

# Short-term Hands-on Supplementary Course on C programming

## Session 2: Conditional Statements

# Agenda

1. Flow of Control
2. Sequential Flow
3. Conditional Flow of Control
  - a. If statement (nested if)
  - b. If-else statement (nested if-else)
  - c. if-elseif-.....-else statements
  - d. Ternary operator or conditional operator
  - e. Switch case
4. Tutorial: Simple Calculator

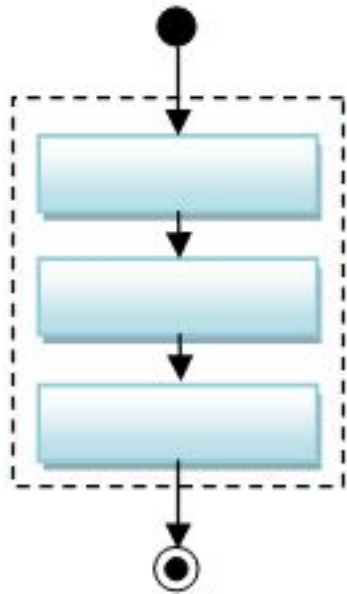


# Flow of Control

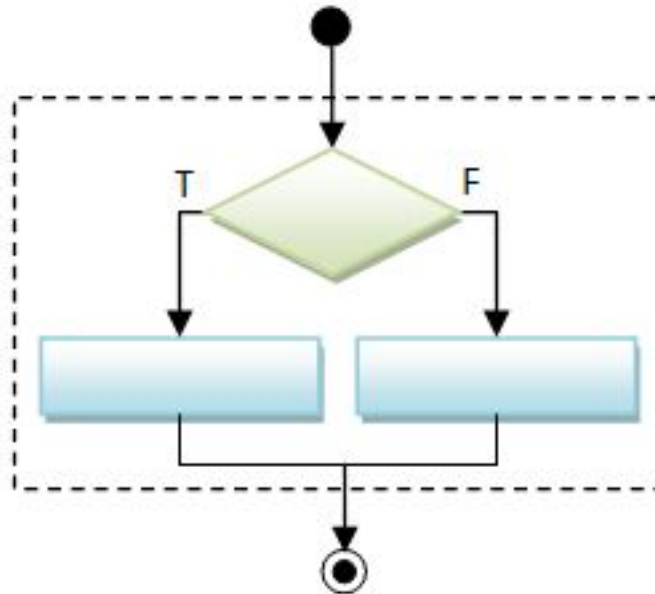
In C language, the control of the program flows from a given instruction to another. This type of control flow that occurs from any given command to another is known as the sequential control flow. Now, in any C program, a programmer might want to repeat some sets of instructions or even skip the instructions when they are writing logic. Declarations in C, also known as control declarations or decision-making, help them in making such decisions.



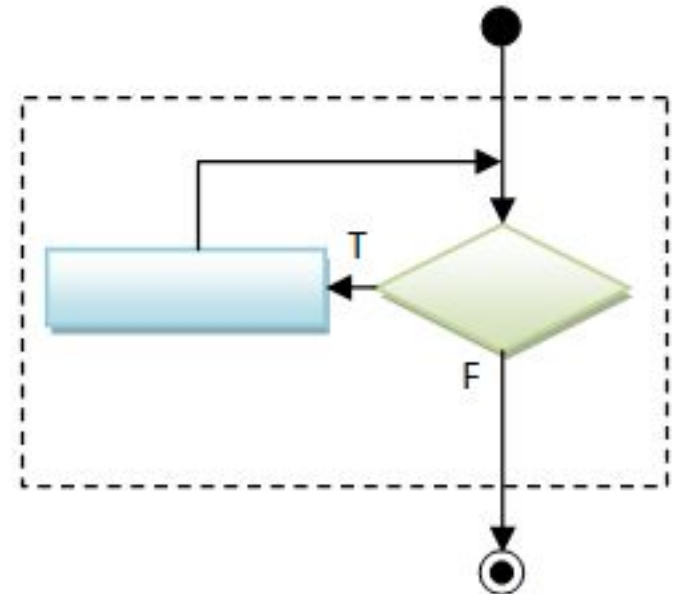
## Three main types of control flow in computer program



