Bill Paying Machine

Project 3, ESDM

Short description

- 1. Create and test Simulink model with a state machine implementing the behavior of a simplified bill paying machine (Payment Kiosk) for paying bills with your card.
- 2. Write a small report on the project:
 - a. briefly describe the overall design you chose (states, transitions etc).
 - b. put screenshots from the tests, to prove the tests work



Figure 1: Bill payment machine

Requirements

- 1. The machine operates as follows:
 - the machine reads the bill number
 - client inserts card
 - client inserts PIN number and Enter, the machine checks if it is correct
 - client specifies an amount of money to pay, then presses Enter
 - if the amount is available on the client's card, the money is payed
 - the card is released
- 2. The Simulink model has the following inputs and outputs:

Inputs:

- InputBillNumber (number, 000000 to 999999): the bill number read by the machine
- CardInserted (boolean): becomes TRUE when a card is inserted
- TruePIN (number, 0000 to 9999): the true PIN of the card
- AccountMoney (number, 0 to 100000): the available money in the client's account
- InputPIN (number, 0000 to 9999): the PIN introduced by the client
- MoneyToPay (number, 0 to 100000): how much money does the client want to pay
- Cancel button (boolean): cancel

Outputs:

- TargetBillNumber (number, 000000 to 999999): the bill number read from the client, which shall be payed
- TargetPay (number, 0 to 100000): the amount of money to be payed to the bill issuer
 - when 0, nothing is paved
 - when non-zero, the specified amount is transferred to the bill's issuer account
- UpdateAccountMoney (number, 0 to 100000): set the final amount remaining in the client's account after the operation
- ReleaseCard (boolean): activates the motor for releasing the card
- Status output:
 - -0 = IDLE
 - -1 = OPERATION IN PROGRESS
 - $-2 = CARD_HELD$
 - $-3 = NOT_ENOUGH_MONEY$

- 3. When the client enters the bill, input InputBillNumber becomes the ID number of the bill.
- 4. When the client inserts the card, the following inputs are activated at the same time:
 - CardInserted becomes TRUE
 - TruePIN has the value of the true PIN (e.g. 5478) (coming from the bank)
 - AccountMoney shows the amount of money in the account (coming from the bank)
- 5. The client then introduces the PIN at the Keyboard, which is received by the machine via the input InputPIN
- 6. Fault checking:
 - The ATM checks if the PIN equals the true PIN
 - If not, the user can reintroduce it another 2 times (3 times in all)
 - If the PIN is entered incorrectly 3 times, the card is withheld (it will not be released), and status output is set to CARD_HELD
 - If the amount requested to pay is more than the amount available in the account, operation is refused, Status output is set to NOT_ENOUGH_MONEY
- 7. If everything is OK, then:
 - To do the payment, the machine outputs two values:
 - the bill number is copied at the output TargetBillNumber,
 - the sum requested to be paid is copied at the output TargetPay (these two outputs go to the bank, to execute the tansaction)
 - The money available in the client's account shall be updated by setting the output UpdateAccountMoney to the remaining sum in the account
 - To release the card, activate the ReleaseCard boolean output
 - Wait 8 seconds after releasing the card, before starting any new operation.
- 8. Pressing Cancel at any time stops any operation and releases the card (unless the card is withheld after 3 incorrect PINs, in which case it is never returned).
- 9. Use parameters from Matlab for all values you consider necessary (e.g. duration of times etc.). Our customer may want to adjust the parameters at any time.
- 10. Test as many behaviors of your state machine as possible (use one/multiple separate test models if necessary)