

## Experiment - 10

**Student Name:** Pankaj Singh Kanyal  
**Branch:** AIML  
**Semester:** 5th  
**Subject Name:** Advanced Programming Lab

**UID:** 20BCS6668  
**Section/Group:** AIML 4 B  
**Date of Performance:** / /2022  
**Subject Code:** 20CSP-334

### 1. AIM:

Demonstrate insert, delete and search in Treap

### 2. Apparatus:

- Texeditor
- Laptop / PC with C++ compiler

### 3. Program/Code

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ctime>
using namespace std;
struct TreapNode
{
    int data;
    int priority;
    TreapNode* left, *right;
    TreapNode(int data)
    {
        this->data = data;
        this->priority = rand() % 100;
        this->left = this->right = nullptr;
    }
};
```

```
void rotateLeft(TreapNode* &root)
{
    TreapNode* R = root->right;
    TreapNode* X = root->right->left;
    R->left = root;
    root->right = X;
    root = R;
}

void rotateRight(TreapNode* &root)
{
    TreapNode* L = root->left;
    TreapNode* Y = root->left->right;

    L->right = root;
    root->left = Y;

    root = L;
}

void insertNode(TreapNode* &root, int data)
{
    if (root == nullptr)
    {
        root = new TreapNode(data);
        return;
    }

    if (data < root->data)
    {
        insertNode(root->left, data);
        if (root->left != nullptr && root->left->priority > root->priority) {
            rotateRight(root);
        }
    }
    else {
        insertNode(root->right, data);
        if (root->right != nullptr && root->right->priority > root->priority) {
            rotateLeft(root);
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }  
}  
  
bool searchNode(TreapNode* root, int key)  
{  
    if (root == nullptr) {  
        return false;  
    }  
    if (root->data == key) {  
        return true;  
    }  
  
    if (key < root->data) {  
        return searchNode(root->left, key);  
    }  
  
    return searchNode(root->right, key);  
}  
  
void deleteNode(TreapNode* &root, int key)  
{  
    if (root == nullptr) {  
        return;  
    }  
  
    if (key < root->data) {  
        deleteNode(root->left, key);  
    }  
  
    else if (key > root->data) {  
        deleteNode(root->right, key);  
    }  
    // if the key is found  
    else {  
        // Case 1: node to be deleted has no children (it is a leaf node)  
        if (root->left == nullptr && root->right == nullptr)  
        {  

```

```
        delete root;
        root = nullptr;
    }
    // Case 2: node to be deleted has two children
    else if (root->left && root->right)
    {
        if (root->left->priority < root->right->priority)
        {
            rotateLeft(root);

            deleteNode(root->left, key);
        }
        else {
            rotateRight(root);
            deleteNode(root->right, key);
        }
    }
    // Case 3: node to be deleted has only one child
    else {
        TreapNode* child = (root->left)? root->left: root->right;
        TreapNode* curr = root;
        root = child;
        delete curr;
    }
}

void printTreap(TreapNode *root, int space = 0, int height = 10)
{
    if (root == nullptr) {
        return;
    }
    // increase distance between levels
    space += height;
    // print the right child first
    printTreap(root->right, space);
    cout << endl;
    for (int i = height; i < space; i++) {
        cout << ' ';
```

```
}  
cout << root->data << "(" << root->priority << ")\n";  
cout << endl;  
printTreap(root->left, space);  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    // Treap keys  
    int keys[] = { 5, 2, 1, 4, 9, 8, 10 };  
    int n = sizeof(keys)/sizeof(int);  
    // Construct a treap  
    TreapNode* root = nullptr;  
    srand(time(nullptr));  
    for (int key: keys) {  
        insertNode(root, key);  
    }  
    cout << "Constructed treap:\n\n";  
    printTreap(root);  
    cout << "\nDeleting node 1:\n\n";  
    deleteNode(root, 1);  
    printTreap(root);  
    cout << "\nDeleting node 5:\n\n";  
    deleteNode(root, 5);  
    printTreap(root);  
    cout << "\nDeleting node 9:\n\n";  
    deleteNode(root, 9);  
    printTreap(root);  
    return 0;  
}
```

## 6. Output

```
treaps && "/media/pankajsingh/workbench/Sem
Constructed treap:
```

```

          9(10)
        5(36)
      4(68)
    2(50)
  1(96)
```

```
Deleting node 1:
```

```

          9(10)
        5(36)
      4(68)
    2(50)
```

```
Deleting node 5:
```

```
Deleting node 5:
```

```

          9(10)
      4(68)
    2(50)
```

```
Deleting node 9:
```

```

      4(68)
    2(50)
```

→ Experiment\_10

▶ Run Testcases ⊗ 0 △ 0

## 7. Learning Outcomes:

1. Learn to implement construct, insert, delete in a treap
2. Learn about BST and Heap.
3. Learned to write a program for the above problem.
4. Learned to use Clion IDE.

**Evaluation Grid (To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):**

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.			
2.			
3.			