## Comments

Action	Key binding	Command	<u>Note</u>		
Comment Commands			ments. Some external packages also handle comments generically. Both sets of		
See also: <u>N Hide/Show</u>	commands are described in this table.  • Since the concept of comment depends on the programming language several major modes provide extra commands to handle their comments. These other commands are described in the pages for the markup and programming languages.  • See also the ∑ Hide/Show page; it describes a Hydra that provides quick access to selectively hide parts of text and code.  • The behaviour of the comment commands depend on the value of several comment user-options. List them all with <f11>; ?</f11>				
Open this PDF file. See also: <u>N Help/Info</u>	<f11> ; <f1></f1></f11>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB-PAGE)			
Customize PEL Comment Support See also: Customize	<f11> ; <f2></f2></f11>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize PEL Bookmark support: open PEL programming language group (which holds generic comment user options).  • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in other window.		
Customize Emacs & external package comment support See also: Customize	<f11> ; <f3></f3></f11>	(pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize Emacs and external packages related to buffer. This includes the following customize groups: comment and hideshow.  When a prefix argument (like <b>C-u</b> ) opens the buffer inside another window.  Group belonging to files that have not yet been loaded are normally not accessible in Emacs via the customize-group command. But PEL attempts to locate the file that defines a non-loaded customization group and will prompt for loading the file if it finds it.		
Configure Commenting	Use the following commands to see how comments are controlled in the current buffer and to change it.				
Show values of Emacs comment-control variables  Provide access to customization of each user-option	<f11> ; ?</f11>	(pel-comment-show-variables & optional ONLY-USER-OPTIONS)	Display the names and values of the comment related variables.  Open a *comment-vars* buffer and insert the information at the end of the buffer. Move last line of text to the last line of window  If the ONLY-USER-OPTIONS argument is non-nil, include only user option variables.  This helps understand the impact of variables and user options controlling the behaviour of commands that controls the comments generation.		
Set comment column to current column	С-ж ;	(comment-set-column ARG)	Set the comment-column variable (shown in the ruler as '#').  • With no argument: set to the current column.  • With any positive argument set comment-column to the same column as the previous		
Set comment column to previous comment and adjust/insert a comment	C-u C-x ;	(comment-set-column 1)	With any positive argument set comment-column to the same column as the previous comment and align/create a comment on this line at that column.      With - as arg, kill any comment on current line.		
Set comment start string	<f11> ; b</f11>	(pel-comment-start)	Show and set comment start string for current mode.  • Controlled by variable: comment-start		
Set comment end string	<f11> ; e</f11>	(pel-comment-end)	Show and set comment end string for current mode.  • Controlled by variable: <i>comment-end</i> • By default it's "". It must be "" if the comment ends at the end of the line.		
Set comment continue (middle) string	<f11> ; m</f11>	(pel-comment-middle)	Show and set comment continue/middle string for current mode.  Controlled by variable: comment-continue  By default it is nil. Can be set to any string.  This is used for multi-line comments		
Set Fill Column  • See: ∑ Filling/Justification	• C-x f • <f11> t f c</f11>	(set-fill-column ARG)	When no prefix value: prompts for column.  If with C-u prefix: use current column.  If with prefix value: use that value.		
Toggle auto fill inside comments only	<f11> t f C</f11>	(pel-auto-fill-only-comments)	Toggle the <i>comment-auto-fill-only-comments</i> variable to control whether filling is done everywhere or only inside the comments.  Note: this command and other fill specific commands are described in the Fill/Justification table.		
See all comment control variables	• C-h v comment- <tab><tab></tab></tab>		Lists all variables that have a name that starts with the word "comment-".  See the Help table for more information on getting help from within Emacs.		
(un-)comment code	Use the following commands to comment or un-comment code. The commands select the comment style according to the major-mode of the current buffer.				
Insert, realign, comment/ uncomment region	M-;	(comment-dwim ARG)	Insert or realign comment on current line.  If the region is active, comment or uncomment the region instead.  C-u M-; executes comment-kill		
Comment/Uncomment each line in the region.  Only available for some programming languages, including:  • C, C++, D, Erlang	C-c C-c	(comment-region BEG END &optional ARG)	Comment or uncomment each line in the region.  • With just C-u prefix arg, uncomment each line in region BEG END.  • Numeric prefix ARG means use ARG comment characters.  • If ARG is negative, delete that many comment characters instead.  • The strings used as comment starts are built from 'comment-start' and 'comment-padding'; the strings used as comment ends are built from 'comment-end' and 'comment-padding'.  • By default, the 'comment-start' markers are inserted at the current indentation of the region, and comments are terminated on each line (even for syntaxes in which newline does not end the comment and blank lines do not get comments). This can be changed with 'comment-style'.  style you try this when no region is marked and the /* */ style comments is active, the comment ends on the next space, which is probably not what you want. The command comment-dwim works better.		
Uncomment a region	<f11> ; u</f11>	(uncomment-region BEG END &optional ARG)	Uncomment each line in the BEG END region. The numeric prefix ARG can specify a number of chars to remove from the comment delimiter.  Sometimes the comment-dwim, shown above, does not uncomment a region, it adds another layer of comment. In that case try this command instead.		
Comment/uncomment current line	• C-x C-; • <f11> ; 1 • <f6> ;</f6></f11>	(comment-line N)	Comment/uncomment current line (the comment is at the beginning of the line).  • Since C-; is not an ASCII Control character, C-x C-; does not work in Terminal.  Use the alternate keystroke.		
Comment the region as a box	<f11> ; B</f11>	(comment-box BEG END &optional ARG)	Comment the marked region in a comment box.		
New line & aligned comment	• M-j • C-M-j	Mapped to:     C, C++ modes: (c-indent-new-comment-line &optional SOFT ALLOW-AUTO-FILL)     Buffer Menu, text mode, python mode: (comment-dwim ARG)	When <b>M-j</b> is typed, on a line that contains a comment, a new line is entered and a comment is placed in the same column, with point placed after the same number of spaces.		

