fn make_fully_adaptive_composition_queryable

Michael Shoemate

This proof resides in "contrib" because it has not completed the vetting process.

Proves soundness of fn make_fully_adaptive_composition_queryable.

1 Hoare Triple

Precondition

Compiler-verified

- Argument input_domain of type DI.
- Argument input_metric of type MI.
- Argument output_measure of type MO.
- Argument data of type DI_Carrier.
- Generic DI implements Domain.
- Generic MI implements Metric.
- Generic MO implements Measure.
- (DI, MI) implements MetricSpace.

User-verified

data is a member of input_domain.

Pseudocode

```
def make_sequential_odometer_queryable(
      input_domain: DI,
      input_metric: MI,
      output_measure: MO,
      data: DI_Carrier
  ) -> OdometerQueryable[MI, MO, Measurement[DI, TO, MI, MO], TO]:
      child_maps = [] # Vec<PrivacyMap<MI, MO>>
      def transition( #
          self_: OdometerQueryable[MI, MO, Measurement[DI, TO, MI, MO], TO],
10
          query: Query[OdometerQuery[Measurement[DI, TO, MI, MO], MI_Distance]]
11
12
          # this queryable and wrapped children communicate via an AskPermission query
13
          \# defined here, where no-one else can access the type
```

```
class AskPermission:
16
17
               id: usize
18
19
          match query:
               # evaluate external invoke query
20
               case Query.External(OdometerQuery.Invoke(measurement), query_wrapper): #
21
22
                   assert_components_match( #
                       DomainMismatch,
23
                       input_domain,
24
                       measurement.input_domain
25
26
27
                   assert_components_match( #
28
                       MetricMismatch,
29
                       input_metric,
30
                       measurement.input_metric
31
32
33
                   assert_components_match( #
34
                       MeasureMismatch,
35
36
                       output_measure,
37
                       measurement.output_measure
38
39
                   if not output_measure.concurrent:
40
                       # when the output measure doesn't allow concurrent composition,
41
                       # wrap any interactive queryables spawned.
42
                       # This way, when the child gets a query it sends an AskPermission query
43
      to this parent queryable,
                       # giving this sequential odometer queryable
44
                       # a chance to deny the child permission to execute
45
                       child_id = child_maps.len()
46
47
                       seq_wrapper = Wrapper.new_recursive_pre_hook( #
48
                           lambda: self_.eval_internal(AskPermission(child_id))
49
50
                   else:
51
52
                       seq_wrapper = None
53
54
                   wrapper = compose_wrappers(query_wrapper, seq_wrapper) #
55
56
                   answer = measurement.invoke_wrap(data, wrapper) #
57
                   # we've now increased our privacy spend. This is our only state modification
58
                   child_maps.push(measurement.privacy_map)
59
60
                   return Answer.External(OdometerAnswer.Invoke(answer))
61
62
               # evaluate external map query
63
               case Query.External(OdometerQuery.Map(d_in), _):
64
                   d_out = output_measure.compose([pmap.eval(d_in) for pmap in child_map])
65
                   return Answer.External(OdometerAnswer.Map(d_out))
66
67
               case Query.Internal(query):
68
69
                   # check if the query is from a child queryable who is asking for permission
      to execute
                   if isinstance(query, AskPermission): #
70
71
                       # deny permission if the sequential odometer has moved on
                       if query.id + 1 != child_maps.len():
72
73
                           raise ValueError("sequential odometer has received a new query")
74
                       # otherwise, return Ok to approve the change
75
                       return Answer.internal(())
76
77
```

Postconditions

Theorem 1.1. For every setting of the input parameters (input_domain, input_metric, output_measure, DI, TO, MI, MO) to make_fully_adaptive_composition_queryable such that the given preconditions hold, make_fully_adaptive_composition_queryable raises an exception (at compile time or run time) or returns a valid measurement. A valid measurement has the following property:

1. (Privacy guarantee). For every pair of elements x, x' in input_domain and for every pair (d_in,d_out), where d_in has the associated type for input_metric and d_out has the associated type for output_measure, if x, x' are d_in-close under input_metric, privacy_map(d_in) does not raise an exception, and privacy_map(d_in) \leq d_out, then function(x), function(x') are d_out-close under output_measure.

