

Special Gauge Matthew v12

Setup

Metric decomposed to first order:

$$g_{\mu\nu} = g_{\mu\nu}^{(0)} + g_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} = \Omega^2(\tau)(\eta_{\mu\nu} + f_{\mu\nu}). \quad (1)$$

We then split $f_{\mu\nu}$ into its traceless and trace components, i.e.

$$f_{\mu\nu} = k_{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4}\eta_{\mu\nu}f \quad (2)$$

where $f = \eta^{\mu\nu}f_{\mu\nu}$. The fluctuations then take the form

$$\begin{aligned} \delta G_{\mu\nu} = & \eta^{\alpha\beta}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\alpha\Omega\partial_\beta k_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4}\eta^{\alpha\beta}\eta_{\mu\nu}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\alpha f\partial_\beta\Omega - \eta^{\alpha\gamma}\eta^{\beta\zeta}\eta_{\mu\nu}k_{\gamma\zeta}\Omega^{-2}\partial_\alpha\Omega\partial_\beta\Omega \\ & + \eta^{\alpha\beta}k_{\mu\nu}\Omega^{-2}\partial_\alpha\Omega\partial_\beta\Omega + \frac{1}{2}\eta^{\alpha\beta}\partial_\beta\partial_\alpha k_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4}\eta^{\alpha\beta}\eta_{\mu\nu}\partial_\beta\partial_\alpha f + 2\eta^{\alpha\gamma}\eta^{\beta\zeta}\eta_{\mu\nu}k_{\gamma\zeta}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\beta\partial_\alpha\Omega \\ & - 2\eta^{\alpha\beta}k_{\mu\nu}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\beta\partial_\alpha\Omega - \frac{1}{2}\eta^{\alpha\beta}\partial_\beta\partial_\mu k_{\nu\alpha} - \frac{1}{2}\eta^{\alpha\beta}\partial_\beta\partial_\nu k_{\mu\alpha} + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta}\eta^{\gamma\zeta}\eta_{\mu\nu}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\alpha\Omega\partial_\zeta k_{\beta\gamma} \\ & + \frac{1}{2}\eta^{\alpha\beta}\eta^{\gamma\zeta}\eta_{\mu\nu}\partial_\zeta\partial_\beta k_{\alpha\gamma} - \eta^{\alpha\beta}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\alpha\Omega\partial_\mu k_{\nu\beta} - \eta^{\alpha\beta}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\alpha\Omega\partial_\nu k_{\mu\beta} - \frac{1}{4}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\mu\Omega\partial_\nu f \\ & - \frac{1}{4}\Omega^{-1}\partial_\mu f\partial_\nu\Omega + \frac{1}{4}\partial_\nu\partial_\mu f. \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

We impose a generalized gauge of the form

$$\eta^{\alpha\beta}\partial_\alpha k_{\beta\nu} = \Omega^{-1}J\eta^{\alpha\beta}k_{\nu\alpha}\partial_\beta\Omega + P\partial_\nu f + R\Omega^{-1}f\partial_\nu\Omega. \quad (4)$$

