## Getting Help / Apropos / Descriptions / Info Manuals / Queries

Description	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	Note Note
Getting Help		functions and variables, the cu	umented and all of this documentation is accessible from within Emacs: the manuals, the stomization system. You can search for manual, topic, command, function, variable, object
	• See the <u>≻Index</u> PDF	with has links to all PEL PDFs.	specific PDF files such as this one (identified as Help/Info).  her, to Emacs manual and external package home and description sites.
Open this PDF file.	<f11> ? <f1></f1></f11>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB-PAGE)	Open the <u>Nelp/Info</u> local PDF. If the prefix argument (like <b>C-u</b> or <b>M</b> ) is used, then it opens the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the <b>pel-flip-help-pdf-arg</b> useroption is set it's the other way around.
<u> ▼ Customize</u> PEL Help Support	<f11> ? <f2></f2></f11>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize PEL help support.  • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use <b>C-u</b> ), display in other window.
<u>∑ Customize</u> Emacs Help Support	<f11> ? <f3></f3></f11>	(pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize Emacs grep support. Groups: command-log, helpful
Emacs Reference Cards	Emacs has a set of short PDF reference cards.  • PEL provides a command to open the local copy of these files if they are present.  • If PEL code cannot locate the directory you can identify it in the pel-emacs-refcard-dirpath user option.		
Open local copy of <u>Emacs</u> <u>PDF reference card</u>	<f11> ? e r</f11>	(pel-open-emacs-refcard)	Prompt for an Emacs REFCARD and open it. Supports tab completion.  • Attempts to find the directory where the Emacs PDF reference card files are stored.  Otherwise uses the directory identified by the pel-emacs-refcard-dirpath user option.
Emacs Help System	As described above, Emacs	provides help for almost every	thing. The list of commands to access this information is shown in the following rows.
Prefix Keys	Key sequences consist of e	ither one keystroke like <b>C-a</b> or	M-b, or a key sequence that starts with a prefix, like C-x s, where C-x is the key prefix.
List all keys that belong to a prefix	<pre>• <prefix> C-h • <prefix> <f1></f1></prefix></prefix></pre>		Type <b>C-h</b> (or <b><f1></f1></b> ) after the prefix keystroke to list all key bindings that belong to that prefix. For example to list all <b>C-x r</b> keys, type <b>C-x r C-h</b>
Describe Help	The following commands di		the command requests. The information is displayed in a read-only *Help* buffer.
Show all key commands for this buffer	• C-h b • <f1> b</f1>	(describe-bindings &optional PREFIX BUFFER)	Display a buffer showing a list of all defined keys, and their definitions.  The keys are displayed in order of precedence.
Help on key binding	• C-h k	(describe-key &optional KEY UNTRANSLATED UP- EVENT)	Display documentation of the function invoked by KEY.  KEY can be any kind of a key sequence; it can include keyboard events, mouse events, and/or menu events.  Get binding for the typed <keystroke> in the current context.  Displays the name of the command function, it's description, it's bindings.</keystroke>
	The PEL system comes with an extensive key binding system entered around a set of function keys like <f11>, some of these are bindings for commands that already have standard Emacs bindings and sometimes the standard Emacs bindings are easier to type. Using C-h k (or the equivalent <f1> k) binding to get help on a specific binding may help you discover other, more efficient key bindings for the same command.</f1></f11>		
Open Info manual describing the command for the specific key	• C-h K	(Info-goto-emacs-key- command-node KEY)	Open the info node in the Emacs manual which describes the command bound to KEY.  Interactively, if the binding is 'execute-extended-command', a command is read.  The command is found by looking up in Emacs manual's indices or in another manual found via COMMAND's 'info-file' property or the variable 'Info-file-list-for-emacs'
Print name of function invoked by key	• C-h c <keystroke> • <f1> c <keystroke></keystroke></f1></keystroke>	(describe-key-briefly &optional KEY INSERT UNTRANSLATED)	Print the name of the function KEY invokes. KEY is a string.
Describe active major/ minor(s) modes and the key bindings	• C-h m • <f1> m • <f11> ? k m</f11></f1>	(describe-mode &optional BUFFER)	Lists the active major mode, all active minor modes and the bound keystrokes.
Describe a package See also: <u>∑ Packages</u>	• C-h P • <f1> P</f1>	(describe-package PACKAGE)	Display the full documentation of PACKAGE (a symbol).  • Prompts for the package name, supports completion.  • Shows whether it is installed or not, its version, the features it implements and some extra notes. Accesses the the elpa-compliant sites and downloads text file description.
