gds

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Module Documentation

6.1 Private functionality for manipulating generic datatypes

Data Structures

- struct gdt_generic_datatype
  Generic datatype structure.

Typedefs

- typedef int(∗ gds_cfunc)(const void ∗, const void ∗)
  Type definition for comparison function pointer.

Enumerations

- enum gds_datatype {
  DATATYPE_CHAR, DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_CHAR, DATATYPE_SIGNED_CHAR, DATATYPE_INT,
  DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_INT, DATATYPE_LONG, DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_LONG, DATATYPE_LONG_-
  LONG,
  DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG, DATATYPE_SIZE_T, DATATYPE_DOUBLE, DATATYPE_STRIN-
  G,
  DATATYPE_POINTER }
  Enumeration type for data element type.

Functions

- void gdt_set_value (struct gdt_generic_datatype ∗data, const enum gds_datatype type, gds_cfunc cfunc, va_list ap)
  Sets the value of a generic datatype.
- void gdt_get_value (const struct gdt_generic_datatype ∗data, void ∗p)
  Gets the value of a generic datatype.
- void gdt_free (struct gdt_generic_datatype ∗data)
  Frees memory pointed to by a generic datatype.
- int gdt_compare (const struct gdt_generic_datatype ∗d1, const struct gdt_generic_datatype ∗d2)
  Compares two generic datatypes.
- int gdt_compare_void (const void ∗p1, const void ∗p2)
  Compares two generic datatypes via `void` pointers.
- int gdt_reverse_compare_void (const void ∗p1, const void ∗p2)
  Reverse compares two generic datatypes via `void` pointers.

6.1.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the mechanism for allowing generic datatypes. Each datatype implements a C `union` containing all the allowable fundamental types. Functions are provided for getting, setting, `free()`ing, and comparing values.

6.1.2 Typedef Documentation

6.1.2.1 typedef int(* gds_cfunc)(const void *, const void *)

Type definition for comparison function pointer.

6.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

6.1.3.1 enum gds_datatype

Enumeration type for data element type.

Enumerator:

DATATYPE_CHAR char

DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_CHAR unsigned char

DATATYPE_SIGNED_CHAR signed char

DATATYPE_INT int

DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_INT unsigned int

DATATYPE_LONG long

DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_LONG unsigned long

DATATYPE_LONG_LONG long long

DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG unsigned long long

DATATYPE_SIZE_T size_t

DATATYPE_DOUBLE double

DATATYPE_STRING char *, string

DATATYPE_POINTER void *

6.1.4 Function Documentation

6.1.4.1 int gdt_compare (const struct gdt_generic_datatype * *d1*, const struct gdt_generic_datatype * *d2*)

Compares two generic datatypes.

Parameters

d1	A pointer to the first generic datatype.
d2	A pointer to the second generic datatype.

Return values

0	The two datatypes are equal.
-1	The first datatype is less than the second datatype.
1	The first datatype is greater than the second datatype.

6.1.4.2 int gdt_compare_void (const void * *p1*, const void * *p2*)

Compares two generic datatypes via `void` pointers.

This function is suitable for passing to `qsort()`.

Parameters

p1	A pointer to the first generic datatype.
p2	A pointer to the second generic datatype.

Return values

0	The two datatypes are equal.
-1	The first datatype is less than the second datatype.
1	The first datatype is greater than the second datatype.

6.1.4.3 void gdt_free (struct gdt_generic_datatype * *data*)

Frees memory pointed to by a generic datatype.

This function does nothing if the type of the generic datatype set by the last call to `gdt_set_value()` is neither `DATATYPE_STRING` nor `DATATYPE_POINTER`. If the type of the generic datatype is one of these values, the caller is responsible for ensuring that the last value set contains an address on which it is appropriate to call `free()`.

Parameters

data	A pointer to the generic datatype.

6.1.4.4 void gdt_get_value (const struct gdt_generic_datatype * *data*, void * *p*)

Gets the value of a generic datatype.

Parameters

data	A pointer to the generic datatype.
p	A pointer containing the address of an object of type appropriate to the type of the generic datatype set by the last call to `gdt_set_value()`. This object will be modified to contain the value of the generic datatype.

6.1.4.5 int gdt_reverse_compare_void (const void * *p1*, const void * *p2*)

Reverse compares two generic datatypes via `void` pointers.

This function is suitable for passing to `qsort()` when the desired behavior is to sort in reverse order.

Parameters

p1	A pointer to the first generic datatype.
p2	A pointer to the second generic datatype.

Return values

0	The two datatypes are equal.
-1	The first datatype is greater than the second datatype.
1	The first datatype is less than the second datatype.

6.1.4.6 void gdt_set_value (struct gdt_generic_datatype * *data*, const enum gds_datatype *type*, gds_cfunc *cfunc*, va_list *ap*)

Sets the value of a generic datatype.

Parameters

data	A pointer to the generic datatype.
type	The type of data for the datatype to contain.
cfunc	A pointer to a comparison function. This is ignored for all types other than `DATATYPE_POINTER`. For `DATATYPE_POINTER`, this should contain the address of a function of type `int (*)(const void *, const void *)` if the datatype will ever need to be compared with another datatype of the same type (e.g. for finding or sorting elements within a data structure). If this functionality is not required, `NULL` can be provided.
ap	A `va_list` containing a single argument of the type appropriate to `type`, containing the value to which to set the generic datatype.

6.2 Public general generic data structures functionality

Enumerations

- enum gds_option { GDS_RESIZABLE = 1, GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY = 2, GDS_EXIT_ON_ERROR = 4 }

  Enumeration type for data structure options.

Functions

- void gds_strerror_quit (const char *msg,...)

  Prints an error message with error number and exits.
- void gds_error_quit (const char *msg,...)

  Prints an error message exits.
- void gds_assert_quit (const char *msg,...)

  Prints an error message exits via assert().

6.2.1 Detailed Description

This module contains general functionality used with or by the other data structures, including common creation options, and functions for outputting error messages.

6.2.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

6.2.2.1 enum gds_option

Enumeration type for data structure options.

Enumerator:

GDS_RESIZABLE Dynamically resizes on demand

GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY Automatically frees pointer members

GDS_EXIT_ON_ERROR Exits on error

6.2.3 Function Documentation

6.2.3.1 void gds_assert_quit (const char * *msg*, ...)

Prints an error message exits via assert().

This function will do nothing if `NDEBUG` is defined. Otherwise, it behaves in a manner identical to `gds_error_quit()` except it terminates via `assert()`, rather than `exit()`.

Parameters

msg	The format string for the message to print. Format specifiers are the same as the `printf()` family of functions.
...	Any arguments to the format string.

6.2.3.2 void gds_error_quit (const char * *msg*, ...)

Prints an error message exits.

Parameters

msg	The format string for the message to print. Format specifiers are the same as the `printf()` family of functions.
...	Any arguments to the format string.

6.2.3.3 void gds_strerror_quit (const char * *msg*, ...)

Prints an error message with error number and exits.

This function can be called to print an error message and quit following a function which has indicated failure and has set `errno`. A message containing the error number and a text representation of that error will be printed, following by the message supplied to the function.

Parameters

msg	The format string for the message to print. Format specifiers are the same as the `printf()` family of functions.
...	Any arguments to the format string.

6.3 Public interface to generic list data structure

Typedefs

- typedef struct list * List

  Opaque list type definition.

Functions

- List list_create (const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts,...)

  Creates a new list.
- void list_destroy (List list)

  Destroys a list.
- bool list_append (List list,...)

  Appends a value to the back of a list.
- bool list_prepend (List list,...)

  Prepends a value to the front of a list.
- bool list_insert (List list, const size_t index,...)

  Inserts a value into a list.
- bool list_delete_front (List list)

  Deletes the value at the front of the list.
- bool list_delete_back (List list)

  Deletes the value at the back of the list.
- bool list_delete_index (List list, const size_t index)

  Deletes the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_element_at_index (List list, const size_t index, void *p)

  Gets the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_set_element_at_index (List list, const size_t index,...)

  Sets the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_find (List list, size_t *index,...)

  Tests if a value is contained in a list.
- bool list_sort (List list)

  Sorts a list in-place, in ascending order.
- bool list_reverse_sort (List list)

  Sorts a list in-place, in descending order.
- bool list_is_empty (List list)

  Tests if a list is empty.
- size_t list_length (List list)

  Returns the length of a list.

