
































































PEL Key Maps

Operation	Keystroke	Key Map	Note
<div> <div>Emacs Key Bindings</div> <div> <div>See also:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Modifier Keys Emacs Prefix Keys </div> </div>	<div> <div>Emacs has a large set of key bindings.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some commands are bound to single keys like the a key which normally inserts the letter ‘a’ in the current buffer. Some commands are bound to functions keys like <f1> or use key modifiers like C–a or M–a . See 🔗  Modifier Keys for more info. Some commands are bound to longer key sequences lie C–x s . The first key, or the first set of keys, can be used as an Emacs key prefix . And then several other keys can follow, all under that prefix. The prefix creates some sort of scope: the key-map under that prefix. There’s really no limit to the way you can combine keys, the modifier keys, with or without short or longer key prefixes. On top of that you can have key bindings that are <ul style="list-style-type: none"> global, always accessible if the related code was loaded, or local, only available while a specific major or minor mode is activated inside a specific buffer. All of this provides great flexibility. But it makes Emacs more difficult to learn: you need to remember all the keys. </div>		
<div> <div>PEL Key maps</div> <div> <div>See also:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PEL Key Bindings  Keys - Fn  Keys - F11  Numkeypad </div> </div>	<div> <div> <div>Although PEL itself adds a large amount of keys to what’s already in Emacs, it leaves most Emacs key binding intact and mainly uses the function keys organized under a tree of key prefixes, trying to provide easy-to-remember key prefixes.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PEL key bindings are accessible from Emacs running in graphics mode and in terminal mode (you may have to configure your termcap terminal software to support ANSI key sequences for function and cursor keys). By default, PEL also activates the which-key external package which allows you to see all command key bindings for each key prefix in the echo area at the bottom of your Emacs screen. PEL provides documentation of the Emacs and PEL key bindings, organized in topics inside PEL files such as this one. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All PEL key prefix groups provide a <f1> key binding to a command that opens a local copy of a PDF file describing the topic. To open this PDF file from Emacs using PEL, just type <f11> <f1>. The <f11> key is the most often used PEL global key prefix. Inside its group the <f1> key opens this file. </div> <div> <div>This page lists PEL’s key maps.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Column 1, the title column, shows the name of the PEL specific PDF page and it’s also a link to the Github hosted pdf page. Column 2 shows the key sequence for the topic. Column 3 shows the name of PEL key prefix for the topic. </div> <div> <div>Some topics do not have commands organized under on specific PEL key map, but the commands and keys are described inside topic specific PDF tables. These are listed first set of rows below.</div> <div> <div>👉</div> <div>For the best user experience, use a web browser, like Firefox version 78 or later, that can render PDF files inline (instead of downloading them). This is a great way to navigate through the various links if you are online. For other browsers, you may have to install pdf rendering plugins.</div> </div> <div> <div>Last updated on:</div> <div>2025-12-18</div> </div> </div></div>		
<div> <div>Topics with no PEL key maps</div> </div>	<div> <div>The following topics do not have a PEL topic-specific key-map.</div> <div>You can use the <f11> ? p key sequence and enter the topic name to open the file. The command support tab completion. See 🔗 Help/Info</div> </div>		
<div> <div>> Legend</div> </div>	Describes all conventions and symbols used in the PEL PDF files.		
<div> <div> AsciiDoc</div> </div>	AsciiDoc support		
<div> <div> Autosave/Backup</div> </div>	Emacs commands for autosave and backup control		
<div> <div> Case Conversions</div> </div>	Commands for case conversion of text.		
<div> <div> Closing/Suspending</div> </div>	Commands to close or suspend Emacs.		
<div> <div> Completion/Input</div> </div>	Commands to complete user input at prompts.		
<div> <div> CUA</div> </div>	CUA mode commands.		
<div> <div> Enriched Text</div> </div>	Commands that support the enriched text concept.		
<div> <div> ERT</div> </div>	Emacs Lisp unit testing commands.		
<div> <div> Faces/Fonts</div> </div>	Commands that control Emacs faces and fonts.		
<div> <div> Key-Chords</div> </div>	Commands to enable/disable key chords (typing 2 normal keys together to invoke a command).		
<div> <div> Keys - Fn</div> </div>	Table that shows the way PEL uses function keys.		
<div> <div> Outline/Org-Mode</div> </div>	Org-mode commands.		
