MICRO

The Magazine of the APPLE, KIM, PET and Other 5502 Systems



NO 13

KIM — The Tunesmith

A number of programs have been offered which permit you to play music on your micro. The program presented here also permits you to compose music on your KIM, as well as save it and play it back.

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Have you ever wanted to compose music, but knew nothing about how to go about doing it? Do you lack a musical instrument and have a tune going through your head and don't know what should go after the first few notes? Well here is a program for a basic KIM-1 that will help you compose a tune, and you don't even have to know how to read or write music.

I have really never learned how to play a musical instrument, and I never have time to practice. Yet every once in a while I want to try out a few notes going on in my head, or I just want to see how a couple of notes sound together, to see if they have any effect on me. So what I did was to develop a program that uses a basic KIM-1 and the speaker circuit shown on page 57 of the KIM-1 User Manual that plays a tune I compose one note at a time. I use the keypad as data entry to place into the program notes of two octaves, including sharp notes, with four possible lengths and a rest or no note. I used the lettered keypads as well as the 9 which looks like a small G for all the notes which are seven in number, basically ABCDEF and G.

Tunesmith Operation

Once you start the program, you press one of the note letters. It will sound the appropriate note. If you want the sharp for that note, if it has one (B and E do not), press 5. To get the upper octave of the note you want you press 7, and if you want the upper octave sharp of the note, press 5 first, then 7. The keys 1, 2, 4, and 8 will give you a whole note (1), a half note (2), a quarter note (4), and an eighth note (8). After you choose your note, you choose your length. If you don't want the note, start again, only this time the length is not automatically a half note as it would be when you first start out, you'll have to change it to what you want.

Now that you have your nice note that sounds just right, press 3. This will save the note and place it in a tune table. To know that the note is indeed saved, the display will flash a SAVE. You have to hold the 3 key down until the SAVE is seen, though. Now the chosen note will be played and you can pick another note, or a rest which is 0. The procedure is the same for a possible 72 note tune. If you like your tune and want to write it down, press the + key. The display will show you the first note of the tune, and every time you hit the 3 key, the next will be displayed. If you want to start again, press the DA (Do Again) key.

The Tunesmith Program

We can go over the program now. Table I is a listing of the keypad numbers and what they represent. The main program starts at 0200 and initialization goes on to 021A. From 021C to 0228 we test the keypad and 022A to 022E we test for the first time through the program. This step eliminates any noise in the speaker while choosing the first note. 0230 to 0236 gets the program to step through all the notes, and 0238 to 023D delays the program, not only to give you more time to choose a note, but also to put a space between the beginning and ending of the tune. 0242 to 0248 is for the beginning silence. 024A thru 0263 loads the note you have chosen into a temporary location, 0265 to 026E will jump to all the subroutines which we'll explain in a minute. 0271 thru 027B tests for the save key, which you press if you want that particular note. From 027B to 0283 we test for the DA key. 0285 to 028F will cause the program to jump to the routine which will allow us to see what notes we have so that they can be written down and saved for the "Top Ten". 0295 to 02A9 sets the save flag, resets the note counter, and because the program goes deep into the stack territory, resets the stack pointer to avoid trouble.

The Get High subroutine is the first one we come to. From 0356 to 035E we test to see if we want a high note. If we don't, we return from the subroutine. If yes, we'll first test to see if it's to be a sharp note that is to go to the next octave. If it is, then from 0366 to 036A we'll load the high sharp note into the temporary location, otherwise from 036F to 0373 we'll load just the next octave note. The Get Sharp subroutine is similar and the Get Length subroutine is simple enough.

The Play Tune subroutine is next. From 0300 to 0306 we set up the first note, then we play it. This is the unsaved note we are trying out. Then we'll test for a save flag from 0313 to 0317, and test for a note or notes in the tunetable up to 031D. If there is one or more notes in the tunetable, from 031F to 0330 we'll play them. If we had a save for the temporary note, we reset the save flag, store a rest so we don't hear the saved note twice, then load the note into the next position of the tuntable, and we'll also put our chosen length into the length table; all this from 0333 to 0345. Since we saved the note, not only do we need some indication that it was saved, we also need to indicate that our finger is on the 3 keypad long enough for the program to catch the keypad entry, so at 0347 we go to the subroutine that displays a big red "SAVE". At 034A we play all our notes again, and then go back to the main program to get another note, then back here again so we always hear our tune.