6.3.1 Detailed Description

A list is data structure containing a finite ordered collection of values which allows sequential access (compared to a vector, or array, which allows random access).

6.3.2 Typedef Documentation

6.3.2.1 typedef struct list* List

Opaque list type definition.

6.3.3 Function Documentation

6.3.3.1 bool list_append (List *list,* ...)

Appends a value to the back of a list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
...	The value to append to the end of the list. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the list.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.3.3.2 List list_create (const enum gds_datatype *type,* const int *opts,* ...)

Creates a new list.

Parameters

type	The datatype for the list.
opts	The following options can be OR'd together: `GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY` to automatically `free()` pointer members when they are deleted or when the list is destroyed; `GDS_EXIT_ON_ERROR` to print a message to the standard error stream and `exit()`, rather than returning a failure status.
...	If `type` is `DATATYPE_POINTER`, this argument should be a pointer to a comparison function. In all other cases, this argument is not required, and will be ignored if it is provided.

Return values

NULL	List creation failed.
non-NULL	A pointer to the new list.

6.3.3.3 bool list_delete_back (List *list*)

Deletes the value at the back of the list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.3.3.4 bool list_delete_front (List *list*)

Deletes the value at the front of the list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.3.3.5 bool list_delete_index (List *list*, const size_t *index*)

Deletes the value at the specified index of the list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
index	The index of the value to delete.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed or index was out of range.

6.3.3.6 void list_destroy (List *list*)

Destroys a list.

If the `GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY` option was specified when creating the list, any pointer values still in the list will be `free()`d prior to destruction.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.

6.3.3.7 bool list_element_at_index (List *list*, const size_t *index*, void * *p*)

Gets the value at the specified index of the list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
index	The index of the value to get.
p	A pointer to an object of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the list. The object at this address will be modified to contain the value at the specified index.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, index was out of range.

6.3.3.8 bool list_find (List *list*, size_t * *index*, ...)

Tests if a value is contained in a list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
index	A pointer to a `size_t` object which, if the value is contained within the list, will be modified to contain the index of the first occurrence of that value in the list.
...	The value for which to search. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the list.

Return values

true	The value was found in the list
false	The value was not found in the list

6.3.3.9 bool list_insert (List *list*, const size_t *index*, ...)

Inserts a value into a list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
index	The index at which to insert the value.
...	The value to insert into the list. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the list.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed or index was out of range.

6.3.3.10 bool list_is_empty (List *list*)

Tests if a list is empty.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.

Return values

true	The list is empty
false	The list is not empty

6.3.3.11 size_t list_length (List *list*)

Returns the length of a list.

The length of the list is equivalent to the number of values it contains.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.

Returns

The length of the list.

6.3.3.12 bool list_prepend (List *list*, ...)

Prepends a value to the front of a list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
...	The value to prepend to the start of the list. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the list.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.3.3.13 bool list_reverse_sort (List *list*)

Sorts a list in-place, in descending order.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.3.3.14 bool list_set_element_at_index (List *list*, const size_t *index*, ...)

Sets the value at the specified index of the list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
index	The index of the value to set.
...	The value to which to set the specified index of the list. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the list.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, index was out of range.

6.3.3.15 bool list_sort (List *list*)

Sorts a list in-place, in ascending order.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.4 Public interface to generic queue data structure

Typedefs

- typedef struct queue * Queue

  Opaque queue type definition.

Functions

- Queue queue_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts)

  Creates a new queue.
- void queue_destroy (Queue queue)

  Destroys a queue.
- bool queue_push (Queue queue,...)

  Pushes a value onto the queue.
- bool queue_pop (Queue queue, void *p)

  Pops a value from the queue.
- bool queue_peek (Queue queue, void *p)

  Peeks at the top value of the queue.
- bool queue_is_full (Queue queue)

  Checks whether a queue is full.
- bool queue_is_empty (Queue queue)

  Checks whether a queue is empty.
- size_t queue_capacity (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the current capacity of a queue.
- size_t queue_size (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the current size of a queue.
- size_t queue_free_space (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the free space on a queue.

6.4.1 Detailed Description

A queue is a first-in-first-out (FIFO) data structure. Two fundamental operations are possible. A value can be *pushed* onto the queue, and a value can be *popped* from the queue. By virtue of being a FIFO data structure, pushing and popping happen at opposite ends of the queue. In other words, the value popped will be the first item pushed onto the queue that has not already been popped from it.

6.4.2 Typedef Documentation

6.4.2.1 typedef struct queue* Queue

Opaque queue type definition.

6.4.3 Function Documentation

6.4.3.1 size_t queue_capacity (Queue *queue*)

Retrieves the current capacity of a queue.

This value can change dynamically if the `GDS_RESIZABLE` option was specified when creating the queue.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.

Returns

The capacity of the queue.

6.4.3.2 Queue queue_create (const size_t *capacity*, const enum gds_datatype *type*, const int *opts*)

Creates a new queue.

Parameters

capacity	The initial capacity of the queue.
type	The datatype for the queue.
opts	The following options can be OR'd together: `GDS_RESIZABLE` to dynamically resize the queue on-demand; `GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY` to automatically `free()` pointer members when they are deleted or when the queue is destroyed; `GDS_EXIT_ON_ERROR` to print a message to the standard error stream and `exit()`, rather than returning a failure status.

Return values

NULL	Queue creation failed.
non-NULL	A pointer to the new queue.

6.4.3.3 void queue_destroy (Queue *queue*)

Destroys a queue.

If the `GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY` option was specified when creating the queue, any pointer values still in the queue will be `free()`d prior to destruction.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.

6.4.3.4 size_t queue_free_space (Queue *queue*)

Retrieves the free space on a queue.

The free space on a queue is equivalent to the capacity of the queue less the size of the queue.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.

Returns

The free space on the queue.

6.4.3.5 bool queue_is_empty (Queue *queue*)

Checks whether a queue is empty.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.

Return values

true	Queue is empty
false	Queue is not empty

6.4.3.6 bool queue_is_full (Queue *queue*)

Checks whether a queue is full.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.

Return values

true	Queue is full
false	Queue is not full

6.4.3.7 bool queue_peek (Queue *queue,* void * *p*)

Peeks at the top value of the queue.

This function retrieves the value which would be popped from the queue, without actually popping it.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.
p	A pointer to an object of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the queue. The object at this address will be modified to contain the value at the top of the queue.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, queue is empty.

6.4.3.8 bool queue_pop (Queue *queue,* void * *p*)

Pops a value from the queue.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.
p	A pointer to an object of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the queue. The object at this address will be modified to contain the value popped from the queue.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, queue is empty.

6.4.3.9 bool queue_push (Queue *queue*, ...)

Pushes a value onto the queue.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.
...	The value to push onto the queue. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the queue.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, either because the queue is full or, if the `GDS_RESIZABLE` option was specified when creating the queue, because dynamic memory reallocation failed.

Todo Rewrite to move only the required elements

6.4.3.10 size_t queue_size (Queue *queue*)

Retrieves the current size of a queue.

The size of the queue is equivalent to the number of values currently in it.

Parameters

queue	A pointer to the queue.

Returns

The size of the queue.

6.5 Public interface to generic stack data structure

Typedefs

- typedef struct stack * Stack

  Opaque stack type definition.

Functions

- Stack stack_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts)

  Creates a new stack.
- void stack_destroy (Stack stack)

  Destroys a stack.
- bool stack_push (Stack stack,...)

  Pushes a value onto the stack.
- bool stack_pop (Stack stack, void *p)

  Pops a value from the stack.
- bool stack_peek (Stack stack, void *p)

  Peeks at the top value of the stack.
- bool stack_is_full (Stack stack)

  Checks whether a stack is full.
- bool stack_is_empty (Stack stack)

  Checks whether a stack is empty.
- size_t stack_capacity (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the current capacity of a stack.
- size_t stack_size (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the current size of a stack.
- size_t stack_free_space (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the free space on a stack.

6.5.1 Detailed Description

A stack is a last-in-first-out (LIFO) data structure. Two fundamental operations are possible. A value can be *pushed* onto the stack, and a value can be *popped* from the stack. By virtue of being a LIFO data structure, pushing and popping happen at the same end of the stack. In other words, the value popped will be the last item pushed onto the stack that has not already been popped from it.

6.5.2 Typedef Documentation

6.5.2.1 typedef struct stack* Stack

Opaque stack type definition.