<div> <div> Modifier Keys</div> </div>	Describes Emacs modifier keys and ways of describing keys in Emacs.		
<div> <div> Mouse</div> </div>	Mouse commands. Available both in graphics and terminal modes.		
<div> <div> Narrowing</div> </div>	Narrowing commands. A way to narrow your view to only a portion of the current buffer, protecting the rest of the buffer from any modification.		
<div> <div> Navigation</div> </div>	The navigation commands available in Emacs with the additions provided by PEL and other packages.		
<div> <div> Numkeypad</div> </div>	Describes the way the numerical keypad is handled in Emacs.		
<div> <div> Packages</div> </div>	Commands to download and manipulate external packages.		
<div> <div> Rectangles</div> </div>	Commands to manipulate rectangle areas of text inside a buffer.		
<div> <div> Semantic</div> </div>	🚧 Planned topic		
<div> <div>Global Key Maps</div> </div>	<div> <div>The key maps are listed in order of the key they use. The keys were selected mnemonic naming as much as possible. For that reason some key maps are accessible via several key prefix sequences. The following list is sorted by key bindings.</div> </div>		
<div> <div>Top level prefix</div> </div>	<f11>	pel:	Key prefix
<div> <div> Cut & Paste - Delete</div> </div>	<f11> DEL	pel:delete	
<div> <div> Indentation</div> </div>	<f11> TAB	pel:indent	
<div> <div> SyntaxCheck</div> </div>	<f11> !	pel:flycheck	
<div> <div> Spell Checking</div> </div>	<f11> \$	pel:spell	
<div> <div> Bookmarks</div> </div>	<f11> ‘	pel:bookMark	
<div> <div> Auto-Completion</div> </div>	<f11> c	pel:auto-completion	
<div> <div> Cut & Paste - Kill</div> </div>	<f11> –	pel:kill	Kill (cut) operations
<div> <div> Marking</div> </div>	<f11> .	pel:mark	
<div> <div> Comments</div> </div>	<f11> ;	pel:comment	
<div> <div> Cut & Paste - Copy</div> </div>	<f11> =	pel:copy	Copy operations
<div> <div> Help/Info</div> </div>	<f11> ?	pel:help	
	<f11> ? a	pel:apropos	
	<f11> ? d	pel:describe	
	<f11> ? e	pel:emacs	

Operation	Keystroke	Key Map	Note
	<f11> ? i	pel:info	
	<f11> ? k	pel:keys	
🔗 File-mngt	<f11> B	pel:browse	Directory tree browsing (for now: it will evolve) 🚧
🔗 File-mngt - NeoTree	<f11> B N	pel:neotree	NeoTree directory tree browser
🔗 Cut & Paste - OS Clipboard	<f11> C	pel:clipboard	
🔗 Drawing	<f11> D	pel:draw	
📄 PlantUML	<f11> D u	pel:plantuml	
🔗 Frames	<f11> F	pel:frame	
🔗 Sessions	<f11> S	pel:session	
🔗 Xref - Cross References	<f11> X	pel:xref	
🔗 Inserting Text - underlining	<f11> _	pel:underline	Underline text with specified character.
🔗 Abbreviations	<f11> a	pel:abbrev	
🔗 Buffers	<f11> b	pel:buffer	
🔗 Buffers	<f11> b I	pel:indirect-buffer	
🔗 Counting	<f11> C	pel:count	Counting text elements in current buffer
🔗 Diff & Merge	<f11> d	pel:diff	
🔗 Diff & Merge	<f11> d e	pel:ediff	
• 🔗 File-mngt • 🔗 Dired • 🔗 Web	<f11> f	pel:file	File & directory management
• 🔗 File-mngt • 🔗 Dired	<f11> f a	pel:ffap	
🔗 File-mngt	<f11> f r	pel:file-revert	
🔗 File/Directory Variables	<f11> f v	pel:filevar	
🔗 Grep	<f11> g	pel:grep	
🔗 Grep - with ag	<f11> g a	pel:ag	Grep operations with ag , the silver searcher (a fast grep alternative)
🔗 Grep - with ag	<f11> g a p	pel:ag-project	ag commands to search in project-related files
🔗 Grep - with ag	<f11> g a d	pel:ag-dired	ag commands to teach for file names and spend the list in dired buffer
🔗 Grep - with ag	<f11> g a k	pel:ag-kill	ag command to kill buffer and process
🔗 Highlight	<f11> h	pel:highlight	
🔗 Inserting Text	<f11> i	pel:insert	
🔗 Keyboard Macros	<f11> k	pel:kbmacro	Emacs keyboard macros, centimacro, emacros, elmacros.