In the Tone subroutine, at 02DD and 02DF we set the ports to outputs; and at 02E2 and E4 we start KIM's internal timer. We load the note frequency, and when it runs down we change the output to its other state, whatever it was. If you hook a speaker circuit on the port as in the KIM manual, a note will be produced as we repeat this procedure every time the timer times out at 02EF; and if we do

this for a length of time determined by the note length at 02F9, we have just played a note in our tables or one we're testing out.

Our Save subroutine starts at 03AA where we load a number for a particular time we want to keep the SAVE letters on. Next at 03AE and 03BO we set the direction registers and since we want only 4 digits lit we load the number 4 into the X register. When we store one of six numbers, from 09 to 13 into the location SBD(1742), one of the six digits will be lit, and then if we load a particular hex number representing a letter, number or other shape into another location SAD(1740), then the seven segment display will light. We also need some delay, because if we did not, the display would light and go out in a couple of microseconds, which few of us could see. All this is taken care of from 03B3 to 03CC. And finally we want to end the tune after 72 notes so we will automatically go the the Display Notes routine from 03CE to 03D4. We want to keep count of how many notes we save so at 03D7 we increment the note count.

If we have a nice little tune running through our circuits and we say to ourselves, "Hey, that's a catchy tune that might make the top 40," then we'll need some way of finding out what notes are in the tunetable so that we can write them down. The Display Notes routine does just that. What we want this section to do is to display a lettered note, to show that it is a sharp and/or a high note, and to show what its length is. We want it to stay on the display until we're ready for the next note and we need some indication that the note has changed when we do go to the next note. Finally we want the option of starting again. So here we go.

From 0100 to 010A we test the counters to see if we've reached the end of our tune table, then we take our note and length and put them into a temporary location from 010D to 0115. From 0117 to 011D we check for a rest; if it isn't one then at 011F on we determine what note it is. What I did was to compare the unknown note to the note table and for every wrong comparison increment a count. We also have four groups of 7 notes and to determine what group, I subtract a number until I get a carry flag. This then tells me the group and also the note. The group indicates whether the note is high, sharp, or high/sharp. We load the correct shape for the display on this information. If it was just a rest, at 0180 we load a zero shape. At 018A to 0198 we test for the length and then store the length shape. Up to 01BC we display the shapes as before, only this time, as we go through a test for the next note, and "do again", we keep the

TUNESMITH

BY ANTHONY T. SCARPELLI MAY 1979

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KIM MONITOR REFERENCES

PAD	*	\$1700	DATA REGISTER
PADD	*	\$1701	DATA DIRECTION REGISTER
TIMER	*	\$1704	SET TIMER
TTIMER	*	\$1707	TEST TIMER
STIMER	*	\$170F	START TIMER
SAD	*	\$1740	SYSTEM DATA REGISTER A
SADD	*	\$1741	SYSTEM DATA DIRECTION A REG
SBD	*	\$1742	SYSTEM DATA REGISTER B
PBDD	*	\$1743	SYSTEM DATA DIRECTION REG B
KEYIN	*	\$1F40	KEYPAD INPUT
GETKEY	*	\$1F6A	GET KEYBOARD INPUT

PAGE ZERO LOCATIONS ORG

\$0000

0000

0000	UNG	Φυυυυ	
	LOW NOTE TAB	BLE	
0000 FB 0001 DF 0002 C6 0003 BB 0004 A6 0005 93 0006 8A	NOTE = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	\$FB \$DF \$C6 \$BB \$A6 \$93 \$8A	C D E
	HIGH NOTE TA	BLE	
0007 7B 0008 6D 0009 61 000A 5B 000B 51 000C 48 000D 43	= = =	\$7B \$6D \$61 \$5B \$51 \$48 \$43	B C D E
	LOW SHARP NO	TE TABL	E
000E ED 000F D2 0010 01 0011 B0 0012 9C 0013 01 0014 83	SHPNOT = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	\$B0 \$9C \$01	G SHARP, A FLAT A SHARP, B FLAT NO NOTE C SHARP, D FLAT D SHARP, E FLAT NO NOTE F SHARP, G FLAT
	HIGH SHARP NO	DTE TAB	ĽE
0015 74 0016 67 0017 01 0018 56	HISHRP = = = = = =	\$74 \$67 \$01 \$56	G SHARP, A FLAT A SHARP, B FLAT NO NOTE C SHARP, D FLAT