6.5.3 Function Documentation

6.5.3.1 size_t stack_capacity (Stack *stack*)

Retrieves the current capacity of a stack.

This value can change dynamically if the `GDS_RESIZABLE` option was specified when creating the stack.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.

Returns

The capacity of the stack.

6.5.3.2 Stack stack_create (const size_t *capacity,* const enum gds_datatype *type,* const int *opts*)

Creates a new stack.

Parameters

capacity	The initial capacity of the stack.
type	The datatype for the stack.
opts	The following options can be OR'd together: `GDS_RESIZABLE` to dynamically resize the stack on-demand; `GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY` to automatically `free()` pointer members when they are deleted or when the stack is destroyed; `GDS_EXIT_ON_ERROR` to print a message to the standard error stream and `exit()`, rather than returning a failure status.

Return values

NULL	Stack creation failed.
non-NULL	A pointer to the new stack.

6.5.3.3 void stack_destroy (Stack *stack*)

Destroys a stack.

If the `GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY` option was specified when creating the stack, any pointer values still in the stack will be `free()`d prior to destruction.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.

6.5.3.4 size_t stack_free_space (Stack *stack*)

Retrieves the free space on a stack.

The free space on a stack is equivalent to the capacity of the stack less the size of the stack.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.

Returns

The free space on the stack.

6.5.3.5 bool stack_is_empty (Stack *stack*)

Checks whether a stack is empty.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.

Return values

true	Stack is empty
false	Stack is not empty

6.5.3.6 bool stack_is_full (Stack *stack*)

Checks whether a stack is full.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.

Return values

true	Stack is full
false	Stack is not full

6.5.3.7 bool stack_peek (Stack *stack,* void * *p*)

Peeks at the top value of the stack.

This function retrieves the value which would be popped from the stack, without actually popping it.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.
p	A pointer to an object of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the stack. The object at this address will be modified to contain the value at the top of the stack.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, stack is empty.

6.5.3.8 bool stack_pop (Stack *stack,* void * *p*)

Pops a value from the stack.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.
p	A pointer to an object of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the stack. The object at this address will be modified to contain the value popped from the stack.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, stack is empty.

6.5.3.9 bool stack_push (Stack *stack*, ...)

Pushes a value onto the stack.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.
...	The value to push onto the stack. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the stack.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, either because the stack is full or, if the `GDS_RESIZABLE` option was specified when creating the stack, because dynamic memory reallocation failed.

6.5.3.10 size_t stack_size (Stack *stack*)

Retrieves the current size of a stack.

The size of the stack is equivalent to the number of values currently in it.

Parameters

stack	A pointer to the stack.

Returns

The size of the stack.

6.6 Public interface to generic vector data structure.

Typedefs

- typedef struct vector * Vector

  Opaque vector type definition.

Functions

- Vector vector_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts,...)

  Creates a new vector.
- void vector_destroy (Vector vector)

  Destroys a vector.
- bool vector_append (Vector vector,...)

  Appends a value to the back of a vector.
- bool vector_prepend (Vector vector,...)

  Prepends a value to the front of a vector.
- bool vector_insert (Vector vector, const size_t index,...)

  Inserts a value into a vector.
- bool vector_delete_front (Vector vector)

  Deletes the value at the front of the vector.
- bool vector_delete_back (Vector vector)

  Deletes the value at the back of the vector.
- bool vector_delete_index (Vector vector, const size_t index)

  Deletes the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_element_at_index (Vector vector, const size_t index, void *p)

  Gets the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_set_element_at_index (Vector vector, const size_t index,...)

  Sets the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_find (Vector vector, size_t *index,...)

  Tests if a value is contained in a vector.
- void vector_sort (Vector vector)

  Sorts a vector in-place, in ascending order.
- void vector_reverse_sort (Vector vector)

  Sorts a vector in-place, in descending order.
- bool vector_is_empty (Vector vector)

  Tests if a vector is empty.
- size_t vector_length (Vector vector)

  Returns the length of a vector.
- size_t vector_capacity (Vector vector)

  Returns the capacity of a vector.
- size_t vector_free_space (Vector vector)

  Returns the free space in a vector.

6.6.1 Detailed Description

A vector (or array) is a data structure containing a finite ordered collection of values which allows random access (compared to a list, which only allows sequential access).

6.6.2 Typedef Documentation

6.6.2.1 typedef struct vector* Vector

Opaque vector type definition.

6.6.3 Function Documentation

6.6.3.1 bool vector_append (Vector *vector,* ...)

Appends a value to the back of a vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.
...	The value to append to the end of the vector. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the vector.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.6.3.2 size_t vector_capacity (Vector *vector*)

Returns the capacity of a vector.

The capacity of the vector is equivalent to the number of values it is capable of holding. This value can dynamically change if a vector resizes to append an element at the back of the vector. The capacity does not change when elements are deleted from a vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

Returns

The capacity of the vector.

6.6.3.3 Vector vector_create (const size_t *capacity,* const enum gds_datatype *type,* const int *opts,* ...)

Creates a new vector.

Parameters

capacity	The initial capacity for the vector.
type	The datatype for the vector.
opts	The following options can be OR'd together:

- `GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY` to automatically `free()` pointer members when they are deleted or when the vector is destroyed. If this option is specified, then the caller should ensure that all the elements of the vector have been initialized prior to destruction.
- `GDS_EXIT_ON_ERROR` to print a message to the standard error stream and `exit()`, rather than returning a failure status.

Parameters

...	If `type` is `DATATYPE_POINTER`, this argument should be a pointer to a comparison function. In all other cases, this argument is not required, and will be ignored if it is provided.

Return values

NULL	Vector creation failed.
non-NULL	A pointer to the new vector.

6.6.3.4 bool vector_delete_back (Vector *vector*)

Deletes the value at the back of the vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.6.3.5 bool vector_delete_front (Vector *vector*)

Deletes the value at the front of the vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.6.3.6 bool vector_delete_index (Vector *vector,* const size_t *index*)

Deletes the value at the specified index of the vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.
index	The index of the value to delete.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed or index was out of range.

6.6.3.7 void vector_destroy (Vector *vector*)

Destroys a vector.

If the GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY option was specified when creating the vector, any pointer values still in the vector will be free()d prior to destruction.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

6.6.3.8 bool vector_element_at_index (Vector *vector,* const size_t *index,* void * *p*)

Gets the value at the specified index of the vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.
index	The index of the value to get.
p	A pointer to an object of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the vector. The object at this address will be modified to contain the value at the specified index.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, index was out of range.

6.6.3.9 bool vector_find (Vector *vector,* size_t * *index,* ...)

Tests if a value is contained in a vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.
index	A pointer to a size_t object which, if the value is contained within the vector, will be modified to contain the index of the first occurrence of that value in the vector.
...	The value for which to search. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the vector.

Return values

true	The value was found in the vector
false	The value was not found in the vector

6.6.3.10 size_t vector_free_space (Vector *vector*)

Returns the free space in a vector.

The free space in a vector is equivalent to its capacity less its length. The free space can change if a vector dynamically resizes to append an element at the back of the vector, or if elements are deleted from the vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

Returns

The free space in the vector.

6.6.3.11 bool vector_insert (Vector *vector,* const size_t *index,* ...)

Inserts a value into a vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the list.
index	The index at which to insert the value.
...	The value to insert into the vector. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the vector.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed or index was out of range.

6.6.3.12 bool vector_is_empty (Vector *vector*)

Tests if a vector is empty.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

Return values

true	The vector is empty
false	The vector is not empty

6.6.3.13 size_t vector_length (Vector *vector*)

Returns the length of a vector.

The length of the vector is equivalent to the number of values it contains. This can be less than the initial capacity, and as low as zero, if elements have been deleted from the vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

Returns

The length of the vector.

6.6.3.14 bool vector_prepend (Vector *vector,* ...)

Prepends a value to the front of a vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.
...	The value to prepend to the start of the vector. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the vector.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed.

6.6.3.15 void vector_reverse_sort (Vector *vector*)

Sorts a vector in-place, in descending order.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

6.6.3.16 bool vector_set_element_at_index (Vector *vector,* const size_t *index,* ...)

Sets the value at the specified index of the vector.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.
index	The index of the value to set.
...	The value to which to set the specified index of the vector. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the vector.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, index was out of range.

