Package 'conformalClassification'

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Description

The conformal Classification package implements Transductive Conformal Prediction (TCP) and Inductive Conformal Prediction (ICP) for classification problems.

2 CPCalibrationPlot

Details

Currently, the pakcage is built upon random forests method, where voting of random forests for each class is considered as a conformity scores for each data point. Mainly the package generates conformal prediction errors (p-values) for classification problems, it also provides various diagnostic measures such as deviation from alidity, error rate, efficiency, observed fuzziness and calibration plots. In future releases, we plan to extend package to use other machine learning algorithms, (i.e. support vector machine) for model fitting.

CPCalibrationPlot

Plots the calibration plot

Description

Plots the calibration plot

Usage

```
CPCalibrationPlot(pValues, testSet, color = "blue")
```

Arguments

testSet The test set

color colour of the calibration line

matPValues Matrix of p-values

See Also

CPEfficiency, CPErrorRate, CPValidity, CPObsFuzziness.

```
## load the library
library(mlbench)
## load the DNA dataset
data(DNA)
originalData <- DNA
## make sure first column is always the label and class labels are always 1, 2, ...
nrAttr = ncol(originalData) #no of attributes
tempColumn = originalData[, 1]
originalData[, 1] = originalData[, nrAttr]
originalData[, nrAttr] = tempColumn
originalData[, 1] = as.factor(originalData[, 1])
originalData[, 1] = as.numeric(originalData[, 1])
## partition the data into training and test set
result = createDataPartition(originalData[, 1], p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
trainingSet = originalData[result, ]
testSet = originalData[-result, ]
##ICP classification
pValues = ICPClassification(trainingSet, testSet)
calibrationPlot(pValues, testSet, "blue")
```

CPEfficiency 3

CPEfficiency	Computes efficiency of a conformal predictor, which is defined as the
	ratio of predictions with more than one class over the size of the testset

Description

Computes efficiency of a conformal predictor, which is defined as the ratio of predictions with more than one class over the size of the testset

Usage

```
CPEfficiency(matPValues, testLabels, sigfLevel = 0.05)
```

Arguments

matPValues Matrix of p-values
testLabels True labels for the test-set
sigfLevel Significance level

Value

The efficiency

See Also

CPCalibrationPlot, CPErrorRate, CPValidity, CPObsFuzziness.

```
## load the library
library(mlbench)
## load the DNA dataset
data(DNA)
originalData <- DNA
## make sure first column is always the label and class labels are always 1, 2, \dots
nrAttr = ncol(originalData) #no of attributes
tempColumn = originalData[, 1]
originalData[, 1] = originalData[, nrAttr]
originalData[, nrAttr] = tempColumn
originalData[, 1] = as.factor(originalData[, 1])
originalData[, 1] = as.numeric(originalData[, 1])
## partition the data into training and test set
result = createDataPartition(originalData[, 1], p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
trainingSet = originalData[result, ]
testSet = originalData[-result, ]
##ICP classification
pValues = ICPClassification(trainingSet, testSet)
testLabels = testSet[,1]
CPEfficiency(pValues, testLabels)
```

4 CPErrorRate

CPErrorRate	Computes error rate of a conformal predictor, which is defined as the ratio of predictions with missing true class lables over the size of the testset
	resiser

Description

Computes error rate of a conformal predictor, which is defined as the ratio of predictions with missing true class lables over the size of the testset

Usage

```
CPErrorRate(matPValues, testLabels, sigfLevel = 0.05)
```

Arguments

matPValues Matrix of p-values
testLabels True labels for the test-set
sigfLevel Significance level

Value

The error rate

See Also

 ${\it CPalibrationPlot}, {\it CPEfficiency}, {\it CPValidity}, {\it CPObsFuzziness}.$

```
## load the library
library(mlbench)
## load the DNA dataset
data(DNA)
originalData <- DNA
## make sure first column is always the label and class labels are always 1, 2, ...
nrAttr = ncol(originalData) #no of attributes
tempColumn = originalData[, 1]
originalData[, 1] = originalData[, nrAttr]
originalData[, nrAttr] = tempColumn
originalData[, 1] = as.factor(originalData[, 1])
originalData[, 1] = as.numeric(originalData[, 1])
## partition the data into training and test set
result = createDataPartition(originalData[, 1], p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
trainingSet = originalData[result, ]
testSet = originalData[-result, ]
##ICP classification
pValues = ICPClassification(trainingSet, testSet)
testLabels = testSet[,1]
CPErrorRate(pValues, testLabels)
```

CPObsFuzziness 5

CPObsFuzziness	Computes observed fuzziness, which is defined as the sum of all p-
	values for the incorrect class labels.

Description

Computes observed fuzziness, which is defined as the sum of all p-values for the incorrect class labels.

Usage

```
CPObsFuzziness(matPValues, testLabels)
```

Arguments

matPValues Matrix of p-values testLabels True labels for the test-set

Value

The observed fuzziness

See Also

CPCalibrationPlot, CPEfficiency, CPErrorRate, CPValidity.

```
## load the library
library(mlbench)
## load the DNA dataset
data(DNA)
originalData <- DNA
## make sure first column is always the label and class labels are always 1, 2, \dots
nrAttr = ncol(originalData) #no of attributes
tempColumn = originalData[, 1]
originalData[, 1] = originalData[, nrAttr]
originalData[, nrAttr] = tempColumn \\
originalData[, 1] = as.factor(originalData[, 1])
originalData[, 1] = as.numeric(originalData[, 1])
## partition the data into training and test set
result = createDataPartition(originalData[, 1], p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
trainingSet = originalData[result, ]
testSet = originalData[-result, ]
##ICP classification
pValues = ICPClassification(trainingSet, testSet)
testLabels = testSet[,1]
CPObsFuzziness(pValues, testLabels)
```