<u>Action</u>	Key binding	Command	Note		
Kill comments					
Kill comment on current line	<f11> ; k</f11>	(comment-kill ARG)	Kill the complete comment text on the line (whether it is at the beginning of the line or after some code) and remember in kill ring.  • With numeric argument, kill comment on as many lines staring with the current one.  • For one line this can also be executed with C-u M-;		
Delete all comments in buffer or marked region See also:  • <u>∑ Cut &amp; Paste</u>	<f11> ; ⊠</f11>	(pel-delete-all-comments)	Delete all comments in current (possibly narrowed) buffer or marked region.  To delete all comments inside a region mark the region first. You can also narrow a region and then use this command to remove all comments from that narrowed region, without affecting anything else. See the Narrowing table for information on narrowing.		
Kill all comments in buffer or marked region (& retain them in kill ring) See also:  • <u>∑ Cut &amp; Paste</u>	<f11> ; - <f11> - ;</f11></f11>	(pel-kill-all-comments)	Kill all comments in current (possibly narrowed) buffer or marked region and retain them in kill ring.  I To kill all comments inside a region mark the region first. You can also narrow a region and then use this command to remove all comments from that narrowed region, without affecting anything else. See the  Narrowing table for information on narrowing.		
Hide/Show Comments See also: <u>New Hide/Show</u>	The				

## Comments — References

GNU Emacs Manual - Manipulating Comments	
GNU Emacs Lisp — Tips on Writing Comments	Emacs Lisp comments conventions/guidelines.
Drew Adams hide-cmnt @ EmacsWiki	<u>Drew Adams</u> wrote this nice utility to quickly hide all comments in buffer that is under a mode that understands comments. En passant, merci Drew pour ce code (entre autres librairies) et <u>la page en français</u> . Il faudrait bien que je m'y mette et traduise tout mon document un jour