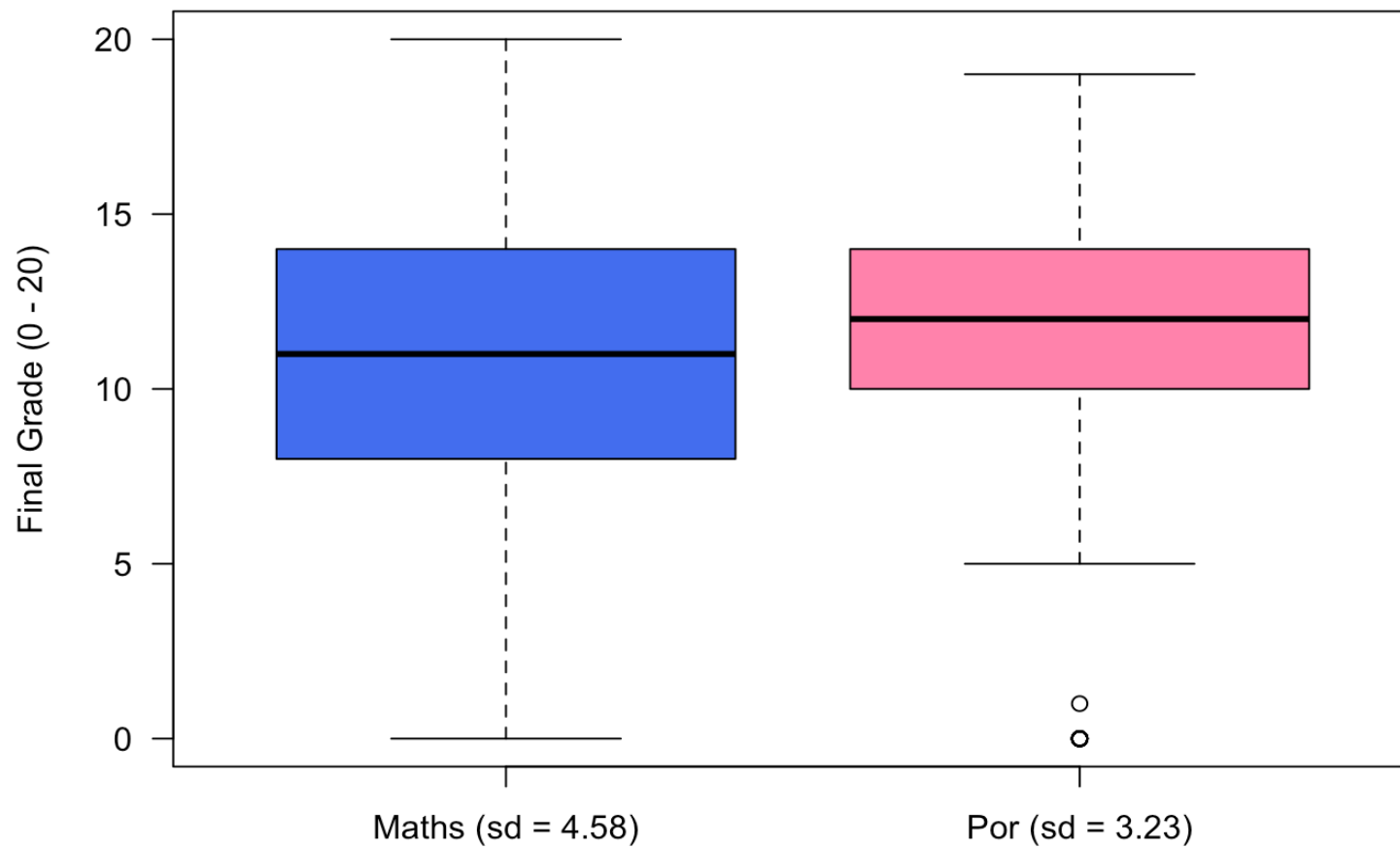


# Student Grade Prediction

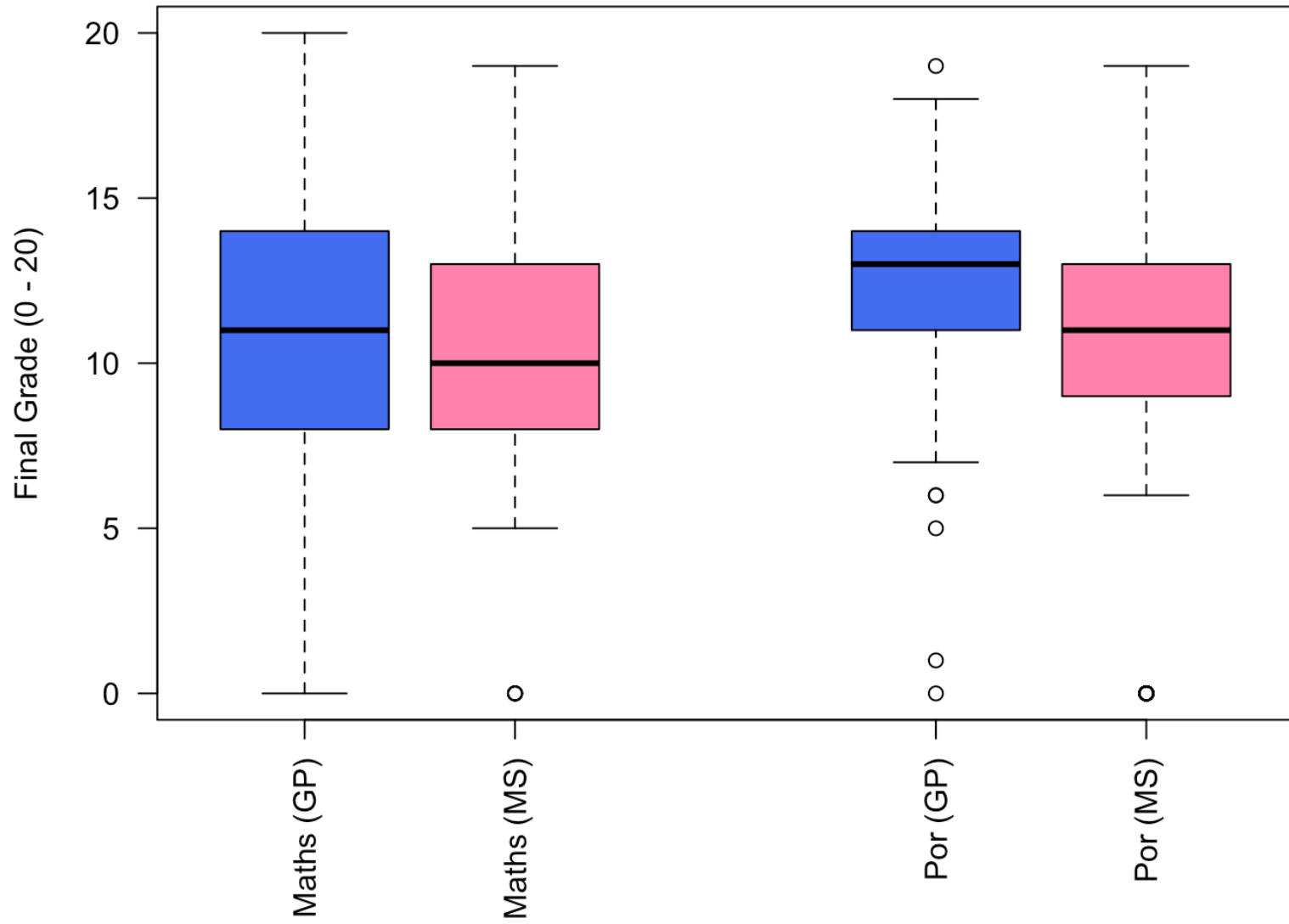
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- We have 32 attributes for each student
  - **Home life:** Family size, whether they live in an urban or rural location, their parents education level
  - **Habits:** Daily and weekly alcohol consumption, extra-curricular activities, how often the go out with friends
  - **School life:** Did they attend pre-school, do they want to pursue higher education, do they receive grinds
- Students have three grades associated with them (first period, second period, final grade)
  - Final grade is independent of the first two grades
  - We aim to predict the final grades of each student
  - We do not want to use the other two grades in our prediction algorithm

