

Show all work clearly and in order. Please box your answers. 10 minutes.

1. For the quadratic function

$$y = x^2 - x - \frac{3}{4}$$

(a) Find the axis of symmetry

$$X = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{+1}{2(1)} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 so $X = \frac{1}{2}$

(b) Find the coordinates of the vertex

$$y - coordinate: y = (\frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{4} - \frac{3}{4} = -1$$

wherept(s)

(c) Find the x-intercept(s)

$$\frac{x^{2}-x-3/4=0}{x=\frac{1\pm\sqrt{(-1)^{2}-4(-3/4)}}{2}=\frac{1\pm\sqrt{1+3}}{2}=\frac{1\pm\sqrt{4}}{2}=\frac{1\pm2}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{x=-\frac{1}{2} \text{ and } x=\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\frac{2(1)}{2}$$
Solz: $(x+\frac{1}{2})(x-\frac{3}{2})=0 \Rightarrow x=-\frac{1}{2} \text{ and } x=\frac{3}{2} \text{ or } (-\frac{1}{2},0) \text{ and } (\frac{3}{2},0)$

(d) Find the y intercept

$$y(0) = 0^2 - 0 - 3/4 = \boxed{-3/4}$$
or $(0, -3/4)$

(e) Using the previous parts sketch the graph of the quadratic function. You must label the vertex and any x-coordinate(s).