0019	4C		=	\$4C	D SHARP, E FLAT
001A			=	\$01	NO NOTE
001B	3F		=	\$3F	F SHARP, G FLAT
					1841GED
COIC	00		=	\$00	UNUSED
001D			=	\$00	
UC1E	00		=	\$00	
CO1F	00		=	\$00	
0020	02	DELTIM	=	\$02	DELAY TIME
0020	00	TIMED	=	\$00	DEEM! TIME
0022		TIMEC	=	\$00	
0023		SAVFLG	=	\$00	SAVE FLAG
0024		TLENTH	=	\$00	TEMP. LENGTH
0025		NOTPTR	=	\$00	NOTE POINTER
0026		KEYPTR	=	\$00	KEY POINTER
0027		TNOTE	=	\$00	TEMP NOTE
0028		HIFLG	Ξ	\$00	HIGH FLAG
0029		SHPFLG	=	\$00	SHARP FLAG
002A		NOTNUM	=	\$00	NOTE NUMBER
002B	00	PRMNOT	=	\$00	PERMANENT NOTE
002C	00	FSTFLG	=	\$00	FIRST TIME FLAG
002D	00	PLENTH	=	\$00	PERM. LENGTH
002E	00	TNTNUM	=	\$00	TEMP. NOTE NUMBER
0(12F	00	NEXNOT	Ξ	\$0 0	NEXT NOTE
0030	00	DELAYA	=	\$00	DELAY A
0031	00	DELAYB	=	\$00	DELAY B
0032	00	PNTPTR	=	\$00	PERM. NOTE POINTER
0033	00	DELAYC	=	\$00	DELAYC
0034		TTBPTR	=	\$00	TUNETABLE POINTER
0035	00	NTBPTR	=	\$00	NOTE TABLE POINTER
0036		NOTCHT	=	\$00 \$00	NOTCHT NOTE COUNT
0037		DNTCNT	=	\$00 \$00	DISPLAY NOTE COUNT TEMP. NOTE
0038		TEMNOT	=	\$00 ¢00	TEMP. LENGTH
0039		TEMLEN	=	\$00 \$00	TEMP. LENGIN
003A	00	COUNT DFOUR	=	\$00 \$00	
003B	00 00	DTHREE	=	\$00 \$00	
003C 003D	00	DTWO	- =	\$00	
003E	00	DONE	=	\$00	
003F	00	LNTPTR	=	\$00	LENGTH POINTER
000.				,	
		CONSTAN	NTS		
					(-)
0940		KEYLNT	=	\$01	(1) WHOLE NOTE
0041			=	\$02	(2) HALF NOTE
0042			=	\$04	(4) QUARTER NOTE
0043			=	\$08	(8) EIGHTH NOTE
0044		LNTH	=	\$20	LENGTH
0045			=	\$10 \$00	
0046			=	\$08 \$ 04	
0047 0048		LNSHP	=	\$86	(1) LENGTH SHAPE
0049		LINJIN	- =	\$DB	(2)
0049 004A			=	\$E6	(4)
004B			=	\$FF	(8)
004C		NTSHP	=	\$BD	(G) LETTER SHAPES
004C			=	\$F7	(A)
004E			=	\$FC	(B)
004F			=	\$ B9	(C)
0050			=	\$DE	(D)
0051			=	\$F 9	(E)
0052	F1	•	=	\$ F1	(F)
				* 00	LETTED MUMOED
0053	UO	LETNUM	=	\$00	LETTER NUMBER

display lit. If we hit the 3 key we jump to a delay which blanks the display. This lets us know a new note has entered the circuits so that we can distinguish two or more same notes in a row. Finally we reset the stack pointer again and display the next note. If we want to start again at any time, we hit the DA key and off we go to the beginning again. By the way, the delay subroutine we go to is a good delay to get very long times. It uses the KIM-1's internal timer.