6.6.3.17 void vector_sort (Vector *vector*)

Sorts a vector in-place, in ascending order.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.

Chapter 7

Data Structure Documentation

7.1 gdt_generic_datatype Struct Reference

Generic datatype structure.

`#include <gdt.h>`

Data Fields

- enum gds_datatype type
- gds_cfunc compfunc
- union {
  char c
  unsigned char uc
  signed char sc
  int i
  unsigned int ui
  long l
  unsigned long ul
  long long int ll
  unsigned long long int ull
  size_t st
  double d
  char * pc
  void * p
  } data

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Generic datatype structure.

7.1.2 Field Documentation

7.1.2.1 char gdt_generic_datatype::c

char

7.1.2.2 gds_cfunc gdt_generic_datatype::compfunc

Comparison function pointer

7.1.2.3 double gdt_generic_datatype::d

double

7.1.2.4 union { ... } gdt_generic_datatype::data

Data union

7.1.2.5 int gdt_generic_datatype::i

int

7.1.2.6 long gdt_generic_datatype::l

long

7.1.2.7 long long int gdt_generic_datatype::ll

long long

7.1.2.8 void* gdt_generic_datatype::p

void *

7.1.2.9 char* gdt_generic_datatype::pc

char *, string

7.1.2.10 signed char gdt_generic_datatype::sc

signed char

7.1.2.11 size_t gdt_generic_datatype::st

size_t

7.1.2.12 enum gds_datatype gdt_generic_datatype::type

Data type

7.1.2.13 unsigned char gdt_generic_datatype::uc

unsigned char

7.1.2.14 unsigned int gdt_generic_datatype::ui

unsigned int

7.1.2.15 unsigned long gdt_generic_datatype::ul

unsigned long

7.1.2.16 unsigned long long int gdt_generic_datatype::ull

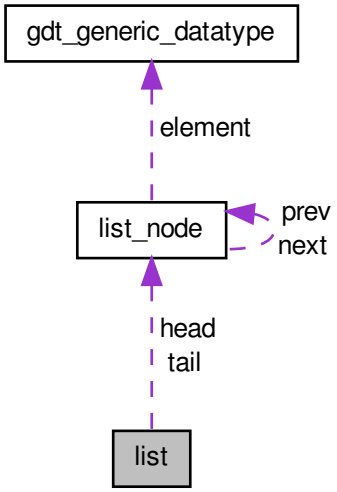
unsigned long long

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/private/gdt.h

7.2 list Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for list:



Data Fields

- size_t length
- enum gds_datatype type
- gds_cfunc compfunc
- struct list_node * head
- struct list_node * tail
- bool free_on_destroy
- bool exit_on_error

7.2.1 Detailed Description

List structure

7.2.2 Field Documentation

7.2.2.1 gds_cfunc list::compfunc

Element comparison function

7.2.2.2 bool list::exit_on_error

Exit on error if true

7.2.2.3 bool list::free_on_destroy

Free pointer elements on destroy if true

7.2.2.4 struct list_node* list::head

Pointer to head of list

7.2.2.5 size_t list::length

Length of list

7.2.2.6 struct list_node* list::tail

Pointer to tail of list

7.2.2.7 enum gds_datatype list::type

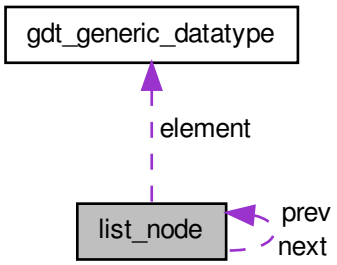
List datatype

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/list.c

7.3 list_node Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for list_node:



Data Fields

- struct gdt_generic_datatype element
- struct list_node * prev
- struct list_node * next

7.3.1 Detailed Description

List node structure

7.3.2 Field Documentation

7.3.2.1 struct gdt_generic_datatype list_node::element

Data element

7.3.2.2 struct list_node* list_node::next

Pointer to next node

7.3.2.3 struct list_node* list_node::prev

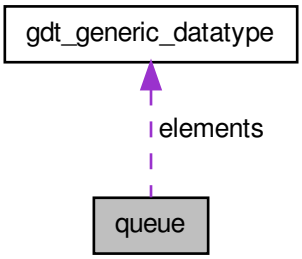
Pointer to previous node

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/list.c

7.4 queue Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for queue:



Data Fields

- size_t front
- size_t back
- size_t capacity
- size_t size
- enum gds_datatype type
- struct gdt_generic_datatype * elements
- bool resizable
- bool free_on_destroy
- bool exit_on_error

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Queue structure

7.4.2 Field Documentation

7.4.2.1 size_t queue::back

Back of queue

7.4.2.2 size_t queue::capacity

Capacity of queue

7.4.2.3 struct gdt_generic_datatype* queue::elements

Pointer to elements

7.4.2.4 bool queue::exit_on_error

Exit on error if true

7.4.2.5 bool queue::free_on_destroy

Free pointer elements on destroy if true

7.4.2.6 size_t queue::front

Front of queue

7.4.2.7 bool queue::resizable

Dynamically resizable if true

7.4.2.8 size_t queue::size

Size of queue

7.4.2.9 enum gds_datatype queue::type

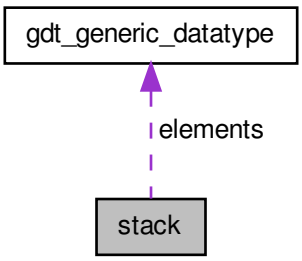
Queue datatype

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/queue.c

7.5 stack Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for stack:



Data Fields

- size_t top
- size_t capacity
- enum gds_datatype type
- struct gdt_generic_datatype * elements
- bool resizable
- bool free_on_destroy
- bool exit_on_error

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Stack structure

7.5.2 Field Documentation

7.5.2.1 size_t stack::capacity

Stack capacity

7.5.2.2 struct gdt_generic_datatype* stack::elements

Pointer to elements

7.5.2.3 bool stack::exit_on_error

Exit on error if true

7.5.2.4 bool stack::free_on_destroy

Free pointer elements on destroy if true

7.5.2.5 bool stack::resizable

Dynamically resizabe if true

7.5.2.6 size_t stack::top

Top of stack

7.5.2.7 enum gds_datatype stack::type

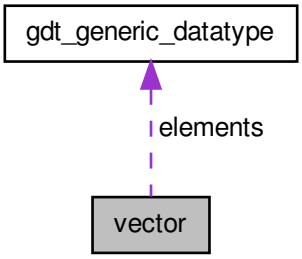
Stack datatype

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/stack.c

7.6 vector Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for vector:



Data Fields

- size_t length
- size_t capacity
- enum gds_datatype type
- struct gdt_generic_datatype ∗ elements
- int(∗ compfunc)(const void ∗, const void ∗)
- bool free_on_destroy
- bool exit_on_error

7.6.1 Detailed Description

Vector structure

7.6.2 Field Documentation

7.6.2.1 size_t vector::capacity

Vector capacity

7.6.2.2 int(∗ vector::compfunc)(const void ∗, const void ∗)

