

fn exponential_top_k

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This proof resides in “**contrib**” because it has not completed the vetting process.

This document proves soundness of `exponential_top_k` in `mod.rs` at commit `e62b0aa2` (outdated¹). `exponential_top_k` noisily selects the index of the best score from a vector of input scores k times without replacement.

1 Hoare Triple

Preconditions

Compiler-Verified

Types consistent with pseudocode.

Caller-Verified

- Each item of `x` is finite.

Pseudocode

```
1 def exponential_top_k(x: list[TIA], scale: RBig, k: usize, negate: bool):
2     sign = Sign.from_(negate)
3     scale = scale.into_rational()
4
5     y = [x_i.into_rational() * sign for x_i in x] #
6     return peel_permute_and_flip(y, scale, k)
```

Postcondition

Theorem 1.1. • Returns the index of the top element z_i , where each $z_i \sim \text{Exp}(\text{shift} = y_i, \text{scale} = \text{scale})$, and each $y_i = -x_i$ if `negate`, else $y_i = x_i$, k times with removal.

- Errors are data-independent, except for exhaustion of entropy.

Proof. By the precondition that each element in x is finite, the conversion into rational is infallible.

By the postcondition of `peel_permute_and_flip`, and the potential negation on line 5, the postcondition is satisfied.

The only source of error is due to entropy exhaustion. □

¹See new changes with `git diff e62b0aa2..0bf8040b rust/src/measurements/noisy_top_k/exponential/mod.rs`