So that's it. I know it is a long program, because of all the explanation, but I want as much understanding as possible, because of the possibilities it holds. The simple tone generation can be replaced with a D/A converter, an erase note mode can be implemented, a larger scale with more lengths and other variables can be developed, and so on. There is no limit. But for a beginning, with a small computer, all you potential Bachs, here it is, go to it.

μ

Table I — Keypad Representations

A = A note

B = B note

C = C note

D = D note

E = E note

F = F note

9 = G note

0 = rest

1 = whole note

2 = 1/2 note

4 = 1/4 note

8 = 1/8 note

5 = sharp

7 = upper octave

3 = save or display next note

DA = Do Again

+ = Display notes

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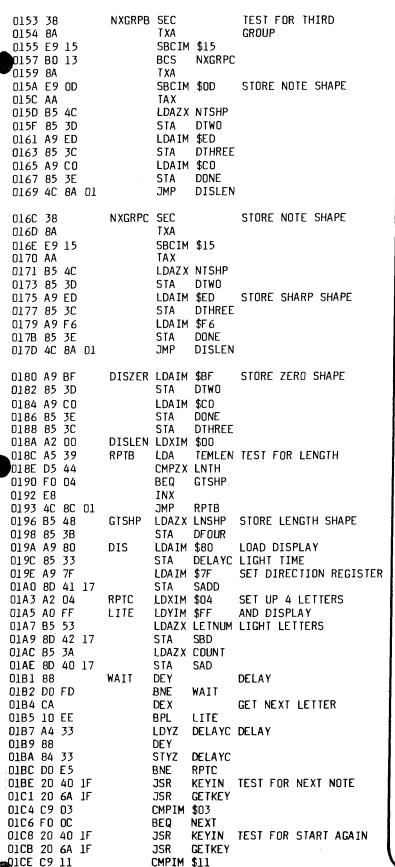
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M	16	0

0055 0056 0057	0B				= = =	\$0D \$0B \$09	
0058 0059 005A 005B 005C	F 9 BE F 7			LETTER	= = = =	\$00 \$F9 \$BE \$F7 \$ED	LETTER SHAPES
005D 005D				TUNTBL LNTTBL		\$0060 \$00A8	TUNE TABLE LENGTH TABLE
				DISPLA	NOTE	ROUTINE	<u>:</u>
0100					ORG	\$0100	
0100 0102				DISNTS	LDAIM STA	\$01 DNTCNT	RESET DISPLAY NOTE COUNT
0104 0106 0108	A5 C5 D0	37 36 03		NXTNOT		DNTCNT NOTCNT BEGIN	TEST FOR END
010A 010D 010F 0111 0113 0115	A6 B5 85 B5 85	37 60 38 A8 39	01	BEGIN	STA LDAZX STA	TUNTBL TEMNOT LNTTBL TEMLEN	STORE NOTE AND LENGTH
0117 0119 011B 011D	A5 C9	38 01		RPT	LDXIM LDA CMPIM BEQ	TEMNOT	TEST FOR TEST
011F 0121 0123 0124	D5 F0 E8	00	01		CMPZX BEQ INX JMP		TEST FOR NOTE
0127 0128 0129 012B	8A E 9	07 0D		SUB	SEC TXA SBCIM BCS	\$07 NXGRPA	TEST FOR FIRST GROUP
012D	B5 85 A9 85 85	4C 3D CO 3E 3C	01		LDAZX STA LDAIM	NTSHP DTWO	STORE NOTE SHAPE
013A 013B 013C 013E 0140	8A E 9 B 0			NXGRPA	SEC TXA SBCIM BCS TXA	\$0E NXGRPB	TEST FOR SECOND GROUP
0141 0143 0144	E9 AA				SBCIM TAX	\$06 NTSHP	STORE NOTE SHAPE
0146 0148 014A 014C 014C 014E 0150	85 A 9 85 A 9 85	3D F 6 3E C 0 3C	01		STA	DTWO \$F6 DONE	STORE HI SHAPE

