## **General Gauge:**

$$\eta^{\,\alpha\beta} \ \partial_{\alpha} h_{\,\beta\,\nu} \ = \ \frac{\mbox{\it J} \ \eta^{\,\alpha\beta} \ h_{\,\nu\,\alpha} \ \partial_{\beta}\Omega}{\mbox{\it O}} + \mbox{\it P} \, \Omega^2 \, \partial_{\nu} h + \mbox{\it R} \, h \, \Omega \, \partial_{\nu}\Omega$$

## Ricci Tensor, $\Omega = 1/Ht$

No gauge usage. Has  $h_{0i}$  and other terms present

## General Gauge

We see that we need J=0, so then we have

This is equivalent to

$$\begin{split} & \eta^{\mu\nu} \delta R_{\mu\nu} &= \\ & -2 \; H^2 \; \; h_{\mbox{\scriptsize 11}} \; -2 \; H^2 \; \; h_{\mbox{\scriptsize 22}} \; -2 \; H^2 \; \; h_{\mbox{\scriptsize 33}} \; + \; \left( \frac{1}{2} \; -P \right) \; \Box \, h \; + \; \frac{1}{2} \; H^2 \; \Box \, h \; t^2 \; + \; \frac{2 \; R \; h}{t^2} \; + \; H^2 \; t \; \partial_\theta h \; + \; \frac{2 \; \partial_\theta h \; -P \; \partial_\theta h \; -R \; \partial_\theta h}{t} \; \end{split}$$

No choice of P or R can yield  $\eta^{\mu\nu}\,\delta R_{\mu\nu}$  in terms of h entirely.