Compare function

7.6.2.3 struct gdt_generic_datatype∗ vector::elements

Pointer to elements

7.6.2.4 bool vector::exit_on_error

Exit on error if true

7.6.2.5 bool vector::free_on_destroy

Free pointer elements on destroy if true

7.6.2.6 size_t vector::length

Vector length

7.6.2.7 enum gds_datatype vector::type

Vector datatype

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/vector.c

Chapter 8

File Documentation

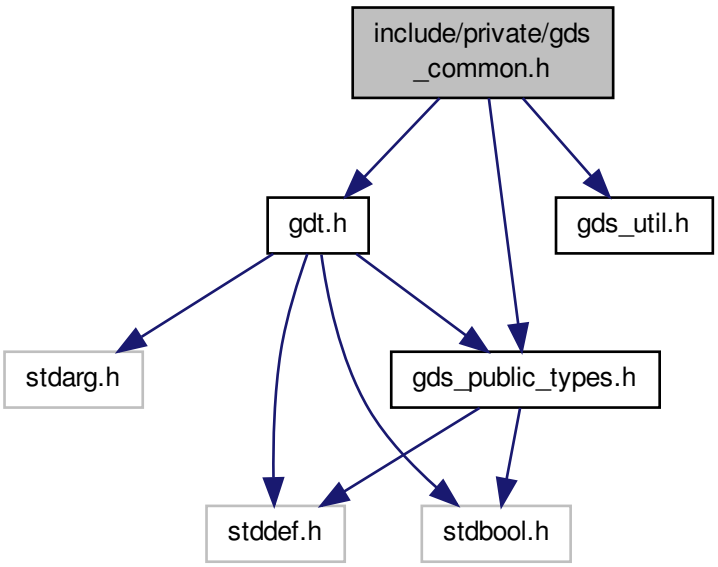
8.1 gds.dox File Reference

8.2 include/private/gds_common.h File Reference

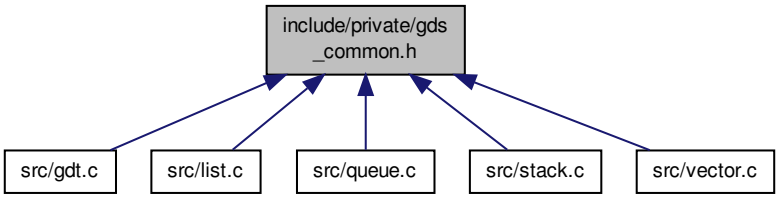
Common internal headers for data structures.

```
#include "gds_public_types.h"
#include "gdt.h"
#include "gds_util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for gds_common.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



8.2.1 Detailed Description

Common internal headers for data structures.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

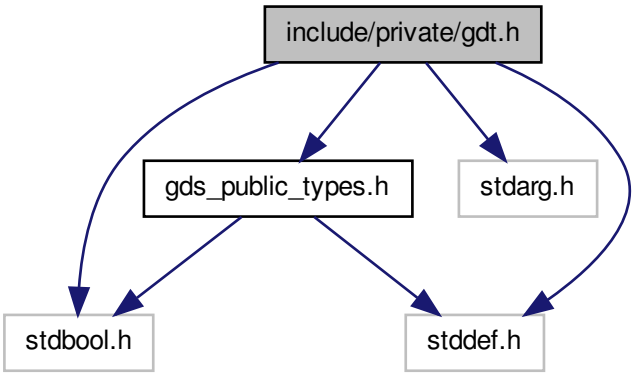
8.3 include/private/gdt.dox File Reference

8.4 include/private/gdt.h File Reference

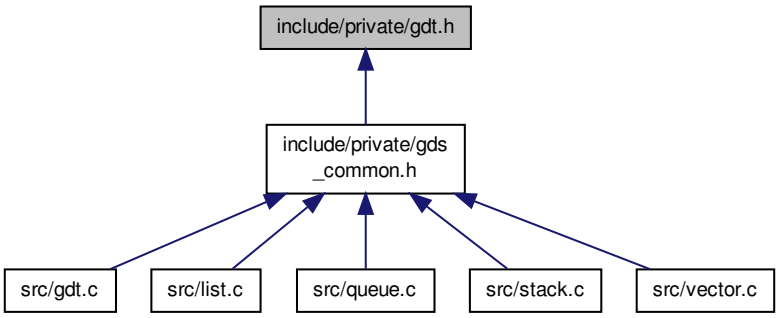
Interface to generic data element functionality.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include "gds_public_types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for gdt.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct gdt_generic_datatype

  Generic datatype structure.

Functions

- void gdt_set_value (struct gdt_generic_datatype *data, const enum gds_datatype type, gds_cfunc cfunc, va_list ap)

  Sets the value of a generic datatype.
- void gdt_get_value (const struct gdt_generic_datatype *data, void *p)

  Gets the value of a generic datatype.
- void gdt_free (struct gdt_generic_datatype *data)

  Frees memory pointed to by a generic datatype.

- int gdt_compare (const struct gdt_generic_datatype *d1, const struct gdt_generic_datatype *d2)

  Compares two generic datatypes.

- int gdt_compare_void (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compares two generic datatypes via `void` pointers.

- int gdt_reverse_compare_void (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Reverse compares two generic datatypes via `void` pointers.

8.4.1 Detailed Description

Interface to generic data element functionality.

Author

Paul Griffiths

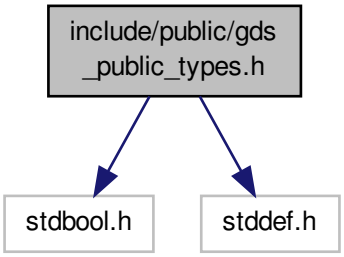
Copyright

8.5 include/public/gds_public_types.h File Reference

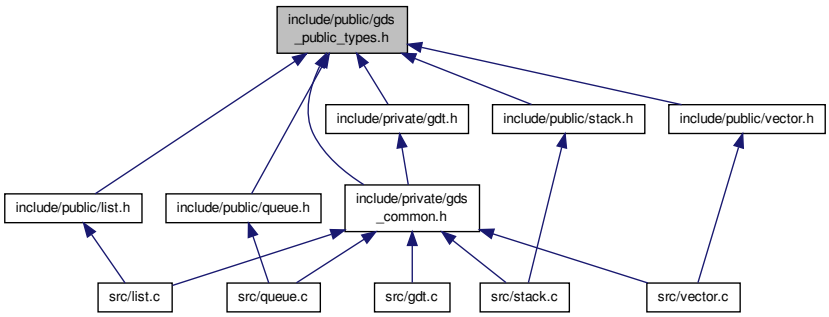
Common public types for generic data structures library.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
```

Include dependency graph for gds_public_types.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Typedefs

- typedef int(∗ gds_cfunc)(const void ∗, const void ∗)

  Type definition for comparison function pointer.

Enumerations

- enum gds_option { GDS_RESIZABLE = 1, GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY = 2, GDS_EXIT_ON_ERROR = 4 }

  Enumeration type for data structure options.
- enum gds_datatype {
  DATATYPE_CHAR, DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_CHAR, DATATYPE_SIGNED_CHAR, DATATYPE_INT, DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_INT, DATATYPE_LONG, DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_LONG, DATATYPE_LONG_LONG,
  DATATYPE_UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG, DATATYPE_SIZE_T, DATATYPE_DOUBLE, DATATYPE_STRING,
  DATATYPE_POINTER }

  Enumeration type for data element type.

8.5.1 Detailed Description

Common public types for generic data structures library.

Author

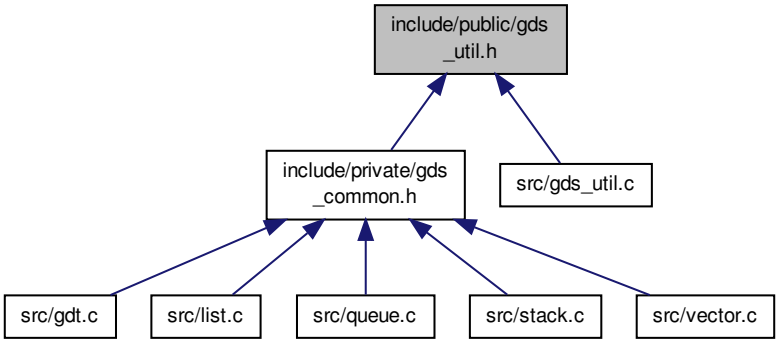
Paul Griffiths

Copyright

8.6 include/public/gds_util.h File Reference

Interface to general utility functions.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void gds_strerror_quit (const char ∗msg,...)

  Prints an error message with error number and exits.
- void gds_error_quit (const char ∗msg,...)

  Prints an error message exits.
- void gds_assert_quit (const char ∗msg,...)

  Prints an error message exits via assert().

8.6.1 Detailed Description

Interface to general utility functions.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

8.7 include/public/general.dox File Reference

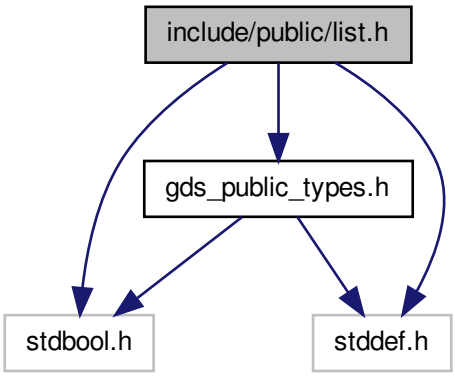
8.8 include/public/list.dox File Reference

8.9 include/public/list.h File Reference

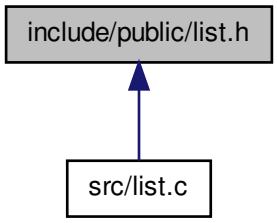
Interface to generic list data structure.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include "gds_public_types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for list.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Typedefs

- typedef struct list * List

  Opaque list type definition.

