

PEL Topics Index

Note: with PEL, type <f11> <f1> to open this PDF index.					
Emacs Reference Cards 🖱️ With PEL you can access these via the <f11> ? e x key sequence. See 🔗 Help/Info	These are links to the PDF version of official English version of the quick reference cards for GNU Emacs and popular external packages. PEL documents Emacs key bindings as well, these cards provide useful complement to what PEL provides.				
	Emacs Emacs survival card	Calc Dired	Gnus Gnus booklet	Magit Cheatsheet Magit Ref-card	Org Viper VIP
<div>➤ PEL Overview</div> <div> <div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PEL repo PEL Readme PEL Manual PEL NEWS 📰 </div> <div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> General Information. Development Information Migration Guide </div> </div> <div> This table holds links to the PEL file tables. Each cell holds a hyperlink to the GitHub hosted raw PDF table. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 🖱️ For the best user experience, use a browser that can render PDF directly instead of downloading. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mozilla Firefox (version > 78) does that perfectly. You may need to activate a plug-in for other browsers. With that in place, you can browse through all the PDFs and reach a vast amount of information quickly. 🖱️ From within Emacs open this topic index PDF by typing the <f11> ? <f1> key sequence. More help topics with <f11> ? p keys. 🖱️ The symbols, colour coding and various other conventions are described in the ➤Legend PDF. </div>					
OS Desktop Key Bindings (Bindings that don't clash with PEL)	🍏 macOS Fct Keys	🍏 macOS Keys	🐧 Ubuntu 16.04 Desktop Keys		
		🍏 terminal settings	🐧 Mint 20 Desktop Keys		
<div>🔌 Feature Comparisons</div>	<div>🔌 Completion Modes Compatibility</div>		<div>🔌 Speedbar/iMenu Mode Compatibility</div>		<div>🔌 Shells/Terminals Comparisons</div>
<div>Key Prefixes & Suffixes</div>	<div>🔗 ≡ Modifier Keys</div>		<div>🔗 ≡ Num keypad</div>	<div>➤ PEL</div>	<div>≡ Keys - Fn</div> <div>≡ Keys - F11</div>
<div> <div>🔗 Emacs Features</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A Guided Tour of Emacs. Awesome-Emacs MELPA and GNU ELPA </div> <div> The PEL tables named at right describe Emacs commands & key bindings for concepts & features. The cell color is light-blue for major mode, light-red for minor mode Emacs commands can be executed by name or bound to key sequences. The commands may have <i>arguments</i> and keys can express them. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emacs Keys Numeric Arguments You can also: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Run Command by Name </div> <div> Emacs uses a concept of modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emacs Major and Minor Modes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Major Modes Minor Modes Choosing Modes PEL provides key sequences to toggle minor modes. </div>	Cells link titles starting with only 🔗 are Emacs generic features, blue links are external packages. The green links are mostly PEL extensions.				
	🔗 Abbreviations	🔗 Diff & Merge	🔗 Grep	🔗 Marking	🔗 Scrolling
	🔗 Align	🔗 Dired	🔗 Help/Info	🔗 Menus	🔗 Search/Replace
	🔗 Auto-Completion	🔗 Display - Lines	🔗 Hide/Show	🔗 Mode Line	🔗 Sessions
	🔗 Autosave/Backup	🔗 Drawing	🔗 Highlight (colors)	🔗 Mouse	🔗 start Shells/REPLs
	🔗 Bookmarks	🔗 Enriched Text	🔗 ibuffer-mode	🔗 Narrowing	🔗 shell-mode
	🔗 Buffers	🔗 Faces/Fonts	🔗 Indentation	🔗 Navigation	🔗 term-mode
	🔗 Case Conversions	🔗 P Fast Startup	🔗 Input Method	🔗 Outline	🔗 vterm-mode
	🔗 Close/Suspend	🔗 File-mngt	🔗 Inserting Text	🔗 Packages	🔗 Smartparens
	🔗 Comments	🔗 File/Dir Variables	🔗 Key-Chords	🔗 Projectile	🔗 Sorting
	🔗 Completion/Input	🔗 Fill/Justify	🔗 Keyboard Macros	🔗 Rectangles	🔗 Speedbar
	🔗 Counting	🔗 Frames	🔗 X - Lisp	🔗 Registers	🔗 Spell Checking
	🔗 CUA				🔗 SyntaxCheck
	🔗 Cursor				
	🔗 Customize				
	🔗 Cut & Paste				
<div>🔗 Xref - Emacs Lisp concepts & tools</div>	🔗 display-buffer	🔗 * - ELisp Types	🔗 ERT (regre-testing)	🔗 Hooks	
<div> Xref - Cross Reference Tools See also: 🔗 Xref </div>	Emacs supports various cross reference mechanisms described in the 🔗 Xref table. These mechanisms take advantage of various external tools and integrate with them. Notes about those tools are available in the tables listed in this section.				
