# kBuffer

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# Main Page

#### 1.1 Introduction

kBuffer is a universal library for a ring- / circular buffer.

### 1.2 Functions and Datatypes

```
buffer_t
bufferStatus_t
```

bufferInit()
bufferIsFull()
bufferIsEmpty()
bufferWriteToIndex()
bufferReadFromIndex()

### 1.3 Usage and Examples

#### 1.3.1 Initializing a ringbuffer

At first, you have to include the kBuffer library into your project. This can be done by copying the files from src/kBuffer to your project's directory. You can include the header as usual:

```
#include "kBuffer.h"
```

In your code, you have to define an instance of buffer\_t. You have to init this instance with the function bufferInit(). If you want to have a ringbuffer with 8 elements:

```
buffer_t ringbuffer;
bufferInit(&ringbuffer, 8);
```

To check, if the initialization was successfull, you need to parse the return value of bufferInit():

```
buffer_t ringbuffer;
if(bufferInit(&ringbuffer, 8) == bufferOK){
  do_something_it_worked_ok();
}else{
  do_something_there_was_an_error();
}
```

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#### 1.3.2 Writing data to the buffer

To write data to the buffer, you can use the bufferWrite() function:

#### 1.3.3 Reading data from the buffer

To read data from the buffer, you can use the bufferRead() function:

### 1.4 Example code

An example code project is available under ../../test/x86. It isn't well documented, but you can compile it for your system.

# **Data Structure Index**

### 2.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

buffer\_t

 Data Structure Index

# File Index

### 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with bi	rief descriptions:	
kBuffer/kBuffer.c		
A universal ringbuffer library		ć
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## **Data Structure Documentation**

### 4.1 buffer\_t Struct Reference

Struct for buffer handling. If you need a ringbuffer in your software, you should instantiate a buffer\_t, and run the neccessary functions with a pointer to your instance.

```
#include <kBuffer.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

· uint8 t isInitialized

is 0 if the buffer is not initialized

• uint16\_t writePointer

The write pointer of the buffer. At a write procedure, data gets written and the pointer is incremented.

• uint16 t readPointer

The read pointer of the buffer. At a read procedure, data gets read and the pointer is incremented.

· uint16\_t length

The number of elements in the buffer.

• uint8\_t elementLength

The number of bytes of one buffer element. The total memory consumption in Bytes is equal to length \* element  $\leftarrow$  Length.

· uint16\_t datacount

A variable which is increased by one when new data gets written and decremented by one when data is read.

bufferDatatype \* data

A pointer to the first element of the buffer. Length  $\ast$  elementLength bytes of memory are allocated after this pointer.

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Struct for buffer handling. If you need a ringbuffer in your software, you should instantiate a buffer\_t, and run the neccessary functions with a pointer to your instance.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· kBuffer/kBuffer.h

Data	Structi	ıra l	Docum	entation

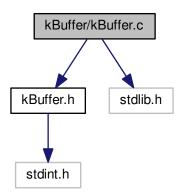
## **File Documentation**

### 5.1 kBuffer/kBuffer.c File Reference

A universal ringbuffer library.

#include "kBuffer.h"
#include <stdlib.h>

Include dependency graph for kBuffer.c:



#### **Functions**

- bufferStatus\_t bufferInit (buffer\_t \*buffer, uint16\_t bufferSize)
   init a new buffer This function inits a new buffer\_t.
- bufferStatus\_t bufferWriteToIndex (buffer\_t \*buffer, uint16\_t index, bufferDatatype data)

  write data to a specific index of the buffer. WARNING: Take care when using this function, it is against the main concept of a ringbuffer
- bufferStatus\_t bufferReadFromIndex (buffer\_t \*buffer, uint16\_t index, bufferDatatype \*data)

  read data from a specifig index of the buffer WARNING: Take care when using this function, it is against the main concept of a ringbuffer
- uint8\_t bufferIsEmpty (buffer\_t \*buffer)
   Checks, wheter the buffer is empty.

• uint8\_t bufferIsFull (buffer\_t \*buffer)

Checks, wheter the buffer is full.

• bufferStatus\_t bufferWrite (buffer\_t \*buffer, bufferDatatype data)

add data to the end of the ringbuffer

• bufferStatus\_t bufferRead (buffer\_t \*buffer, bufferDatatype \*data)

read data from the beginning of the buffer

#### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

A universal ringbuffer library.

**Author** 

Peter Kappelt

#### See also

