macs support for the TCL Programming Language

	Emacs support for the TOE Programming Language M				
Description	Keystroke	Function	Note		
<u>Tcl</u> Editing	Emacs built-in support for Tcl is provided by the tcl.el file which provides the tcl-mode to edit Tcl source code and the inferior-tcl-mode to run a Tcl REPL in a buffer. PEL provides extra support, described in this table, when the pel-use-tcl user-option is set to t. As of Emacs 30.2 there is no Tree-Sitter aware mode for TCL implemented yet. See Tree Sitter and Tree-sitter				
Last updated on:	2025-10-15				
Open this PDF file. See also: <u>∑ Help/Info</u>	<f11> SPC t <f1><f12> <f1></f1></f12></f1></f11>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB- PAGE)	Open the <u>\$\mathbb{N}\tilde{L} - Tcl</u> local PDF. If the prefix argument (like C-u or M) is used, then it opens the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the pel-flip-help-pdf-arg user-option is set it's the other way around.		
© Customize PEL Tcl support	<f11> SPC t <f2> <f12> <f2></f2></f12></f2></f11>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize PEL Tcl support. • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in another window.		
© Customize Emacs Tcl support	<f11> SPC t <f3> <f12> <f3></f3></f12></f3></f11>	(pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize Emacs Tcl support (which is currently placed in C group): C • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in another window.		
Select tcl-mode for extension-less file The <f12> key is</f12>	<f12></f12>	(pel-as &optional FORCE)	Inside a fundamental-mode buffer, interactively select major mode for the buffer. Re-do it with arg. see Create extension-less executable scripts with PEL.		
available only until a PEL controlled major mode is activated. Then it becomes a buffer prefix key.	This command is mostly used to set the major mode of a buffer in fundamental-mode', when the <f12> key binding is available for it. After being used once in a buffer the major mode is selected and the PEL key binding will not be available when PEL supports the major mode. • For Tcl file, select tcl. It will insert a shebang line specified by pel-tcl-shebang-line user option. • For Tcl expect script file, select expect. It will insert a shebang line specified by pel-tcl-expect-shebang-line user option. PEL defines the (as & optional FORCE) alias unless pel-has-alias-as user-option is set to nil. You can use M-x as to invoke it.</f12>				
Comments					
Toggle display of comments in buffer or active region See also: ∑ Comments	<f11> ; ;</f11>	(hide/show-comments-toggle &optional START END)	Toggle hiding/showing of comments in the active region or whole buffer. • If the region is active then toggle in the region. Otherwise, in the whole buffer. • This requires the hide-commt.el package (see ∑ Comments). ✓ PEL activates it when the pel-use-hide-comnt user option is t.		
Generic code skeletons • tempo skeletons See also: • \(\subseteq \) Inserting Text • \(T \) Templates	Several mechanisms have been developed to allow easy insertion of predefined text in Emacs. PEL does not yet define skeletons for Tcl. You can use the generic one. • Emacs provides the built-in skeleton mechanism and the tempo skeletons. • PEL supports both. They are used a little bit differently. PEL provides generic tempo skeletons you can use for Tcl until PEL adds Tcl-specific skeletons. • PEL provides key bindings to the tempo skeletons: the generic code templates, accessible via the <f6> prefix key, and the language-specific code templates, accessible via the <f12> key prefix.</f12></f6>				
∑ Customize PEL Text Insertions control for Tcl code skeletons.	<f6> <f2></f2></f6>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Open the customization groups that control the format of the various skeletons including the generic skeleton used by the $$ h key and the $$ h key (see below). • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use $C-u$), display in other window.		
	<f12> <f12> <f2></f2></f12></f12>	(pel-customize-generic-skels &optional OTHER-WINDOW)			
Insert generic file module header block — Language agnostic	<f6> h</f6>	(pel-generic-file-header)	Insert a file header block at the top of the file. Works only for buffer visiting a file. The command key binding <f6> h is available only 1 second after Emacs has started. As mentioned above PEL does not yet define Tcl-specific skeletons, this uses the generic one.</f6>		
	<f12> <f12> h</f12></f12>				
After inserting the template, navigate though areas that must be filled with: • forward: C-c. • backward: C-c,	 Specify the format of the header via the user-options in the pel-pkg-generic-code-style customization group accessible via <f6> <f2></f2></f6> Inside a Tcl buffer, <f12> <f2> provides access to the following customization groups:</f2></f12> After inserting a template, use tempo-forward-mark and tempo-backward-mark to move to the beginning of each section that must be filled. 				
Toggle pel-tempo- mode	<f6> SPC</f6>		Toggle PEL tempo mode on/off.		
	<f12> <f12> SPC</f12></f12>				
	PEL tempo mode activates C-c , and C-c , as well as to C-c C and C-c C-, key bindings to navigate across tempo mark hot-spots. When pel-tempo-mode is active the pel-tempo-mode lighter (‡) is shown on the status bar. The second set of keys are only available in graphics mode. del The pel-generic-file-header command inserts the text using a tempo skeleton: the PEL tempo mode is automatically activated by typing <f6> h.</f6>				
Expand any tag in	<f6> <f12></f12></f6>	(tempo-complete-tag &optional SILENT)	Look for a tag and expand it. All the tags in the tag lists in 'tempo-local-tags' (this includes		
template Note: PEL default skeleton does not use tags.	<f12> <f12> <f12></f12></f12></f12>		'tempo-tags') are searched for a match for the text before the point. The way the string to match for is determined can be altered with the variable 'tempo-match-finder'. If 'tempo-match-finder' returns nil, then the results are the same as no match at all. If a single match is found, the corresponding template is expanded in place of the matching string. If a partial completion or no match at all is found, and SILENT is non-nil, the function will give a signal. If a partial completion is found and 'tempo-show-completion-buffer' is non-nil, a buffer containing possible completions is displayed.		

Emacs & Tcl — References

Document	Notes	
The Tcl Programming Language	Tcl @ Wikipedia Tcl home	