# OCCIMON — An OCCI-Monitoring proof of concept

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This document will first explain how to configure a virtual sandbox, and next how to implement a simple monitoring infrastructure using the **OCCIMON** demo package. Finally we explain how to install the **OCCIMON** source code in Eclipse (TM).

## 1 The virtual network

The virtual network is built using VirtualBox(TM). It is made of four hosts:

pc the guest node (192.168.5.2)

router a virtual machine (192.168.5.1) that acts as router, DHCP server, and web server to distribute the description of the monitoring infrastructure as a set of OCCI-JSON documents

c1 a virtual machine (192.168.5.3) acting as a Compute resource, that is the target of the monitoring activity

sensor1 a virtual machine (192.168.5.6) that is the sensor in our monitoring infrastructure

The four hosts share the same virtual Ethernet, a "Host Only" network in VirtualBox terminology. In addition, the router VM has a "NAT" interface to connect the network to the Internet (what is not strictly needed for operation).

### 2 The virtual machines

The VMs run a Linux Debian with no graphical interface. Useful images (network tuning needed) can be retrieved from

- http://www.di.unipi.it/ augusto/router\_v2.vmdk
   (approx. 1GB, md5sum=dd8eecebc3405649c6692ecc7f16ec3d)
- http://www.di.unipi.it/ augusto/host-cli.vmdk (approx. 1GB, md5sum=bec49d76d24c1c49e226592116555b81)

The code needed to run the experiment can be downloaded from

• http://redmine.ogf.org/projects/occi-wg/repository/revisions/monitoring/raw/monitoring/Demo/demo.tgz (approx. 1MB)

The links above are not maintained: we recommend the reader to check the last revision of this document on the OCCI repository.

On the router, a tiny Python script (httpServer.py (included in demo.tgz) implements the repository of OCCI-JSON documents using the SimpleHTTPServer module:

The script is launched in the directory hosting the OCCI-JSON configuration files. For our convenience, in the same directory we have also the executable jars useful for the experiment.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import SimpleHTTPServer
import SocketServer
Handler = SimpleHTTPServer.SimpleHTTPRequestHandler
httpd = SocketServer.TCPServer(("", 6789), Handler)
print "Server ready..."
httpd.serve_forever()
```

Table 1: The web server.

```
augusto$laplenovo:~experiment/ ./httpServer.py
Server ready...
```

The files urn:uuid:\* contain the description of a target compute resource (c2222), of the sensor resource (\$1111), and of the collector link (2345).

The OpenJDK is installed on each VM:

```
user@c1:~$ java -version
java version "1.7.0_25"
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (IcedTea 2.3.10) (7u25-2.3.10-1~deb7u1)
OpenJDK Client VM (build 23.7-b01, mixed mode, sharing)
```

The official JDK works as well.

#### 3 The experiment

Run the following commands in this order:

1. on the router virtual host (router), launch the web server:

```
httpServer.py
```

2. on the compute virtual host (c1), launch the metric container:

```
java -jar MetricContainer-v2.jar urn:uuid:c2222 http://router:6789/
```

3. on the sensor virtual host (sensor1), launch the sensor resource:

```
java -jar Demo-v2.jar urn:uuid:s1111 http://router:6789/
```

4. on the guest computer, start a UDP receiver (e.g., netcat):

```
nc -ul 8888
```

To have a significant output, it is appropriate to background a CPU-consuming task on c1 before launching the metric container, e.g.:

```
( while true; do sleep 1; find / -name x > /dev/null 2>\&1; done ) &
```

```
🖎 🖨 📵 Articolo-router (Base collegata per Articolo-router e Articolo-S) [in esecuzione] - Oracl
user@router:~$ ./httpServer.py
Server pronto...
192.168.5.3 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:43]
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:51]
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:c2222 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:s1111 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:s1111 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:2345 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:s1111 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:2345 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
|192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:2345 HTTP/1.1" 200 –
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:c2222 HTTP/1.1"
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:c2222 HTTP/1.1" 200 - "GET /urn:uuid:s1111 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:s1111 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52]
                                          "GET /urn:uuid:2345 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52] "GET /urn:uuid:s1111 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.5.6 - - [22/Aug/2014 16:23:52] "GET /urn:uuid:s1111 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

