Sect. 12.6 (Absolute Convergence, & Ratio and Root Tests)

Examples: Determine if the following series are Absolutely Convergent, Conditionally Convergent, or Divergent.

$$1. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$2. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2^{n-1}}$$

3.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n!}{n}$$

Examples: Determine if the following are Absolutely Convergent, Conditionally Convergent, or Divergent.

$$1. \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n(2)^n}{3^n}$$

$$2. \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n2)^n}{3^n}$$

$$3. \quad \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-4)^n}{n!}$$

$$4. \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5n}{3^n}$$

$$5. \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$$

6.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-2n^3)^{2n}}{(n+1)^{3n}}$$

$$7. \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3 - 4n}{n^4 + 2n^2}$$

8.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \cdot n^3 \cdot 2^n}{7 \cdot (n!)}$$

Extra Examples:

$$9. \qquad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^n}{n!}$$

10.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2 + \frac{1}{n})^n}{3^{n/2}}$$

11.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-100}{n} \right)^n$$

$$12. \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{n^2}$$