






Syntax Checking Tools

Description	Keystroke	Function	Note	
<div>Syntax Checking<div>◦ Help & Customization<ul style="list-style-type: none">Using Flycheck<ul style="list-style-type: none">Info/manualSetupSyntax check buffer/fileShow/Navigate errorsUsing Flymake</div><div><div>Last updated on:</div><div>2025-05-08</div></div></div>	<div>Emacs syntax checking can be performed by the built-in flymake package or the newer (and more powerful) flycheck external package.</div> <div><div> PEL provides key bindings to activate flycheck globally accessible key sequence <code><f11>!!</code> , but none for flymake, as flycheck is currently preferred.</div><ul style="list-style-type: none">However, for some major modes like Erlang, Go and Unix shell, PEL provides key bindings to activate the syntax checking mode selected for the major mode, and either flycheck or flymake may be selected by the key sequence as specified by the appropriate user-option controlling syntax checking for the major mode.<div>More info in the pages of the following major modes:</div><div><div><ul style="list-style-type: none">ℱℒ - Erlangℱℒ - Goℱℒ - UNIX Shell.</div><div>Other modes support it but they are not yet well documented.🚧 This includes:<ul style="list-style-type: none">ℱℱℒ - Emacs Lispℱℒ - Odinℱℒ - Rust</div></div></div>			
<div>Open this PDF file.<div>See also: ℱℒ Help/Info</div></div>	<code><f11> ! <f1></code>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB-PAGE)	Open the ℱℒ SyntaxCheck local PDF. If the prefix argument (like C-u or M--) is used, then it opens the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the pel-flip-help-pdf-arg user-option is set it's the other way around.	
<div>ℱℒ Customize PEL syntax checking control</div>	<code><f11> ! <f2></code>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize PEL support for: syntax checking. <ul style="list-style-type: none">If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u) , display in other window.	
<div>ℱℒ Customize Emacs syntax checking control</div>	<code><f11> ! <f3></code>	(pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize Emacs spelling support. Opens the following customization groups: flymake, fly check.	
<div>Flycheck</div>	<div>Flycheck is a minor mode for on-the-fly syntax checking.</div> <div> The flycheck external package  is activated by PEL when pel-use-flycheck user-option is turned on or another activated PEL user-option requires it.</div> <div> Aside from the following 2 key bindings that PEL provides to toggle the flycheck-mode, flycheck key prefix is C-c ! as set by its flycheck-keymap-prefix user-option. You can change it for a different key prefix.</div> <div> Type <code><f10></code> to open the menu bar and navigate to Tools/Syntax Checking for the list of flycheck commands from the menu.</div>			
<div>Toggle flycheck mode for current buffer</div>	<code><f11> ! !</code>	(flycheck-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle flycheck minor-mode for the current buffer or flymake syntax checking mode when it is selected by the user-option appropriate for the major mode. Several major modes binds the same key sequence to another command that is specific to the major mode but either activate flycheck-mode or flymake-mode depending on the customization of the major mode. Refer to the documentation of the major mode for more information.	
<div>Toggle flycheck mode for all buffers</div>	<code><f11> ! M-!</code>	(global-flycheck-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle Flycheck mode in all buffers. <ul style="list-style-type: none">Flycheck mode is enabled in all buffers where ‘flycheck-mode-on-safe’ would do it.	
<div>• Info about Flycheck</div>	The following key bindings are available when flycheck-mode is active.			
<div>Open Flycheck manual</div>	<code>C-c ! i</code>	(flycheck-manual)	Open the Flycheck manual.	
<div>Display Flycheck version</div>	<code>C-c ! v</code>	(flycheck-version &optional SHOW-VERSION)	Get the Flycheck version as string. <ul style="list-style-type: none">If called interactively or if SHOW-VERSION is non-nil, show the version in the echo area and the messages buffer.The returned string includes both, the version from package.el and the library version, if both a present and different.If the version number could not be determined, signal an error, if called interactively, or if SHOW-VERSION is non-nil, otherwise just return nil.	
<div>• Flycheck setup</div>	The following key bindings are available when flycheck-mode is active.			
<div>Display documentation about syntax checker</div>	<code>C-c ! ?</code>	(flycheck-describe-checker CHECKER)	Display the documentation of CHECKER. <ul style="list-style-type: none">CHECKER is a checker symbol.Pop up a help buffer with the documentation of CHECKER.	
<div>Select Flycheck Checker for current buffer</div>	<code>C-c ! s</code>	(flycheck-select-checker CHECKER)	Select CHECKER for the current buffer. <ul style="list-style-type: none">CHECKER is a syntax checker symbol (see ‘flycheck-checkers’) or nil. In the former case, use CHECKER for the current buffer, otherwise deselect the current syntax checker (if any) and use automatic checker selection via ‘flycheck-checkers’.If called interactively prompt for CHECKER. With prefix arg deselect the current syntax checker and enable automatic selection again.Set ‘flycheck-checker’ to CHECKER and automatically start a new syntax check if the syntax checker changed.CHECKER will be used, even if it is not contained in ‘flycheck-checkers’, or if it is disabled via ‘flycheck-disabled-checkers’.	
<div>Verify Flycheck setup</div>	<code>C-c ! v</code>	(flycheck-verify-setup)	Check whether Flycheck can be used in this buffer. <ul style="list-style-type: none">Display a new buffer listing all syntax checkers that could be applicable in the current buffer. For each syntax checkers, possible problems are shown.	
<div>Disable Flycheck checker</div>	<code>C-c ! x</code>	(flycheck-disable-checker CHECKER &optional ENABLE)	Interactively disable CHECKER for the current buffer. <ul style="list-style-type: none">Prompt for a syntax checker to disable, and add the syntax checker to the buffer-local value of ‘flycheck-disabled-checkers’.With non-nil ENABLE or with prefix arg, prompt for a disabled syntax checker and re-enable it by removing it from the buffer-local value of ‘flycheck-disabled-checkers’.	
<div>• Flycheck buffer/file</div>	The following key bindings are available when flycheck-mode is active.			
<div>Syntax Check current buffer</div>	<code>C-c ! c</code>	(flycheck-buffer)	Start checking syntax in the current buffer. <ul style="list-style-type: none">Get a syntax checker for the current buffer with ‘flycheck-get-checker-for-buffer’, and start it.	
<div>Check syntax of current file</div>	<code>C-c ! C-c</code>	(flycheck-compile CHECKER)	Run CHECKER via ‘compile’. <ul style="list-style-type: none">CHECKER must be a valid syntax checker. Interactively, prompt for a syntax checker to run.Instead of highlighting errors in the buffer, this command pops up a separate buffer with the entire output of the syntax checker tool, just like ‘compile’.	
<div>• Manage Errors</div>	The following key bindings are available when flycheck-mode is active.			
<div>Show error list for current buffer</div>	<div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><code>C-c ! l</code><code><f11> ! l</code></div>	(flycheck-list-errors)	Show the error list for the current buffer.	
<div>Display all errors at point</div>	<code>C-c ! h</code>	(flycheck-display-error-at-point)	Display all the error messages at point.	
<div>Explain error at point</div>	<code>C-c ! e</code>	(flycheck-explain-error-at-point)	Display an explanation for the first explainable error at point. <ul style="list-style-type: none">The first explainable error at point is the first error at point with a non-nil ‘error-explainer’ function defined in its checker. The ‘error-explainer’ function is then called with this error to produce the explanation to display.	
<div>Copy errors</div>	<code>C-c ! C-w</code>	(flycheck-copy-errors-as-kill POS &optional FORMATTER)	Copy each error at POS into kill ring, using FORMATTER. <ul style="list-style-type: none">FORMATTER is a function to turn an error into a string, defaulting to ‘flycheck-error-message’.Interactively, use ‘flycheck-error-format-message-and-id’ as FORMATTER with universal prefix arg, and ‘flycheck-error-id’ with normal prefix arg, i.e. copy the message and the ID with universal prefix arg, and only the id with normal prefix arg.	
<div>Clear all errors</div>	<code>C-c ! C</code>	(flycheck-clear &optional SHALL-INTERRUPT)	Clear all errors in the current buffer. <ul style="list-style-type: none">With prefix arg or SHALL-INTERRUPT non-nil, also interrupt the current syntax check.	
<div>Move point to next error</div>	<code>C-c ! n</code>	(flycheck-next-error &optional N RESET)	Visit the N-th error from the current point. <ul style="list-style-type: none">N is the number of errors to advance by, where a negative N advances backwards. With non-nil RESET, advance from the beginning of the buffer, otherwise advance from the current position.	
<div>Move point to prior error</div>	<code>C-c ! p</code>	(flycheck-previous-error &optional N)	Visit the N-th previous error. <ul style="list-style-type: none">If given, N specifies the number of errors to move backwards by.If N is negative, move forwards instead.	