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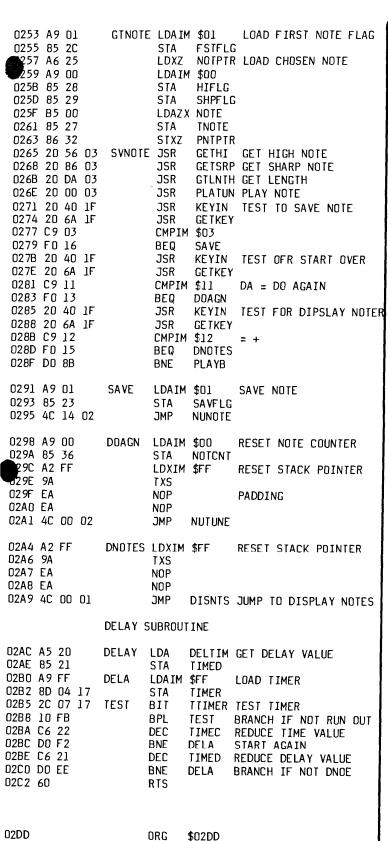
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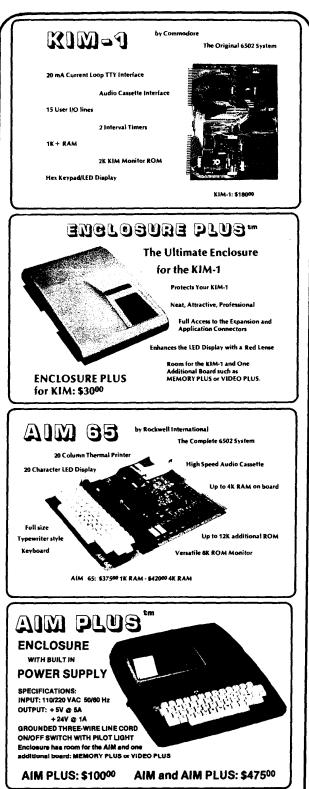
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01D0 01D2					BEQ BNE	DOAGNB DIS	
01D4 01D7 01D9 01DB 01DC	E 6 A 2 9A E A	37 FF		NEXT	JSR INC LDXIM TXS NOP NOP	DNTCNT	INCREMENT DISPLAY NOT COUNT. RESET STACK POINTER PADDING
01DE			01		JMP	NXTNOT	
01E1 01E3 01E5	85	36		DOAGNB	LDAIM STA JMP	\$00 NOTCNT NUTUNE	
15 16	5 1	7		MAIN P	ROGRAM		
0200					ORG	\$0200	
0200 0202 0204 0206 0208 020A 020C 020E 0210	85 85 85 85 85 85 85	23 2A 2C 01 60 A8 27		NUTUNE	LDAIM STA STA STA LDAIM STA STA LDAIM STA	SAVFLG NOTNUM FSTFLG \$01 TUNTBL LNTTBL TNOTE	
0214 0216 0218	A 9 85 A 9	06 25 0F		NUNOTE	LDAIM STA LDAIM	\$06 NOTPTR \$0F	INITIALIZE NOTE
021A 021C 021F 022Z 0224	20 20 C5	40 6A 26		PLAYB	STA JSR JSR CMP BEQ	KEYIN	TEST KEYPAD FOR NOTE
0226	С9	00			CMPIM	\$00	FOR REST
0228 022A 022C	Α5	2C			BEQ LDA CMPIM		TEST FOR FIRST TIME
022E 0230 0232 0234 0236	C6 C6 10	26 25 02			BEQ DEC DEC BPL BMI	NOPLAY KEYPTR NOTPTR DELYA NUNOTE	SET UP FOR NEXT NOTE
0238 023A 023B 023D 023F	CA 86 DO	30	02	DELYA	LDXZ DEX STXZ BNE JMP	DELAYA DELAYA PLAYB SVNOTE	DELAY
0242 0244 0246 0248	C6 10	25 D4		NOPLAY	DEC DEC BPL BMI	KEYPTR NOTPTR PLAYB NUNOTE	SET UP FOR NEXT NOTE
024A 024C 024E 0250	85 85	2C 27	02	GTREST	LDAIM STA STA JMP	\$01 FSTFLG TNOTE SVNOTE	LOAD REST