6 CPValidity

CPValidity	Computes the deviation from exact validity as the Euclidean norm of
	the difference of the observed error and the expected error

Description

Computes the deviation from exact validity as the Euclidean norm of the difference of the observed error and the expected error

Usage

```
CPValidity(matPValues = NULL, testLabels = NULL)
```

Arguments

matPValues Matrix of p-values testLabels True labels for the test-set

Value

The deviation from exact validity

See Also

CPCalibrationPlot, CPEfficiency, CPErrorRate, CPObsFuzziness.

```
## load the library
library(mlbench)
## load the DNA dataset
data(DNA)
originalData <- DNA
## make sure first column is always the label and class labels are always 1, 2, \dots
nrAttr = ncol(originalData) #no of attributes
tempColumn = originalData[, 1]
originalData[, 1] = originalData[, nrAttr]
originalData[, nrAttr] = tempColumn \\
originalData[, 1] = as.factor(originalData[, 1])
originalData[, 1] = as.numeric(originalData[, 1])
## partition the data into training and test set
result = createDataPartition(originalData[, 1], p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
trainingSet = originalData[result, ]
testSet = originalData[-result, ]
##ICP classification
pValues = ICPClassification(trainingSet, testSet)
testLabels = testSet[,1]
CPValidity(pValues, testLabels)
```

ICPClassification 7

ICPClassification	Class-conditional Inductive conformal classifier for multi-class prob-
	lems

Description

Class-conditional Inductive conformal classifier for multi-class problems

Usage

```
ICPClassification(trainingSet, testSet, ratioTrain = 0.7, method = "rf",
    nrTrees = 100)
```

Arguments

trainingSet Training set testSet Test set

ratioTrain The ratio for proper training set

method Method for modeling
nrTrees Number of trees for RF

Value

The p-values

See Also

TCPClassification, parTCPClassification.

```
## load the library
library(mlbench)
## load the DNA dataset
data(DNA)
originalData <- DNA
## make sure first column is always the label and class labels are always 1, 2, \dots
nrAttr = ncol(originalData) #no of attributes
tempColumn = originalData[, 1]
originalData[, 1] = originalData[, nrAttr]
originalData[, nrAttr] = tempColumn
originalData[, 1] = as.factor(originalData[, 1])
originalData[, 1] = as.numeric(originalData[, 1])
## partition the data into training and test set
result = createDataPartition(originalData[, 1], p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
trainingSet = originalData[result, ]
testSet = originalData[-result, ]
##ICP classification
```

8 parTCPClassification

```
pValues = ICPClassification(trainingSet, testSet)
#perfVlaues = pValues2PerfMetrics(pValues, testSet)
#print(perfVlaues)
#calibrationPlot(pValues, testSet, "blue")
```

parTCPClassification Class-conditional transductive conformal classifier for multi-class problems, paralled computations

Description

Class-conditional transductive conformal classifier for multi-class problems, paralled computations

Usage

```
parTCPClassification(trainSet, testSet, method = "rf", nrTrees = 100)
```

Arguments

testSet Test set

method Method for modeling nrTrees Number of trees for RF

trainingSet Training set

Value

The p-values

See Also

TCPClassification. ICPClassification.

```
## load the library
library(mlbench)
## load the DNA dataset
data(DNA)
originalData <- DNA
## make sure first column is always the label and class labels are always 1, 2, ...
nrAttr = ncol(originalData) #no of attributes
tempColumn = originalData[, 1]
originalData[, 1] = originalData[, nrAttr]
originalData[, nrAttr] = tempColumn
originalData[, 1] = as.factor(originalData[, 1])
originalData[, 1] = as.numeric(originalData[, 1])
## partition the data into training and test set
result = createDataPartition(originalData[, 1], p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
trainingSet = originalData[result, ]
testSet = originalData[-result, ]
```

TCPClassification 9

```
##ICP classification
pValues = parTCPClassification(trainingSet, testSet)
#perfVlaues = pValues2PerfMetrics(pValues, testSet)
#print(perfVlaues)
#calibrationPlot(pValues, testSet, "blue")
```

TCPClassification

Class-conditional transductive conformal classifier for multi-class problems

Description

Class-conditional transductive conformal classifier for multi-class problems

Usage

```
TCPClassification(trainSet, testSet, method = "rf", nrTrees = 100)
```

Arguments

testSet Test set

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{method} & \text{Method for modeling} \\ \text{nrTrees} & \text{Number of trees for RF} \end{array}$

trainingSet Training set

Value

The p-values

See Also

parTCPClassification. ICPClassification.

```
## load the library
library(mlbench)

## load the DNA dataset
data(DNA)
originalData <- DNA

## make sure first column is always the label and class labels are always 1, 2, ...
nrAttr = ncol(originalData) #no of attributes
tempColumn = originalData[, 1]
originalData[, 1] = originalData[, nrAttr]
originalData[, nrAttr] = tempColumn
originalData[, 1] = as.factor(originalData[, 1])
originalData[, 1] = as.numeric(originalData[, 1])

## partition the data into training and test set
result = createDataPartition(originalData[, 1], p = 0.8, list = FALSE)</pre>
```

TCPClassification

```
trainingSet = originalData[result, ]
testSet = originalData[-result, ]

##reduce the size of the training set, because TCP is slow
result = createDataPartition(trainingSet[, 1], p=0.8, list=FALSE)
trainingSet = trainingSet[-result, ]

##TCP classification
pValues = TCPClassification(trainingSet, testSet)
#perfVlaues = pValues2PerfMetrics(pValues, testSet)
#print(perfVlaues)
#calibrationPlot(pValues, testSet, "blue")
```

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