# fn make\_float\_to\_bigint\_threshold

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This proof resides in "contrib" because it has not completed the vetting process.

Proves soundness of the implementation of make\_float\_to\_bigint\_threshold in mod.rs at commit f5bb719 (outdated¹).

## 1 Hoare Triple

#### Precondition

#### Compiler-Verified

- Generic TK implements trait Hashable
- Generic TV implements trait Float
- Const-generic P is of type usize
- Generic QI implements trait Number
- Type RBig implements traits TryFrom<TV> and TryFrom<QI>. This is for fallible exact casting to rationals from floats in the function and input sensitivity in the privacy map.
- Type i32 implements trait ExactIntCast«T as FloatBits>::Bits>, This requirement means that the raw bits of T can be exactly cast to an i32.

## User-Verified

None

## Pseudocode

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See new changes with git diff f5bb719..6761ced rust/src/measurements/noise\_threshold/nature/float/mod.rs

```
if input_domain.value_domain.nan():
14
15
           raise "input_domain hashmap values may not contain NaN elements"
16
17
      r_threshold = RBig.try_from(threshold)
18
      min_k = get_min_k(TV)
19
      if k < min_k: #</pre>
20
           raise f"k ({k}) must not be smaller than {min_k}"
21
22
      def value_function(val): #
23
24
               val = RBig.try_from(val)
25
           except Exception:
26
               val = RBig.ZERO
27
28
29
           return find_nearest_multiple_of_2k(val, k) #
30
      def stability_map(d_in):
31
           10, lp, li = d_in
32
33
34
           r_lp = RBig.try_from(lp)
           r_lp_round = get_rounding_distance(k, usize.from_(10), P)
35
           r_{p} = x_{mul_2k}(r_{p} + r_{pround}, -k) #
36
37
           r_li = RBig.try_from(li)
38
           if r_li > x_mul_2k(r_threshold, -k): #
39
               raise f"li ({li}) must not be larger than threshold ({threshold})"
40
           r_li_round = get_rounding_distance(k, 1, P)
41
           r_li = x_mul_2k(r_li + r_li_round, -k) #
42
43
           return 10, r_lp, r_li
44
45
      return Transformation.new(
46
47
          input_domain,
           MapDomain(#
48
49
               key_domain=input_domain.key_domain,
               value_domain=AtomDomain.default(IBig),
50
51
           Function.new(lambda x: {k: value_function(v) for k, v in x.items()}),
52
53
           input_metric,
           LOPI.default(),
54
55
           StabilityMap.new_fallible(stability_map),
```

### Postcondition

#### Theorem 1.1.

Theorem 1.2. For every setting of the input parameters (input\_space, k, TK, TV, P, QI) to make\_float\_to\_bigint\_threshold raises an error (at compile time or run time) or returns a valid transformation. A valid transformation has the following properties:

- 1. (Data-independent runtime errors). For every pair of members x and x' in input\_domain, invoke(x) and invoke(x') either both return the same error or neither return an error.
- 2. (Appropriate output domain). For every member x in input\_domain, function(x) is in output\_domain or raises a data-independent runtime error.
- 3. (Stability guarantee). For every pair of members x and x' in input\_domain and for every pair (d\_in,d\_out), where d\_in has the associated type for input\_metric and d\_out has the associated type for
  - output\_metric, if x, x' are d\_in-close under input\_metric, stability\_map(d\_in) does not raise an

error, and  $stability_map(d_in) = d_out$ , then function(x), function(x') are  $d_out$ -close under output\_metric.

*Proof.* In the definition of the function on line 23, RBig.try\_from is infallible when the input is non-nan. The precondition for find\_nearest\_multiple\_of\_2k is satisfied by line 20, so find\_nearest\_multiple\_of\_2k is infallible. There are no other sources of error in the function, so the function cannot raise data-dependent errors.

The function also always returns a hashmap with the same keys, and IBig values, meaning the output of the function is always a member of the output domain, as defined on line 48.

The stability argument breaks down into three parts:

- The casting from float to rational on line 24 is 1-stable, because the real values of the numbers remain un-changed, meaning the distance between adjacent inputs always remains the same.
- The rounding on line 29 can cause an increase in the sensitivity equal to  $\Delta_0^{1/p}(2^k-2^{k_{min}})$ .

$$\max_{x \sim x'} d_{Lp}(f(x), f(x')) \tag{1}$$

$$= \max_{x \sim x'} |\operatorname{round}_k(x) - \operatorname{round}_k(x')|_p \tag{2}$$

$$\leq \max_{x \sim x'} |(x + 2^{k-1}) - (x' - 2^{k-1} + 2^{k_{min}})|_p \tag{3}$$

$$\leq \max_{x \sim x'} |x - x'|_p + |R \cdot (2^k - 2^{k_{min}})|_p \qquad \text{where } R \in \{0, 1\}^n \text{ with weight } \Delta_0$$
 (4)

$$= \max_{x \sim x'} d_{Lp}(x, x') + \Delta_0^{1/p} (2^k - 2^{k_{min}})$$
 (5)

$$= d_{-}in + \Delta_0^{1/p} (2^k - 2^{k_{min}}) \tag{6}$$

This increase in the sensitivity is reflected on line 36, which, by the postcondition of get\_rounding\_distance, returns the maximum increase in sensitivity due to rounding. The rounding distance is added to the  $L_p$  sensitivity.

A similar analysis follows for  $L_{\infty}$  sensitivity on line 42, where only one rounding occurs instead of  $\Delta_0$ . Notice that the check on line 39 is not necessary for the privacy guarantee, it improves the quality of the error message. The equivalent error raised from the core mechanism privacy map is not as user-friendly, because the constants are scaled by  $2^k$ .

• The discarding of the denominator on line 29 is  $2^k$ -stable, as the denominator is  $2^k$ . This increase in sensitivity is also reflected on lines 36 and 42, where the sensitivity is multiplied by  $2^{-k}$ .

For every pair of elements x, x' in input\_domain and for every pair (d\_in,d\_out), where d\_in has the associated type for input\_metric and d\_out has the associated type for output\_metric, if x, x' are d\_in-close under input\_metric, stability\_map(d\_in) does not raise an exception, and stability\_map(d\_in)  $\leq$  d\_out, then function(x), function(x') are d\_out-close under output\_metric.

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