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0	2DD	Α9	01		TONE	LDAIM	\$ 01	OPEN PURI
Ω	2DF	8D	01	17		STA	PADD	
C	2E2	A 9	20		SOUND	LDAIM	\$20	START TIMER
0	2E4	8D	OF	17		STA	STIMER	
٥	2E7	Α6	2B		NOTEX	LDXZ	PRMNOT	NOTE FREQUENCY
O	2E9	CA			NWAIT	DE X		
Ö	2EA	DO	FD			BNE	NWAIT	
Č	2EC	EΕ	00	17		INC	PAD	TOGGLE OUTPUT
0	2EF	Α9	80			LDAIM	\$80	TEST COUNTER
0	2F 1	2C	07	17		BIT	TTIMER	
C	2F4	30	03			BMI	TIMOUT	
C	2F 6	4C	£7	02		JMP	NOTEX	
C	2F 9	С6	2D		TIMOUT	DEC	PLENTH	NOTE LENGTH
Č	2FB	DO:	E5			BNE	SOUND	
C	2FD	60				RTS		

PLAY TUNE SOBROUTINE

0300		ORG	\$0300	
0300 A5 2A 0302 85 2E 0304 A9 00 0306 85 2F 0308 A5 27 030A 85 2B 030C A5 24 030E 85 2D 0310 20 DD 02 0313 A5 23 0315 C9 01 0317 F0 1A 0319 A5 2A 031B C9 00 031D F0 13 031F A6 2F 0321 B5 60 0323 85 2B 0325 B5 A8 0327 85 2D 0320 C6 2F 0320 C6 2E 0330 10 ED 0332 60	PLAYC	STA LDAIM STA LDA STA LDA STA JSR LDA CMPIM BEQ LDXZ LDAZX STA LDAZX STA JSR INC DEC BPL	TNTNUM \$00 NEXNOT TNOTE PRMNOT TLENTH PLENTH TONE SAVFLG \$01 SAVEX NOTNUM \$00 RETURN NEXNOT TUNTBL PRMNOT LNTBL PRMNOT LNTBL PLENTH TONE NEXNOT	PLAY NOTE TEST FOR SAVE TEST FOR NOTE (NOT REQUIRED) LOAD NEXT NOTE LOAD NEXT LENGTH PLAY NOTE SET UP FOR NEXT NOTE
0333 A9 00 0335 85 23 0337 A9 01 0339 85 27 0338 E6 2A 033D A6 2A 033F A5 2B 034F 95 60 0343 A5 24 0345 95 A8 0347 20 AA 03 034A 4C 00 03	SAVEX	STA LDAIM STA INC LDXZ LDA STAZX LDA	TNOTE NOTNUM NOTNUM PRMNOT TUNTBL TLENTH	RESET SAVE FLAG NO PLAY LOAD NOTE INTO TUNETABLE LOAD LENGTH INTO LENGTH TABLE

ORG \$0356 0356

MICRO 13:50

GET HIGH SUBROUTINE

0359 0350 0350 0350 0360 0362 0364 0366 0368 036A	20 C9 D0 A5 C9 F0 A6 B5 4C	6A 07 15 29 00 09 32 15 27 75	15	GETHI	LDAZX STA JMP	LOADHI PNTPTR HISHRP TNOTE RETRNB	TEST (NOT LOAD	SHAF REQL HIGH	JIRED I SHAF VE BE	TE) RP	NOTE	
036F			03	LOADHI		PNTPTR	•				KI3)	
0371 0373		•			LDAZX STA	HINOTE TNOTE						
0375	60			RETRNB	RTS							