Describe a function	• C-h f • <f1> f</f1>	(describe-function FUNCTION)	Display the full documentation of <u>FUNCTION</u> (a symbol).  - For example: <b>C-h f *-mode</b> : Get a completion list of all emacs modes  - The buffer shown contains link to the file where the function is implemented. Following the link will open the file in a buffer, even if the file is compressed.
Describe symbol	• C-h o • <f1> o</f1>	(describe-symbol SYMBOL &optional BUFFER FRAME)	Display the full documentation of SYMBOL. Will show the info of SYMBOL as a function, variable, and/or face.
Describe variable	• C-h v • <f1> v</f1>	(describe-variable VARIABLE &optional BUFFER FRAME)	For example: <b>C-h v</b> load-path: shows the emacs lisp path.     Reference: <a href="https://www.gnu.org/software/emacs/manual/html">https://www.gnu.org/software/emacs/manual/html</a> node/eintr/See-variable-current-value.html
Describe bindings for a command	• C-h w • <f1> w</f1>	(where-is DEFINITION & Optional INSERT)	Print message listing key sequences that invoke the command DEFINITION.  • Prompt for command name, supports completion.  • If INSERT (the prefix arg) is non-nil, insert the message in the buffer
Help on Input Method	• C-h I • <f1> I</f1>	(describe-input-method INPUT-METHOD)	Provide information about the <u>input method</u> . Prompts for the name of an input method. See <b>Input Method</b> section for more info.
See also: <u>Input Method</u>	• C-h C-\	(december 11	Disability information about CODING CVCTTV
Describe encoding system  Describe buffers encoding ➡	• C-h C • <f1> C • <f11> ? d C</f11></f1>	(describe-coding-system CODING-SYSTEM)	Display information about CODING-SYSTEM.  Prompts for coding system name. Supports completion.  Type RET to describe current buffer encoding.
Describe language environment	• C-h L • <f1> L</f1>	(describe-language- environment LANGUAGE- NAME)	Describe how Emacs supports language environment LANGUAGE-NAME.  Prompts for language name, proposing the currently used language as the default.  Supports completion.
Helpful - extended help for Emacs with more contextual information	The helpful external package provides the same help information provided by Emacs with more contextual information and extra links.  This requires the helpful external package PEL installs and activates it when the pel-use-helpful user-option is set.  These commands provide a lot more information than standard Emacs help. Use then to debug, trace, look at references, etc		
Help for function/macro/ special form	<f1> <f2> a</f2></f1>	(helpful-callable SYMBOL)	Show help for function, macro or special form named SYMBOL.
Help for function	<f1> <f2> f</f2></f1>	(helpful-function SYMBOL)	Show help for function named SYMBOL.
Help for macro	<f1> <f2> m</f2></f1>	(helpful-macro SYMBOL)	Show help for macro named SYMBOL.
Help for command	<f1> <f2> c</f2></f1>	(helpful-command SYMBOL)	Show help for interactive function named SYMBOL.

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>
Help for key	<f1> <f2> k</f2></f1>	(helpful-key KEY- SEQUENCE)	Show help for interactive command bound to KEY-SEQUENCE.
Help for variable	<f1> <f2> v</f2></f1>	(helpful-variable SYMBOL)	Show help for variable named SYMBOL.
Help for symbol at point	<f1> <f2> .</f2></f1>	(helpful-at-point)	Show help for the symbol at point.
Key Sequence help		ow available keys, help learning	clearly show. Key strokes are extended in various ways and key prefixes is one of them. g the key sequences, list the remaining available bindings, and list recent history of the
List command history See also:  ∑ Undo/Redo/Repeat/Arg	<f11> ? d H</f11>	(list-command-history)	List history of commands that used the minibuffer.  • Show list of commands in the *Command History* buffer as a list of Emacs Lisp forms.
Toggle which-key mode	<f11> ? k K</f11>	(which-key-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle which-key-mode.  When which-key mode is enabled, and you type a prefix key, all keys bound following this prefix are shown in the mini buffer (if you wait long enough to let them display).  This requires the which-key package. PEL downloads, installs and activates it when the pel-use-which-key user option is set to t.
Show state of PEL numlock	<f11> ? k #</f11>	(pel-show-mac-numlock)	is Display state of 'pel-mac-keypad-numlocked' used to control the numeric keypad.
Show state of key-chord mode. See: <u>∑ Key-Chords</u>	• <f11> <f5> k ? • <f11> ? k M-K</f11></f5></f11>	(pel-key-chord-describe)	Show state of key-chord-mode. When key-chord mode is on, list key chord bindings in a help buffer.
Show top level bindings in the map of the current major mode	<f11> ? k k</f11>	(which-key-show-major-mode)	Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode. This function will also detect evil bindings made using 'evil-define-key' in this map. These bindings will depend on the current evil state.  This requires the which-key package. PEL downloads, installs and activates it when the pel-use-which-key user option to is set to t.