and take

$$J = -4, \quad R = 2P - \frac{3}{2}. \quad (5)$$

$$\Omega(\tau) : k_{\mu\nu}, f$$

$$\begin{aligned} \eta^{\mu\nu}\delta G_{\mu\nu} = & (-8\Omega^{-2}\dot{\Omega}^2 + 4\Omega^{-1}\ddot{\Omega})k_{00} + (\frac{3}{2}\Omega^{-2}\dot{\Omega}^2 - 2P\Omega^{-2}\dot{\Omega}^2 + \frac{3}{2}\Omega^{-1}\ddot{\Omega} - 2P\Omega^{-1}\ddot{\Omega} - \frac{3}{4}\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu \\ & + P\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu + 3\Omega^{-1}\dot{\Omega}\partial_0 - 4P\Omega^{-1}\dot{\Omega}\partial_0)f. \\ = & (-8\Omega^{-2}\dot{\Omega}^2 + 4\Omega^{-1}\ddot{\Omega})k_{00} + (P - \frac{3}{4})\Omega^{-2}\eta^{\alpha\beta}\partial_\alpha\partial_\beta(\Omega^2 f) \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta G_{00} = & (2\Omega^{-2}\dot{\Omega}^2 - 2\Omega^{-1}\ddot{\Omega} + \frac{1}{2}\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu - 3\Omega^{-1}\dot{\Omega}\partial_0)k_{00} + (-\frac{3}{4}\Omega^{-2}\dot{\Omega}^2 + P\Omega^{-2}\dot{\Omega}^2 + \frac{3}{4}\Omega^{-1}\ddot{\Omega} \\ & - P\Omega^{-1}\ddot{\Omega} + \frac{1}{4}\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu - \frac{1}{2}P\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu - P\Omega^{-1}\dot{\Omega}\partial_0 + \frac{1}{4}\partial_0\partial_0 - P\partial_0\partial_0)f. \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta G_{0i} = & -\Omega^{-1}\dot{\Omega}\partial_i k_{00} + (\Omega^{-2}\dot{\Omega}^2 + \frac{1}{2}\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu - 2\Omega^{-1}\dot{\Omega}\partial_0)k_{0i} + (\frac{1}{2}\Omega^{-1}\dot{\Omega}\partial_i - P\Omega^{-1}\dot{\Omega}\partial_i \\ & + \frac{1}{4}\partial_i\partial_0 - P\partial_i\partial_0)f. \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta G_{ij} = & \delta_{ij} \Omega^{-2} \dot{\Omega}^2 k_{00} - \Omega^{-1} \dot{\Omega} \partial_j k_{0i} - \Omega^{-1} \dot{\Omega} \partial_i k_{0j} + (-\Omega^{-2} \dot{\Omega}^2 + 2\Omega^{-1} \ddot{\Omega} + \frac{1}{2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu - \Omega^{-1} \dot{\Omega} \partial_0) k_{ij} \\
& + \delta_{ij} (-\frac{3}{4} \Omega^{-2} \dot{\Omega}^2 + P \Omega^{-2} \dot{\Omega}^2 + \frac{3}{4} \Omega^{-1} \ddot{\Omega} - P \Omega^{-1} \ddot{\Omega} - \frac{1}{4} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + \frac{1}{2} P \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + \Omega^{-1} \dot{\Omega} \partial_0 \\
& - P \Omega^{-1} \dot{\Omega} \partial_0) f + (\frac{1}{4} \partial_i \partial_j - P \partial_i \partial_j) f.
\end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

$$\Omega(\tau) = \frac{1}{H\tau} : k_{\mu\nu}, f$$

Now set $\Omega(\tau) = \frac{1}{H\tau}$, with the fluctuations being evaluated as

$$\eta^{\mu\nu} \delta G_{\mu\nu} = (P - \frac{3}{4}) \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\alpha\beta} \partial_\alpha \partial_\beta (\Omega^2 f) \tag{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta G_{00} = & (-2\tau^{-2} + \frac{1}{2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + 3\tau^{-1} \partial_0) k_{00} + (\frac{3}{4} \tau^{-2} - P \tau^{-2} + \frac{1}{4} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu - \frac{1}{2} P \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu \\
& + P \tau^{-1} \partial_0 + \frac{1}{4} \partial_0 \partial_0 - P \partial_0 \partial_0) f.
\end{aligned} \tag{11}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta G_{0i} = & \tau^{-1} \partial_i k_{00} + (\tau^{-2} + \frac{1}{2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + 2\tau^{-1} \partial_0) k_{0i} + (-\frac{1}{2} \tau^{-1} \partial_i + P \tau^{-1} \partial_i + \frac{1}{4} \partial_i \partial_0 \\
& - P \partial_i \partial_0) f.
\end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta G_{ij} = & \delta_{ij} \tau^{-2} k_{00} + \tau^{-1} \partial_j k_{0i} + \tau^{-1} \partial_i k_{0j} + (3\tau^{-2} + \frac{1}{2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + \tau^{-1} \partial_0) k_{ij} + \delta_{ij} (\frac{3}{4} \tau^{-2} - P \tau^{-2} \\
& - \frac{1}{4} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + \frac{1}{2} P \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu - \tau^{-1} \partial_0 + P \tau^{-1} \partial_0) f + (\frac{1}{4} \partial_i \partial_j - P \partial_i \partial_j) f.
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