0386 ORG \$0386

GET SHARP SUBROUTINE

0386	20	40	1F	GE TSRP	JSR	KEYIN	TEST	FOR	SHARP	NOTE
0389	20	6A	1F		JSR	GETKEY				
038C	C9	05			CMPIM	\$05				
038E	DO	OA			BNE	RETRNC				
0390	Α9	01			LDAIM	\$01	LOAD	SHAF	RP FLAC	3
0392	85	29			STA	SHPFLG				
0394	Α6	32			LDXZ	PNTPTR	LOAD	SHAR	P NOTE	Ξ
0396	В5	OΕ			LDAZX	SHPNOT				
398	85	27			STA	TNOTE				
-039A	60			RETRNC	RTS					

ORG 03AA \$03AA

DISPLAY SAVE SUBROUTINE

85 A9	33 7F	17	DISPLY	STA	DELAYC	LOAD DISPLAY LIGHT TIME SET DIRECTION REGISTER
A2	04		REPEAT	LDXIM	\$04	SET UP 4 LETTERS
AO	FF		LIGHT		•	AND DELAY
В5	53			LDAZX	LETNUM	LIGHT LETTERS
8D	42	17		STA	SBD	
B 5	58			LDAZX	LETTER	
8D	40	17		STA	SAD	
88			WAITY	DEY		DELAY
DO	FD			BNE	WAITY	
CA				DE X		GET NEXT LETTER
10	ΕE			BPL	LIGHT	
A 4	33			LDY	DELAYC	DELAY
88				DEY		
84	33			STY	DELAYC	
DO	E5			BNE	REPEAT	
Α5	36			LDA	NOTCNT	TEST FOR 72 NOTES
С9	48			CMPIM	\$48	48 HEX = 72 DECIMAL
DO	03			BNE	INCNOT	
4C	00	01		JMP	DISNTS	
	85 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	A2 04 A0 FF B5 53 8D 42 B5 58 8D 40 88 D0 FD CA 10 EE A4 33 88 84 33 D0 E5 A5 36 C9 48 D0 03	85 33 A9 7F 8D 41 17 A2 04 A0 FF 85 53 8D 42 17 88 BD 40 17 88 BD 60 FD CA 10 EE A4 33 BB 84 33 D0 E5 A5 36 C9 48 D0 03	85 33 A9 7F 8D 41 17 A2 04 REPEAT A0 FF LIGHT B5 53 8D 42 17 B5 58 8D 40 17 88 WAITY D0 FD CA 10 EE A4 33 88 84 33 D0 E5 A5 36 C9 48 D0 03	85 33 STA A9 7F LDAIM 8D 41 17 STA A2 04 REPEAT LDXIM A0 FF LIGHT LDYIM B5 53 LDAZX 8D 42 17 STA B5 58 LDAZX 8D 40 17 STA 8B WAITY DEY DE X 10 EE BPL A4 33 STY DE Y BNE A5 36 LDA CMPIM BNE CMPIM BNE	85 33 STA DELAYC A9 7F LDAIM \$7F 8D 41 17 STA SADD A0 FF LIGHT LDXIM \$04 A0 FF LIGHT LDYIM \$FF B5 53 LDAZX LETNUM B0 42 17 STA SBD LDAZX LETTER STA SAD B0 40 17 STA SAD B8 WAITY DEY BNE WAITY DEY BNE WAITY DEX 10 EE BPL LIGHT A4 33 LDY DELAYC BNE STY DELAYC BNE REPEAT LDA NOTCNT CMPIM \$48 LDA NOTCNT CMPIM \$48 NOTCNT NOTCNT

DOMBU DIAS ...

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5/24

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MICRO 13:51

an alignation and the contraction and

12:10 There should be vertical characters in Himes 230 to 290 similar to those in line 220. Also, each line needs a " at the end: Line 310 should read "homeGOTO" not "home GOTO". The correct pattern for the Cheshire Cat is:

AN APPLE II PROGRAM EDIT AID

11:5 Line 32630 should read J=ASC ... not I=ASC ...

"And here is an addition to make the program run smoother: Add the following lines so that when the screen fills up with text, the Apple will pause and display an "@" in the lower right-hand corner. This will prompt you to hit any key and Apple will clear the screen and continue wherehit left off. This process will continue until until there are no more occurences of the search item.