Toggle keycast mode on/off	<f11> ? k c</f11>	(keycast-mode &optional ARG)	Show current command and its key binding in the mode line. Use it to create a screen cast to show how to use Emacs.  This requires the <a href="keycast external package">keycast external package</a> PEL makes keycast available when the <a href="pel-use-keycast">pel-use-keycast</a> user option is set to t.
Show personal key bindings	<f11> ? k b</f11>	(describe-personal- keybindings)	Display all the personal keybindings defined by 'bind-key'.
Display free keys	<f11> ? k f</f11>	(free-keys &optional PREFIX BUFFER)	Display free keys in current buffer.  • A free key is a key without associated key-binding as determined by 'key-binding'.
	You can change the prefix	sequence by hitting 'p' in the	quence are considered, possibly together with modifier keys from 'free-keys-modifiers'.  *Free keys* buffer. Prefix is supplied in format recognized by 'kbd', for example "C-x".  nis when the pel-use-free-keys user option is t.
Display last few typed characters	• C-h 1 • <f1> 1 • <f11> ? k 1</f11></f1>	(view-lossage)	Display last few input keystrokes and the commands run.  To record all your input, use 'open-dribble-file'.
Record ALL typed characters to a file	M-x open-dribble- file	(open-dribble-file FILE)	Start writing all keyboard characters to a dribble file called FILE.  If FILE is nil, close any open dribble file.  The file will be closed when Emacs exits.  Be aware that this records ALL characters you type!  This may include sensitive information such as passwords.
Redo/edit last complex command executed  See also: <u>Undo/Redo/Repeat/Arg</u>	• C-x Esc Esc • C-x M-Esc • C-x M-:	(repeat-complex-command ARG)	<ul> <li>Edit and re-evaluate last complex command, or ARGth from last.</li> <li>A complex command is one which used the minibuffer. The command is placed in the minibuffer as a Lisp form for editing. The result is executed, repeating the command as changed.</li> <li>If the command has been changed or is not the most recent previous command it is added to the front of the command history.</li> <li>You can use the minibuffer history commands M-n and M-p to get different commands to edit and resubmit.</li> </ul>
Command Log Mode	The command-log-mode open a dedicated window that shows the log of all key sequence and mouse events and the executed command name. The information is similar to what is available with view-lossage, but in a nicely formatted way, much easier to use.  See the <a href="Mindows">Windows</a> table for commands that can be used to toggle the dedicated state of the window allowing you to move the window.  This requires the <a href="command-log-mode.el file">command-log-mode.el file</a> from the <a href="command-log-mode">command-log-mode</a> external <a href="package">package</a> .  PEL installs the latest version of that file when the <a href="pel-use-command-log-mode">pel-use-command-log-mode</a> user option is set to t.  PEL saves it inside your ./emacs/utils directory. To get the latest version, erase that file and its .elc from ./emacs/utils and execute pel-init or restart Emacs. PEL installs it this way because the official project doesn't seem maintained.  With PEL you can customize command-log-mode by typing <f11> ? <f3> to access its <a href="command-log-customization">command-log-customization</a> group.</f3></f11>		
Toggle command logging for current buffer	<f11> ? k c c</f11>	(command-log-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle command logging: command-log-mode in the current buffer.  • The command-log lighter is shown on the mode line while the minor mode is active.
Toggle command logging for all buffers	<f11> ? k c C</f11>	(global-command-log- mode &optional ARG)	Toggle command logging globally: for all buffers.  • The command-log lighter is shown on the mode line while the minor mode is active.
Open Command Log buffer	<f11> ? k c o</f11>	(clm/open-command-log- buffer &optional ARG)	Opens (and creates, if non-existant) a buffer used for logging keyboard commands.  • With any prefix argument, the existing command log buffer is cleared.
Close Command Log buffer	<f11> ? k c .</f11>	(clm/close-command-log- buffer)	Close the command log window.  • Logging continues while the window is closed.
Toggle log of all commands	<f11> ? k c /</f11>	(clm/toggle-log-all)	Toggle the logging of all commands: activate/de-activate common command filtering.  • command-log-mode either logs all commands or filter some often used ones like the cursor and character movements. The default setting is controlled by the clm/log-all.  • The list of non-logged commands is controlled by clm/non-logged-commands.
Help with Emacs <u>Help</u> , <u>Apropos</u> , and <u>Info</u> .	The following commands search, gather and open information in buffers using the info reader format. The info reader mode commands are shown after the command list. As with everything in Emacs you can always get help on the current mode, that applies to the info reader mode as well.		
