$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin t}{t} dt = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$sinc(t) = \frac{\sin \pi t}{\pi t}$$

钟形脉冲函数

$$f(t)=Ee^{-(rac{t}{ au})^2}$$



先展缩: a>1, 压缩a倍; a<1, 扩展1/a倍

后平移: +, 左移b/a单位; -, 右移b/a单位

加上倒置: $f(-at \pm b) = f[-a(t \mp b/a)]$



注意! 一切变换都是对t而言 最好用先翻缩后平移的顺序

门函数

$$f(t) = u(t + rac{ au}{2}) - u(t - rac{ au}{2})$$
 $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta^{(k)}(t) f(t) dt = (-1)^k f^{(k)}(0)$ $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta^{(k)}(t - t_0) f(t) dt = (-1)^k f^{(k)}(t_0)$ $f(t) \delta'(t) = f(0) \delta'(t) - f'(0) \delta(t)$ $\delta(at) = rac{1}{|a|} \delta(t)$

列写方程:根据元件约束,网络拓扑约束

解方程: {双零法 {零输入:可利用经典法求 | 零状态:利用卷积积分法求解

齐次解法求冲击响应

- 1.求齐次通解,保留待定系数
- 2.令非齐次项为 $\delta(t)$,对 $(0^-,0^+)$ 积分,求出 $\hat{h}^{(n-1)}(0^+)$
- 3.根据零状态特性,得出 $\hat{h}^{(i)}(0^+)=0, (i=n-2,n-3,\ldots,0)$
- 4.带入 \hat{h} 及各阶导数,确定系数
- 5.h(t)是 $\hat{h}(t)$ 及其各阶导数的线性组合

信号的脉冲分解

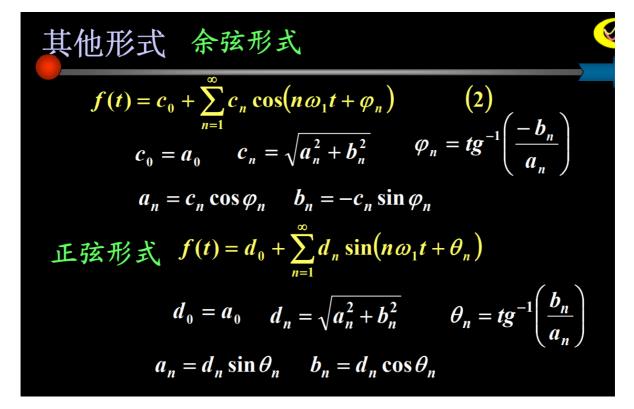
$$f(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(au) \delta(t- au) d au$$

卷积的分析性质

$$g(t)=f(t)\otimes h(t)$$
 $g^{(n-m)}(t)=f^{(n)}(t)\otimes h^{(-m)}(t)=f^{(-m)}(t)\otimes h^{(n)}(t)$ $g(t)=f^{(n)}(t)\otimes h^{(-n)}(t)=f^{(-n)}(t)\otimes h^{(n)}(t)$ 需满足松弛条件

常用卷积公式

$$f(t) \otimes \delta^{(n)}(t-t_0) = f^{(n)}(t-t_0)$$



周期信号频谱具有离散性, 谐波性, 收敛性

收敛性: $(n\uparrow, |F(n\omega_1)|\downarrow)$

谐波性: (离散性)谱线只出现在nω处

唯一性: f(t)的谱线唯一

帕塞瓦尔定理

能量形式

功率形式(傅里叶级数):

$$egin{aligned} f(t) &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos n \omega_1 t + b_n \sin n \omega_1 t
ight) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} F_n e^{jn \omega_1 t} \ P &= rac{1}{T} \int_0^T [f(t)]^2 = a_0^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} rac{a_n^2 + b_n^2}{2} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} |F_n|^2 \end{aligned}$$

傅里叶变换

矩形脉冲

$$\mathscr{F}[E*(u(t-rac{ au}{2})-u(t+rac{ au}{2}))](\omega)=E au Sa(rac{\omega au}{2})$$

指数信号

$$\mathscr{F}[e^{-lpha t}u(t)](\omega)=rac{1}{lpha+j\omega}$$

直流信号

$$\mathscr{F}[1](\omega)=2\pi\delta(\omega)$$

符号函数

$$\mathscr{F}[sgn(t)](\omega) = rac{2}{j\omega}$$

微分性质

$$\mathscr{F}[f^{(n)}(t)](\omega) = (j\omega)^n F(\omega) \ \mathscr{F}^{-1}[rac{\partial^n F(\omega)}{\partial \omega^n}](t) = (-jt)^n f(t)$$

