Assignment #2:

26th March 2024:

Submission by 9th April 2024

- 1. A drift chamber of length 10 cm is filled with 80% Ar and 10% CO₂ at one atm pressure. Applied voltage on cathode plane is $-10\,\mathrm{kV}$, anode wire is $5\,\mathrm{KV}$ and grid planes are grounded. Calculate position resolution of this chamber as a function of position with and without ignoring the diffusion and assume the timing resolution of TDC is 1ns.
- 2. A given voltage sensitive preamplifier requires a minimum input pulse amplitude of 8 mV for good signal/noise performance. What the minimum gas multiplication factor is required in an argon-filled proportional counter with 150 pF capacitance if 40 KeV X-ray are to be measured?
- 3. A cylindrical gas chamber of length, $\ell=10\,\mathrm{cm}$, radius, b=10 mm and wire diameter, a=10 $\mu\mathrm{m}$ is filled with pure argon at 3 atm pressure and applied voltage on anode wire is 2 kV. Assume a charge particle deposited energy only at a distance $3\mu\mathrm{m}$ away from anode surface, estimate the signal strength (both voltage and current) after 2, 5 and $50\mu\mathrm{s}$.
- 4. A 1m long wire with resistivity $60\,\Omega/\mathrm{cm}$ has readout circuits with input impedance $100\,\Omega$ at each end. Find the position along the wire of a passing particle if the peak signal is in channel 36 on one side and in channel 20 on the other. Assume the ADC pedestals are in channel 5.
- 5. Calculate the induced signal of the CMS RPC detector, for the normal incident of the following particles on the RPC chamber (assume constant Townsend co-efficient during the avalanche and w=30 eV for this gas).
 - (a) 10 MeV alpha particle
 - (b) 1 GeV muon
 - (c) 10 GeV neutron
 - (d) 100 GeV pion
- 6. A proportional chamber of radius 1 cm and anode wire diameter $30\mu m$ is filled with Ar gas. The chamber is operated with 2 KV. Estimate the relative fraction of gain for particle flux 1 kHz, $10 \, \text{kHz}$, $100 \, \text{kHz}$ and $1 \, \text{MHz}$.