CompositionMeasure for ZeroConcentratedDivergence

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This proof resides in "contrib" because it has not completed the vetting process.

Proves soundness of the implementation of CompositionMeasure for ZeroConcentratedDivergence in mod.rs at commit f5bb719 (outdated1).

1 Hoare Triple

Precondition

Compiler-Verified

Types matching pseudocode.

Caller-Verified

None

Pseudocode

```
class CompositionMeasure(ZeroConcentratedDivergence):
      def composability( #
          self, adaptivity: Adaptivity
      ) -> Composability:
          match adaptivity:
              case Adaptivity.FullyAdaptive:
                  return Composability. Sequential
                  return Composability.Concurrent
11
      def compose(self, d_mids: Vec[Self_Distance]) -> Self_Distance:
          d_out = 0.0
12
          for d_mid in d_mids:
              d_out = d_out.inf_add(d_mid)
14
          return d_out
```

Postcondition

Theorem 1.1. composability returns Ok(out) if the composition of a vector of privacy parameters d_mids is bounded above by self.compose(d_mids) under adaptivity adaptivity and out-composability. Otherwise returns an error.

Definition 1.2 (Definition of ZeroConcentratedDivergence). For any two distributions Y, Y' and any non-negative d, Y, Y' are d-close under the zero-concentrated divergence measure if, for every possible choice of $\alpha \in (1, \infty)$,

¹See new changes with git diff f5bb719..a9e8e83 rust/src/combinators/sequential_composition/mod.rs

$$D_{\alpha}(Y, Y') = \frac{1}{1 - \alpha} \mathbb{E}_{x \sim Y'} \left[\ln \left(\frac{\Pr[Y = x]}{\Pr[Y' = x]} \right)^{\alpha} \right] \le d \cdot \alpha. \tag{1}$$

Lemma 1.3. 1. $\mathcal{F}(\rho_1, \rho_2, \dots; \rho) = \mathbb{I}(\sum_i \rho_i \leq \rho)$ is a valid ρ -zCDP IM-filter.

2. $\mathcal{G}(\rho_1,\ldots,\rho_k) = \sum_{i=1}^k \rho_i$ is a valid ρ -zCDP IM-privacy loss accumulator.

Proof. For any fixed choice of $\alpha > 1$, we have that $\mathcal{F}(\rho_1, \rho_2, \dots; \rho) = \mathbb{I}(\sum_i \epsilon_i / \alpha / \leq \epsilon / \alpha)$, by 1.2, which by Theorem 1.22[VW21] is a valid (α, ϵ) -RDP IM-filter.

Similarly, for any fixed choice of $\alpha > 1$, we have that $\mathcal{G}(\rho_1, \dots, \rho_k) = \sum_i \epsilon_i / \alpha \le \epsilon / \alpha$, by 1.2, which by Theorem 1.22[VW21] is a valid (α, ϵ) -RDP IM-privacy loss accumulator.

Proof. By the postcondition of InfAdd we have that $\sum_i d_{mids_i} \leq compose(d_{mids})$.

| Adaptivity | Sequential | Concurrent |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Non-Adaptive | Lemma 1.7[BS16] | Corollary 1[Lyu22] |
| Adaptive | Lemma 1.7[BS16] | Corollary 1[Lyu22] |
| Fully-Adaptive | Remark 4.4[FZ22] | 1.3 |

This table is reflected in the implementation of composability on line 2.

References

[BS16] Mark Bun and Thomas Steinke. Concentrated differential privacy: Simplifications, extensions, and lower bounds, 2016.

[FZ22] Vitaly Feldman and Tijana Zrnic. Individual privacy accounting via a renyi filter, 2022.

[Lyu22] Xin Lyu. Composition theorems for interactive differential privacy, 2022.

[VW21] Salil Vadhan and Tianhao Wang. Concurrent composition of differential privacy, 2021.