

The ls -l command output format

Output format example	-rw-r--r--@ 1 roup staff 5111 9 Jun 14:30 readme.rst.txt										
Fields	-	rw-	r--	r--	@	1	roup	staff	5111	9 Jun 14:30	readme.rst.txt
Description	Device Type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Regular file. b Block special file. c Character special file. d Directory. l Symbolic link. p FIFO. s Socket. w Whiteout. 	read, write, execute Permissions			On macOS only:		ownership		Size in bytes. With ls -lh , size format is human readable with units: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> k : kilo M : mega G : giga 	Date of last modification	Name of the file
		Owner	Group	Word	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> @ has extended attributes % dataless file or directory 	Number of links or directories	User ownership: user that owns the file or directory	Group ownership:			