

Exercises Week 2

3

a) $y[n] = m \cdot (x[n])^2$

• M: memoryless

• Linear? $x[n] = a \cdot x_1[n] + b \cdot x_2[n]$

$$H\left\{ \underbrace{a \cdot x_1[n] + b \cdot x_2[n]}_{\stackrel{?}{=} x[n]} \right\} = m \cdot (a \cdot x_1[n] + b \cdot x_2[n])^2 \neq \Rightarrow \text{non-linear}$$

$$a \cdot H\{x_1[n]\} + b \cdot H\{x_2[n]\} = a \cdot m \cdot (x_1[n])^2 + b \cdot m \cdot (x_2[n])^2$$

• Time Invar? Not T.I. because of m :

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & y[n-k] = (n-k) \cdot (x[n-k])^2 \\ & H\{x[n-k]\} = m \cdot (x[n-k])^2 \end{aligned} \right\} \neq \text{Not T.I.}$$

• Causal? Yes is Bounded

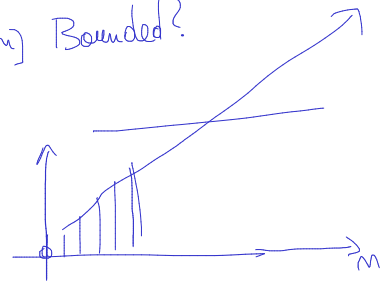
• stable? If $x[n] \in [-m, m]$, is $y[n]$ Bounded?

$$\text{If } x[n] = 1 \Rightarrow y[n] = m$$

Bounded

Unbounded

Unstable



$$(x_1[n] + x_2[n])$$

b) $y[n] = x[n] \cdot \cos(\omega_0 n)$

- M: memoryless

- L: linear ✓

- T.I: no, it is Time Variant

- C: Yes

- S: yes

0

c) $y[n] = \sin(x[n])$

M: memoryless

L: no

T.I: yes

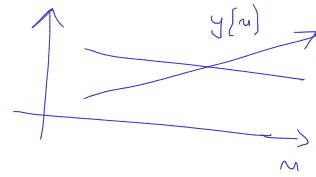
C: Yes

S: Yes

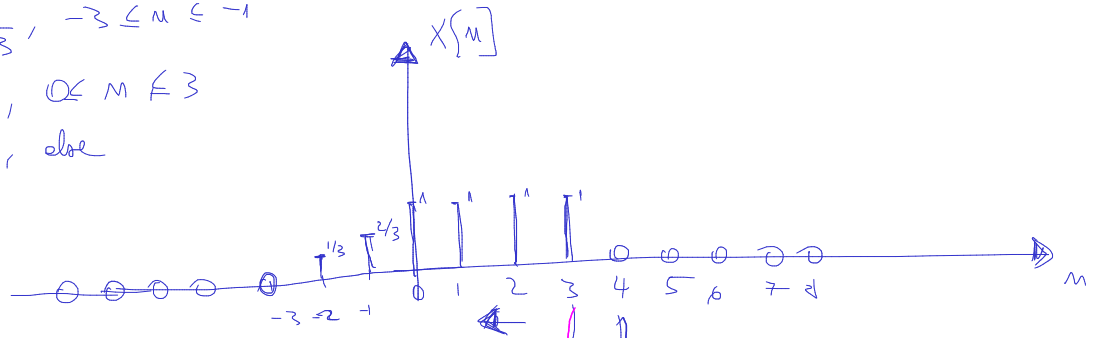
d). $y[n] = x[n] + M \cdot x[n+1]$

- M : with memory
- L : linear
- T.I. : Not
- C : Not
- S : Not

$$y[n] = 1 + n \cdot 1$$



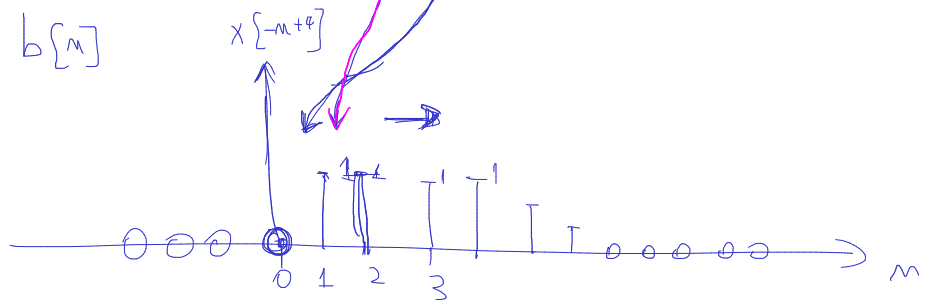
1) $x[n] = \begin{cases} 1 + \frac{n}{3}, & -3 \leq n \leq -1 \\ 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$



b). $x[-n+4] = ? = b[n]$

$$b[0] = x[4]$$

$$b[1] = x[3]$$



$$\{0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 0, \dots\}$$

c).
d).