Show information available about specified pattern	<f11> ? a a</f11>	(apropos PATTERN &optional DO-ALL)	Show all meaningful Lisp symbols whose names match PATTERN.  Symbols are shown if they are defined as functions, variables, or faces, or if they have nonempty property lists.  PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.
Get a-propos info on command	• C-h a • <f1> a • <f11> ? a c</f11></f1>	(apropos-command PATTERN & optional DO-ALL VAR-PREDICATE)	Show commands (interactively callable functions) that match PATTERN.  • PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  • With C-u prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, also show non interactive functions.  • Examples:  • <f1> a mode : list all modes available in the Emacs session, showing their key bindings and a quick description.  Old Emacs command name was: command-apropos.</f1>

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>
Look for topic in all info documents	<f11> ? i a</f11>	(info-apropos STRING)	Prompts for a string and looks up for that string in all the indices of <b>all</b> the Info documents installed in the system. Opens an Apropos index menu with the links to the found topics. Use this to <i>find the manual section(s) that describe a specific function or variable</i> .
Open the Info Reader on specific topic	• C-h i • <f1> i • <f11> ? i i • %-?</f11></f1>	(info &optional FILE-OR-NODE BUFFER)	Open the *info* buffer if already opened. If not, open the info reader for the top node.  • A non-numeric prefix argument ( <b>C-u</b> ) directs this command to read a file name from the minibuffer. It is possible to open a compressed .info.gz file directly! Emacs will uncompress it and open it.  • A numeric prefix argument of N selects an Info buffer named "*info* <n>".</n>
	, , ,		y specify an Info node of the form "(FILENAME)NODENAME". owing actions available once emacs is in the Info Reader Mode.
Search for text in function and variables doc strings	• C-h d • <f1> d • <f11> ? a d</f11></f1>	(apropos-documentation PATTERN &optional DO- ALL)	Search for functions and variables whose documentation strings match the specified pattern and display the appropriate info pages.
List variables and functions defined in Emacs Lisp file.	<f11> ? a L</f11>	(apropos-library FILE)	List the variables and functions defined by library FILE. FILE should be one of the libraries currently loaded and should thus be found in 'load-history'.
Show buffer-local variables	<f11> ? a 1</f11>	(apropos-local-variable PATTERN & optional BUFFER)	Show buffer-local variables that match PATTERN. Optional arg BUFFER (default: current buffer) is the buffer to check.
Show user option	<f11> ? a o</f11>	(apropos-user-option PATTERN &optional DO- ALL)	Show user options that match PATTERN. PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  • With C-u prefix, also show variables, not just user options.
Show all symbols that have a specific value		(apropos-value PATTERN & optional DO-ALL)	Show all symbols whose value's printed representation matches PATTERN. PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words. With C-u prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, also looks at function definitions (arguments, documentation and body) and at the names and values of properties.
Show variables that match a specific name pattern	<f11> ? a v</f11>	(apropos-variable PATTERN &optional DO- NOT-ALL)	<ul> <li>Show variables that match PATTERN.</li> <li>With the optional argument DO-NOT-ALL non-nil (or when called interactively with the prefix C-u), show user options only, i.e. behave like 'apropos-user-option'.</li> </ul>
Open specified info manual	<f11> ? i m</f11>	(info-display-manual MANUAL)	Prompt for a specific Info manual to open in a buffer.  • Example: "eintr" := Introduction to Emacs Lisp.
Open Emacs Manual describing a specified command function	• C-h F • <f1> F</f1>	(Info-goto-emacs- command-node COMMAND)	Go to the Info node in the Emacs manual for command COMMAND.  • The command is found by looking up in Emacs manual's indices or in another manual found via COMMAND's 'info-file' property or the variable 'Info-file-list-for-emacs'. COMMAND must be a symbol or string.
Find specified function function or variable in info	• C-h S • <f1> F</f1>	(info-lookup-symbol SYMBOL &optional MODE)	Display the definition of SYMBOL, as found in the relevant info manual.  When this command is called interactively, it reads SYMBOL from the minibuffer. In the minibuffer, use M-n to yank the default argument value into the minibuffer so you can edit it. The default symbol is the one found at point.  With prefix arg MODE a query for the symbol help mode is offered.