Functions

- List list_create (const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts,...)

  Creates a new list.
- void list_destroy (List list)

  Destroys a list.
- bool list_append (List list,...)

  Appends a value to the back of a list.

- bool list_prepend (List list,...)

  Prepends a value to the front of a list.
- bool list_insert (List list, const size_t index,...)

  Inserts a value into a list.
- bool list_delete_front (List list)

  Deletes the value at the front of the list.
- bool list_delete_back (List list)

  Deletes the value at the back of the list.
- bool list_delete_index (List list, const size_t index)

  Deletes the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_element_at_index (List list, const size_t index, void *p)

  Gets the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_set_element_at_index (List list, const size_t index,...)

  Sets the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_find (List list, size_t *index,...)

  Tests if a value is contained in a list.
- bool list_sort (List list)

  Sorts a list in-place, in ascending order.
- bool list_reverse_sort (List list)

  Sorts a list in-place, in descending order.
- bool list_is_empty (List list)

  Tests if a list is empty.
- size_t list_length (List list)

  Returns the length of a list.

8.9.1 Detailed Description

Interface to generic list data structure. The list is implemented as a double-ended, double-linked list.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

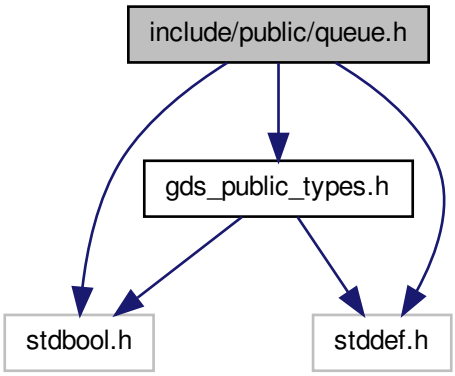
8.10 include/public/queue.dox File Reference

8.11 include/public/queue.h File Reference

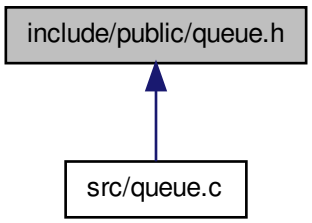
Interface to generic queue data structure.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include "gds_public_types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for queue.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Typedefs

- typedef struct queue * Queue

  Opaque queue type definition.

Functions

- Queue queue_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts)

  Creates a new queue.
- void queue_destroy (Queue queue)

  Destroys a queue.
- bool queue_push (Queue queue,...)

  Pushes a value onto the queue.
- bool queue_pop (Queue queue, void *p)

  Pops a value from the queue.

- bool queue_peek (Queue queue, void *p)

  Peeks at the top value of the queue.

- bool queue_is_full (Queue queue)

  Checks whether a queue is full.

- bool queue_is_empty (Queue queue)

  Checks whether a queue is empty.

- size_t queue_capacity (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the current capacity of a queue.

- size_t queue_size (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the current size of a queue.

- size_t queue_free_space (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the free space on a queue.

8.11.1 Detailed Description

Interface to generic queue data structure.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

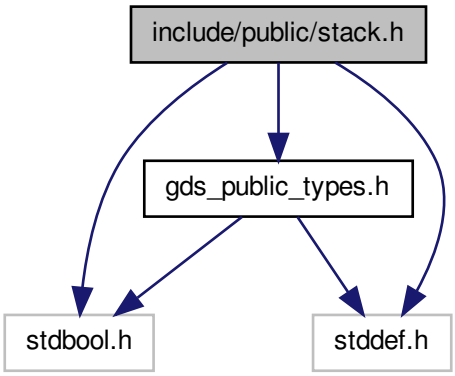
8.12 include/public/stack.dox File Reference

8.13 include/public/stack.h File Reference

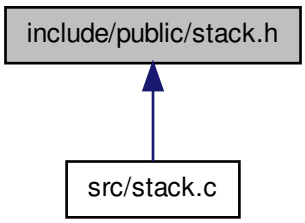
Interface to generic stack data structure.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include "gds_public_types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for stack.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Typedefs

- typedef struct stack * Stack

  Opaque stack type definition.

Functions

- Stack stack_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts)

  Creates a new stack.
- void stack_destroy (Stack stack)

  Destroys a stack.
- bool stack_push (Stack stack,...)

  Pushes a value onto the stack.
- bool stack_pop (Stack stack, void *p)

  Pops a value from the stack.

- bool stack_peek (Stack stack, void *p)

  Peeks at the top value of the stack.

- bool stack_is_full (Stack stack)

  Checks whether a stack is full.

- bool stack_is_empty (Stack stack)

  Checks whether a stack is empty.

- size_t stack_capacity (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the current capacity of a stack.

- size_t stack_size (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the current size of a stack.

- size_t stack_free_space (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the free space on a stack.

8.13.1 Detailed Description

Interface to generic stack data structure.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

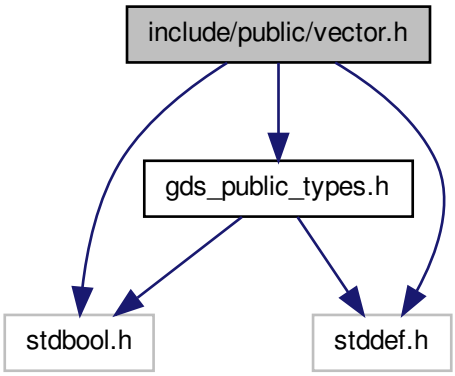
8.14 include/public/vector.dox File Reference

8.15 include/public/vector.h File Reference

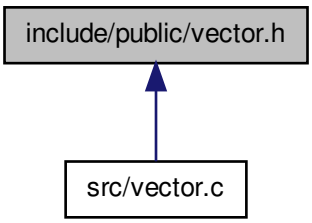
Interface to generic vector data structure.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include "gds_public_types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for vector.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Typedefs

- typedef struct vector * Vector

  Opaque vector type definition.

Functions

- Vector vector_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts,...)

  Creates a new vector.
- void vector_destroy (Vector vector)

  Destroys a vector.
- bool vector_append (Vector vector,...)

  Appends a value to the back of a vector.
- bool vector_prepend (Vector vector,...)

  Prepends a value to the front of a vector.

- bool vector_insert (Vector vector, const size_t index,...)

  Inserts a value into a vector.
- bool vector_delete_front (Vector vector)

  Deletes the value at the front of the vector.
- bool vector_delete_back (Vector vector)

  Deletes the value at the back of the vector.
- bool vector_delete_index (Vector vector, const size_t index)

  Deletes the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_element_at_index (Vector vector, const size_t index, void *p)

  Gets the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_set_element_at_index (Vector vector, const size_t index,...)

  Sets the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_find (Vector vector, size_t *index,...)

  Tests if a value is contained in a vector.
- void vector_sort (Vector vector)

  Sorts a vector in-place, in ascending order.
- void vector_reverse_sort (Vector vector)

  Sorts a vector in-place, in descending order.
- bool vector_is_empty (Vector vector)

  Tests if a vector is empty.
- size_t vector_length (Vector vector)

  Returns the length of a vector.
- size_t vector_capacity (Vector vector)

  Returns the capacity of a vector.
- size_t vector_free_space (Vector vector)

  Returns the free space in a vector.

8.15.1 Detailed Description

Interface to generic vector data structure.

Author

Paul Griffiths

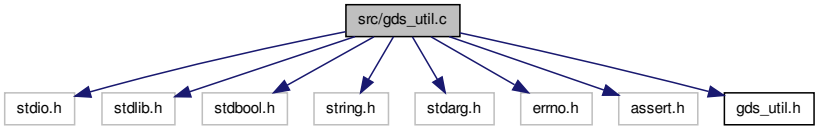
Copyright

8.16 src/gds_util.c File Reference

Implementation of general utility functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include "gds_util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for gds_util.c:



Functions

- void gds_strerror_quit (const char *msg,...)

  Prints an error message with error number and exits.

- void gds_error_quit (const char *msg,...)

  Prints an error message exits.

- void gds_assert_quit (const char *msg,...)

  Prints an error message exits via assert().

