

## Exercises 8 : channels

1. Consider a communication process defined by the following **joint probability matrix**:

$$P(x_i \cap y_j) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

- compute the marginal probabilities and the marginal entropies  $H(X)$  and  $H(Y)$ ;
- Find the channel matrix  $P(Y|X)$  and draw the graph of the channel;
- compute the mutual information  $I(X, Y)$ , and draw the geometrical representation.

① a)  $P(X, Y) = P(x_i \cap y_j) =$

	$y_1$	$y_2$	$y_3$	
$x_1$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\rightarrow P(x_1) = \frac{1}{2}$
$x_2$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\rightarrow P(x_2) = \frac{1}{2}$
	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	
	$P(y_1) = \frac{1}{2}$	$P(y_2) = \frac{1}{4}$	$P(y_3) = \frac{1}{4}$	

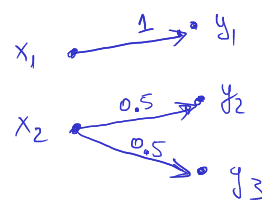
$H(X) = -\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ b}$

$$H(Y) = -\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \log \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + 1 = 1.5 \text{ b}$$

b)  $P(Y|X) =$

	$y_1$	$y_2$	$y_3$
$x_1$	1	0	0
$x_2$	0	0.5	0.5



c)  $I(X, Y) = ?$

$H(X, Y)$  = entropy of all values in  $P(X, Y)$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \log \frac{1}{4} - \underbrace{3 \cdot 0 \log 0}_0 = 1.5 \text{ b}$$

$$I(X, Y) = H(X) + H(Y) - H(X, Y) =$$

$$= 1 + 1.5 - 1.5$$

$$= 1 \text{ b}$$



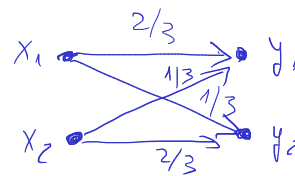
2. At the input of a binary symmetric channel with the following channel matrix

$$P(y_j|x_i) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

we apply two inputs  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  with probabilities  $p(x_1) = \frac{3}{4}$  and  $p(x_2) = \frac{1}{4}$ .

- Draw the graph of the channel
- Find  $H(X)$ ,  $H(Y)$  and  $I(X, Y)$
- Compute the uncertainty remaining over the input  $X$  when output symbol  $y_2$  is received
- Compute the channel capacity, the redundancy and the efficiency of the channel.

a)  $P(Y|X) = P(y_j|x_i) = \begin{matrix} & y_1 & y_2 \\ \begin{matrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 2/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 2/3 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \cdot \begin{matrix} p(x_1) \\ p(x_2) \end{matrix}$



$$p(x_1) = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$p(x_2) = \frac{1}{4}$$

b) .

$$H(Y) = ?$$

$$P(x, y) = \begin{matrix} & y_1 & y_2 \\ \begin{matrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/4 \\ 1/12 & 1/6 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} p(x_1) = \frac{3}{4} \\ p(x_2) = \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix}$$

$$p(y_1) = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$p(y_2) = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

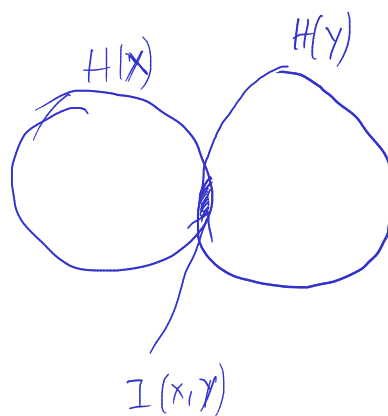
$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{12} \quad \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$H(X) = -\frac{3}{4} \log \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \log \frac{1}{4} = 0.81 \text{ b}$$

$$H(Y) = -\frac{7}{12} \log \frac{7}{12} - \frac{5}{12} \log \frac{5}{12} = 0.98 \text{ b}$$

$$H(X, Y) = -\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \log \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{12} \log \frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{6} \log \frac{1}{6} = 1.73 \text{ b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I(X, Y) &= H(X) + H(Y) - H(X, Y) \\ &= 0.81 + 0.98 - 1.73 \\ &= 1.79 - 1.73 \\ &= 0.06 \text{ b} \end{aligned}$$



c).  $H(X|Y_2) = ?$

$$P(X|Y) = \begin{matrix} & y_1 & y_2 \\ x_1 & \frac{6}{7} & \frac{6}{10} \\ x_2 & \frac{1}{7} & \frac{4}{10} \end{matrix}$$

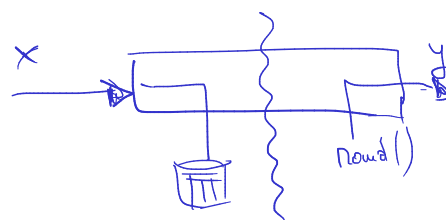
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{12}{7} = \frac{6}{7} \quad \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{12}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{12}{7} = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$H(X|y_2) = -\frac{6}{10} \log \frac{6}{10} - \frac{4}{10} \log \frac{4}{10} = 0.97 \text{ b}$$

d). We didn't do this in the lectures

3  $P(X,Y) = \begin{matrix} & y_1 & y_2 & y_3 \\ x_1 & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{6} \\ x_2 & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{6} \end{matrix}$

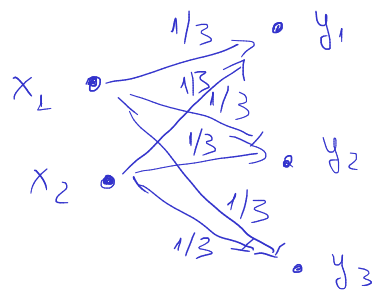


Coin:  $P(x_1) = P(x_2) = \frac{1}{2}$

3-side Dice:  $P(y_1) = P(y_2) = P(y_3) = \frac{1}{3}$

Independent:  $P(X_1, Y_1) = P(X_1) \cdot P(Y_2)$

b)  $P(Y|X) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$



c)  $H(X) = -\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} = 1$

$$H(Y) = -3 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3} = \log 3$$

$$H(X,Y) = -6 \cdot \frac{1}{6} \log \frac{1}{6} = \log 6 = \log(2 \cdot 3) = \underbrace{\log 2}_{\frac{1}{H(X)}} + \underbrace{\log 3}_{H(Y)}$$

$$I(X,Y) = H(X) + H(Y) - H(X,Y) = 0$$



$$\textcircled{4} \quad P(Y|X) = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} y_1 & y_2 & y_3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \quad H(Y|X) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad P(Y|X) = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} y_1 & y_2 & y_3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \rightarrow H(Y|x_1) \neq 0 = \log 3$$

$$\rightarrow H(Y|x_2) = 0$$