**Sequential**



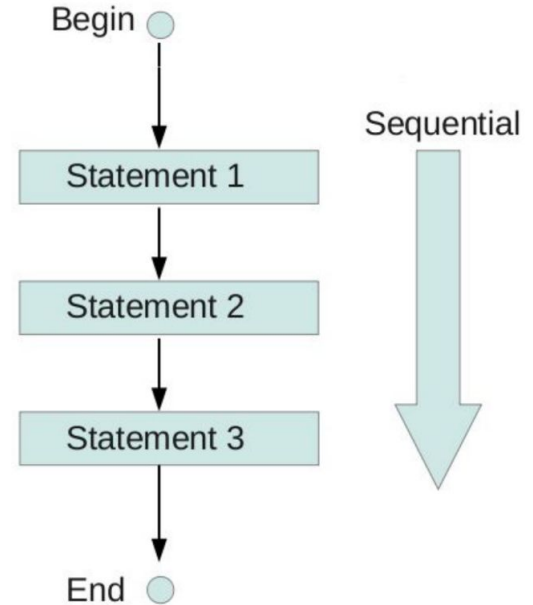
**Conditional (Decision)**



**Loop (Iteration)**

# Sequential Flow

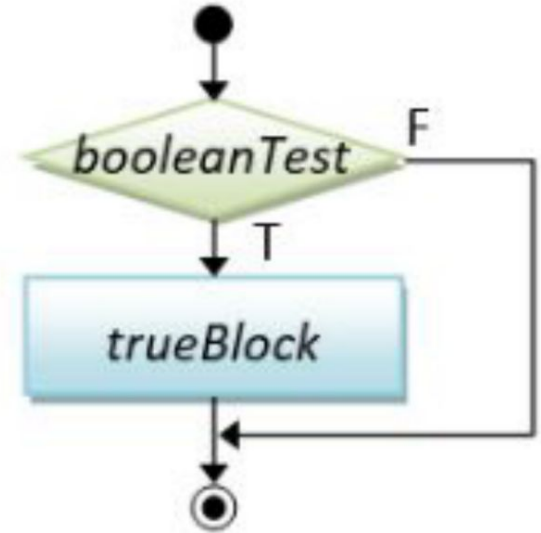
```
int main()  
{  
    Statement 1;  
    Statement 2;  
    Statement 3;  
    .  
    .  
    .  
    Statement N;  
}
```



# Conditional Flow of Control

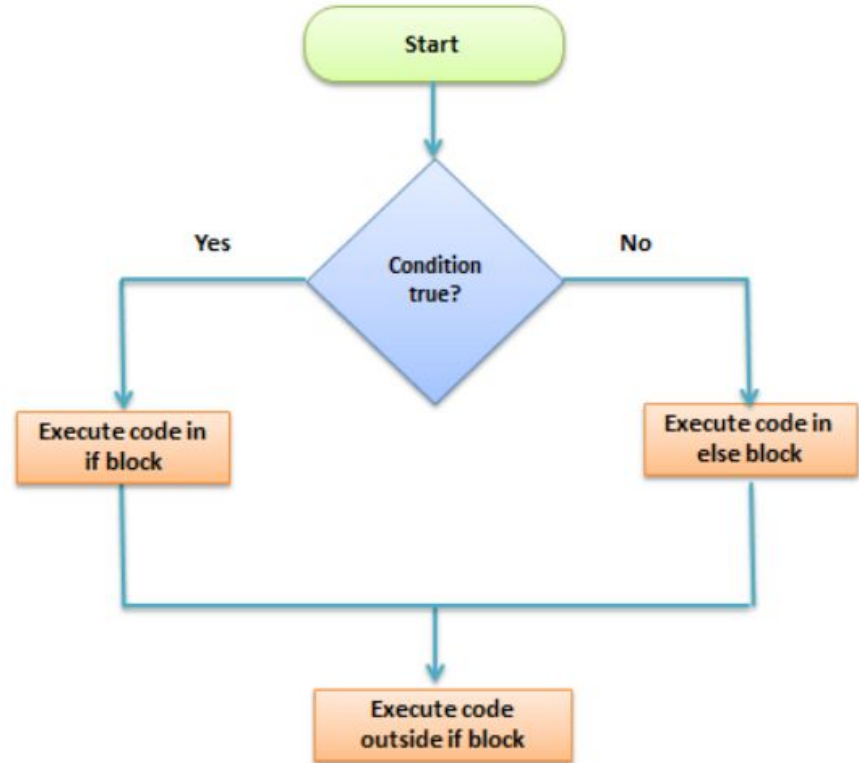
If statement syntax:

```
if (condition){  
    // true-block  
    Statements;  
}
```



