MakeNoise<AtomDomain<T>, AbsoluteDistance<QI>, MO> for FloatExpFamily<P>

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> This proof resides in **"contrib"** because it has not completed the vetting process.

Proves soundness of the implementation of `MakeNoise` over scalars for `FloatExpFamily` in `mod.rs` at commit f5bb719 (outdated[1]).

The intuition of this implementation is that a vector-valued mechanism can be used to privatize a scalar-valued input, by transforming the input into a singleton vector, applying the vector mechanism, and then unpacking the resulting singleton vector.

This matches the code and proof for the integer case, `MakeNoise<AtomDomain<T>, AbsoluteDistance<QI>, MO> for IntExpFamily<P>`, except for elementary data type.

1 Hoare Triple

Precondition

Compiler-Verified

- Generic `T` implements trait `Float` and `SaturatingCast`<IBig> The saturating cast is for infallible postprocessing of big ints back to type `T`.

- Const-generic `P` is of type `usize`

- Generic `QI` implements trait `Integer`

- Generic `MO` implements trait `Measure`

- Type `IBig` implements trait `From<T>`. This infallible exact cast is for converting integers to big ints in the preprocessing transformation.

- Type `RBig` implements trait `TryFrom<QI>`. This is for fallible casting from input sensitivity of type `QI` to a rational in the privacy map.

- Type `ZExpFamily<P>` implements trait `NoisePrivacyMap`<LpDistance<P, RBig>, MO>. This bound requires that it must be possible to construct a privacy map for this combination of noise distribution, distance type and privacy measure.

User-Verified

None

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[1] See new changes with `git diff f5bb719..a7353b4 rust/src/measurements/noise/nature/float/mod.rs`

Pseudocode

```
1  class FloatExpFamily:
2      def make_noise(self, input_space) -> Measurement[AtomDomain[T], T, AbsoluteDistance[QI],
       MO]:
3          t_vec = make_vec(input_space) #
4          m_noise = self.make_noise(t_vec.output_space()) #
5
6          return t_vec >> m_noise >> then_index_or_default(0) #
```

Postcondition

Theorem 1.1. For every setting of the input parameters (`self, input_space, MO, T, P, QI`) to `make_noise` such that the given preconditions hold, `make_noise` raises an error (at compile time or run time) or returns a valid measurement. A valid measurement has the following properties:

1. (Data-independent runtime errors). For every pair of members x and x' in `input_domain`, `invoke`(x) and `invoke`(x') either both return the same error or neither return an error.

2. (Privacy guarantee). For every pair of members x and x' in `input_domain` and for every pair (d_in, d_out), where `d_in` has the associated type for `input_metric` and `d_out` has the associated type for
`output_measure`, if x, x' are `d_in`-close under `input_metric`, `privacy_map`(`d_in`) does not raise an error, and `privacy_map`(`d_in`) = `d_out`, then `function`(x), `function`(x') are `d_out`-close under `output_measure`.

Proof. Neither constructor `make_vec` nor `MakeNoise`.`make_noise` have manual preconditions, and the post-conditions guarantee a valid transformation and valid measurement, respectively. `then_index_or_default` also does not have preconditions, and its postcondition guarantees that it returns a valid postprocessor.

The chain of a valid transformation, valid measurement and valid postprocessor is a valid measurement. □