

impl TopKMeasure for ZeroConcentratedDivergence

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August 19, 2025

1 Hoare Triple

Precondition

Compiler-verified

- Method `noisy_top_k` *Types consistent with pseudocode.*
- Method `privacy_map` *Types consistent with pseudocode.*

Caller-verified

- Method `random_variable`
 - `x` elements are non-null.
 - `scale` is non-null and non-negative.
- Method `privacy_map`
 - `d_in` is non-null and positive.
 - `scale` is non-null and positive.

Pseudocode

```
1 class ZeroConcentratedDivergence(TopKMeasure):
2     ONE_SHOT = True
3     RV = GumbelRV
4
5     @staticmethod
6     def random_variable(shift: FBig, scale: FBig) -> GumbelRV:
7         return GumbelRV(shift=shift, scale=scale)
8
9     @staticmethod
10    def privacy_map(d_in: f64, scale: f64, k: usize) -> f64:
11        if d_in < 0:
12            raise ValueError("input distance must be non-negative")
13
14        if scale.is_zero():
15            return f64.INFINITY
16
17        return d_in.inf_div(scale).inf_mul(f64.inf_cast(k))
```

Postcondition

Theorem 1.1. The implementation is consistent with all associated items in the `TopKMeasure` trait.

1. Method **random_variable**: Returns the index of the top element z_i , where each $z_i \sim \text{DISTRIBUTION}(\text{shift} = y_i, \text{scale} = \text{scale})$, and each $y_i = -x_i$ if **negate**, else $y_i = x_i$, k times with removal.
2. Method **privacy_map**: For any x, x' where $d_{\text{in}} \geq d_{\text{Range}}(x, x')$, return $d_{\text{out}} \geq D_{\text{self}}(f(x), f(x'))$, where $f(x) = \text{noisy_top_k}(x, k = 1, \text{scale} = \text{scale})$.

Definition 1.2. A random variable follows the Gumbel distribution if it has density

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta} e^{-e^{-z} - z} \quad (1)$$

where $z = \frac{x - \mu}{\beta}$, μ is the shift (location) parameter and β is the scale parameter.

*Proof of postcondition: **random_variable**.* The preconditions of **gumbel_noisy_max** are met, therefore by the postcondition of **gumbel_top_k**, the postcondition of **random_variable** is satisfied. \square

*Proof of postcondition: **privacy_map**.* By Lemma 4.2 of [2], $\mathcal{M}_{\text{Gumbel}}^k(x)$ is equal in distribution to the peeling exponential mechanism, which is the k -fold composition of the exponential mechanism. Proposition 2 of [1] shows that the exponential mechanism satisfies the ϵ -CDP privacy guarantee. \square

References

- [1] Jinshuo Dong, David Durfee, and Ryan Rogers. Optimal differential privacy composition for exponential mechanisms and the cost of adaptivity. *CoRR*, abs/1909.13830, 2019.
- [2] David Durfee and Ryan Rogers. Practical differentially private top-k selection with pay-what-you-get composition. *CoRR*, abs/1905.04273, 2019.