



Hierarchical state machines

Hierarchical state machines:

- ► A state in a top-level FSM can be implemented ("refined") as an internal/embedded state machine
 - ► The top level state = "super-state"
 - ► An internal state inside it = "sub-state"

Problems:

- Which sub-state is entered?
- ▶ What transitions are executed and in what order?

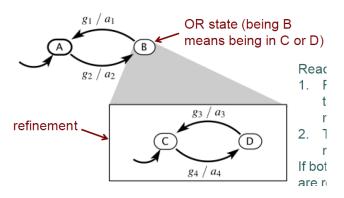


Figure 1: State refinement

▶ If g1 and g3 are both true, which reacts first? The inner FSM or the outer FSM?

Reaction order

Two solutions:

- ▶ 1. [Statecharts language] Inner FSM reacts first, outer FSM reacts later
 - ▶ The two reactions are considered simultaneous
 - ► The output actions are required to not conflict
- 2. [Stateflow, Matlab] Outer FSM reacts first, inner FSM reacts later (if at all)
 - ▶ If state is left, the inner FSM will not react at all

Reaction order

Specify here the order of checks/operations in both cases $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

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History transitions

When entering a super-state, which sub-state is entered?

Two solutions:

- ▶ 1. Enter the last sub-state you were in, when you last left the super-state
 - Represented as a history transition (marked with a full black arrow on these schematics / a H sign in Matlab)
- 2. Enter the default sub-state every time
 - Known as a reset transition (marked with a white arrow on these schematics / default behavior in Matlab)

Equivalent flattened FSM

- ► Any hierarchical FSM can be "flattened", e.g. converted into an equivalent model with no super-states
 - e.g. Super-state A with two substates B and C is split into to substates AB and AC, transitions from A now leaving from both AB and AC
- Hierarchy in models brings representation efficiency

Flattening the state machine (assuming history transitions):

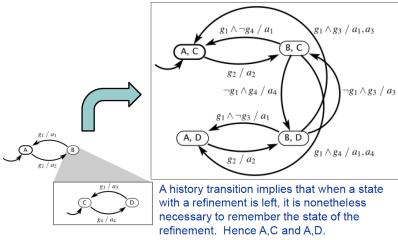


Figure 2: Flattenning example

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Flattening the state machine (assuming reset transitions):

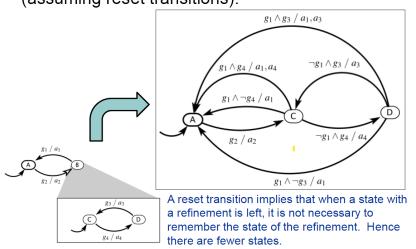


Figure 3: Flattenning example

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