Info reader mode keys	?	Page Down> : Page up into the node text. (Does not move to other node)  Page up into the node text. (Does not move to other node)  Page up into the node text. (Does not move to other node)  Nove to the top of the linfo document  Next node in the current level  Outck navigation: highlight each target with a target key.  This uses the ace-link external package activated when the pel-use-ace-link user option is set to t.  Previous node in the current level  Next Node (any level)  Previous Node (any level)  Nove to the Upper node (in the menu tree)  Info History: visit last (lowercase t²)  Nenu - Open a node's sub-menu (at cursor position)  Pyer a unumber between 1 to 9 to select the corresponding menu entry. 1 := first.  Menu - enter nodes' sub-menu (at cursor position)  Type a number between 1 to 9 to select the corresponding menu entry. 1 := first.  Menu asterisk for menu entry 3, 6 and 9 are coloured in red to help identify them.  Crossref-text  Menu Seference - Nove cursor to nodes' previous sub-menu/cross-reference link  Menu/Cross-Reference - Move cursor to nodes' next sub-menu/cross-reference link  Menu/Cross-Reference - Move cursor to nodes' previous sub-menu/cross-reference link  Search Info - search entire info file for a string.  Atter typing 's' type the string to search and <ret> To repeat search type 's' followed by <ret>  Search Info - search entire info file for a string.  Atter typing 's' type the string to search and <ret> To repeat search type s' followed by <ret>  Search Info - search entire info file for a string.  Atter typing 's' type the string to search and <ret> To repeat search file vice in the file of the proper search in all fines for a string.  Atter typing 's' type the string to search and <ret> To repeat search file vice in the file for a string.  Atter typing 's' type the string to search and <ret>  Search Info - search entire info file for a string.  Atter ty</ret></ret></ret></ret></ret></ret></ret>	
Programming Help Utilities	PEL provides key bindings for the following commands that are useful when editing source code files.		
Show what completion mode is currently used.	<f11> M-c ?</f11>	(pel-show-active- completion-mode)	Display the completion mode currently used.

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>
Toggle which-function-mode to display name of current function at point	<f11> ? f</f11>	(which-function-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle mode line display of current function (Which Function mode).  With a prefix argument ARG, enable Which Function mode if ARG is positive, and disable it otherwise.  The which-function-mode is a global minor mode. When enabled, the current function name is continuously displayed in the mode line, in certain major modes.
		where you want this activated L you can use <f11> <f2></f2></f11>	in the which-function-mode user-option with $\mathtt{M-x}$ $\mathtt{customize-option}$ which- o for the command.
Show syntax of char at point	<f11> ? d s</f11>	(pel-show-char-syntax)	Display a message showing the character syntax of character at point.
Extra Descriptions	PEL implements a set of ext	ra commands and bindings to	built-in Emacs commands to display other the following extra information.
Show symbols of currently active major mode	<f11> ? ?</f11>	(pel-show-major-mode)	Display the symbol of the currently active major mode.
Show which search tool is currently used	<f1> ? s</f1>	(pel-show-active-search-tool)	Display the currently used search tool.
Show available colours	<f11> ? d c</f11>	(list-colors-display &optional LIST BUFFER- NAME CALLBACK	Display names of defined colors, and show what they look like.
List all available faces	<f11> ? d F</f11>	(list-faces-display &optional REGEXP)	List all faces, using the same sample text in each.
Show buffer and file name	<f11> ? d f</f11>	(pel-show-window-filename-or-buffer-name)	Show the (full path) name of the file or buffer of current window.
Show information about an input method	<f11> ? d i</f11>	(list-input-methods)	Display information about all input methods.
Display content of kill ring	<f11> ? d k</f11>	(pel-show-kill-ring)	Display content of 'kill-ring' in *Help* buffer.
Print current buffer line # (and narrowed line #)	<f11> ? d 1</f11>	(what-line)	Print the current buffer line number and narrowed line number of point.
Query info about point	• C-x = • <f11> ? d p</f11>	(what-cursor-position &optional DETAIL)	Displays information about character at point in the echo area: position, character, encoding.
Show information about current character.	<ul> <li>With any prefix argument opens a *Help* buffer and show the complete information of character at point with all properties, face, encoding, etc.</li> <li>Type: C-u C-x =</li> <li>With PEL, you can also type: C C-x =</li> </ul>		
Show window dimension	<f11> ? d w</f11>	(pel-show-window-sizes)	Show the height & width of the current window.
Display ASCII table	<f11> ? A</f11>	(ascii-table)	Show an interactive ASCII table in the other (next) window.
See also: N Input Method			Requires the <u>ascii-table</u> package  PEL activates this when the <b>pel-use-ascii-table</b> user option is <b>t</b> .
