YAML Markup Support

Onevetien	Variation	Function	Nete	
Operation VANAL 611-2	Keystroke	Function	<u>Note</u>	
Editing <u>YAML</u> files	 Long YAML files are notoriously difficult to edit properly. Use the external package <u>yaml-mode</u>, a major mode for YAML files. Also use a couple of minor-modes and commands listed in this page to help. Aside from the first 3 key bindings listed to access help and customization buffers for YAML, the key bindings listed in this page and their relate commands are also described in other PEL PDF pages. The links to these pages are on the first column. 			
See also: M CWL	The <u>yaml-mode</u> external package provides a major mode support for YAML. PEL provides access to it when the <u>pel-use-yaml</u> user-option is turned on (set to t). PEL associates the following file extensions with <u>yaml-mode</u> : .yml, .yaml, .eyaml, .raml.			
Open this PDF file. See also: <u>N Help/Info</u>	<f11> SPC M-y <f1> <f12> <f1></f1></f12></f1></f11>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB-PAGE)	Open the <u>M YAML</u> local PDF. If the prefix argument (like C-u or M) is used, then it opens the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the pel-flip-help-pdf-arg useroption is set it's the other way around.	
<u>∑ Customize</u> PEL YAML control	<f11> SPC M-y <f2> <f12> <f2></f2></f12></f2></f11>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize PEL YAML support. • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in other window.	
<u>∑ Customize</u> Emacs YAML control	<f11> SPC M-y <f3> <f12> <f3></f3></f12></f3></f11>	(pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize Emacs YAML support groups: yaml, fly check, indent-tools and smartparens • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in other window.	
<u>Flycheck</u>	Flycheck is a minor mode for on-the-fly syntax checking. The flycheck external package is activated by PEL when the pel-use-flycheck user-option is turned on or another activated PEL user-option.			
See also: <u>SyntaxCheck</u>	requires it. Aside from the following 2 key bindings that PEL provides to toggle the flycheck mode, flycheck key prefix is C-c ! as set by its flycheck-keymap-prefix user-option. You can change it for a different key prefix.			
Toggle flycheck mode for current buffer	<f11> ! !</f11>	(flycheck-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle flycheck minor-mode for the current buffer.	
Toggle flycheck mode for all buffers	<f11> ! M-!</f11>	(global-flycheck-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle Flycheck mode in all buffers. • Flycheck mode is enabled in all buffers where 'flycheck-mode-on-safe' would do it.	
• Flycheck buffer/file Syntax Check current buffer	C-c ! c	(flycheck-buffer)	Start checking syntax in the current buffer. • Get a syntax checker for the current buffer with 'flycheck-get-checker-for-buffer', and start it.	
Check syntax of current file	C-c ! C-c	(flycheck-compile CHECKER)	Run CHECKER via 'compile'. CHECKER must be a valid syntax checker. Interactively, prompt for a syntax checker to run.	
Highlight current	The following command pro	ovide a vertical line across the ent	 Instead of highlighting errors in the buffer, this command pops up a separate buffer with the entire output of the syntax checker tool, just like 'compile'. ire window at the cursor location. 	
column		les or checking indentation manu- ne-global-mode to activate the ve	ally. ertical line in all buffers; PEL has no binding for it because it slows Emacs too much.	
Toggle Vline Mode See also: • ∑ Highlight • ∑ Hide/Show	• <f11> h • <f11> 9</f11></f11>	(vline-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle the display of a vertical line spanning the entire window at the cursor column. Requires: vline.el PEL activates it when pel-use-vline user option is t.	
Indented Text Folding	_		indented more than the current line. shown below, to fold indented sections.	
Toggle hiding lines more indented than current line See also: <u>N Hide/Show</u>	<f11> M-/ M-/</f11>	(pel-toggle-hide-indent)	Toggle hiding lines more indented than current line. • Affects the entire buffer. Not syntax sensitive. Can be used anywhere. • Do not modify the buffer while lines are hidden, it's allowed but its using selective display and you don't see what you change.	
Indent-tools	The indent-tools external package provides several commands to indent, un-indent and navigate across indented text levels. It provides a minor mode and a key hydra that provides all of these commands. The indent-tools external package PEL activates it when the pel-use-indent-tools user-option is turned on (set to t). This also automatically activates the hydra external package. PEL provide a global key binding to its key hydra and provides the ability to activate the proposed key binding globally and for python mode: pel-indent-tools-key-bound: activates the C-c > key binding either globally or for python-mode only.			
Open the indent-tools hydra	<f11> <tab> ></tab></f11>	(indent-tools-hydra/body)	Activate the e body in the "indent-tools-hydra" hydra.	
See also: \(\sum_{\text{Indentation}} \) The indent-tools hydra provide	C-c >		 With PEL, this key binding is only available when: globally, when pel-indent-tools-key-bound is set to globally, in python-mode only when pel-indent-tools-key-bound is set to python. The actual key is selected by indent-tools indent-tools-keymap-prefix user-option, the default is C-c > 	
keys you can use to navigate across the indented YAML elements.	The heads for the associated hydra are: >: 'indent-tools-indent', <: 'indent-tools-demote', E: 'indent-tools-comment', U: 'indent-tools-uncomment', P: 'indent-tools-indent-paragraph', 1: 'indent-tools-indent-end-of-level', K: 'indent-tools-kill-tree', C: 'indent-tools-copy-hydra/body', s: 'indent-tools-select', e: 'indent-tools-goto-end-of-tree', u: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', d: 'indent-tools-select-end-of-tree', n: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', d: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', d: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', f: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', s: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', f: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', s: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', n: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', s: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', n: 'indent-tools-goto-parent', s: 'indent-tools-indent-space', i'ndent-tools-indent-space', 'undo-tree-undo',		-UUU:Fl somedata.yml All (1,0) (YAML WK Fly Anzu) - Indent Navigation Actions	
See also: <u>∑ Hide/Show</u>	L: 'recenter-top-b f: 'yafolding-togg q: exit		The f key toggles the element folding. Press once to hide the sub-tree, press-again to display it back.	