Add:

32692 VTAB 23:TAB 39:PRINT"@"
32695 KEY=PEEK(-16384): IF KEY
<127 THEN 32695
32697 POKE -16368;0: CALL -936

David B. Garson 5163 Willow Wood Road Rolling Hills Estates, CA 90274

The Ultimate PET Renumber

11:37 A few listing errors:

1F15 88 DEY was C8 1F49 A5 OA LDAZ was A9 OA 1F4B FO 2F BEQ INSF was FO 17

Miero

03D7 E6 36 INCNOT INC NOTCNT INCREASE NOTE COUNT 03D9 60 RTS

GET LENGTH SUBROUTINE

03DA A9 03 GTLNTH LDAIM \$03 LOAD LENGTH POINTER 03DC 85 3F LNTPTR STA 03DE 20 40 1F KEYTST JSR KEYIN TEST KEYPAD FOR GETKEY LENGTH 03E1 20 6A 1F JSR 03E4 A6 3F LDXZ LNTPTR CMPZX KEYLNT 03E6 D5 40 03E8 F0 05 BEQ LODLNT 03EA C6 3F LNTPTR DEC 03EC 10 FO **BPL** KEYTST 03EE 60 RTS 03EF B5 44 LODENT LDAZX ENTH LOAD LENGTH 03F1 85 24 STA TLENTH 03F 3 60 RTS

SYMBOL	TABLE	2000 228	Ε				
NOTE	0000	HINOTE	0007	SHPNOT	000E	HISHRP	0015
DELTIM	0020	TIMED	0021	TIMEC	0022	SAVFLG	0023
TLENTH	0024	NOTPTR	0025	KEYPTR	0026	TNOTE	0027
HIFLG	0028	SHPFLG	0029	NOTNUM	002A	PRMNOT	002B
FSTFLG	D02C	PLENTH	002D	TNTNUM	002E	NE XNOT	002F
DELAYA	0030	DELAYB	0031	PNTPTR	0032	DELAYC	0033
TTBPTR	0034	NTBPTR	0035	NOTENT	0036	DNTCNT	0037
TEMNOT	0038	TEMLEN	0039	COUNT	003A	DF OUR	003B
DTHREE	003C	DTWO	003D	DONE	003E	LNTPTR	003F
KEYLNT	0040	LNTH	0044	LNSHP	0048	NTSHP	004C
LETNUM	0053	LETTER	0058	TUNTBL	0060	LNTTBL	8 A00
DISNTS	0100	NXTNOT	0104	BEGIN	010D	RPT	0119
SUB	0127	NXGRPA	013A	NXGRPB	0153	NXGRPC	01 <i>6</i> C
DISZER	0180	DISLEN	018A	RPTB	018C	GTSHP	0196
DIS	D1 9A	RPTC	01A3	LITE	01A5	WAIT	01B1
NEXT	01D4	DOAGNB	01E1	NUTUNE	0200	NUNOTE	0214
PLA YB	021C	DELYA	0238	NOPLAY	0242	GTREST	024A
GTNOTE	0253	SVNOTE	0265	SAVE	0291	DOAGN	0298
DNOTES	02A4	DELAY	02AC	DELA	02B0	TEST	02B5
TONE	02DD	SOUND	02E2	NOTEX	02E7	NWAIT	02E 9
TUOMIT	02F 9	PLATUN	0300	PLAYC	031F	RETURN	0332
SAVEX	0333	GETHI	0356	LOADHI	036F	RETRNB	0375
G E TSRP	0386	RETRNC	039A	DISPLY	O3AA	REPEAT	03B3
LIGHT	03B5	WAITY	03C1	INCNOT	03D7	GTLNTH	03DA
KEYTST	03DE	LODLNT	03EF	PAD	1700	PADD	1701
TIMER	1704	TTIMER	1707	STIMER	170F	SAD	1740
SADD	1741	SBD	1742	PBDD	1743	KEYIN	1F40
G E TKE Y	1F 6A						