🔗 Keyboard Macros - emacros	<f11> k e	pel:emacros	
🔗 Keyboard Macros - elmacros	<f11> k l	pel:elmacros	
🔗 Display - Lines	<f11> l	pel:linectrl	
🔗 Cursor	<f11> m	pel:mcursor	Multiple cursor editing.
🔗 Sorting	<f11> o	pel:order	Ordering/Sorting.
🔗 Registers	<f11> r	pel:register	
🔗 Search/Replace	<f11> s	pel:search-replace	
	<f11> s m	pel:search-mode	
	<f11> s w	pel:search-word	
	<f11> s x	pel:regexp	
🔗 Text Modes	<f11> t	pel:text	
🔗 Align	<f11> t a	pel:align	
🔗 Filling/Justification	<f11> t f	pel:fill	Text fill
	<f11> t j	pel:justification	Text justification
🔗 Text Modes	<f11> t m	pel:text-modes	
🔗 Transpose	<f11> t t	pel:text-transpose	
🔗 Whitespace	<f11> t w	pel:text-whitespace	
🔗 Undo/Redo/Repeat/Arg	<f11> u	pel:undo	
🔗 VCS-Mercurial	<f11> v	pel:vcs	PEL also supports Git, a page dedicated for Git is not yet written
🔗 Windows	<f11> w	pel>window	
🔗 Windows	<f11> w d	pel>window-dedicated	
🔗 Windows	<f11> w s	pel>window-size	
🔗 Shells	<f11> z	pel:execute	
🔗 Inserting Text	<f11> y	pel:yasnippet	Yasnippet text template insertion/expansion.
🔗 Scrolling	<f11>	pel:scroll	
🔗 Customize	<f11> <f2>	pel:cfg	
	<f11> <f2> SPC	pel:cfg-pel-lang	
	<f11> <f2> E	pel:cfg-emacs	
	<f11> <f2> P	pel:cfg-pel	
🔗 Projectile	<f11> <f8>	pel:projectile	
🔗 Menus	<f11> <f10>	pel:menu	
🔗 Mode Line	<f11> M-d	pel:mode-line	

Operation	Keystroke	Key Map	Note
⌘ Speedbar	<f11> M-s	pel:speedbar	
⌘ Hide/Show	<f11> H	pel:hide-show	
Specialized Minor Modes	Extending the capabilities for specific programming languages		
⌘ - Lispy	PEL does not provide a global key binding for Lispy. This is available for the Lisp family languages as well as Julia and Python.		
Major mode specific key maps <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Programming Languages 	PEL provides a set of global key-maps that are specific to major modes for markup and programming languages. The key maps have 2 set of bindings. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One set has a key prefix that uses <f11> SPC followed by a key identifying the language. The other set is only available inside buffers that use the specific major mode and they all use the same <f12> key prefix, simulating a local mode prefix. The following list is ordered by programming languages names (sorting all Lisp under L) and then listing the markup languages after. 		
⌘ - AppleScript	<f11> SPC a	pel:for-applescript	
	<f12>		
⌘ - C	<f11> SPC c	pel:for-c	
	<f12>		
⌘ - C - C pre-processor	<f11> SPC c #	pel:for-c-propoc	
	<f12> #		
⌘ - C - C tempo skeleton	<f11> SPC c <f12>	pel:c-skel	Prefix for tempo skeletons for the C programming language.
	<f12> <f12>		
⌘ - C++	<f11> SPC C	pel:for-c++	
	<f12>		
⌘ - C++ - C pre-processor	<f11> SPC C #	pel:for-c++-preproc	
	<f12> #		
⌘ - D	<f11> SPC D	pel:for-d	
	<f12>		
⌘ - Clojure	<f11> SPC C-j	pel:for-clojure	
	<f12>		
⌘ - Elixir	<f11> SPC x	pel:for-elixir	
	<f12>		
⌘ - Erlang	<f11> SPC e	pel:for-erlang	
	<f12>		
⌘ - Erlang	<f11> SPC e a	pel:erlang-analysis	🚧 Planned
	<f12> a		
⌘ - Erlang - clause	<f11> SPC e c	pel:erlang-clause	
	<f12> c		
⌘ - Erlang - debug	<f11> SPC e d	pel:erlang-debug	
	<f12> d		
⌘ - Erlang - functions	<f11> SPC e f	pel:erlang-function	
	<f12> f		
⌘ - Erlang - tempo skeletons	<f11> SPC e <f12>	pel:erlang-skel	Prefix for tempo skeletons for the Erlang programming language.
