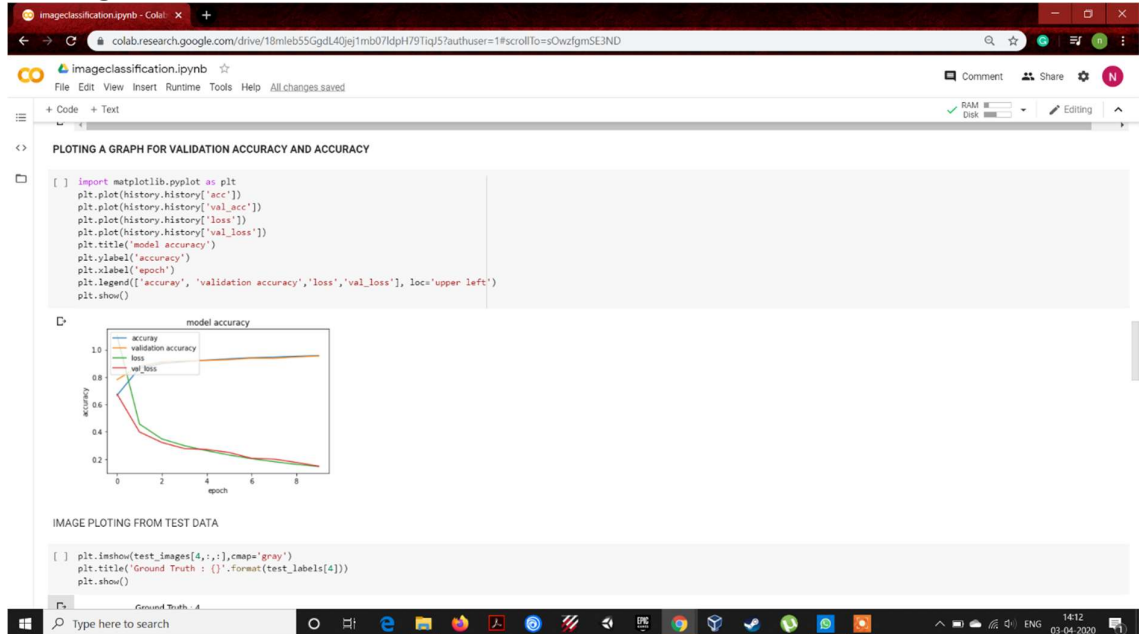
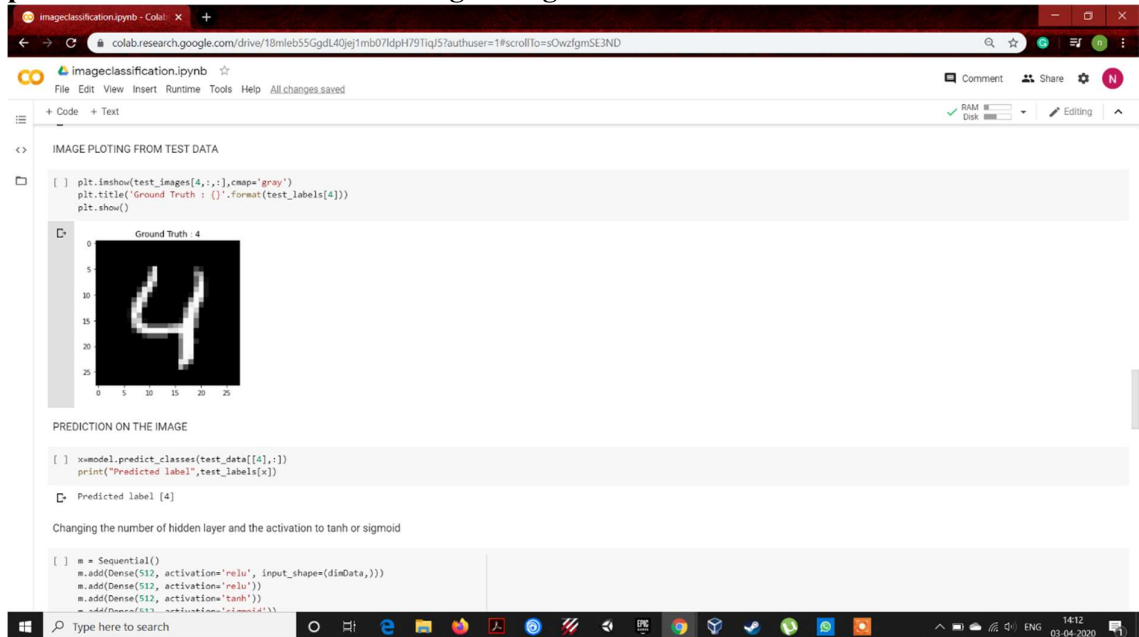