```
https://github.com/peterkappelt/kBuffer
```

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#### 5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 bufferStatus\_t bufferInit ( buffer\_t \* buffer, uint16\_t bufferSize )

init a new buffer This function inits a new buffer\_t.

#### Parameters

buffer	Pointer (&) to a buffer_t object.
bufferSize	desired size of the buffer, the total buffer size (e.g. length-of-datatype * bufferSize) may not
	exceed 2 <sup>16</sup> bytes

#### Returns

an element of bufferStatus\_t

#### **Return values**

bufferMemoryAllocation <i>←</i>	The memory allocation with malloc failed. Make sure, you have enough memory
Failed	available
bufferOK	It seems, like everything went well

5.1.2.2 uint8\_t bufferlsEmpty ( buffer\_t \* buffer )

Checks, wheter the buffer is empty.

**Parameters** 

buffer	Pointer to a buffer_t instance

#### Return values

1	buffer is empty
0	buffer is not empty

#### 5.1.2.3 uint8\_t bufferIsFull ( buffer\_t \* buffer )

Checks, wheter the buffer is full.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	Pointer to a buffer_t instance

#### Return values

1	buffer is full
0	buffer is not full

#### $5.1.2.4 \quad bufferStatus\_t \ bufferRead \ ( \ buffer\_t * \textit{buffer}, \ bufferDatatype * \textit{data} \ )$

read data from the beginning of the buffer

#### **Parameters**

buffer	pointer to a buffer_t instance
data	pointer to a variable where data should be stored

#### Returns

a element of bufferStatus\_t

#### Return values

bufferOK	it worked as expected
bufferNotInitialized	the bufferInit() method hasn't been called or failed before
bufferEmpty	the buffer is empty an no more data can be read

#### $5.1.2.5 \quad bufferStatus\_t \ bufferReadFromIndex ( \ buffer\_t* \textit{buffer}, \ uint16\_t \ \textit{index}, \ bufferDatatype* \textit{data} )$

read data from a specifig index of the buffer WARNING: Take care when using this function, it is against the main concept of a ringbuffer

#### **Parameters**

buffer	Pointer to a buffer_t instance
index	The index, where data should be written.
	It can be in range 0 to length - 1
data	Pointer to a variable where the read data should be written to.

#### Returns

an element of bufferStatus\_t

#### Return values

bufferOK	It went successfull
bufferNotInitialized	The buffer is not initialized. You have to call bufferInit before (or the init failed
	before)
bufferError	The desired data index is out of range

#### 5.1.2.6 bufferStatus\_t bufferWrite ( buffer\_t \* buffer, bufferDatatype data )

add data to the end of the ringbuffer

#### **Parameters**

buffer	pointer to a buffer_t instance
data	data which should be written

#### Returns

a element of bufferStatus\_t

#### Return values

bufferOK	it worked as expected
bufferNotInitialized	the bufferInit() method hasn't been called or failed before
bufferFull	the buffer is full an no more data can be written

#### 5.1.2.7 bufferStatus\_t bufferWriteToIndex ( buffer\_t \* buffer, uint16\_t index, bufferDatatype data )

write data to a specific index of the buffer. WARNING: Take care when using this function, it is against the main concept of a ringbuffer

#### Parameters

buffer	Pointer to a buffer_t instance
index	The index, where data should be written.
	It can be in range 0 to length - 1
data	The actual data which should be written

#### Returns

an element of bufferStatus\_t

#### Return values

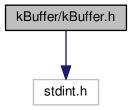
bufferOK	It went successfull
bufferNotInitialized	The buffer is not initialized. You have to call bufferInit before (or the init failed
	before)
bufferError	The desired data index is out of range

### 5.2 kBuffer/kBuffer.h File Reference

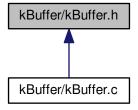
A universal ringbuffer library.

#include <stdint.h>

Include dependency graph for kBuffer.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Data Structures**

• struct buffer\_t

Struct for buffer handling. If you need a ringbuffer in your software, you should instantiate a buffer\_t, and run the necessary functions with a pointer to your instance.

#### **Macros**

• #define bufferDatatype uint16\_t

The datatype of one buffer element. As default, it is an 16 bit unsigned integer. Feel free to change it to your needs.

#### **Enumerations**

enum bufferStatus\_t {
 bufferOK = 0, bufferMemoryAllocationFailed, bufferEmpty, bufferFull,
 bufferNotInitialized, bufferError }

buffer function return codes

#### **Functions**

bufferStatus\_t bufferInit (buffer\_t \*buffer, uint16\_t bufferSize)

init a new buffer This function inits a new buffer\_t.

bufferStatus t bufferWriteToIndex (buffer t \*buffer, uint16 t index, bufferDatatype data)

write data to a specific index of the buffer. WARNING: Take care when using this function, it is against the main concept of a ringbuffer

• bufferStatus\_t bufferReadFromIndex (buffer\_t \*buffer, uint16\_t index, bufferDatatype \*data)