8.16.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of general utility functions.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

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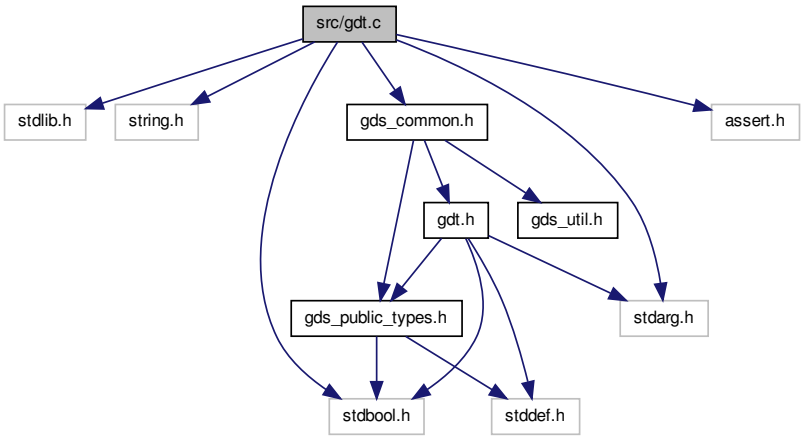
8.17 src/gdt.c File Reference

Implementation of generic data element functionality.

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include "gds_common.h"
```

Include dependency graph for gdt.c:



Functions

- static int gdt_compare_char (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for char.
- static int gdt_compare_uchar (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for unsigned char.
- static int gdt_compare_schar (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for signed char.
- static int gdt_compare_int (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for int.
- static int gdt_compare_uint (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for unsigned int.
- static int gdt_compare_long (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for long.
- static int gdt_compare_ulong (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for unsigned long.
- static int gdt_compare_longlong (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for long long.
- static int gdt_compare_ulonglong (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for unsigned long long.
- static int gdt_compare_sizet (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for size_t.
- static int gdt_compare_double (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for double.
- static int gdt_compare_string (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compare function for string.
- void gdt_set_value (struct gdt_generic_datatype *data, const enum gds_datatype type, gds_cfunc cfunc, va_list ap)

  Sets the value of a generic datatype.
- void gdt_get_value (const struct gdt_generic_datatype *data, void *p)

  Gets the value of a generic datatype.

- void gdt_free (struct gdt_generic_datatype *data)

  Frees memory pointed to by a generic datatype.
- int gdt_compare (const struct gdt_generic_datatype *d1, const struct gdt_generic_datatype *d2)

  Compares two generic datatypes.
- int gdt_compare_void (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Compares two generic datatypes via `void` pointers.
- int gdt_reverse_compare_void (const void *p1, const void *p2)

  Reverse compares two generic datatypes via `void` pointers.

8.17.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of generic data element functionality.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

8.17.2 Function Documentation

8.17.2.1 static int gdt_compare_char (const void * *p1*, const void * *p2*) [static]

Compare function for char.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.2 static int gdt_compare_double (const void * *p1*, const void * *p2*) [static]

Compare function for double.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.3 static int gdt_compare_int (const void * p1, const void * p2) [static]

Compare function for int.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.4 static int gdt_compare_long (const void * p1, const void * p2) [static]

Compare function for long.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.5 static int gdt_compare_longlong (const void * p1, const void * p2) [static]

Compare function for long long.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.6 static int gdt_compare_schar (const void * p1, const void * p2) [static]

Compare function for signed char.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.7 static int gdt_compare_sizet (const void * *p1*, const void * *p2*) [static]

Compare function for size_t.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.8 static int gdt_compare_string (const void * *p1*, const void * *p2*) [static]

Compare function for string.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.9 static int gdt_compare_uchar (const void * *p1*, const void * *p2*) [static]

Compare function for unsigned char.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.10 static int gdt_compare_uint (const void * p1, const void * p2) [static]

Compare function for unsigned int.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.11 static int gdt_compare_ulong (const void * p1, const void * p2) [static]

Compare function for unsigned long.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.17.2.12 static int gdt_compare_ulonglong (const void * p1, const void * p2) [static]

Compare function for unsigned long long.

Parameters

p1	Pointer to first value
p2	Pointer to second value

Return values

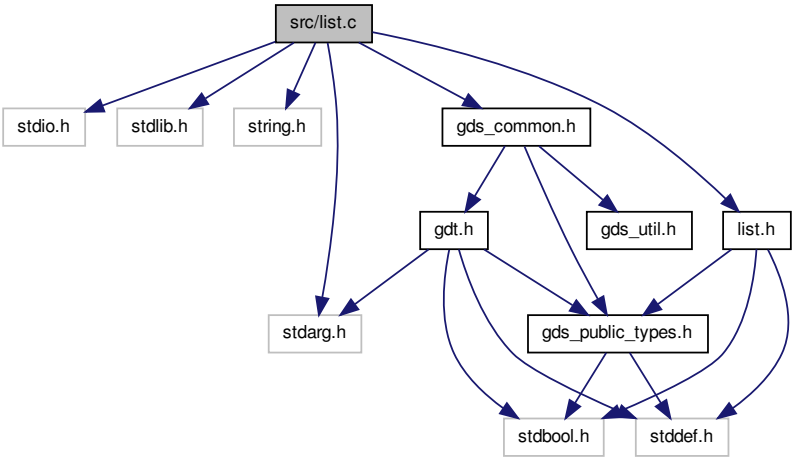
0	First value is equal to second value
-1	First value is less than second value
1	First value is greater than second value

8.18 src/list.c File Reference

Implementation of generic list data structure.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include "gds_common.h"
#include "list.h"
```

Include dependency graph for list.c:



Data Structures

- struct list_node
- struct list

Typedefs

- typedef struct list_node * ListNode

Functions

- static ListNode list_node_create (List list, va_list ap)

  Private function to create list node.
- static void list_node_destroy (List list, ListNode node)

  Destroys a list node.
- static ListNode list_node_at_index (List list, const size_t index)

  Private function to return the node at a specified index.
- static bool list_insert_internal (List list, ListNode node, const size_t index)

  Private function to insert a node into a list.
- List list_create (const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts,...)

  Creates a new list.
- void list_destroy (List list)

  Destroys a list.
- bool list_append (List list,...)

  Appends a value to the back of a list.

- bool list_prepend (List list,...)

  Prepends a value to the front of a list.
- bool list_insert (List list, const size_t index,...)

  Inserts a value into a list.
- bool list_delete_index (List list, const size_t index)

  Deletes the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_delete_front (List list)

  Deletes the value at the front of the list.
- bool list_delete_back (List list)

  Deletes the value at the back of the list.
- bool list_element_at_index (List list, const size_t index, void *p)

  Gets the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_set_element_at_index (List list, const size_t index,...)

  Sets the value at the specified index of the list.
- bool list_find (List list, size_t *index,...)

  Tests if a value is contained in a list.
- bool list_sort (List list)

  Sorts a list in-place, in ascending order.
- bool list_reverse_sort (List list)

  Sorts a list in-place, in descending order.
- bool list_is_empty (List list)

  Tests if a list is empty.
- size_t list_length (List list)

  Returns the length of a list.

8.18.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of generic list data structure. The list is implemented as a double-ended, double-linked list.

Todo Implement iterators.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

8.18.2 Typedef Documentation

8.18.2.1 typedef struct list_node * ListNode

List node structure

8.18.3 Function Documentation

8.18.3.1 static bool list_insert_internal (List *list*, ListNode *node*, const size_t *index*) [static]

Private function to insert a node into a list.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
node	A pointer to the node to insert.
index	The index at which to insert.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, index out of range

8.18.3.2 static ListNode list_node_at_index (List *list*, const size_t *index*) [static]

Private function to return the node at a specified index.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
index	The index of the requested node.

Return values

NULL	Failure, index out of range
non-NULL	A pointer to the node at the specified index

8.18.3.3 static ListNode list_node_create (List *list*, va_list *ap*) [static]

Private function to create list node.

Parameters

list	A pointer to the list.
ap	A `va_list` containing the data value for the node. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the list.

Return values

NULL	Failure, dynamic memory allocation failed
non-NULL	A pointer to the new node

8.18.3.4 static void list_node_destroy (List *list*, ListNode *node*) [static]

Destroys a list node.

If the `GDS_FREE_ON_DESTROY` option was specified when creating the list, any pointer values still in the list will be `free()`d prior to destruction.

