

All supported regions, including possibly other information.

## table\_name

Set or query the tablename used for the connection

## Usage

table\_name({new\_table\_name})

#### Arguments

none – query current table name

new\_table\_name – the new table name to use. The old one is returned.