<b>About Emacs</b>	Information about Emacs, its	s environment and configuratio	n is available through a set of commands listed below
Open local copy of Emacs PDF reference card	<f11> ? e r</f11>	(pel-open-emacs-refcard)	Prompt for an Emacs REFCARD and open it. Supports tab completion
		tory where the Emacs PDF refe th user option. Access custor	erence card files are stored. Failing to detect them, dit uses the directory identified by the m group with <f11>? <f2></f2></f11>
Show PEL user option and package info  See also: Customize	<f11> ? e ?</f11>	(pel-package-info &optional FULL-REPORT)	Display the following information in the echo area:  The number of PEL user-options, and the number of them that are active.  The number of Elpa packages active: the count of the ones directly installed because of active PEL user-options and the count of them installed as dependencies of the first group.  The number of Emacs Lisp files stored in the ~/.emacs.d/utils (or equivalent directory) as a result of PEL user options.  With optional argument, generates a full report with much more details in a *pel-user-options* report buffer. Any key prefix works. M <f11>? e ? for example.</f11>
Show number of available and key bound commands	<f11> ? e c</f11>	(pel-emacs-command- stats)	Display number of available commands and the number of those that have key bindings in the echo area, and the number of bindings in the global map.
Show loaded files & features	<f11> ? e 1</f11>	(pel-emacs-load-stats &optional WITH_DETAILS)	Display the number of loaded files and the number of features currently loaded.  • With <b>C-u</b> prefix print features in a buffer. With <b>C-u C-u</b> , also print load information.
Display Memory Usage	<f11> ? e m</f11>	(pel-emacs-mem-stats)	Display Emacs memory statistics inside an *emacs-mem-stats* buffer.
Display load-path	<f11> ? e p</f11>	(pel-emacs-load-path &optional N)	Show the current load-path inside a new *load-path* buffer.
	<ul> <li>Open the buffer in the current window or the one identified by N, with the display-line-number-mode on. The buffer is NOT committed to a file.</li> <li>If a buffer with the name *load-path* already exists, creates a new buffer name that contains the string *load-path*.</li> <li>Window selection: If N is not specified, nil or 1: open buffer in current window.</li> <li>If N is negative, create a new window and open buffer inside it.</li> <li>If N is 0: open buffer in other window</li> <li>If N in [2,8] range, open buffer in window identified by the direction corresponding to the cursor in a numeric keypad:  8 := 'up  4 := 'left 5 := 'current 6 := 'right  2 := 'down</li> <li>If N is 9 or larger: search in window below.</li> </ul>		
Check/display list of shadowed Emacs Lisp files	<f11> ? e s</f11>	(list-load-path-shadows &optional STRINGP)	Display a list of Emacs Lisp files that shadow other files • Shows any shadows in a '*Shadows*' buffer
Display Emacs initialization time with benchmark	• <f11> ? e t • <m-s-f9></m-s-f9></f11>	(pel-show-init-time)	Display benchmark startup time.
information if available	<ul> <li>Display the benchmark initialization and duration tree in 2 buffers if the benchmark-init library is installed and loaded in the init.el file. It also display the Emacs startup time inside the echo area.</li> <li>Uses the benchmark-init library to measure time of the various loaded modules.</li> <li>Use M-x list-package, select benchmark-init and install it.</li> <li>Then update your init.el file and place the following lines as close as possible to the top of the file: <ul> <li>;; Setup Benchmark Measurement</li> <li>;; Load benchmark soon to measure as much as possible.</li> <li>;; CAUTION: Modify the path when a new version is available.</li> <li>(require 'benchmark-init (expand-file-name "-/.emacs.d/elpa/benchmark-init-20150905.938/benchmark-init"))</li> <li>(add-hook 'after-init-hook 'benchmark-init/deactivate)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Update the path in this code if necessary.</li> </ul>		
Display Emacs uptime	<f11> ? e u</f11>	(emacs-uptime &optional FORMAT)	Display a string giving the uptime of this instance of Emacs in the echo area.
Display Emacs version	<f11> ? e v</f11>	(emacs-version)	Display Emacs version

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>	
Display Emacs executable path	<f11> ? e x</f11>	(pel-emacs-executable)	Display Emacs executable path in echo area.	
ESUP - Emacs Start Up Profiler	<f11> ? e P</f11>	(esup &optional INIT-FILE &rest ARGS)	Profile the startup time of Emacs in the background.  If INIT-FILE is non-nil, profile that instead of USER-INIT-FILE.  ARGS is a list of extra command line arguments to pass to Emacs.	
	Requires the esup exter	nal package. 🛂 PEL activates	it when the <b>pel-use-esup</b> customization variable is set to <b>t</b> .	
			orts Emacs running in graphics mode. 2) esup steps into `require' and `load' forms at the	
	top level of a file but not if they are enclosed in any other statements. This limits its usefulness when conditional loading is located in the init.el file and when the use-package macros are used. Both of these techniques are used by PEL to reduce init time.			
