Rectangles

<u>Operation</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>	
Rectangles See also: Drawing	The rectangle can highlighted area s	be defined by the normal set-mark-comma	made of the area made of the opposite corners of the point and mark. and as shown in the first screen shot below. However, when you use that, the ngle. You just have to remember that the rectangle is made of the opposite corners the command.	
	• The rectangle-ma second screensho Remember that n would prevent you fi	ark-mode command provides a better visual feedback as it only highlights the area that constitutes the rectangle as shown in the		
	• PEL binds <f1< th=""><th></th><th>> p to toggle picture-mode. You can also use M-x to issue the command.</th></f1<>		> p to toggle picture-mode. You can also use M-x to issue the command.	
Set mark & activate/ deactivate it See also: Marking	• C-SPC • C-@ • <f11> . s</f11>	(set-mark-command ARG)	Set the mark where point is and toggle its activation. • If mark was not active it activates it: moving the cursor further will show the marked area (the region) if transient mode is enabled (the default in Emacs). • If the mark is active, de-activates it. Issuing the command twice (C-SPC C-SPC) sets the mark location and deactivates it. You can use this command to create a rectangle: the rectangle will not show explicitly, in the example below it is defined by the top-left and bottom-right corners of the marked area that is highlighted.	
		File Edit Options Buffers Too - no-indent - full-indent		
			Assuming the v of 'void' in the code mn of the file (the code snippets	
		<pre>void some_function(int some { #ifdef USING_WINDOWS #ifdef USING_CYGWIN do_some_unix_call(); #else</pre>	<pre>{ #ifdef USING_WINDOWS #ifdef USING_CYGWIN</pre>	
		<pre>do_some_windows_call(); #endif #elif USING_MAC_OS some_macos_call(); #else do_some_unix_call(); #endif }</pre>	do_some_windows_call();	
		- indent-anchored-on-first-co		
Toggle rectangle Mark Mode See also: <u>▼ Marking</u>	C-x SPC	(rectangle-mark-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle the region as rectangular. • Activates the region if needed. Only lasts until the region is deactivated. • When this mode is active, the region-rectangle is highlighted and can be shrunk/ grown, and the standard kill and yank commands operate on it. See the screenshot below, where the mark was activated with C-x SPC on the first letter of the word "void" and then the cursor moved down right to highlight a rectangle. Nothing "bleeds" outside of the rectangle.	
		● ● ■ ~/dev/elisp/pel — P File Edit Options Buffers Too - no-indent	EL — e -nw pel-ppindent.el • aspell — .bash emacs-black — ttys004 pls Emacs-Lisp Help	
		- full-indent - indent-anchored-on-first-co - indent-to-scope The styles are shown below.	Assuming the v of 'void' in the code	
		snippets is on the first column are indented here to help shows - no-indent style:	umn of the file (the code snippets ow the names of the styles): - full indent:	
		<pre>void some_function(int some { #ifdef USING_WINDOWS #ifdef USING_CYGWIN do_some_unix_call(); #else</pre>	e_arg) void some_function(int some_arg) {	
		do_some_windows_call(); #endif #elif USING_MAC_OS some_macos_call(); #else do_some_unix_call(); #endif }	do_some_windows_call(); #endif #elif USING_MAC_OS some_macos_call(); #else do_some_unix_call(); #endif }	
		- indent-anchored-on-first-cc -UU-:F1 pel-ppindent.el	Dlumn: - indent-to-scope: 43% (87,34) (Emacs-Lisp WK Fly ² Anzu ElDoc)	
Copy/Save rectangle text See also: <u>© Cut & Paste</u>	• C-x r M-w • <f11> = r</f11>	(copy-rectangle-as-kill START END)	Copy the region-rectangle and save it as the last killed one.	
Kill text in rectangle See also: • <u>∑ Cut & Paste</u>	• C-x r k • <f11> - r</f11>	(kill-rectangle START END &optional FILL)	Delete the region-rectangle and save it as the last killed one. • If the buffer is read-only, Emacs will beep and refrain from deleting the rectangle, but put it in 'killed-rectangle' anyway. This means that ou can use this command to copy text from a read-only buffer. (If the variable 'kill-read-only-ok' is non-nil, then this won't even beep.)	