MICP2

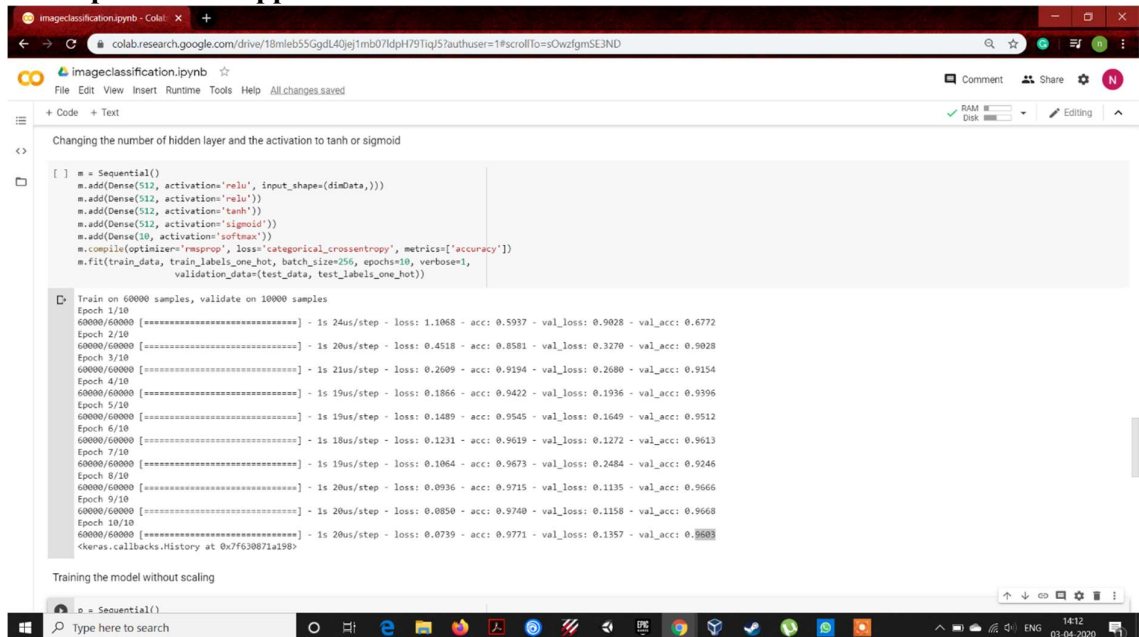
1. using the history object in the source code, plot the loss and accuracy for both training data and validation data.



2. plot one of the images in the test data, and then do inferencing to check what is the prediction of the model on that single image in the test data



3. We had used 2 hidden layers and relu activation:
- a. Try to change the number of hidden layer and the activation to tanh or sigmoid and report what happens.



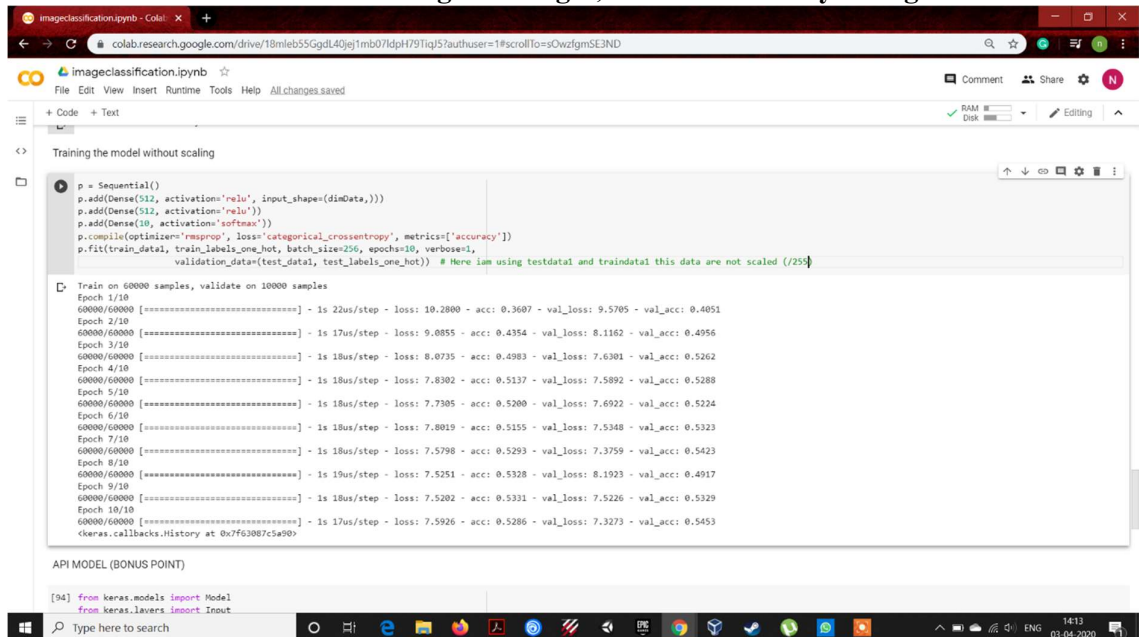
```
m = Sequential()
m.add(Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=(dimData,)))
m.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
m.add(Dense(512, activation='tanh'))
m.add(Dense(512, activation='sigmoid'))
m.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
m.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
m.fit(train_data, train_labels_one_hot, batch_size=256, epochs=10, verbose=1,
      validation_data=(test_data, test_labels_one_hot))
```

Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples

Epoch	1/10	2/10	3/10	4/10	5/10	6/10	7/10	8/10	9/10	10/10
60000/60000	1s 24us/step - loss: 1.1068 - acc: 0.5937 - val_loss: 0.9028 - val_acc: 0.6772	1s 20us/step - loss: 0.4518 - acc: 0.8581 - val_loss: 0.3270 - val_acc: 0.9028	1s 21us/step - loss: 0.2609 - acc: 0.9194 - val_loss: 0.2080 - val_acc: 0.9154	1s 19us/step - loss: 0.1866 - acc: 0.9422 - val_loss: 0.1936 - val_acc: 0.9396	1s 19us/step - loss: 0.1489 - acc: 0.9545 - val_loss: 0.1649 - val_acc: 0.9512	1s 18us/step - loss: 0.1231 - acc: 0.9619 - val_loss: 0.1272 - val_acc: 0.9613	1s 19us/step - loss: 0.1064 - acc: 0.9673 - val_loss: 0.2484 - val_acc: 0.9246	1s 20us/step - loss: 0.0936 - acc: 0.9715 - val_loss: 0.1135 - val_acc: 0.9666	1s 20us/step - loss: 0.0850 - acc: 0.9740 - val_loss: 0.1158 - val_acc: 0.9668	1s 20us/step - loss: 0.0739 - acc: 0.9771 - val_loss: 0.1357 - val_acc: 0.9683

After adding more hidden layers the accuracy increased

4. Run the same code without scaling the images, how the accuracy changes?



```
p = Sequential()
p.add(Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=(dimData,)))
p.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
p.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
p.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
p.fit(train_data, train_labels_one_hot, batch_size=256, epochs=10, verbose=1,
      validation_data=(test_data, test_labels_one_hot)) # Here iam using testdata and traindata this data are not scaled (/255)
```

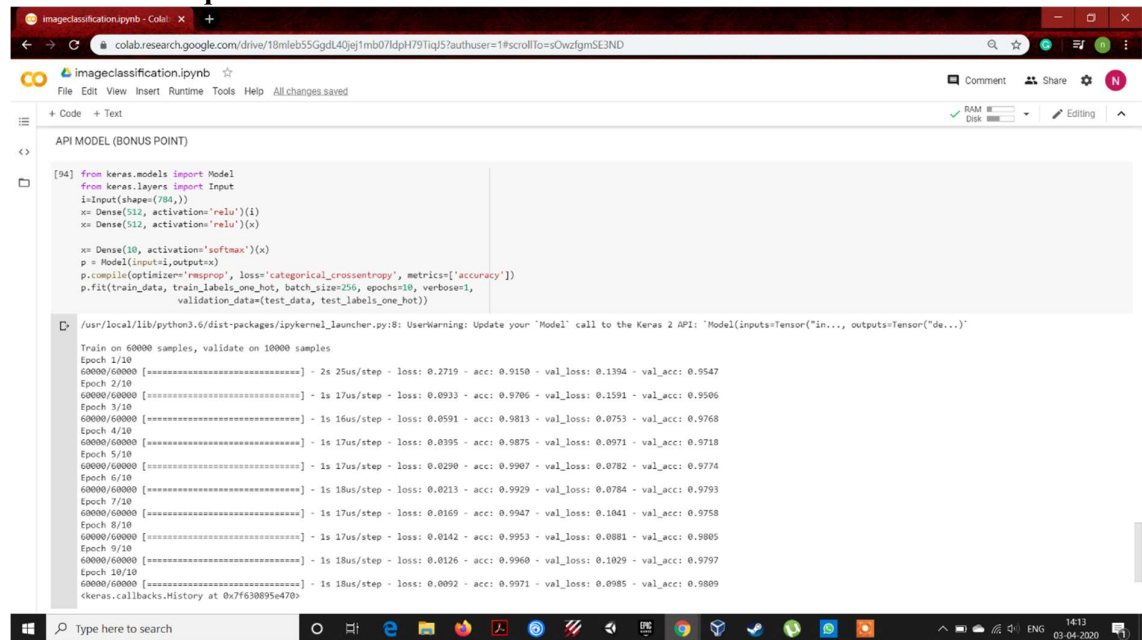
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples

