# fn noisy\_top\_k

Michael Shoemate

October 20, 2025

This proof resides in "contrib" because it has not completed the vetting process.

This document proves soundness of  $noisy_top_k in mod.rs$  at commit e62b0aa2 (outdated<sup>1</sup>).  $noisy_top_k$  noisily selects the index of the best score from a vector of input scores k times.

## 1 Hoare Triple

### Preconditions

#### Compiler-Verified

Types consistent with pseudocode.

#### Caller-Verified

• Each item of x is finite.

#### Pseudocode

```
def noisy_top_k(
x: list[TIA],
scale: RBig,
k: usize,
negate: bool,
replacement: bool,
):
sign = Sign.from_(negate)
scale = scale.into_rational()

y = [x_i.into_rational() * sign for x_i in x] #
return peel_permute_and_flip(y, scale, k, replacement)
```

#### Postcondition

- **Theorem 1.1.** If replacement is set, returns a sample from  $\mathcal{M}_{EM}$  (as defined in MS2023 Definition 4), otherwise returns a sample from  $\mathcal{M}_{PF}$  (as defined in MS2023 Lemma 1), k times by peeling, where  $\mathtt{scale} = \frac{2 \cdot \Delta}{\epsilon}$ .
  - Errors are data-independent, except for exhaustion of entropy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See new changes with git diff e62b0aa2..69115df rust/src/measurements/noisy\_top\_k/mod.rs

| <i>Proof.</i> By the precondition that each element in $x$ is finite, the conversion into rational is infallible. |         |
|---|---------|
| By the postcondition of peel_permute_and_flip, and the potential negation on line 11, the postcon                 | ndition |
| is satisfied.   |         |
| The only source of error is due to entropy exhaustion.  |         |