

# Bach SVT Matthew v1

The Bach tensor is perturbed according to

$$ds^2 = \Omega^2(x) \{ -(1+2\phi)d\tau^2 + 2(\tilde{\nabla}_i B + B_i)d\tau dx^i + [(1-2\psi)\gamma_{ij} + 2\tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_j E + \tilde{\nabla}_i E_j + \tilde{\nabla}_j E_i + 2E_{ij}]dx^i dx^j \} \quad (1)$$

where

$$\gamma^{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_i B_j = 0, \gamma^{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_i E_j = 0, \gamma^{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_i E_{kj} = 0, \gamma^{ij}E_{ij} = 0. \quad (2)$$

Covariant derivatives are defined with respect to the flat 3-space background  $\gamma_{ij}$  and are indicated as  $\tilde{\nabla}_i$ .

$\Omega(x)$

$$\delta W_{00}^{(S)} = \Omega^{-2} \left[ -\frac{2}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{B} + \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \ddot{E} - \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\phi} - \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\psi} \right]. \quad (3)$$

$$\delta W_{0i}^{(S)} = \Omega^{-2} \left[ -\frac{2}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \ddot{B} + \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \ddot{E} - \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\phi} - \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\psi} \right]. \quad (4)$$

$$\delta W_{0i}^{(V)} = \Omega^{-2} \left[ -\frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \ddot{B}_i + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \ddot{E}_i + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a B_i - \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{E}_i \right]. \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta W_{ij}^{(S)} = \Omega^{-2} & \left[ \frac{1}{3}\gamma_{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \ddot{B} - \frac{1}{3}\gamma_{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \ddot{E} + \frac{1}{3}\gamma_{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\phi} + \frac{1}{3}\gamma_{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\psi} - \frac{1}{3}\gamma_{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{B} \right. \\ & + \frac{1}{3}\gamma_{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \ddot{E} - \frac{1}{3}\gamma_{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\phi} - \frac{1}{3}\gamma_{ij}\tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\psi} - \tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_i \ddot{B} + \tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_i \ddot{E} \\ & - \tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_i \dot{\phi} - \tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_i \dot{\psi} + \frac{1}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{B} - \frac{1}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{E} + \frac{1}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\phi} \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{3}\tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{\psi} \right]. \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta W_{ij}^{(V)} = \Omega^{-2} & \left[ -\frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_i \ddot{B}_j + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_i \ddot{E}_j + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{B}_j - \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_i \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{E}_j - \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_j \ddot{B}_i + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_j \ddot{E}_i \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{B}_i - \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\nabla}_j \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{E}_i \right]. \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

$$\delta W_{ij}^{(T)} = \Omega^{-2} \left[ \ddot{E}_{ij} - 2\tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a \dot{E}_{ij} + \tilde{\nabla}_b \tilde{\nabla}^b \tilde{\nabla}_a \tilde{\nabla}^a E_{ij} \right]. \quad (8)$$