SOEN 6441

ADVANCED PROGRAMMING PRACTICES

DELIVERABLE 2

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April 10, 2023



Contents

1	Ove	erview	
	1.1	Introd	uction
	1.2	Object	tive
2	Pro	blem 4	£
3	Pro	blem 5	
	3.1	Test C	Sases
		3.1.1	Encoder - Test XML Response
		3.1.2	Encoder - Test CSV Response
		3.1.3	Math - Test Sin
		3.1.4	Math - Test Cos
		3.1.5	Math - Test Pi
		3.1.6	Math - Test Factorial
		3.1.7	Root Approximation - Test Numeric
		3.1.8	Root Approximation - Test Positive
		3.1.9	Root Approximation - Test Divide by Zero
		3.1.10	Root Approximation - Error Tolerance
			Execution Results

Overview

1.1 Introduction

We have received Source Code and documentation from team D (Detroit Cartel) for **CHEERS** problem. This include modules of the python program, Latex document, test cases for dynamic testing, Sample output file and read me file.

1.2 Objective

There are two primary objectives of Deliverable 2. They are as follows.

- To review source code systematically against best practices and style guideline that it claims to conform to.
- To test program P of Source Code S systematically using list of test cases.

Problem 4

Problem 5

3.1 Test Cases

The following test cases were executed.

3.1.1 Encoder - Test XML Response

This test case checks the generated XML file from the encoder module. The generated XML's structure and values are checked against the expected XML.

Figure 3.1: Expected XML

Encoder - Test XML Response		
Input	Expected Output	
$initial_guess = 1.0$	The encoder must generate an	
alpha = 0.5	XML conforming to the DTD,	
records = [(2.0, 3.0), (4.0, 5.0), (6.0,]	with values matching the	
[7.0)]	expected values.	

3.1.2 Encoder - Test CSV Response

This test case checks the generated csv file from the encoder module. For every line in the CSV, the calculated value is checked against the expected value.

alpha,radius,length 0.5,2.0,3.0 0.5,4.0,5.0 0.5,6.0,7.0

Figure 3.2: Expected CSV

Encoder - Test CSV Response		
Input	Expected Output	
$ \begin{array}{c} alpha = 0.5 \\ records = [(2.0, 3.0), (4.0, 5.0), (6.0, 7.0)] \end{array} $	The encoder must generate a CSV file matching the expected values.	

3.1.3 Math - Test Sin

This test case checks the sin() function in the Math and library/module. The Sin values returned from the Math library and librarh module have been compared.

Math - Test Sin		
Input	Expected Output	
libmath.sin(0), math.sin(0)	Calculated values must be almost equal	
libmath.sin(math.pi),	Calculated values must be almost equal	
math.sin(math.pi)		
libmath.sin(math.pi/2),	Calculated values must be almost equal	
math.sin(math.pi/2)		

3.1.4 Math - Test Cos

This test case checks the cos() function in the Math and library/module. The Cos values returned from the Math library and librarh module have been compared.

Math - Test Cos		
Input	Expected Output	
libmath.cos(0), math.cos(0)	Calculated values must be almost equal	
lib math. cos(math.pi),	Calculated values must be almost equal	
math.cos(math.pi)		
lib math. cos(math. pi/2),	Calculated values must be almost equal	
math.cos(math.pi/2)		

3.1.5 Math - Test Pi

This test case checks the pi value in the Math library and the value_of_pi() method in the libmath module. The Pi value has been approximated 1000 times in the value_of_pi() method. The Pi values returned from the Math library and libmath module have been compared.

Math - Test Pi		
Input	Expected Output	
$lib math.value_of_pi(1000), math.pi,$	Calculated values must be almost equal	
places = 2		

3.1.6 Math - Test Factorial

This test case checks the factorial calculated by the libmath module. The calculated value is compared against the a few expected values.

Math - Test Factorial		
Input	Expected Output	
libmath.factorial(0), 1	Calculated and expected value must	
	match	
libmath.factorial(1), 1	Calculated and expected value must	
	match	
libmath.factorial(5), 120	Calculated and expected value must	
	match	

3.1.7 Root Approximation - Test Numeric

This test case checks if an exception is thrown when a non-numeric epsilon (accuracy) value is passed to the newton_method() function.

Root Approximation - Test Numeric			
Input	Expected Output		
$newton_method(callable(), callable(),$	A 'Value Error' exception must be		
'a')	raised.		

3.1.8 Root Approximation - Test Positive

This test case checks if an exception is thrown when a negative epsilon (accuracy) value is passed to the newton_method() function.

Root Approximation - Test Positive			
Input	Expected Output		
$newton_method(callable(), \ callable(), \ '-$	A 'Value Error' exception must be		
0.01')	raised.		

3.1.9 Root Approximation - Test Divide by Zero

This test case checks the callable lambda function passed to newton_method() function.

Root Approximation - Test Divide by Zero		
Input	Expected Output	
$newton_method(callable(), lambda x: 0,$	None must be returned.	
1)		

3.1.10 Root Approximation - Error Tolerance

This test case checks if the error tolerance in the value calculated by newton_method() is less than 0.0001. Value for Sin, Pi and Cos have been obtained from the libmath module.

Root Approximation - Error Tolerance		
Input	Expected Output	
$newton_method(lambda \ a: \ a - sin(a) -$	Calculated Value - 2.309878472457841 ;	
$PI/2$, $lambda \ a: \ 1 - cos(a), \ 1)$	0.0001	

3.1.11 Execution Results

All the test cases passed the test and the code coverage reached 100%.

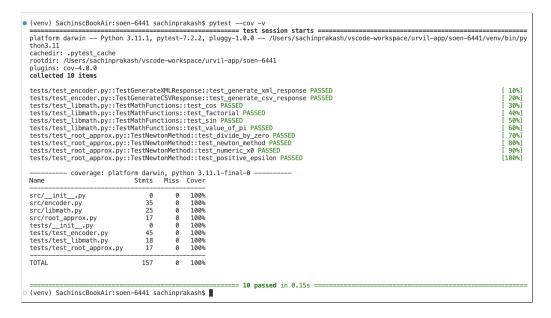


Figure 3.3: Test Results