	<f12> <f12>		
⌘ - Forth	<f11> SPC f	pet:for-forth	
	<f12>		
⌘ - Go	<f11> SPC g	pel:for-go	
	<f12>		
⌘ - Hy	<f11> SPC C-h	pel:for-hy	
	<f12>		
⌘ - Javascript	<f11> SPC i	pel:for-javascript	Experimental support for Javascript
	<f12>		
⌘ - Julia	<f11> SPC j	pel:for-julia	
	<f12>		
⌘ - Common Lisp	<f11> SPC L	pel:for-lisp	
	<f12>		
⌘⌘ - Emacs Lisp	<f11> SPC l	pel:for-elisp	
	<f12>		
⌘⌘ - Emacs Lisp - help	<f11> SPC l ?	pel:elisp-help	
	<f12> ?		
⌘⌘ - Emacs Lisp - analyze	<f11> SPC l a	pel:elisp-analyze	
	<f12> a		
⌘⌘ - Emacs Lisp - compile	<f11> SPC l c	pel:elisp-compile	
	<f12> c		
⌘⌘ - Emacs Lisp - debug	<f11> SPC l d	pel:elisp-debug	
	<f12> d		
⌘⌘ - Emacs Lisp - eval	<f11> SPC l e	pel:elisp-eval	
	<f12> e		

Operation	Keystroke	Key Map	Note
 <u>Emacs Lisp</u> - function	<f11> SPC l f	pel:elisp-function	
	<f12> f		
 <u>Emacs Lisp</u> - library	<f11> SPC l l	pel:elisp-lib	
	<f12> l		
 <u>Emacs Lisp</u> - tempo skeletons	<f11> SPC l <f12>	pel:elisp-skel	
	<f12> <f12>		
 <u>LFE</u>	<f11> SPC C-1	pel:for-lfe	
	<f12>		
 <u>NetRexx</u>	<f11> SPC N	pel:for-netrexx	
	<f12>		
 <u>Python</u>	<f11> SPC p	pel:for-python	
	<f12>		
 <u>REXX</u>	<f11> SPC R	pel:for-rexx	
	<f12>		
 <u>Rust</u>	<f11> SPC r	pel:for-rust	
	<f12>		
 <u>Scheme</u>	<f11> SPC C-s	pel:for-scheme	
	<f12>		
 <u>V</u>	<f11> SPC v	pel:for-v	Experimental support for the emerging V programming language
	<f12>		
• Build Tools			
 <u>Make</u>	<f11> SPC M <f12>	pel:for-make	Supports different types of makefiles.
	<f12> <f12>		
• Markup Languages			
 <u>Graphviz Dot</u>	<f11> SPC M-g	pel:for-graphviz-dot	
	<f12>		
 <u>Markdown</u>	<f11> SPC M-m	pel:for-markdown	
	<f12>		
 <u>Markdown</u> Preview	<f11> SPC M-m M-p	pel:for-markdown-preview	
	<f12> M-p		
 <u>Markdown</u> Table of Contents	<f11> SPC M-m M-t	pel:for-markdown-toc	
	<f12> M-t		
 <u>PlantUML</u>	<f11> SPC M-u	pel:for-plantuml	
	<f12>		
 <u>reStructuredText</u>	<f11> SPC M-r	pel:for-reST	
	<f12>		
 <u>reStructuredText</u> - adorn style	<f11> SPC M-r A	pel:for-rst-adorn	
	<f12> A		
 <u>reStructuredText</u> - tempo skeletons	<f11> SPC M-r <f12>	pel:for-rst-skel	 Planned
	<f12> <f12>		
Other Function Keys	PEL also uses the function keys for other purpose. See the  Keys - Fn table: it describes PEL's use of the functions keys with and without key modifiers.		
Move point to next visible bookmark	<f2>	(bm-next)	Not a prefix, a command: Move point to next visible bookmark. Activated only when pel-use-bm is set to t. See  Bookmarks .
Repeat last operation	<f5>	(repeat REPEAT-ARG)	Not a prefix, a command: Repeat most recently executed command. See  Undo/Redo/Repeat/Arg
Text Insertion	<f6>	pel:f6	
PEL Hydras	<f7>	PEL Hydras	The head of all PEL Hydras. Activated on first use. The PEL Hydras are described in: <ul style="list-style-type: none">•  AppleScript•  Hide/Show•  Windows
 Projectile	<f8>	projectile-command-map	Activated by <f11> <f8> <f8> when pel-use-projectile is set to activate projectile.