Proof. Wrapping Guarantee The query wrapper is labeled query_wrapper on line 21. wrapper on line 54 includes query_wrapper by the postcondition on compose_wrappers.

Measurement.invoke_wrap on line 56 guarantees to wrap all spawned IM queryables with the provided wrapper, satisfying the wrapping guarantee. Since this is the only location where interactive mechanism queryables can be spawned, the wrapping guarantee holds.

Proof. Privacy guarantee The transition function follows the \mathcal{G} -OdomCon(IM) procedure described in Algorithm 6 of [HST⁺23], with some adjustments that do not materially affect the privacy analysis.

- When an odometer invokes \mathcal{M}_{k+1} , the OpenDP Library implementation eagerly accounts for all future privacy loss of the child mechanism immediately (on line 59), even if the analyst never interacts with the spawned interactive mechanism.
- The OpenDP Library represents interactive mechanisms via queryables, where the state s is hidden from the adversary. When invoking \mathcal{M}_k , no initial state λ is passed, and the response is a queryable with hidden state. By the definition of a valid interactive measurement, the view an adversary gains from this queryable has privacy loss d_k for some choice of d_{in} .
- The queryable for child k can be viewed as \mathcal{M}_k together with s_k . Since the queryable itself satisfies d_k -DP, the queryable can be returned to the user to provide query access, child queryables (\mathcal{M}_k and s_k) can be removed from the odometer state, and the handling of child update queries m = (j, q) can be removed while preserving equivalency with Algorithm 6. This equivalently reduces the odometer state to $(s, [d_1, ...d_k])$.
- Instead of storing the privacy losses d_k for some d_inin the state, a vector of functions is stored that can compute d_k when given d_in. The choice of d_inis left implicit in the paper, in regards to \mathcal{M}_k satisfying $d \mathcal{D}$ -DP; whereas d_inis explicit and delayed in the implementation. The equivalent odometer state is now $(s, [\text{map}_1(\cdot), ...\text{map}_k(\cdot)])$.
- In addition to storing the dataset x, the state also contains the input domain, input metric and privacy measure. Each incoming mechanism must share these same supporting elements. This is an implicit requirement of the paper made explicit in the implementation.

We now discuss how the pseudocode implements this equivalent algorithm. The input domain, input metric, privacy measure and data are moved into the transition function, as well as a mutable list of privacy loss maps from line 7, to form the state.

First consider the case where the privacy measure satisfies concurrent composition. Lines 28 and 34 are necessary to guarantee that the constructed odometer queryable gives valid privacy loss guarantees with

respect to input_metric and output_measure. On line 56, the user-verified preconditions for invoking the measurement are met, by the precondition that the data is a member of input_domain and the check that the measurement's input domain matches input_domain on line 22. Therefore by the definition of a valid measurement, answer satisfies measurement.privacy_map(d_in)-DP, with respect to output_measure, for some choice of d_in.

Now consider the case where the privacy measure does not satisfy concurrent composition. Then seq_wrapper on line 48 is a wrapper that will cause wrapped queryables to send an AskPermission query with their self-reported id to this queryable before answering any query. By line 70, permission is only granted if the most recently spawned child is asking for permission to execute a query. This ensures that an adversary may only interact with the most recently spawned child mechanism.

Now that we've shown a correspondence between the pseudocode and Algorithm 6 of [HST $^+$ 23], the proof from Appendix B.1 shows that the pseudocode implements a valid \mathcal{D} DP privacy loss accumulator for interactive mechanisms.

TODO: connect this formalization with the definition of BasicCompositionMeasure.

The transition function is then used to construct a queryable on line 81.

References

[HST⁺23] Samuel Haney, Michael Shoemate, Grace Tian, Salil Vadhan, Andrew Vyrros, Vicki Xu, and Wanrong Zhang. Concurrent composition for interactive differential privacy with adaptive privacy-loss parameters, 2023.