Print imenu controlling variables	<f11> ? e i</f11>	(pel-imenu-dbg-print-vars)	Print the value of the imenu variables used to control the imenu functionality for the current buffer.  • Print this information in a *imenu-dbg* buffer.	
See also: <u>▼ Menus</u>		(Italiana and Carabiana I	Use this when investigating the imenu support for a major mode: use as a (currently primitive) Emacs development tool.    Company   Company	
List processes See also: <u>▼ Shells</u>	• <f11> ? e C-p • <f11> z ?</f11></f11>	(list-processes & optional QUERY-ONLY BUFFER)	Display a list of all processes that are Emacs sub-processes.  If optional argument QUERY-ONLY is non-nil, only processes with the query-on-exit flag set are listed.  Any process listed as exited or signalled is actually eliminated after the listing is made.	
More Help				
Open Emacs Tutorial	• C-h t • <f1> t</f1>	(help-with-tutorial &optional ARG DONT-ASK- FOR-REVERT)	Open an Emacs Tutorial. Restore location if used before (after prompt).	
Find Elisp Package See also: <u>Packages</u>	• C-h p • <f1> p</f1>	(finder-by-keyword)	Find packages matching a given keyword. Useful to search for packages supporting a specific concept.	
Open Emacs FAQ	• C-h C-f • <f1> C-f</f1>	(view-emacs-FAQ)	Display the Emacs Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) file.	
Emacs news	• C-h n • <f1> n</f1>	(view-emacs-news &optional VERSION)	Display info on recent changes to Emacs. With argument, display info only for the selected version. Includes code modifications of each version of Emacs.	
Using Man inside Emacs		nands to display <u>man pages in</u> nore powerful than the usual ma	side buffers. an reader available on the shell allowing navigation across man pages and opening	
See also:	The man command uses	the system man utility, while we	oman is a complete implementation. It has some formatting limitations compared to man	
• <u>at - Erlang</u> • <u>∑ Customize</u>	The man command will fin variable. Inside Emacs you	nd pages that the system's man ou can also customize the Ema	n can find. This can be extended or modified by setting the MANPATH environment cs <b>Man-switches</b> user option to provide extra configuration including a different MANPATH Erlang man pages in the <b>\$</b> 1 - Erlang table.	
Open a man page inside an Emacs buffer	• <f11> ? m • 第-M</f11>	(man MAN-ARGS)	Open a Man page inside an Emacs window.	
	<ul> <li>The links are active and can be followed. When the man page describes a directory or file, emacs will open the file or the directory (in direct mode) when pressing <ret> over the link.</ret></li> <li>You can navigate easily between sections (n/p will move to the next/previous section). You can use any of the searches.</li> <li>You can use any of the options to the man command at the prompt, like the -a option to access all man pages of the same name. Then use M-n and M-p to move from one to the other page, inside the same buffer.</li> <li>See all keys available in mode, with <f1> m or <f11>? k m.</f11></f1></li> <li>The man command prompts, using the word at point as the default.</li> <li>PEL key sequence to customize man: <f11> <f2> E m</f2></f11></li> <li>The man command provides completion at prompt. However, if you set up a MANPATH to isolate on directory to get only the list of commands in a specified set of man pages (eg. for Erlang commands only), the completion will only work if the man directory contains a whatsis database file. See my description on how to create whatis file for local man directory.</li> </ul>			
Open a man page without external man process:	<f11> ? w</f11>	(woman &optional TOPIC RE-CACHE)	Open a man page file in Emacs using the woman mode, completely implemented in Emacs Lisp (and therefore without using the external 'man' process).	
woman	That can be very useful under environments where man is not available (such as basic Windows).  PEL key sequence to customize man: <f11> <f2> E w  text width, use word at point, etc  With ace-link external package activated when the pel-use-ace-link user option is set to t., the following key is activated:</f2></f11>			
	6 : Quick navigation: night	ight each target with a target k	ey.	