	🔌 Xref-Support	🔌 Xref-Backend			
PEL supports installation and partial setup of the following tools:	PEL has support for several build tools but they are not all documented in a page. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nix 📦 Requires nix-mode external package 🔗 activated when pel-use-nix-mode user-option is tuned on. Tup 📦 Requires tup-mode external package 🔗 activated when pel-use-tup user-option is tuned on. 				<div> Command Line Scripting Languages: </div>
<div>Build Tools & Preprocessor</div>	<div>🔗 M4</div>	<div>🔗 Make</div> <div>🔗 gmake</div>			<div> bash, sh, zsh </div>
<div>Data Serialization</div>	<div>📄 CWL</div>	<div>📄 YAML</div>			Utility: GNU readline
<div>Data Modelling/ Specification</div>	<div>📄 ASN.1 asn1-mode</div>	<div>📄 MIB snmp-mode</div>	<div>📄 YANG</div>		
<div>Hardware Description Languages</div>	Verilog 🔗future	VHDL 🔗future			
<div>Text Markup Languages</div>	<div>📄 AsciiDoc</div>	<div>📄 Markdown</div>	<div>📄 Org-Mode</div>	<div>📄 reStructuredText</div>	<div> OS App Control Scripting Languages </div>
<div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Graphics Markup </div>	<div>📄 Graphviz Dot</div>	<div>📄 MscGen</div>	<div>📄 PlantUML</div>		<div>📄 AppleScript</div>
<div> Programming Languages Main Paradigm of Programming Language Families <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Actor Model: 📄 Concatenative 📄 Concurrent: 📄 Functional: 📄 Pure: 📄 Imperative: 📄 <i>or no token</i> Object Oriented ∞ Has Syntactic Macros: 📄 </div>					
Emacs has major mode support for several programming languages. PEL currently adds extra support for some of them, listed below.					
<div> <div> <div> <div> BEAM Programming Languages </div> <div> Curly Bracket Languages </div> </div> <div> <div> Functional Languages </div> <div> Java Virtual Machine Languages </div> </div> <div> <div> Javascript target </div> <div> ML Family Languages </div> </div> <div> <div> Lisp Family Languages </div> <div> Scheme Language Dialects </div> </div> <div> <div> Lisp-like Languages </div> <div> Stack Based Languages </div> </div> </div> </div>					
The following lists the programming languages in alphabetical order. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The cell colours give a coarse indication of the programming language family(ies). 					
Ada 🔗future	<div>🔗 D</div> <div>📄 fA</div>	<div>🔗 Gambit</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	<div>🔗 Janet</div> <div>📄 ffm</div>	Objective-C 🔗future	Scala 🔗future
<div>🔗 Arc</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	Dart 🔗future	<div>🔗 Gerbil</div> <div>📄 fmA</div>	Java 🔗future	<div>🔗 OCaml</div> <div>📄 ff</div>	<div>🔗 Scheme</div> <div>📄 fm</div>
<div>🔗 C</div>	Eiffel 🔗future	<div>🔗 GNU Guile</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	<div>🔗 Javascript</div> <div>🔗 🔗</div>	Pascal 🔗future	Seed7 🔗future
<div>🔗 C++</div>	<div>🔗 Elm</div> <div>🔗 future</div> <div>📄 F</div>	<div>🔗 Gleam</div>	<div>🔗 Julia</div> <div>📄 m</div>	<div>🔗 Perl</div>	Swift 🔗future
<div>🔗 Chez</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	<div>🔗 Elixir</div> <div>📄 fmfA</div>	<div>🔗 Go</div>	Kotlin 🔗future	<div>🔗 Python</div>	<div>🔗 Tcl</div> <div>🔗 future</div> <div>📄 ff</div>
<div>🔗 Chibi</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	<div>🔗 Emacs Lisp</div>	Groovy 🔗future	<div>🔗 LFE</div> <div>📄 fmffA</div>	<div>🔗 Purescript</div> <div>📄 F</div>	<div>🔗 Typescript</div> <div>🔗 🔗</div>
<div>🔗 Chicken</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	<div>🔗 Erlang</div> <div>📄 ffA</div>	<div>🔗 Haskell</div> <div>📄 F</div>	Lua 🔗future	<div>🔗 Racket</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	<div>🔗 UNIX Shell</div>
<div>🔗 Clojure</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	<div>🔗 Factor</div> <div>📄 Kff∞m</div>	Haxe 🔗future	Modula 🔗future	<div>🔗 ReasonML</div> <div>🔗 🔗</div>	<div>🔗 V</div>
<div>🔗 Common Lisp</div> <div>📄 fm</div>	<div>🔗 Forth</div> <div>📄 K</div>	<div>🔗 Hy (python)</div> <div>📄 m</div>	<div>🔗 NetRexx</div>	<div>🔗 REXX</div>	<div>🔗 Zig</div> <div>🔗 future</div>
Crystal 🔗future	Fortran 🔗future		<div>🔗 Nim</div> <div>📄 m</div>	<div>🔗 Ruby</div>	
				<div>🔗 Rust</div>	