Epoch	1/10	2/10	3/10	4/10	5/10	6/10	7/10	8/10	9/10	10/10
60000/60000	1s 22us/step - loss: 10.2800 - acc: 0.3607 - val_loss: 9.5705 - val_acc: 0.4051	1s 17us/step - loss: 9.0855 - acc: 0.4354 - val_loss: 8.1162 - val_acc: 0.4956	1s 18us/step - loss: 8.0735 - acc: 0.4983 - val_loss: 7.6301 - val_acc: 0.5262	1s 18us/step - loss: 7.8302 - acc: 0.5137 - val_loss: 7.5892 - val_acc: 0.5288	1s 18us/step - loss: 7.7305 - acc: 0.5200 - val_loss: 7.6922 - val_acc: 0.5224	1s 18us/step - loss: 7.8019 - acc: 0.5155 - val_loss: 7.5348 - val_acc: 0.5323	1s 18us/step - loss: 7.5798 - acc: 0.5293 - val_loss: 7.3759 - val_acc: 0.5423	1s 19us/step - loss: 7.5251 - acc: 0.5328 - val_loss: 8.1923 - val_acc: 0.4917	1s 18us/step - loss: 7.5202 - acc: 0.5331 - val_loss: 7.5226 - val_acc: 0.5329	1s 17us/step - loss: 7.5926 - acc: 0.5286 - val_loss: 7.3273 - val_acc: 0.5453

After training with unscaled data, the accuracy got declined from 95% to 52%

**** Bonus point:**

5. Convert the sequential model to API model.



The screenshot shows a Google Colab notebook titled 'imageclassification.ipynb'. The code in the notebook defines a Keras sequential model with three layers: an input layer of size 784, two hidden layers of size 512 with 'relu' activation, and an output layer of size 10 with 'softmax' activation. The model is compiled with 'rmsprop' optimizer and 'categorical_crossentropy' loss, and trained for 10 epochs. The output shows the training progress and final accuracy.

```
[94] from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import Input
i=Input(shape=(784,))
x= Dense(512, activations='relu')(i)
x= Dense(512, activations='relu')(x)

x= Dense(10, activations='softmax')(x)
p = Model(inputs=i, outputs=x)
p.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
p.fit(train_data, train_labels_one_hot, batch_size=256, epochs=10, verbose=1,
      validation_data=(test_data, test_labels_one_hot))
```

Output:

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:8: UserWarning: Update your 'Model' call to the Keras 2 API: 'Model(inputs=Tensor("in...", outputs=Tensor("de..."))'
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 2s 25us/step - loss: 0.2719 - acc: 0.9150 - val_loss: 0.1394 - val_acc: 0.9547
Epoch 2/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 17us/step - loss: 0.0933 - acc: 0.9706 - val_loss: 0.1591 - val_acc: 0.9506
Epoch 3/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 16us/step - loss: 0.0591 - acc: 0.9813 - val_loss: 0.0753 - val_acc: 0.9768
Epoch 4/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 17us/step - loss: 0.0395 - acc: 0.9875 - val_loss: 0.0971 - val_acc: 0.9718
Epoch 5/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 17us/step - loss: 0.0290 - acc: 0.9907 - val_loss: 0.0782 - val_acc: 0.9774
Epoch 6/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 18us/step - loss: 0.0213 - acc: 0.9929 - val_loss: 0.0784 - val_acc: 0.9793
Epoch 7/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 17us/step - loss: 0.0169 - acc: 0.9947 - val_loss: 0.1041 - val_acc: 0.9758
Epoch 8/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 17us/step - loss: 0.0142 - acc: 0.9953 - val_loss: 0.0881 - val_acc: 0.9805
Epoch 9/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 18us/step - loss: 0.0126 - acc: 0.9960 - val_loss: 0.1029 - val_acc: 0.9797
Epoch 10/10
60000/60000 [=====] - 1s 18us/step - loss: 0.0092 - acc: 0.9971 - val_loss: 0.0985 - val_acc: 0.9809
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f630895e470>
```

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