Design Solution

Group 8 21800033 권영채 21900075 김나연 21900442 연혜은 22000374 송민영

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- 1. Problem statement
- 2. Objective Tree of Our Group & Constraints
- 3. Necessity of Our Design
- 4. Feature of Our Final Design
- 5. Direction of development with Professor Feedback
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1.problem statement

"Discontinuation of group face-to-face treatment"

Introduction

spatial constraints

- Difficulty to get help from caregivers
- Sudden acts such as suicide attempts or threats
- Poor communication

psychological deterioration

- Deepening psychological anxiety
- Limitation Counseling treatment for mental illness

Presentation by Yoon Young Nam, Director of the National Center for Mental Health

전통적인 치료 방식 Conventional treatment methods

- 대면 치료 Face-to-face therapy
- 개인과 개인, 집단 & 환경 사이의 상호작용에 기반 Based on interactions between individuals, individuals and groups, and individuals and environments
- 개인 사이의 상호작용을 격려 Encouraging interactions between individuals
- 공용 공간에서의 집단 활동이 격려 Encouraging group activities in public spaces

Presentation by Yoon Young Nam, Director of the National Center for Mental Health

환자의 이중고 A twofold blow for the patients

- 사회적 거리 두기 & 사회적 고립 Social distancing & social isolation
- 우울, 불안, 이자극성 등 이차 증상 발현 & 증가 Appearance & progression of secondary symptoms such as depression, anxiety and irritation, etc.

감염병 확산 & 악화 위험 Spread of infectious disease & risk of exacerbation

- 입원치료 환경 : 마스크 미착용 / 사회적 거리 유지 어려움 Inpatient treatment environment: Masks not worn / Difficulty in maintaining social distance
- 발열, 기침 등 호흡기 증상 표현이 적음 Less respiratory symptoms such as fever and coughs
- 의학적 처치에 익숙하지 않음 (인식표, V/S 체크, 주사 등 각종 내과적 처지) Not familiar with medical treatment (identification tag, V/S check, various medical circumstances such as injection)

Necessity and effectiveness of group counseling



Disadvantages of non-face-to-face and necessity of face-to-face



1.problem statement-Background

Group face to face treatment-Definition

Treatment of 8-11 people gathered together in a space where each other's faces can be directly seen by a counselor

1.problem statement-Background

Group face to face treatment-Advantage

Great help in the progress of mental therapy and inpatient therapy

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2. Objective tree of Our Group



2. Objective tree of Our Group

Core objective

- Everyone should be safe from viruses.
- The effect of counseling treatment should be on patients.
- As a group it should be efficient in your time and money.

2.Objective tree of Our Group & Constraints

Constraints

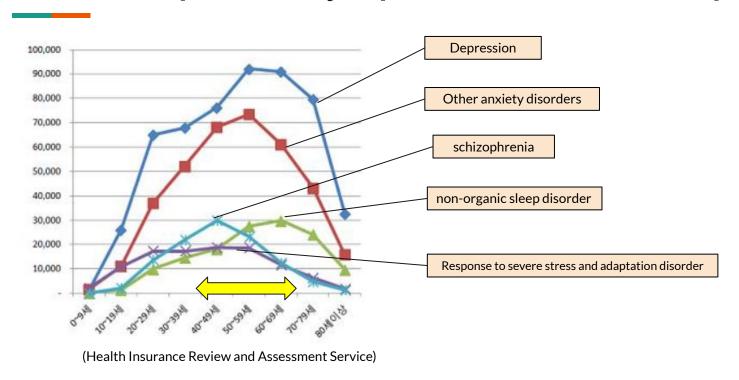
- At least 8 to a maximum of 11 people are needed for group face-to-face treatment
- A space must provide a distance of at least 2m each for 8 people

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A survey on the need of for Group face to face treatment

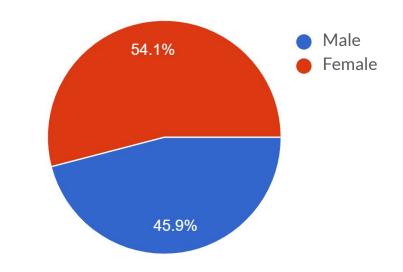
Number of patients by top 5 diseases of mental patients



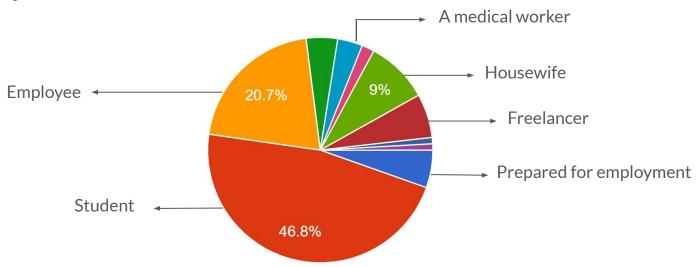
A total of 111 people responded.

