

phy2403 ps1 problem 2(d). Phonon energy density.
Ratio of the phonon energy density to the rest-mass energy density (in hardwood).

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cHardWood = Quantity[3960, "m/s"] ;
(* https://www.engineeringtoolbox.com/sound-speed-solids-d_713.html *)
a0 = WolframAlpha["bohr radius in SI units", {"Result", 3}, "QuantityData"];
hbar = WolframAlpha[
  "reduced Planck constant SI units", {"Result", 1}, "QuantityData"];
densityOfOak = WolframAlpha["convert oak wood density to SI units",
  {"AdditionalConversion", 1}, "QuantityData"];
cLight = WolframAlpha["convert speed of light to m/s",
  {"Result", 1}, "QuantityData"];

rho[k_, c_] := (1 / (16 Pi^2)) hbar c k^4;
energyDensityPhonon = rho[1 / a0, cHardWood];
oakRestMassEnergyDensity =
  UnitConvert[densityOfOak * cLight^2, "Joules/meter^3"];

{"c", "=", cLight}, {"Chardwood", "=", cHardWood},
{"a0", "=", a0}, {"ħ", "=", hbar},
{"ρmassoak", "=", densityOfOak},
{"ρenergyphonon", "=", energyDensityPhonon},
{"ρmassoak c2", "=", oakRestMassEnergyDensity},
{"ρenergyphonon / (ρmassoak c2)", "=",
  energyDensityPhonon / oakRestMassEnergyDensity} // Grid

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c	=	$2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
C_{hardwood}	=	3960 m/s
a_0	=	$5.292 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$
\hbar	=	$1.055 \times 10^{-34} \text{ s J}$
$\rho_{\text{mass}_{\text{oak}}}$	=	650 kg/m^3
$\rho_{\text{energy}_{\text{phonon}}}$	=	$3.37325 \times 10^8 \text{ J/m}^3$
$\rho_{\text{mass}_{\text{oak}}} c^2$	=	$5.8422 \times 10^{19} \text{ J/m}^3$
$\rho_{\text{energy}_{\text{phonon}}} / (\rho_{\text{mass}_{\text{oak}}} c^2)$	=	5.77394×10^{-12}