fn noisy_top_k

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This proof resides in "contrib" because it has not completed the vetting process.

This document proves soundness of $noisy_top_k in mod.rs$ at commit e62b0aa2 (outdated¹). $noisy_top_k$ noisily selects the index of the best score from a vector of input scores k times.

1 Hoare Triple

Preconditions

Compiler-Verified

Types consistent with pseudocode.

Caller-Verified

• Each item of x is finite.

Pseudocode

```
def noisy_top_k(
x: list[TIA],
scale: RBig,
k: usize,
negate: bool,
replacement: bool,
):
sign = Sign.from_(negate)
scale = scale.into_rational()

y = [x_i.into_rational() * sign for x_i in x] #
return peel_permute_and_flip(y, scale, k, replacement)
```

Postcondition

Theorem 1.1. • If replacement is set, returns a sample from \mathcal{M}_{EM} (as defined in MS2023 Definition 4), otherwise returns a sample from \mathcal{M}_{PF} (as defined in MS2023 Lemma 1), k times by peeling, where $\mathtt{scale} = \frac{2 \cdot \Delta}{\epsilon}$.

• Errors are data-independent, except for exhaustion of entropy.

¹See new changes with git diff e62b0aa2..c3c9a76 rust/src/measurements/noisy_top_k/mod.rs

<i>Proof.</i> By the precondition that each element in x is finite, the conversion into rational is infallible.	
By the postcondition of peel_permute_and_flip, and the potential negation on line 11, the postcon	ndition
is satisfied.	
The only source of error is due to entropy exhaustion.	