fn find_min_covering

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This proof resides in "contrib" because it has not completed the vetting process.

Proves soundness of find_min_covering in mod.rs at commit f5bb719 (outdated¹). find_min_covering attempts to return the smallest covering from sets that spans must_cover.

1 Hoare Triple

Precondition

Compiler-verified

- Argument must_cover is of type BTreeSet<T>
- Argument sets is of type HashMap<BTreeSet<T>, u32>
- Generic T is some type that implements Hash and has total Ord, so that it can be used in a B-tree set.

Human-verified

None

Pseudocode

```
def find_min_covering(
      must_cover: set[T], sets: list[set[T], u32]
  ) -> list[tuple[set[T], u32]] | None:
      covered = list() #
      while must_cover: #
          def score(pair):
              by, weight = pair
10
              return len(by & must_cover), -len(by), -weight
12
13
          best_match = max(sets.items(), key=score)
14
          if best_match is None or best_match[0].isdisjoint(must_cover):
              return None
          best_set, weight = best_match
17
18
          must_cover -= best_set #
19
20
          covered[best_set] = weight
21
      return covered
```

¹See new changes with git diff f5bb719..0be5496 rust/src/domains/polars/frame/mod.rs

Postcondition

Return a subset of sets whose intersection contains must_cover, or None.

2 Proofs

Proof. All that needs to be proven is that the return set covers must_cover. While the algorithm makes a best effort to minimize the cardinality of the cover, nothing about optimality of the algorithm has been proven.

The algorithm initializes with an empty cover on 5 and continues to run until all elements have been added to the cover (see 7). If there are no remaining sets that intersect with must_cover, then the algorithm terminates without a cover, which is a valid output.

Otherwise, on state, a new set is added to the cover and those elements in must_cover are removed. The algorithm only terminates once all members of must_cover have had sets that include them added to covered.

Therefore covered returns a subset of sets whose intersection contains must_cover, or None.