

fn make_row_by_row

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This proof resides in “**contrib**” because it has not completed the vetting process.

Proves soundness of `make_row_by_row` in `mod.rs` at commit `f5bb719` (outdated¹). This constructor is a special case of `make_row_by_row_fallible`. The proof for this constructor appeals to the proof for `make_row_by_row_fallible`.

`make_row_by_row` returns a Transformation that applies a user-specified function to each record in the input dataset.

Vetting History

- Pull Request #562

1 Hoare Triple

Precondition

- DI (input domain) is a type with trait `RowByRowDomain<D0>`. This trait provides a way to apply a map function to each record in the input dataset to retrieve a dataset that is a member of the output domain, of type D0. The trait further implies that `DatasetDomain` is also implemented for DI.
- D0 (output domain) is a type with trait `DatasetDomain`. `DatasetDomain` is used to define the type of the row domain.
- M (metric) is a type with trait `DatasetMetric`. `DatasetMetric` is used to restrict the set of valid metrics to those which measure distances between datasets.
- `MetricSpace` is implemented for (DI, M). Therefore M is a valid metric on DI.
- `MetricSpace` is implemented for (D0, M).
- `row_function` has no side-effects.
- If the input to `row_function` is a member of `input_domain`'s row domain, then the output is a member of `output_row_domain`.

Pseudocode

```
1 def make_row_by_row(
2     input_domain: DI,
3     input_metric: M,
4     output_row_domain: D0,
5     # a function from input domain's row type to output domain's row type
```

¹See new changes with git diff f5bb719..0684fea rust/src/transformations/manipulation/mod.rs

```

6     row_function: Callable([[DI_RowDomain_Carrier], D0_RowDomain_Carrier])
7 ) -> Transformation:
8
9     return make_row_by_row_fallible(
10        input_domain, input_metric, output_row_domain, row_function
11    )

```

Postcondition

Theorem 1.1. For every setting of the input parameters (`input_domain`, `input_metric`, `output_domain`, `row_function`, `DI`, `D0`, `M`) to `make_row_by_row` such that the given preconditions hold, `make_row_by_row` raises an error (at compile time or run time) or returns a valid transformation. A valid transformation has the following properties:

1. (Data-independent runtime errors). For every pair of members x and x' in `input_domain`, `invoke(x)` and `invoke(x')` either both return the same error or neither return an error.
2. (Appropriate output domain). For every member x in `input_domain`, `function(x)` is in `output_domain` or raises a data-independent runtime error.
3. (Stability guarantee). For every pair of members x and x' in `input_domain` and for every pair (d_{in}, d_{out}) , where d_{in} has the associated type for `input_metric` and d_{out} has the associated type for `output_metric`, if x, x' are d_{in} -close under `input_metric`, `stability_map(d_{in})` does not raise an error, and `stability_map(d_{in}) = d_{out}`, then `function(x), function(x')` are d_{out} -close under `output_metric`.

2 Proofs

Proof. (**Part 1 – appropriate output domain**). Since the preconditions for this constructor are a superset of the preconditions on `make_row_by_row_fallible`, the proof of `make_row_by_row_fallible` applies. Thus, by the output domain proof on `make_row_by_row_fallible`, for all settings of input arguments, the function returns a dataset in the output domain. \square

Proof. (**Part 2 – stability map**). The proof of `make_row_by_row_fallible` similarly applies. Thus, by the stability map proof on `make_row_by_row_fallible`, for all settings of input arguments, where u, v are d_{in} -close under `input_metric`, `function(u), function(v)` are d_{out} -close under `output_metric`. \square