Parameters

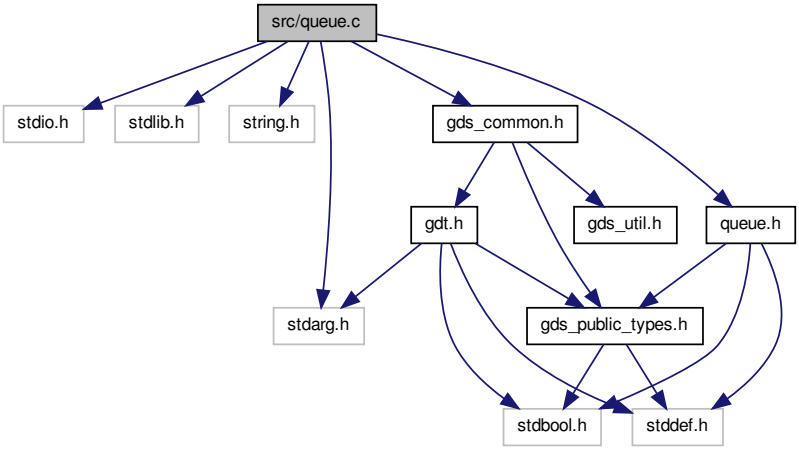
list	A pointer to the list.
node	A pointer to the node.

8.19 src/queue.c File Reference

Implementation of generic queue data structure.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include "gds_common.h"
#include "queue.h"
```

Include dependency graph for queue.c:



Data Structures

- struct queue

Functions

- Queue queue_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts)

  Creates a new queue.
- void queue_destroy (Queue queue)

  Destroys a queue.
- bool queue_push (Queue queue,...)

  Pushes a value onto the queue.
- bool queue_pop (Queue queue, void *p)

  Pops a value from the queue.
- bool queue_peek (Queue queue, void *p)

  Peeks at the top value of the queue.
- bool queue_is_full (Queue queue)

Checks whether a queue is full.

- bool queue_is_empty (Queue queue)

  Checks whether a queue is empty.

- size_t queue_capacity (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the current capacity of a queue.

- size_t queue_free_space (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the free space on a queue.

- size_t queue_size (Queue queue)

  Retrieves the current size of a queue.

Variables

- static const size_t GROWTH = 2

  Growth factor for dynamic memory allocation.

8.19.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of generic queue data structure.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

8.19.2 Variable Documentation

8.19.2.1 const size_t GROWTH = 2 [static]

Growth factor for dynamic memory allocation.

Attention

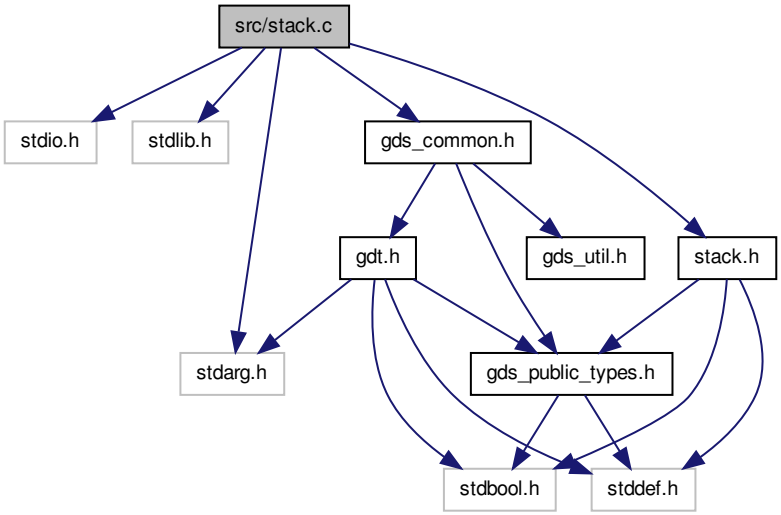
queue_push() relies on this being at least 2.

8.20 src/stack.c File Reference

Implementation of generic stack data structure.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include "gds_common.h"
#include "stack.h"
```

Include dependency graph for stack.c:



Data Structures

- struct stack

Functions

- Stack stack_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts)

  Creates a new stack.
- void stack_destroy (Stack stack)

  Destroys a stack.
- bool stack_push (Stack stack,...)

  Pushes a value onto the stack.
- bool stack_pop (Stack stack, void *p)

  Pops a value from the stack.
- bool stack_peek (Stack stack, void *p)

  Peeks at the top value of the stack.
- bool stack_is_full (Stack stack)

  Checks whether a stack is full.
- bool stack_is_empty (Stack stack)

  Checks whether a stack is empty.
- size_t stack_capacity (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the current capacity of a stack.
- size_t stack_free_space (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the free space on a stack.
- size_t stack_size (Stack stack)

  Retrieves the current size of a stack.

Variables

- static const size_t GROWTH = 2

8.20.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of generic stack data structure.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

8.20.2 Variable Documentation

8.20.2.1 const size_t GROWTH = 2 [static]

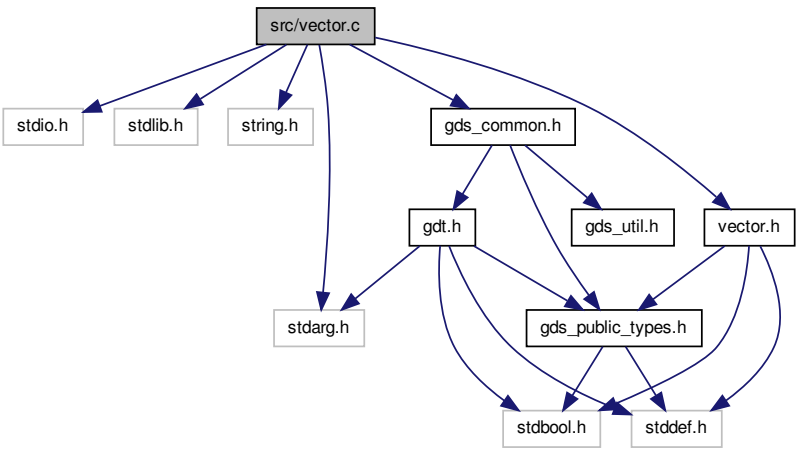
Growth factor for dynamic memory allocation

8.21 src/vector.c File Reference

Implementation of generic vector data structure.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include "gds_common.h"
#include "vector.h"
```

Include dependency graph for vector.c:



Data Structures

- struct vector

Functions

- static bool vector_insert_internal (Vector vector, const size_t index, va_list ap)

  Private function to insert a vector element.
- Vector vector_create (const size_t capacity, const enum gds_datatype type, const int opts,...)

  Creates a new vector.
- void vector_destroy (Vector vector)

  Destroys a vector.
- bool vector_append (Vector vector,...)

  Appends a value to the back of a vector.
- bool vector_prepend (Vector vector,...)

  Prepends a value to the front of a vector.
- bool vector_insert (Vector vector, const size_t index,...)

  Inserts a value into a vector.
- bool vector_delete_index (Vector vector, const size_t index)

  Deletes the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_delete_front (Vector vector)

  Deletes the value at the front of the vector.
- bool vector_delete_back (Vector vector)

  Deletes the value at the back of the vector.
- bool vector_element_at_index (Vector vector, const size_t index, void *p)

  Gets the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_set_element_at_index (Vector vector, const size_t index,...)

  Sets the value at the specified index of the vector.
- bool vector_find (Vector vector, size_t *index,...)

  Tests if a value is contained in a vector.
- void vector_sort (Vector vector)

  Sorts a vector in-place, in ascending order.
- void vector_reverse_sort (Vector vector)

  Sorts a vector in-place, in descending order.
- bool vector_is_empty (Vector vector)

  Tests if a vector is empty.
- size_t vector_length (Vector vector)

  Returns the length of a vector.
- size_t vector_capacity (Vector vector)

  Returns the capacity of a vector.
- size_t vector_free_space (Vector vector)

  Returns the free space in a vector.

Variables

- static const size_t GROWTH = 2

8.21.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of generic vector data structure.

Author

Paul Griffiths

Copyright

8.21.2 Function Documentation

8.21.2.1 static bool vector_insert_internal (Vector *vector*, const size_t *index*, va_list *ap*) [static]

Private function to insert a vector element.

Parameters

vector	A pointer to the vector.
index	The index at which to insert.
ap	A `va_list` containing the value to be inserted. This should be of a type appropriate to the type set when creating the vector.

Return values

true	Success
false	Failure, dynamic reallocation failed or index out of range.

8.21.3 Variable Documentation

8.21.3.1 const size_t GROWTH = 2 [static]

Growth factor for dynamic memory allocation

Index