Figure 1: Screenshot on router terminal



Figure 2: Screenshot on compute resource terminal

```
🖸 🖨 📵 Articolo-Sensor [In esecuzione] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
Sensor receiving from TCP socket 192.168.5.6:48719
Launching remote collectors: [urn:uuid:2345]
Sensor launching collector from 192.168.5.3:12312
Logging true to my/log/file
ewma input: 0.0
sendudp: sending 0.0
Logging true to my/log/file
ewma input: 0.0
sendudp: sending 0.0
ewma input: 0.0
sendudp: sending 0.0
Logging true to my/log/file
ewma input: 0.0
Logging true to my/log/file
sendudp: sending 0.0
ewma input: 0.0
Logging true to my/log/file
sendudp: sending 0.0
lewma input: 0.0
Logging true to my/log/file
sendudp: sending 0.0
ewma input: 0.0
sendudp: sending 0.0
ogging true to my/log/file_
```

Figure 3: Screenshot on sensor resource terminal

# 4 Description of the experiment

The compute resource urn:uuid:c2222 is equipped with a MetricContainer, a feature that allows sensors to instantiate measurement tools on the compute resource. The feature is available as a mixin that complements the compute resource.

The sensor resource urn:uuid:s1111 instructs the MetricContainer to run two distinct measurements that are included in the same collector with id urn:uuid:2345:

- the CPU load
- the reachability of the router (192.168.5.1)

They are represented as **metric** mixins attached to the collector.

The first metric is averaged using an exponentially weighted moving average, that is represented as a **aggregator** mixin. It is delivered to a UDP socket on the guest PC (port 8888) according with a **publisher** mixin.

The second metric is simply recorded locally on a (fake) log file: in this case there is no aggregation step, and the functionality is described with a **publisher** mixin.

# 5 Browsing the source code

The code of the demo monitoring facility has been developed with Eclipse (TM). The recommended way to explore and improve the code is by using this same development tool.

The OcciMon\_eclipse.jar contains the Eclipse project of the demo monitoring facility.

To install the package in Eclipse 3.8:

- File → Import → General → Existing projects into workspace: in the dialog select "Select archive file", browse your files to find the OcciMon\_eclipse.jar file, and finish
- $\bullet$  check (in Window  $\rightarrow$  Preferences) that the JDK is installed
- install (Java  $\rightarrow$  Properties  $\rightarrow$  Java Build Path  $\rightarrow$  Libraries) the libraries:
  - json-simple-1.1.1.jar
  - jsoup-1.7.3.jar
- in the Project Explorer window, move all six packages into the src directory

The following is a summary of the packages in the project.

- collector implements the MetricContainer application that controls the execution of the measurement plugins, the Collector endpoint on Resource side. In our demo it is controlled via RMI calls issued by the Collector endpoint on Sensor side. It launches measurement tools implemented by a pool of MetricMixin threads.
- metric contains the implementation of the metric mixins. They all share the same interface MetricMixin and extend a Callable. The arguments passed for their creation are the attributes (class and mixin attributes), the output hooks carrying the measurements, and the measurement period.
- mixin contains the implementation of the publisher and aggregator mixins for the sensor. They share the same interface SensorMixinIF, with the sensor and mixin attributes and two hooks, one for input, another for output.
- sensor contains the Sensor class, the thread that implements the Sensor resource. The endpoints of the Collector links attached to the Sensor are implemented with a pool of threads in the class CollectorManager, also defined in this package. The number of collectors is currently limited to one, but it is easely expandable.
- sensorContainer It is the Java application that implements a pool of sensors as Sensor threads (currently limited to one, but easely expandable);
- systemSpecification it is a package containing a library useful to manipulate the JSON documents.

The project generates two distinct executable applications: one for the (singleton) sensorContainer (called Demo), another for the MetricContainer. Both of them take two arguments:

- the id of an entity (respectively a **Sensor**, or a **Resource**),
- the address of the web repository containing the documents that describe the monitoring infrastructure.

## 6 Disclaimer

The package is intended as a proof of concept for the content of the OCCI monitoring proposal, not for use in any production or experimental environment. The framework of the proposal is implemented, but many details are left incomplete or not functional. The proof of concept is going to be useful for the revision of the proposal, which appears to be marginal and limited to the introduction of a *MetricContainer* mixin to be added to the monitored resource.