1. Survey in Age Group

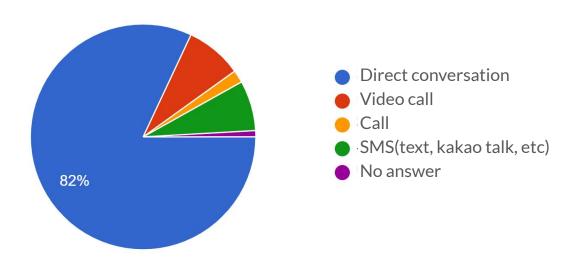
2. Survey in Gender



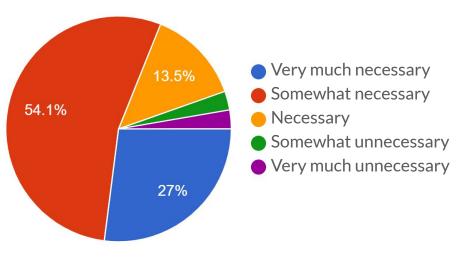
3. Survey in Occupation

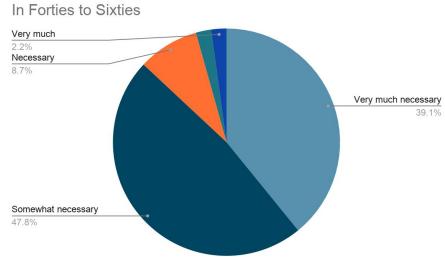


4. Which way for communication is more helpful to concentrate on a task or conversation?

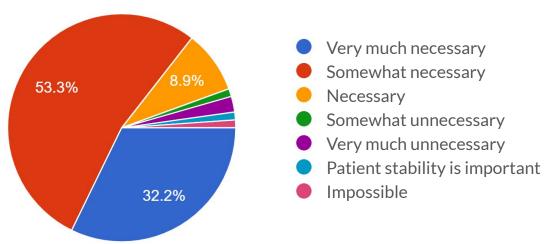


5. How necessary, you think, is a counselling treatment in a group to a mental patient?





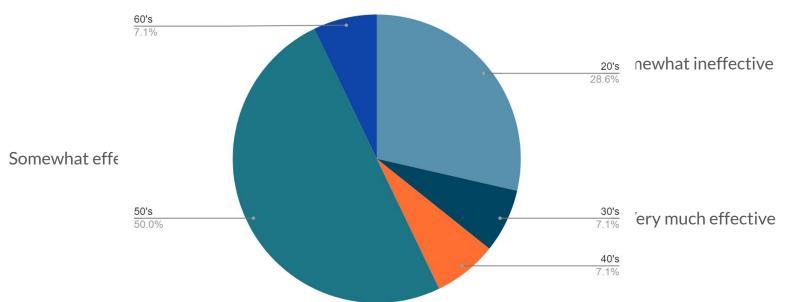
6. do you think that face-to-face counseling (except online video counseling) is necessary?



6-1. why do you think a counselling treatment in a group unnecessary?

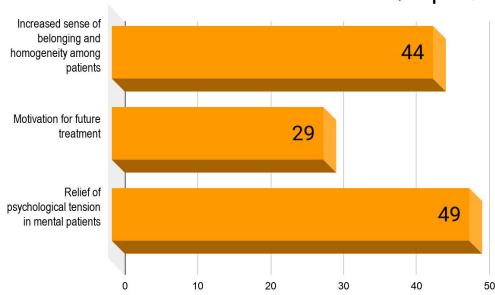
- Personalized treatment is impossible.
- One-to-one treatment is more effective than group treatment.
- The need for group counseling treatment is questionable.

7. Do you think group counseling treatment will be effective for mental patients admitted to NPU?



7-1. what effect do you think group counseling treatment can bring to mentally ill patients admitted to NPU?

(Respond to all expected effects)



7-2. Why did you think group counseling was not effective for mental patients admitted to NPU?

