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Description	Keystroke	Function	Note
Ruby Editing	Emacs provides the built-in ruby-mode to support Ruby programming. PEL activates Ruby support with the  pel-use-ruby user-options. When it is turned on the <f11> SPC U prefix is made available. In a ruby buffer these commands are accessible via the <f12> key. It also activates the ability to activate minor modes for the ruby major mode through the PEL pel-ruby-activates-minor-modes user-option.  PEL support for Ruby is not complete. More commands should be provided and documented. Ruby support is preliminary.		
Open this PDF file. See also: » Help/Info	<f11> SPC U <f1> <f12> <f1>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB-PAGE)	Open the  - Ruby local PDF. If the prefix argument (like C-u or M--) is used, then it opens the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the pel-flip-help-pdf-arg user-option is set it's the other way around.
» Customize PEL Ruby support	<f11> SPC U <f2> <f12> <f2>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize PEL Ruby support. • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in another window.
» Customize Emacs Ruby support	<f11> SPC U <f3> <f12> <f3>	(pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize Emacs Ruby support: ruby. • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in another window.
Comments			
Toggle display of comments in buffer or active region See also: » Comments	<f11> ; ;	(hide/show-comments-toggle &optional START END)	Toggle hiding/showing of comments in the active region or whole buffer. • If the region is active then toggle in the region. Otherwise, in the whole buffer.  This requires the hide-comnt.el package (see » Comments).  PEL activates it when the pel-use-hide-comnt user option is t .
Ruby-mode control			
Toggle string literal quoting	C-c ' 	(ruby-toggle-string-quotes)	Toggle string literal quoting between single and double.
Toggle block type	C-c {	(ruby-toggle-block)	Toggle block type from do-end to braces or back. • The block must begin on the current line or above it and end after the point. • If the result is do-end block, it will always be multiline.
Navigation	The following navigation commands are specialized for Ruby and complement what is described in the » Navigation section.		
• by block	The following commands move point through Ruby code blocks		
Move forward to end of current block	C-M-n	(ruby-end-of-block &optional ARG)	Move forward to the end of the current block. • With ARG, move out of multiple blocks.
Move backward to beginning of current block	C-M-p	(ruby-beginning-of-block &optional ARG)	Move backward to the beginning of the current block. • With ARG, move up multiple blocks.
Move forward down one nested level	C-M-d	(smie-down-list &optional ARG)	Move forward down one level paren-like blocks. Like 'down-list'. • With argument ARG, do this that many times. • A negative argument means move backward but still go down a level. • This command assumes point is not in a string or comment.
Go up in the block hierarchy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> C-M-u C-M-<up> C-[C-u Esc C-u Esc C-<up> 	(backward-up-list &optional ARG <u>ESCAPE-STRINGS NO-SYNTAX-CROSSING</u>)	Move backward out of one level of parentheses. • This command will also work on other parentheses-like expressions defined by the current language mode. With ARG, do this that many times. A negative argument means move forward but still to a less deep spot. If ESCAPE-STRINGS is non-nil (as it is interactively), move out of enclosing strings as well. If NO-SYNTAX-CROSSING is non-nil (as it is interactively), prefer to break out of any enclosing string instead of moving to the start of a list broken across multiple strings. On error, location of point is unspecified.
• by class/function definition	The commands move point by function and class definitions.  The <f6> cursor key mappings use <up> and <down> to move to the beginning of the function/class definition, and <left> and <right> to the end of the function/class definition.  These work with function definitions and allow moving forward to the end of a class definition, but not backward to the beginning or end of a class definition. 		
Backward to beginning of function definition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> C-M-a C-M-<home> <f6> p <f6> <up> C-[C-a Esc C-a 	(beginning-of-defun &optional ARG)	Move backward to the beginning of a defun. • With ARG, do it that many times. Negative ARG means move forward to the ARGth following beginning of defun.  Shift marking is available in graphics mode, not in terminal mode (for C-M-a and C-M-<home>). However <f6> p handles Shift-marking fine in terminal mode.  This command moves to the beginning go the next function or of the same nesting level of the current location. It skips the functions and methods that are more deeply nested.
Forward to end of function and class definition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> C-M-e C-M-<end> <f6> <right> C-[C-e Esc C-e 	(end-of-defun &optional ARG)	Move forward to next end of defun. With argument, do it that many times. Negative argument -N means move back to Nth preceding end of defun.  Shift marking is available in graphics mode, not in terminal mode (both keys).  This command moves to the end of the next top-level function or class. It skips the nested functions and methods.
Forward to start of next function definition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <f6> n <f6> <down> 	(pel-beginning-of-next-defun &optional SILENT DONT-PUSH_MARK)	Move forward to the beginning of the next function definition. • Beeps if does not find beginning of next function unless SILENT is non-nil. • If the beginning of next function is found, push the start location to the mark ring unless DONT-PUSH_MARK is non-nil. • Move back to previous position with M-` .  Shift marking is available.  This command complements what end-of-defun does. • It moves forward but not to the end of the function definition (like end-of-defun) but to the beginning of the function definition, which is often what users of other editors expect. • It handles nested functions or class methods in languages like Ruby and others.
Backward to end of previous function definition	<f6> <left>	(pel-end-of-previous-defun &optional SILENT DONT-PUSH_MARK)	Move backwards to the end of the previous function definition. • Beeps if does not find end of previous function unless SILENT is non-nil. • If the end of previous function is found, push the start location to the mark ring unless DONT-PUSH_MARK is non-nil. • Move back to previous position with M-` .  Shift marking is available.  This command complements this set of 4 commands. •  It handles most nested functions or class methods in Ruby but not always. In some cases it does not move the point. Better logic is needed. 
Highlight blocks	The following commands can be used to activate or toggle useful modes to highlight blocks of {}, [], and []. • show-paren-mode , which highlights the parens that matches the one before or after point. • rainbow delimiters mode, where matching nested parens are highlighted with the same colour.		
Toggle show-paren mode on/off See also: » Highlight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <f12> M-9 <M-f12> M-9 <f11> h ((show-paren-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle visualization of matching parens (Show Paren mode). • With a prefix argument ARG, enable Show Paren mode if ARG is positive, and disable it otherwise. • Show Paren mode is a global minor mode. When enabled, any matching parenthesis is highlighted in 'show-paren-style' after 'show-paren-delay' seconds of Emacs idle time.