read data from a specifig index of the buffer WARNING: Take care when using this function, it is against the main concept of a ringbuffer

uint8\_t bufferIsEmpty (buffer\_t \*buffer)

Checks, wheter the buffer is empty.

uint8\_t bufferIsFull (buffer\_t \*buffer)

Checks, wheter the buffer is full.

bufferStatus\_t bufferWrite (buffer\_t \*buffer, bufferDatatype data)

add data to the end of the ringbuffer

• bufferStatus\_t bufferRead (buffer\_t \*buffer, bufferDatatype \*data)

read data from the beginning of the buffer

#### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

A universal ringbuffer library.

**Author** 

Peter Kappelt

See also

https://github.com/peterkappelt/kBuffer

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#### 5.2.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

5.2.2.1 enum bufferStatus t

buffer function return codes

**Enumerator** 

bufferOK it seems, as everything worked as expected

bufferMemoryAllocationFailed happens while allocating memory,

there is not enough free memory (->malloc failed)

bufferEmpty happens at reading data,

buffer is empty and there is no more data to read

bufferFull happens at writing data,

buffer is full, no more data can be written

bufferNotInitialized The buffer is not initialized

bufferError an error occured, which isn't explained nearer. Have a look at the according function

- **5.2.3 Function Documentation**
- 5.2.3.1 bufferStatus\_t bufferInit ( buffer\_t \* buffer, uint16\_t bufferSize )

init a new buffer This function inits a new buffer\_t.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	Pointer (&) to a buffer_t object.
bufferSize	desired size of the buffer, the total buffer size (e.g. length-of-datatype * bufferSize) may not
	exceed 2 <sup>16</sup> bytes

#### Returns

an element of bufferStatus\_t

#### Return values

bufferMemoryAllocation←	The memory allocation with malloc failed. Make sure, you have enough memory
Failed	available
bufferOK	It seems, like everything went well

#### 5.2.3.2 uint8\_t bufferlsEmpty ( buffer\_t \* buffer )

Checks, wheter the buffer is empty.

#### **Parameters**

L	Deinter to a buffer t instance
Dutter	Pointer to a butter it instance
	' - ' - ' - ' - ' - ' - ' - ' - ' - '

#### Return values

1	buffer is empty
0	buffer is not empty

### 5.2.3.3 uint8\_t bufferIsFull ( buffer\_t \* buffer )

Checks, wheter the buffer is full.

#### **Parameters**

buffer	Pointer to a buffer_t instance
--------	--------------------------------

#### Return values

1	buffer is full
0	buffer is not full

#### $\textbf{5.2.3.4} \quad \textbf{bufferStatus\_t bufferRead ( buffer\_t*\textit{buffer}, bufferDatatype*\textit{data} )}$

read data from the beginning of the buffer

#### **Parameters**

buffer	pointer to a buffer_t instance
data	pointer to a variable where data should be stored

#### Returns

a element of bufferStatus\_t

#### Return values

bufferOK	it worked as expected
bufferNotInitialized	the bufferInit() method hasn't been called or failed before
bufferEmpty	the buffer is empty an no more data can be read

#### 5.2.3.5 bufferStatus\_t bufferReadFromIndex ( buffer\_t \* buffer, uint16\_t index, bufferDatatype \* data )

read data from a specifig index of the buffer WARNING: Take care when using this function, it is against the main concept of a ringbuffer

#### **Parameters**

buffer	Pointer to a buffer_t instance
index	The index, where data should be written.
	It can be in range 0 to length - 1
data	Pointer to a variable where the read data should be written to.

#### Returns

an element of bufferStatus\_t

#### **Return values**

bufferOK	It went successfull
bufferNotInitialized	The buffer is not initialized. You have to call bufferInit before (or the init failed
	before)
bufferError	The desired data index is out of range

#### 5.2.3.6 bufferStatus\_t bufferWrite ( buffer\_t \* buffer, bufferDatatype data )

add data to the end of the ringbuffer

#### Parameters

buffer	pointer to a buffer_t instance
data	data which should be written

#### Returns

a element of bufferStatus\_t

#### **Return values**

bufferOK	it worked as expected
bufferNotInitialized	the bufferInit() method hasn't been called or failed before
bufferFull	the buffer is full an no more data can be written

#### 5.2.3.7 bufferStatus\_t bufferWriteToIndex ( buffer\_t \* buffer, uint16\_t index, bufferDatatype data )

write data to a specific index of the buffer. WARNING: Take care when using this function, it is against the main concept of a ringbuffer

#### **Parameters**

buffer	Pointer to a buffer_t instance
index	The index, where data should be written.
	It can be in range 0 to length - 1
data	The actual data which should be written

#### Returns

an element of bufferStatus\_t

#### Return values

bufferOK	It went successfull
bufferNotInitialized	The buffer is not initialized. You have to call bufferInit before (or the init failed
	before)
bufferError	The desired data index is out of range

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