<u>Operation</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>	
Delete rectangle text	С-ж г ф	(delete-rectangle START END &optional FILL)	Delete (don't save) text in the region-rectangle. The same range of columns is deleted in each line starting with the line where the region begins and ending with the line where the region ends. With a prefix (or a FILL) argument, also fill lines where nothing has to be deleted.	
Yank last killed rectangle	С-х г у	(yank-rectangle)	Yank the last killed rectangle with upper left corner at point.	
Fill rectangle with space	С-х г о	(open-rectangle START END &optional FILL)	Blank out the region-rectangle, shifting text right. The text previously in the region is not overwritten by the blanks, but instead winds up to the right of the rectangle. With a prefix (or a FILL) argument, fill with blanks even if there is no text on the right side of the rectangle.	
Insert line numbers to left or rectangle	C-x r N	(rectangle-number-lines START END START-AT &optional FORMAT)	Insert numbers in front of the region-rectangle. • With a prefix argument, prompt for <u>START-AT</u> and <u>FORMAT</u> .	
Clear rectangle - replace text with space	C-x r c	(clear-rectangle START END &optional FILL)	Blank out the region-rectangle. The text previously in the region is overwritten with blanks. With a prefix (or a FILL) argument, also fill with blanks the parts of the rectangle which were empty.	
Replace rectangle content with specified string on each line	C-x r t	(string-rectangle START END STRING)	Replace rectangle contents with STRING on each line. The length of STRING need not be the same as the rectangle width. When called interactively and option 'rectangle-preview' is non-nil, display the result as the user enters the string into the minibuffer. This command can be used to draw vertical lines in tables, using as the character with a rectangle over the specific column. See this example.	
Delete whitespace in rectangle lines		(delete-whitespace-rectangle START END &optional FILL)	Delete all whitespace following a specified column in each line. The left edge of the rectangle specifies the position in each line at which whitespace deletion should begin. On each line in the rectangle, all contiguous whitespace starting at that column is deleted. With a prefix (or a FILL) argument, also fill too short lines.	
Insert string on each rectangle line		(string-insert-rectangle START END STRING)	Insert STRING on each line of region-rectangle, shifting text right. • This command does not delete or overwrite any existing text.	
iedit-rectangle-mode	Like other rectangIn this mode the formula	rectangle areas of text. rectangle commands, you must first mark a rectangle area using the set-mark-command (C-SPC). See above. rethe following commands are available. The however the other standard rectangle commands above do not always work. rethe iedit external package. PEL downloads, installs and activates it when either pel-use-iedit or pel-use-lispy user options is set to t.		
Toggle the iedit-rectangle- mode	C-x r RET	(iedit-rectangle-mode &optional BEG END)	When ledit-rect mode is on, a rectangle is started with visible rectangle highlighting. Rectangle editing support is based on ledit mechanism. First select a region using marking. Use set-mark-command (bound to C-SPC) and then move point. Useful to insert or remove vertical spacing or editing tabular data. PEL activates this key binding on startup when either pel-use-iedit or pel-use-lispy user options is set to t	
		File Edit Options Buffers Tools (if (memg ppindent-style '(no fu in (progl (setq pel-ppindent-us (message "Now using %S (error "Invalid ppindent st (defun pel-ppindent-select-styl "Prompt user and select inden (interactive) (pel-select-from "C preproces '((?n (?f	EL — e -nw pel-ppindent.el · aspell — .bash emacs-black — ttys016 — T#7 Emacs-Lisp Help -indent 11-indent dent-anchored-on-first-column dent-to-scope)) ed-style ppindent-style) C preprocessor style for current buffer." pel-ppindent-used-style\$ yle: %S" ppindent-style))) e () tation style for C preprocessor directives." sor indentation style" "no-indent" no-indent) "full-indent" full-indent)	
			"indent-anchored-on-first-column" indent-anchored-on-first-c\$ "indent-to-scope" indent-to-scope)) -used-style 1-ppindent-set-style))) 66% (140,26) (Emacs-Lisp uTr WK Fly 2 Anzu ElDoc Iedit-rect:4) -	
Kill text in rectangle	м-к	(iedit-kill-rectangle &optional FILL)	Kill the rectangle: delete the region-rectangle and save it as the last killed one. • The behavior is the same as 'kill-rectangle' in rect mode.	
Replace all rectangle text with space characters	M-SPACE	(iedit-blank-occurrences)	Replace occurrences with blank spaces.	
Insert line numbers in each line of rectangle	M-N	(iedit-number-occurrences START-AT &optional FORMAT-STRING)	 Insert numbers in front of each line of the rectangle START-AT, if non-nil, should be a number from which to begin counting. FORMAT, if non-nil, should be a format string to pass to 'format-string' along with the line count. When called interactively with a prefix argument, prompt for START-AT and FORMAT. 	
Quit edit-mode	C-g	(iedit-quit)	Quit edit-rectangle-mode. Must be typed inside the rectangle to take effect.	
Picture Mode Rectangle Commands	They also allow st	innands allow drawing rectangles in the buf oring the rectangles in registers and restore nust activate Picture mode first. With PEL	them from rectangles.	
Draw rectangle around region	C-c C-r	(picture-draw-rectangle START END)	Draw a rectangle around region.	
Clear & save rectangle	C-c C-k	(picture-clear-rectangle START END &optional KILLP)	Clear and save rectangle delineated by point and mark. • The rectangle is saved for yanking by C-c C-y and replaced with whitespace. The previously saved rectangle, if any, is lost. With prefix argument, the rectangle is actually killed, shifting remaining text.	
Clear reactangle	C-c C-w	(picture-clear-rectangle-to-register START END REGISTER &optional KILLP)	Clear rectangle delineated by point and mark into REGISTER. • The rectangle is saved in REGISTER and replaced with whitespace. • With prefix argument, the rectangle is actually killed, shifting remaining text.	

<u>Operation</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>
Yank and overlay saved rectangle	С-с С-у	(picture-yank-rectangle &optional INSERTP)	Overlay rectangle saved by C-c C-k The rectangle is positioned with upper left corner at point, overwriting existing text. With prefix argument, the rectangle is inserted instead, shifting existing text. Leaves mark at one corner of rectangle and point at the other (diagonally opposed) corner.
Overlay rectangle saved in register	С-с С-ж	(picture-yank-rectangle-from-register REGISTER &optional INSERTP)	Overlay rectangle saved in REGISTER. The rectangle is positioned with upper left corner at point, overwriting existing text. With prefix argument, the rectangle is inserted instead, shifting existing text. Leaves mark at one corner of rectangle and point at the other (diagonally opposed) corner.

Rectangle - References

Topic & Link	Notes	
GNU Emacs Manual — Rectangles		