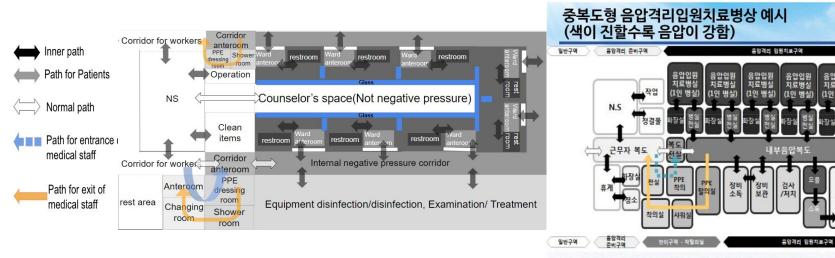
- Personalized treatment is impossible.
- It seems difficult for counselors to have smooth counseling because of the thought that they may be exposed to risks.
- In the case of mentally ill patients, each patient has a peculiar disease, so if they are together, there is a great influence that will not help each other.
- Because the degree of recovery varies from patient to patient, group counseling treatment in NPU may not have the effect of treatment.

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Final Design

4. Feature of Our Final Design

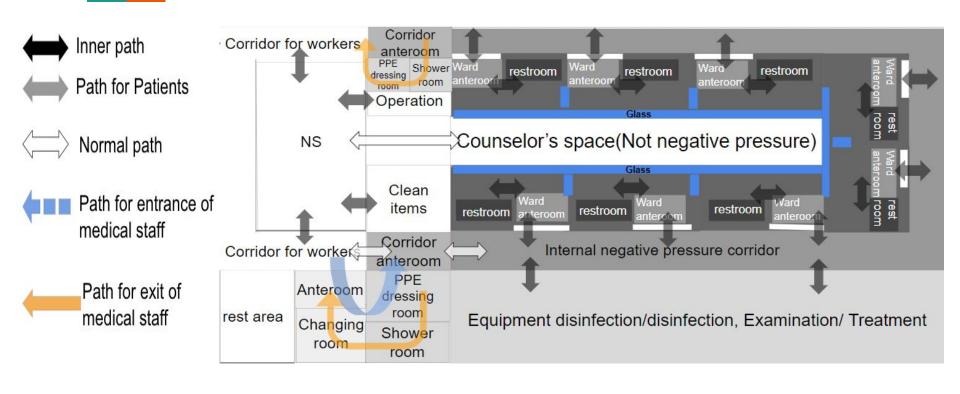


음압입원 치료병실

(1인 병실)

외부 환자 전용 출입구

Final Design (The darker the color, the stronger the negative pressure)



Final Design Specifications

Advantage

- 1) Counselors are less likely to be exposed to the infectious virus.
- 2) Space utilization is high for group face-to-face treatment in hospitals.
- 3) Because each patient has an independent space, it can prevent injury to other patients due to sudden behavior of mentally ill patients.
- 4) Patients are less likely to spread another disease because they have private units.

Disadvantage

- 1) Patients may not be able to hear well from counselors and other patients because they conduct group face-to-face counseling in a closed single unit.
- 2) There may be an equipment damage.

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Professor Feedback

Professor Joontae Ko (Mail)

Hello

It's good topic. This idea is very fresh and impressive.

It's Realistically, when reviewing the blueprint, I think that it is a **most ideal ward structure** that can be used for people with greater mental problems or mild patients than those with severe respiratory infections.

However, for those who have a big problem with respiratory infections, such as receiving oxygen or pneumonia, the accessibility of medical staff is low and the entry and exit route is too long, making it inefficient and difficult to cope with emergency situations.

The other thing is that the hospitalization room is only surrounded by corridors and walls, so I think it can feel more stuffy because there are **no windows on the outside**.

It is thought that it may be applied **differently depending on the severity of the diseases.**

For diseases with a high fatality rate such as MERS and SARS, consultation in the above isolation negative pressure room is better. If the disease is about Covid-19, young people have almost mild or asymptomatic infections. Since the fatality rate under 40s is 0.1%, if the counselor is in their 40s or younger who are healthy, I think if it would be better for patients to gather in a well-ventilated counseling room and wear masks to receive counseling.

Professor Aram Kim (Interview)

- It is necessary to maintain safety between "counselor-patient" in NPU. If the glass breaks, are there minimum safety devices to protect the counselor?
- How to deal with emergencies such as earthquakes or fires.
- The design may be devised differently according to the characteristics of each patient such as gender and age.
- Negative pressure corridor space is too much wasted.
- Since the counselor's space can be used for the purpose of attending a nurse, it is an appropriate structure to check the patient's condition.
- A design with additional options for personal consultation would be great.

5. Direction of development with Professor Feedback

Considerations for future development

- Necessity of different designs depending on gender, age, and severity of disease
- Medical staff accessibility and wasted space resolution
- Measures to cope with emergencies or disasters

6. Reference

Reference - Image

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Thank you