Operation	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>	
Smartparens Mode • Smartparens manual See also: Inserting Text	Simplify insertion of matching pairs with the smartparens minor mode. PEL binds a set of keys, described below, to toggle activation of that mode. This uses the smartparens external package. PEL activates it when pel-use-smartparens is set to t. Mode line lighter: * smartparens-mode: SP			
200 also: <u>//ss</u>	smartparens-strict-mode: SP/s			
Help on smartparens	<f11> i (?</f11>	(sp-cheat-sheet &optional ARG)	Generate a cheat sheet of all the smartparens interactive functions. Shows inside Emacs buffer. • Without a prefix argument, print only the short documentation and examples. • With non-nil prefix argument ARG, show the full documentation for each function. • You can follow the links to the function or variable help page. • To get back to the full list, use M-x help-go-back. • You can use 'beginning-of-defun' and 'end-of-defun' to jump to the previous/next entry. • Examples are fontified using the 'font-lock-string-face' for better orientation.	
Toggle smartparens mode	<f11> i ((</f11>	(smartparens-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle smartparens mode.	
Toggle smartparens-strict mode	<f11> i ()</f11>	(smartparens-strict-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle the strict smartparens mode. • When strict mode is active, 'delete-char', 'kill-word' and their backward variants will skip over the pair delimiters in order to keep the structure always valid (the same way as 'paredit-mode' does). This is accomplished by remapping them to 'sp-delete-char' and 'sp-kill-word'. There is also function 'sp-kill-symbol' that deletes symbols instead of words, otherwise working exactly the same (it is not bound to any key by default). • When strict mode is active, this is indicated with "/s" after the smartparens indicator in the mode list	
Toggle smartparens mode	<f11> i (M-(</f11>	(smartparens-global-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle Smartparens mode in all buffers. With prefix ARG, enable Smartparens-Global mode if ARG is positive; otherwise, disable it. Smartparens mode is enabled in all buffers where 'turn-on-smartparens-mode' would do it.	
Toggle smartparens-strict mode	<f11> i (M-)</f11>	(smartparens-global-strict-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle Smartparens-Strict mode in all buffers. With prefix ARG, enable Smartparens-Global-Strict mode if ARG is positive; otherwise, disable it. Smartparens-Strict mode is enabled in all buffers where 'turn-on-smartparens-strict-mode' would do it.	
Smart-shift See also: ∑ Indentation	The <u>smart-shift</u> external package simplifies shifting a complete line or region of lines right or left but also up or down. It is implemented as a minor or global minor mode that must be enabled first. You can identify the smart-shift-mode inside one of the pel- <mode>-activates-minor-modes user-options to activate it automatically. You can also use the commands manually or through the key bindings provided by PEL to activate the smart-shift-mode in the current buffer or globally for all buffers. PEL controls it through customization user-options: The <u>smart-shift</u> external package PEL activates it when the pel-use-smart-shift user-option is turned on (set to t). PEL also provides the <u>pel-smart-shift-keybinding</u> user-option that allows you to select additional alternative key bindings for the smart-shift commands that shift line(s). By default the key bindings are using C-c as a key prefix. With PEL you can also use a control key for the cursor or change the prefix key to use the <f9> key. The 3 possible key bindings are shown below but only one of them will be available at any given time. The one available is the one selected by the user-option value.</f9></mode>			
Toggle smart-shift mode in current buffer	<f11> <tab> s</tab></f11>	(smart-shift-mode &optional ARG)	Activate/de-activate the smart-shift mode in the current buffer. Activate the line-shift key bindings listed below, in the current buffer. With PEL, the actual key binding selected for the line shift commands depend on the value of the pel-smart-shift-keybinding user-option.	
Toggle smart-shift mode globally	<f11> <tab> S</tab></f11>	(global-smart-shift-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle Smart-Shift mode in all buffers. With prefix ARG, enable Global Smart-Shift mode if ARG is positive; otherwise, disable it. Smart-Shift mode is enabled in all buffers where 'smart-shift-mode-on' would do it.	
Shift line or region right	• C-c <right> • C-c <c-right> • <f9> <right></right></f9></c-right></right>	(smart-shift-right &optional ARG)	Shift the line or region to the ARG times to the right. With PEL one of the extra key bindings can be enabled via the pel-smart-shift-keybinding user-option. So unlike other cells only one of the last 2 key bindings is available in the smart-shift minor mode.	
Shift line or region left	• C-c <left> • C-c <c-left> • <f9> <left></left></f9></c-left></left>	(smart-shift-left &optional ARG)	Shift the line or region to the ARG times to the left. With PEL one of the extra key bindings can be enabled via the pel-smart-shift-keybinding user-option. So unlike other cells only one of the last 2 key bindings is available in the smart-shift minor mode.	
Shift line or region up	• C-c <up> • C-c <c-up> • <f9> <up></up></f9></c-up></up>	(smart-shift-up &optional ARG)	Shift the line or region to the ARG times to the upwards. With PEL one of the extra key bindings can be enabled via the pel-smart-shift-keybinding user-option. So unlike other cells only one of the last 2 key bindings is available in the smart-shift minor mode.	
Shift line or region down	• C-c <down> • C-c <c-down> • <f9> <down></down></f9></c-down></down>	(smart-shift-down &optional ARG)	Shift the line or region to the ARG times to the downwards With PEL one of the extra key bindings can be enabled via the pel-smart-shift-keybinding user-option. So unlike other cells only one of the last 2 key bindings is available in the smart-shift minor mode.	