Now we will further express our results in terms of

$$K_{\mu\nu} = \Omega^2 k_{\mu\nu} \quad \text{and} \quad h = \Omega^2 f \tag{14}$$

$$\Omega(\tau) : K_{\mu\nu}, h$$

Working with a time dependent conformal factor, $\Omega(\tau)$, the fluctuations are evaluated as

$$\begin{aligned}
\eta^{\mu\nu} \delta G_{\mu\nu} = & (-8\Omega^{-4} \dot{\Omega}^2 + 4\Omega^{-3} \ddot{\Omega}) K_{00} + (-\frac{3}{4} \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + P \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu) h \\
& = \Omega^{-2} (-8\Omega^{-2} \dot{\Omega}^2 + 4\Omega^{-1} \ddot{\Omega}) K_{00} + (P - \frac{3}{4}) \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\alpha\beta} \partial_\alpha \partial_\beta h
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta G_{00} = & (5\Omega^{-4} \dot{\Omega}^2 - \Omega^{-3} \ddot{\Omega} + \frac{1}{2} \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu - \Omega^{-3} \dot{\Omega} \partial_0) K_{00} + (-\frac{3}{4} \Omega^{-4} \dot{\Omega}^2 + \frac{3}{4} \Omega^{-3} \ddot{\Omega} \\
& + \frac{1}{4} \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu - \frac{1}{2} P \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + P \Omega^{-3} \dot{\Omega} \partial_0 + \frac{1}{4} \Omega^{-2} \partial_0 \partial_0 - P \Omega^{-2} \partial_0 \partial_0) h.
\end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta G_{0i} = & -\Omega^{-3} \dot{\Omega} \partial_i K_{00} + (2\Omega^{-4} \dot{\Omega}^2 + \Omega^{-3} \ddot{\Omega} + \frac{1}{2} \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu) K_{0i} + (P \Omega^{-3} \dot{\Omega} \partial_i + \frac{1}{4} \Omega^{-2} \partial_i \partial_0 \\
& - P \Omega^{-2} \partial_i \partial_0) h.
\end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta G_{ij} = & \delta_{ij} \Omega^{-4} \dot{\Omega}^2 K_{00} - \Omega^{-3} \dot{\Omega} \partial_j K_{0i} - \Omega^{-3} \dot{\Omega} \partial_i K_{0j} + (-2\Omega^{-4} \dot{\Omega}^2 + 3\Omega^{-3} \ddot{\Omega} + \frac{1}{2} \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + \Omega^{-3} \dot{\Omega} \partial_0) K_{ij} \\
& + \delta_{ij} (-\frac{5}{4} \Omega^{-4} \dot{\Omega}^2 + \frac{1}{4} \Omega^{-3} \ddot{\Omega} - \frac{1}{4} \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + \frac{1}{2} P \Omega^{-2} \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu + P \Omega^{-3} \dot{\Omega} \partial_0) h + (\frac{1}{4} \Omega^{-2} \partial_i \partial_j \\
& - P \Omega^{-2} \partial_i \partial_j) h.
\end{aligned} \tag{18}$$

$$\Omega(\tau) = \frac{1}{H\tau} : K_{\mu\nu}, h$$

Now set $\Omega(\tau) = \frac{1}{H\tau}$, with the fluctuations being evaluated as

$$\begin{aligned}\eta^{\mu\nu}\delta G_{\mu\nu} &= (-\frac{3}{4}H^2\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu + H^2P\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu)h \\ &= (P - \frac{3}{4})\Omega^{-2}\eta^{\alpha\beta}\partial_\alpha\partial_\beta h\end{aligned}\tag{19}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta G_{00} &= (3H^2 + \frac{1}{2}H^2\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu + H^2\tau\partial_0)K_{00} + (\frac{3}{4}H^2 + \frac{1}{4}H^2\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu - \frac{1}{2}H^2P\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu \\ &\quad - H^2P\tau\partial_0 + \frac{1}{4}H^2\tau^2\partial_0\partial_0 - H^2P\tau^2\partial_0\partial_0)h.\end{aligned}\tag{20}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta G_{0i} &= H^2\tau\partial_iK_{00} + (4H^2 + \frac{1}{2}H^2\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu)K_{0i} + (-H^2P\tau\partial_i + \frac{1}{4}H^2\tau^2\partial_i\partial_0 \\ &\quad - H^2P\tau^2\partial_i\partial_0)h.\end{aligned}\tag{21}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta G_{ij} &= \delta_{ij}H^2K_{00} + H^2\tau\partial_jK_{0i} + H^2\tau\partial_iK_{0j} + (4H^2 + \frac{1}{2}H^2\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu - H^2\tau\partial_0)K_{ij} \\ &\quad + \delta_{ij}(-\frac{3}{4}H^2 - \frac{1}{4}H^2\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu + \frac{1}{2}H^2P\tau^2\eta^{\mu\nu}\partial_\mu\partial_\nu - H^2P\tau\partial_0)h + (\frac{1}{4}H^2\tau^2\partial_i\partial_j - H^2P\tau^2\partial_i\partial_j)h.\end{aligned}\tag{22}$$