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ARN C PROGRAMMING

c programming language

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C programming language allows you to pass a pointer to a function. To do so, simply declare the function parameter as a pointer type.

Following a simple example where we pass an unsigned long pointer to a function and change the value inside the function which reflects back in the calling function:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
void getSeconds(unsigned long *par);
int main ()
   unsigned long sec;
  getSeconds( &sec ):
   /* print the actual value */
  printf("Number of seconds: %ld\n", sec );
   return 0;
void getSeconds(unsigned long *par)
   /* get the current number of seconds */
   *par = time( NULL );
   return;
```

When the above code is compiled and executed, it produces the following result:

```
Number of seconds :1294450468
```

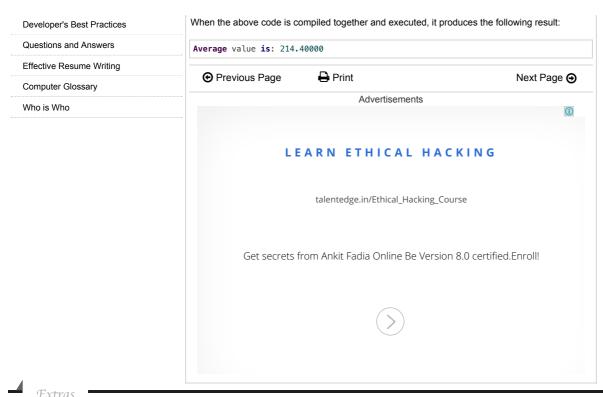
The function, which can accept a pointer, can also accept an array as shown in the following

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* function declaration */
double getAverage(int *arr, int size);
int main ()
   /* an int array with 5 elements */
   int balance[5] = {1000, 2, 3, 17, 50};
   double avg;
   /* pass pointer to the array as an argument */
  avg = getAverage( balance, 5 ) :
   /* output the returned value */
  printf("Average value is: %f\n", avg );
   return 0;
double getAverage(int *arr, int size)
  int
        i, sum = 0;
  double avg;
  for (i = 0; i < size; ++i)</pre>
    sum += arr[i];
 avg = (double)sum / size;
  return avg:
```

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