Learning Distributed Document Representations for Multi-Label Document Categorization

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Thesis Defense
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Outline

- Multi-Label Document Categorization
- Related Work
 - Text Representations
 - Learning Algorithms
- Oistributed Word Representations
- Learning Distributed Document Represenations
- Ocument Cateogorization Algorithm
- Results
- Conclusion and Future Work



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Example:

Documents	Sports	Music	Arts	Technology	Literature	Politics
d_1	0	0	1	0	1	0
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d_4	x	×	×	×	×	x
d ₅	×	×	×	×	×	×

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Using \mathcal{T} , D and C the learning algorithm learns a multi-label classifier \mathcal{H} to estimate category label vectors, I_{d_i} (j > n) for the test documents.



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Algorithms that jointly assign all the categories to a document d_i , i.e. estimate the complete label vector I_{d_i} using a single classifier

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Background on Text Representation

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Drawbacks of the Bag-of-Words model

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• Latent Semantic Indexing (LSI)

$$X = TSD^{T}$$
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Need for Distributed Word Representations

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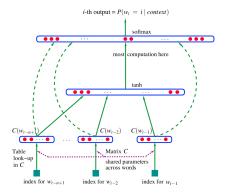
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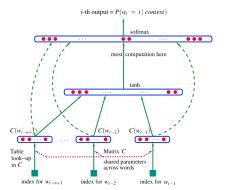
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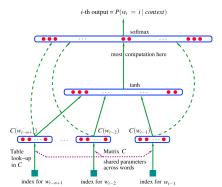


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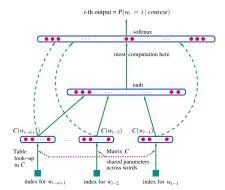
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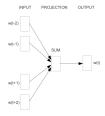
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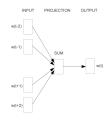
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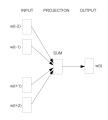


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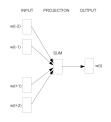
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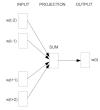
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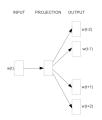
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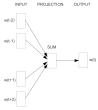
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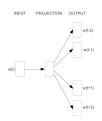
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Distributed Document Representations

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 Learns distributed representations for document (and words) that encode the different semantic content in the documents

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Document Representations that encode semantic content of the document should be able to predict words in the document

Our model,

- Learns distributed representations for document (and words) that encode the different semantic content in the documents
- **②** Embeds document and words in the same k-dimensional space such that semantically similar entities have similar vector representations

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