YAML & Emacs — References

Description & URL	Notes
YAML	
YAML @ Wikipedia	Overview, syntax, criticisms
YAML official home page	Links to YAML specification, links to various resources and projects. • YAML 1.2 Specs • YAML 1.1 Specs • YAML 1.0 Specs
YAML Resource sites	 Learn YAML in Y Minutes Online YAML validator (runs yamllint.py) \(\frac{1}{2}\)No link as the site is not using https. Instead install yamllint.py locally and use it on the command line or via Emacs.

Description & URL	Notes
StrictYAML	A stricter, type-safe YAML
StrictYAML @ Github	
StrictYAML @ hitchdev (Python libraries)	
RAML	RESTful API Modeling Language: RAML files have the .raml file extension.
	RAML @ Wikipedia RAML.org RAML Spec @ GitHub
Common Workflow Language	Common Workflow Language (CWL) uses a subset of YAML and provides YAML supporting tools.
See also: M CWL	CWL home page CWL User Guide CWL YAML Guide
Emacs support for YAML	
yaml-mode (major mode for YAML)	yaml-mode @ GitHub Yaml Mode @ Emacs Wiki
indent-tools	indent-tools @ GitLab indent-tools @ Melpa
smartparens	The smartparens mode can help deal with data that is within matching pair of characters. • smartparens @ GitHub • smartparens documentation
Emacs/YAML Support Articles	
Blogs about YAML editing on Emacs	The best ways to work with yaml files in Emacs, from Chmouel Boudjnah's blog, 2016-09-07 Editing ansible files in Emacs, from Enis Özgen, 2017-12-29
General blogs about YAML	10 YAML tips for people who hate YAML BTW, the last tip is: use something else well S-expressions are very flexible and powerful.