Description	Keystroke	Function	Note
Enable/Disable coloured highlight of nested blocks <code>(){}[]</code> See also: » Highlight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><code><f12> M-r</code><code><M-f12> M-r</code>	(rainbow-delimiters-mode &optional ARG)	Highlight nested parentheses, brackets, and braces with different colours according to their depth. <ul style="list-style-type: none">Customize the depth and colours with M-x customize-group rainbow-delimiters  Requires: rainbow-delimiters.el  PEL activates this when the pel-use-rainbow-delimiters user option is set to t .
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><code><f11> h R</code>		
Indentation	Indent/un-indent lines with following Ruby-specific commands. These complement what is available in the » Indentation section.		
Indent expression after point	C-M-q	(prog-indent-sexp &optional DEFUN)	Indent the expression after point. <ul style="list-style-type: none">When interactively called with prefix, indent the enclosing defun instead.Does nothing if indentation is currently correct.
Open the indent-tools hydra See also: » Indentation	<code><f11> <tab> ></code>	(indent-tools-hydra/body)	Activate the e body in the "indent-tools-hydra" hydra.  Requires indent-tools external package  PEL activates it when the pel-use-indent-tools user-option is turned on (set to t).
	C-c >		 With PEL, this key binding is only available when: <ul style="list-style-type: none">globally, when pel-indent-tools-key-bound is set to globally,in python-mode only when pel-indent-tools-key-bound is set to python.The actual key is selected by indent-tools indent-tools-keymap-prefix user-option, the default is C-c >
	See also: » Hide/Show	The heads for the associated hydra are: <code>>:</code> 'indent-tools-indent', <code><:</code> 'indent-tools-demote', <code>E:</code> 'indent-tools-indent-end-of-defun', <code>c:</code> 'indent-tools-comment', <code>U:</code> 'indent-tools-uncomment', <code>P:</code> 'indent-tools-indent-paragraph', <code>l:</code> 'indent-tools-indent-end-of-level', <code>K:</code> 'indent-tools-kill-tree', <code>C:</code> 'indent-tools-copy-hydra/body', <code>s:</code> 'indent-tools-select', <code>e:</code> 'indent-tools-goto-end-of-tree', <code>u:</code> 'indent-tools-goto-parent', <code>d:</code> 'indent-tools-goto-child', <code>S:</code> 'indent-tools-select-end-of-tree', <code>n:</code> 'indent-tools-goto-next-sibling', <code>p:</code> 'indent-tools-goto-previous-sibling', <code>i:</code> 'helm-imenu', <code>j:</code> 'forward-line', <code>k:</code> 'previous-line', <code>SPC:</code> 'indent-tools-indent-space', <code>_:</code> 'undo-tree-undo', <code>L:</code> 'recenter-top-bottom', <code>f:</code> 'yafolding-toggle-element', <code>q:</code> exit	
Search Support	In Python mode, the superword mode can be useful since <code>snake_case</code> is often used. Using superword-mode helps searching. PEL activates the superword mode by default in Python mode. To change this use the <code><f11> t <f2></code> to access the customize buffer.		
Toggle superword-mode See also: <ul style="list-style-type: none">» Text Modes» Search/Replace	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><code><f11> t m p</code><code><f12> M-p</code>	(superword-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle superword-mode: a minor mode that treats <code>snake_case</code> as one word. In Ruby <code>'_'</code> are treated as part of words. <ul style="list-style-type: none">With a prefix argument ARG, enable superword mode if ARG is positive, and disable it otherwise.PEL provides the <code><f12> M-p</code> key for the programming language modes where <code>snake_case</code> is popular (Emacs Lisp, C, C++, Erlang, Python, Ruby, etc...)

Emacs & Ruby – References

Document	Notes
Ruby Programming Language	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ruby @ Wikipedia Ruby Homepage
Notes on Emacs Ruby Support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ruby Mode @ Emacs Wiki Ruby On Rails @ Emacs Wiki
LSP Support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LSP Mode for Ruby solargraph @ GitHub
Blogs on adding support for Ruby	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Getting Started with Emacs for Ruby , by Horace William, 07 June 2016. Ruby and Emacs Tip: Advanced Pry Integration, from Thiago Araújo Silva, Aug 27, 2018 and updated May 11, 2019
Tools for Ruby	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pry - an alternative for the Ruby IRB shell 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pry @ GitHub Pry Home Page