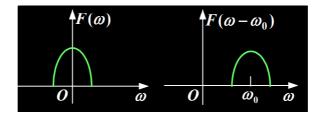
尺缩变换

$$\mathscr{F}[f(at)](\omega) = \frac{1}{|a|}F(\frac{\omega}{a})$$

尺度变换+时移变换

$$\mathscr{F}[f(at+b)](\omega) = rac{1}{|a|}F(rac{\omega}{a})e^{jbrac{\omega}{a}}$$

$$\mathscr{F}[f(t)e^{j\omega_0t}](\omega) = F(\omega - \omega_0)$$



冲击列得傅里叶变换

$$\mathscr{F}[\delta_{T_s}(t)](\omega) = rac{2\pi}{T_s} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - n\omega_s)$$

拉普拉斯变换

$$egin{aligned} \mathscr{L}[t^n](s) &= rac{n!}{s^{n+1}} \ \mathscr{L}[\cos \omega_0 t](s) &= rac{s}{s^2 + \omega_0^2} \ \mathscr{L}[\sin \omega_0 t](s) &= rac{\omega_0}{s^2 + \omega_0^2} \ \mathscr{L}[f(t)e^{-s_0 t}](s) &= F(s + s_0)b \ \mathscr{L}[f(t - t_0)u(t - t_0)](s) &= F(s)e^{-st_0} \ \mathscr{L}[rac{d^n f(t)}{dt^n}](s) &= s^n F(s) - \sum_{r=0}^{n-1} s^{n-r-1} rac{d^r f(t)}{dt^r} igg|_{t=0} \end{aligned}$$

$$t^n f(t) \longleftrightarrow (-1)^n \frac{d^n F(s)}{ds^n}$$

周期化定理

$$\mathscr{L}[f_T(t)](s) = \mathscr{L}[f_0(t)] * \mathscr{L}[\delta_T(t)] = F_0(s) rac{1}{1 - e^{-sT}}$$

3. 求响应的步骤



- 画0_等效电路,求起始状态;
- · 画s域等效模型;
- · 列s域方程(代数方程);
- 解s域方程,求出响应的拉氏变换U(s)或I(s);
- 拉氏反变换求v(t)或i(t)。

$$egin{aligned} h(t) &= K\delta(t-t_0) \ H(j\omega) &= Ke^{-j\omega t_0} \ |H(j\omega)| &= K \ \phi(j\omega) &= -\omega t_0 \end{aligned}$$

理想低通滤波器

$$H(j\omega) = egin{cases} 1*e^{-j\omega t_0} & |\omega| < \omega_c \ 0 & |\omega| > \omega_c \end{cases} \ h(t) = rac{\omega_c}{\pi} Sa[\omega_c(t-t_0)] \ \end{cases}$$

F(s)和 $F(j\omega)$ 的关系:

 $\sigma_0 > 0$,收敛轴位于s平面的右半平面,则 $F(\omega)$ 不存在 $\sigma_0 < 0$,收敛轴位于s平面的左半平面,则 $F(\omega) = F(s)_{s=j\omega}$ $\sigma_0 = 0$,收敛轴位于虚轴

則
$$F(\omega) = F(s)|_{s=j\omega} + \pi \sum_{n} k_{n} \delta(\omega - \omega_{n})$$

相关

$$egin{aligned} R_{12}(t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(au + t) f_2^*(au) d au \ R_{12}(t) &= R_{21}^*(-t) \ \mathscr{F}[R_{12}(t)](\omega) &= F_1(\omega) F_2^*(\omega) \end{aligned}$$

z变换

$$\mathscr{Z}[n^m x[n]](z) = (z^{-1} \frac{d}{d(z^{-1})})^m X(z)$$
 $\mathscr{Z}[n^m x[n]](z) = (-z \frac{d}{dz})^m X(z)$
 $\mathscr{Z}[a^n u[n]](z) = \frac{z}{z-a}, |z| > |a|$
 $\mathscr{Z}[-a^n u[-n-1]](z) = \frac{z}{z-a}, |z| < |a|$
 $\mathscr{Z}[a^n x[n]](z) = X(\frac{z}{a}), R_{x1} < |\frac{z}{a}| < R_{x2}$

初值定理

$$egin{aligned} x[0] &= \lim_{z - > \infty} X(z) \ x[1] &= \lim_{z - > \infty} z(X(z) - x[0]) \end{aligned}$$

终值定理

$$\mathscr{Z}[x[n]\otimes h[n]](z)=X(z)H(z)$$