Description	Keystroke	Function	Note	
Using Flymake	<p>Flymake performs syntax checking while the user is editing. PEL provides flymake support for some major modes.</p> <p>☞☞ Flymake has several customizable variables, which some listed here:</p> <p>The following customization variables determine the exact circumstances whereupon Flymake decides to initiate a check of the buffer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • flymake-start-on-flymake-mode : t to start checking when flymake-mode is started. nil to prevent check. • flymake-no-changes-timeout : time to wait after last change to start checking. Default = 0.5 seconds. • flymake-start-syntax-check-on-newline : t to check after insertion or removal of newline char from buffer. nil to prevent check. <p>The following variable control navigation to next or previous error:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • flymake-wrap-around : If non-nil, moving to errors wraps around buffer boundaries. • flymake-diagnostic-types-alist : Alist ((KEY . PROPS)*) of properties of Flymake diagnostic types. See Emacs documentation for more info. 			
Toggle Flymake mode on/off	M-x flymake-mode	(flymake-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle Flymake mode on or off. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • With a prefix argument ARG, enable Flymake mode if ARG is positive, and disable it otherwise. • Flymake is an Emacs minor mode for on-the-fly syntax checking. • Flymake collects diagnostic information from multiple sources, called backends, and visually annotates the buffer with the results. 	
	<f11> ! !		Several major modes binds this key sequence to another command that is specific to the major mode but either activate flycheck-mode or flymake-mode depending on the customization of the major mode. Refer to the documentation of the major mode for more information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If it is not bound, invoke the command manually as above. 	
Go to next flymake diagnostic	M-n	(flymake-goto-next-error &optional N FILTER INTERACTIVE)	Move point to the next Flymake diagnostic. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • With a prefix arg, skip any diagnostics with a severity less than ‘:warning’. • Display the error message in the echo line. 	
Go to previous flymake diagnostic	M-p	(flymake-goto-prev-error &optional N FILTER INTERACTIVE)	Move point to the previous Flymake diagnostic. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • With a prefix arg, skip any diagnostics with a severity less than ‘:warning’. • Display the error message in the echo line. 	

Syntax Checking Tools— References

Topic & link	Description
Flymake	
GNU Flymake Manual	Flymake is part of Emacs. It has its own manual.
Flycheck	
Spotlight: Flycheck, a Flymake replacement	Flycheck description by Mickey Petersen
Flycheck home page	
Flycheck supported languages	List of programming and markup languages supported by Flycheck.
Modern Emacs setup for Erlang (with autocompletion and lint)	LambdaCat December 2015 blog, which describes how to use Flycheck for Erlang.