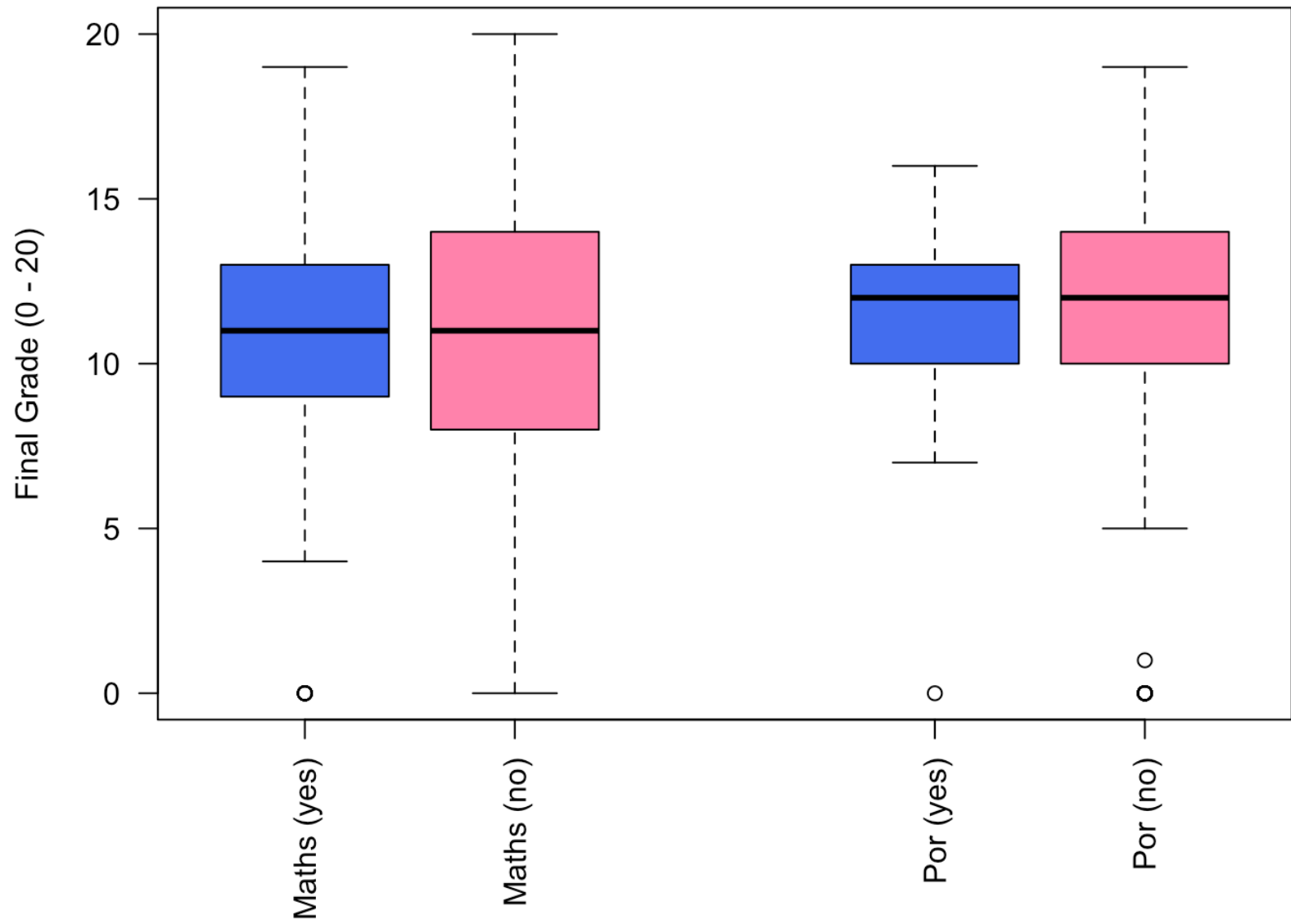
## Maths vs Portuguese



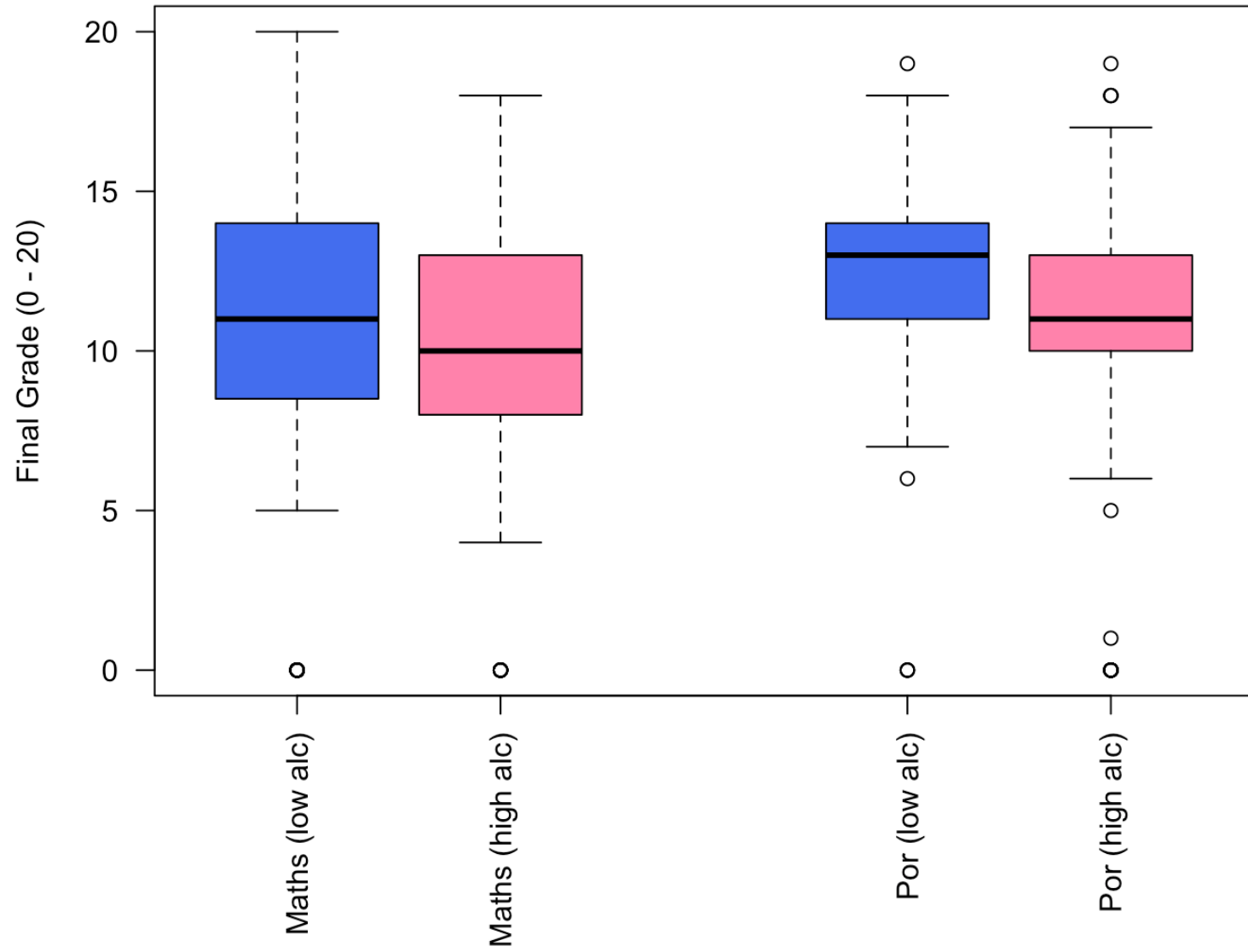
## School vs Grades



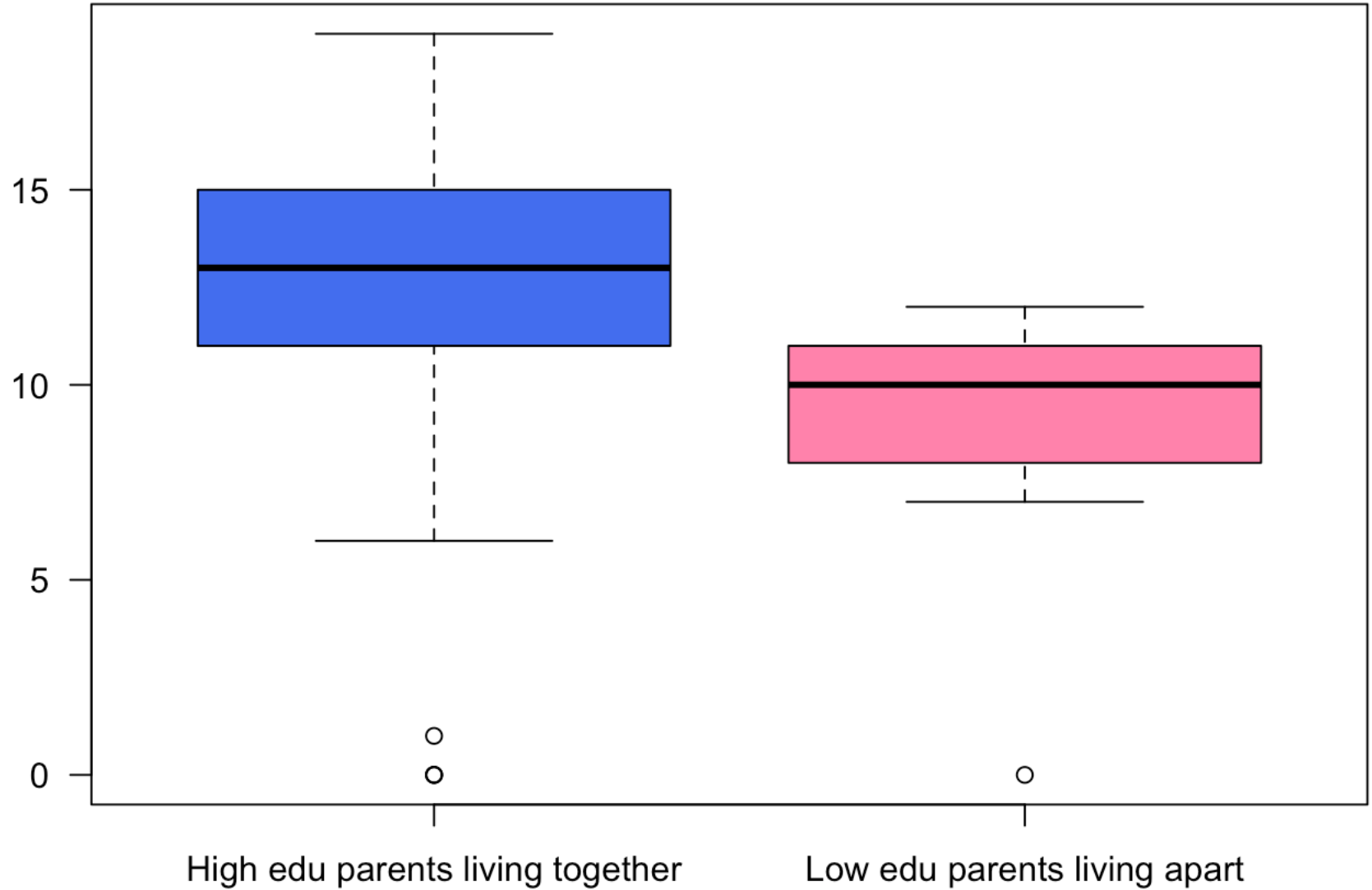
## Grinds vs Grades



## Alcohol Consumption vs Grades



## Parents Relationship & Education vs Grades (Por)



# Conclusions

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- We are aiming to predict the bracket of grades a student will fall into
  - $(0 - 2)$ ,  $(3 - 5)$ ,  $(6 - 8)$ ,  $(9 - 11)$ ,  $(12 - 14)$ ,  $(15 - 17)$ ,  $(18 - 20)$
- It is much easier to predict a student falling into the 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> brackets as opposed to the 1<sup>st</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> brackets
- Based on our analysis of the dispersion of some of these metrics, we have identified some key attributes which will be central to our prediction algorithm