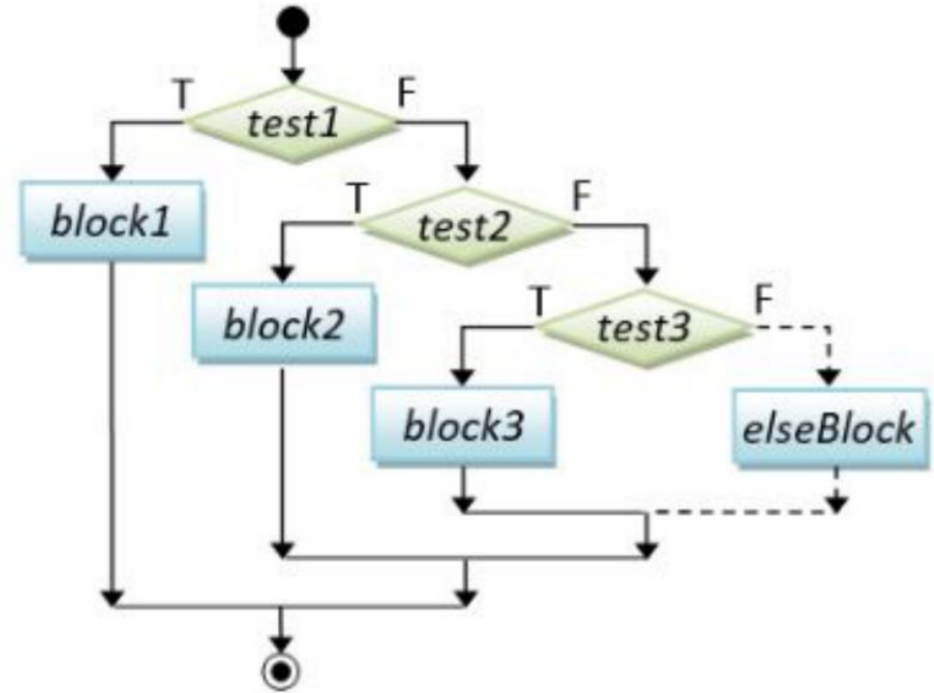
# If-else statement syntax:

```
if (condition){  
    // true-block  
    Statements;  
}  
else {  
    //false block  
    Statements;  
}
```



# If-elseif-.....-else statement syntax:

```
if (test - expression 1) {  
    statement1; //block 1  
} else if (test - expression 2) {  
    statement2; //block 2  
} else if (test - expression 3) {  
    statement3; //block 3  
} else if (test - expression n) {  
    Statement n;  
} else {  
    Statement x; //else block  
}
```





# Ternary Operator syntax:

Condition ? trueExpr : falseExpr

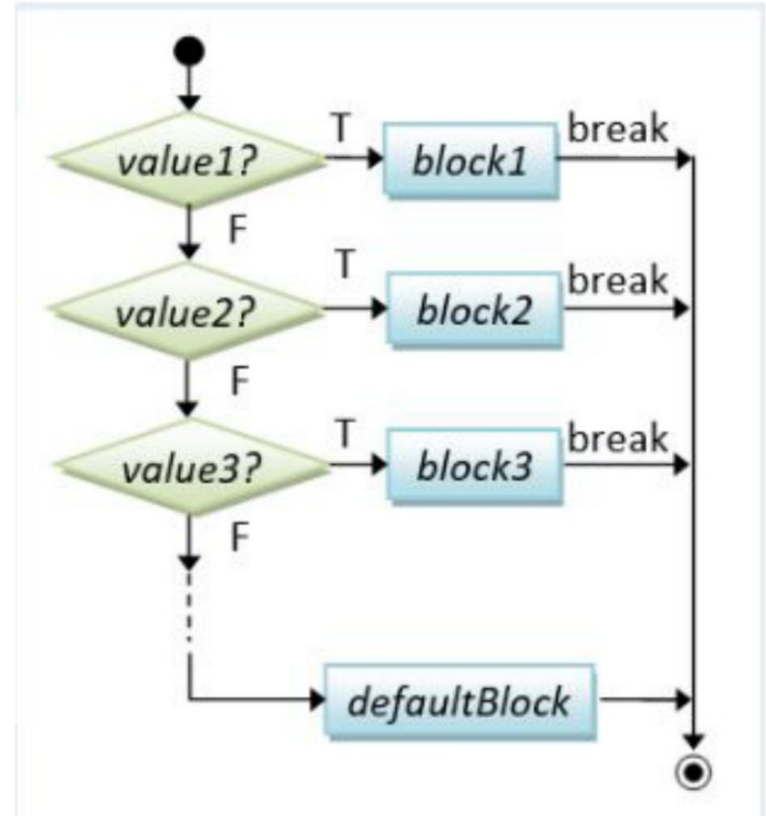
Example:

```
printf("%s", (marks>=50) ? "PASS" : "FAIL")  
  
// prints pass if marks>=50  
  
Max = ( x>=y ? x : y ) ;  
  
//RHS returns a or b
```



# Switch case syntax:

```
switch( selector ){  
  case value1:  
    statement_1; break;  
  case value2:  
    statement_2; break;  
  .....  
  .....  
  .....  
  case value_n:  
    statement_n; break;  
  default:  
    default statement;  
}
```



# Tutorial

Write code to build a simple calculator in C.

Answer the questions to build the code:

- What is input and formatting?
- What is output and formatting?
- Which of the conditional statements is best suitable for this application?
- Are there any edge can which may break the code?



Any Questions?



Thank You for attending!

Contact us regarding any questions through email

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