Open PEL PDF Help File See also: <u>➤ Legend</u>	PEL includes a list of help PDF files such as this one for several topics.  • You can open a local or GitHub hosted raw copy of these help PDF using the PEL help commands bound to the <f1> key available inside several PEL key prefixes.  • For example several major modes bind the <f12><f1> key sequence to PEL help. Other such as help for abbreviations is <f11> a <f1>  • The complete list of these key bindings is listed below.  • Unfortunately not all Help PDF files have key sequences for them. However, you can:  • Open any PDF file with the pel-help-pdf-select command: it prompts for a topic with tab completion support: use <f11> ? p  • Open a dired buffer on the local directory where all PDF files are stored with <f11> ? P . Select the file(s) and type z to open the selected file(s).</f11></f11></f1></f11></f1></f12></f1>			
	<ul> <li>These PEL functions select the local PDF or the remote GitHub raw PDF via a combination of factors:</li> <li>By default it opens the local PDF file unless a prefix argument is specified by typing C-u or M before the command key sequence.</li> <li>If the pel-flip-help-pdf-arg user-option is set to t, it's the other way around: it opens the remote GitHub raw PDF by default.</li> <li>By default, when opening a remote GitHub raw PDF it uses the default browse method selected by the browse-url-browser-function user-option.</li> <li>The default value of the browse-url-browser-function user-option is to use the system browser.</li> <li>You can force another one by setting PEL's pel-browser-used user-option to 'firefox or 'chrome.</li> <li>When you do that the new selected browser is also used for the local file. If you want to use this browser for remote files only and keep Emacs' ability to use a PDF viewer for local files, then set the pel-open-pdf-method user-option to 'pdf-viewer.</li> </ul>			
Open this PDF file.	<f11> ? <f1></f1></f11>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB-PAGE)	Open the <u>N Help/Info</u> local PDF. If the prefix argument (like <b>C-u</b> or <b>M</b> ) is used, then it opens the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the <b>pel-flip-help-pdf-arg</b> useroption is set it's the other way around.	
Select and Open a PEL PDF file	<f11> ? p</f11>	(pel-help-pdf-select &optional OPEN-WEB- PAGE)	Prompt for a PEL PDF and open it.  By default it opens the local PDF file, but if the OPEN-WEB-PAGE argument is non-nil it opens the web-based PDF copy hosted on Github.  Supports completion. Defaults to the PEL key maps pdf.	
Open a Dired Buffer for PEL PDF files.	<f11> ? P</f11>	(pel-help-pdfs-dir)	Open a Dired buffer on the PEL PDF directory. Inside Dired you can open a PDF file by typing 'z' over the file name. You can also select several and type 'z' to open them all.	
<u>≻Index</u>	<f11> <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u>➤Index</u> PDF file, a quid	ck index with links to all other PEL PDF files.	
∑ Abbreviations	<f11> a <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u><b>∑ Abbreviations</b></u> PDF f	file.	

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>	
<u></u> <u>Nalign</u>	<f11> t a <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u><b>∑ Align</b></u> PDF file.		
<b>∑</b> Auto-Completion	<f11> , <f1></f1></f11>	Open <b>∑</b> Auto-Completion P	DF file.	
<u>∑ Bookmarks</u>	<f11> ' <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u>S Bookmarks</u> PDF file.		
<u>∑ Buffers</u>	<f11> b <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u>&gt; Buffers</u> PDF file.		
∑ Case Conversions	<f11> t <f1> 1</f1></f11>	Open <u>S</u> Case Conversions	Open <u>Sase Conversions</u> PDF file.	
<u>∑ Comments</u>	<f11> ; <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u>S Comments</u> PDF file.		
∑ Cut & Paste	• <f11> = <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u><b>∑</b> Cut &amp; Paste</u> PDF file	o.	
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<u>∑ Highlight</u>	<f11> h <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u><b>∑</b> Highlight</u> PDF file.		
<u>∑ Indentation</u>	<f11> TAB <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u>∑ Indentation</u> PDF file		
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∑ Inserting Text	• <f11> i <f1> • <f11> y <f1> • <f11> _ <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11></f1></f11>	Open <u><b>∑</b> Inserting Text</u> PDF t	ile.	
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∑ Cursor	<f11> m <f1></f1></f11>	Open <b>S</b> Cursor PDF file.		
<b>∑</b> Menus	<f11> <f10> <f1></f1></f10></f11>	Open <u>∑ Menus</u> PDF file.		
∑ Sorting	<f11> o <f1></f1></f11>	Open Sorting PDF file (o fo	or ordering).	
<u> </u>	• <f11> <f8> <f1> • <f8> <f1></f1></f8></f1></f8></f11>	Open <u>S Projectile</u> PDF file.  • The key sequence <f8> <f1> is available when the projectile mode is activated.</f1></f8>		
	<f11> r <f1></f1></f11>	Open <b>Fragisters</b> PDF file.	. ,	
∑ Scrolling	<f11>   <f1></f1></f11>	Open <b>∑ Scrolling</b> PDF file.		
Search/Replace	<f11> s <f1></f1></f11>	Open <b>∑ Search/Replace</b> PD	F file.	
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∑ Text Modes	• <f11> t <f1> 3</f1></f11>	Open > Text Modes PDF file		
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<u>∑ Xref</u>	<f11> % <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u><b>∑ Xref</b></u> PDF file.		
Specialized Minor Modes	Extending the capabilities for	or specific programming langua	ges	
<u> ртм</u> - Lispy	PEL does not provide a global key binding for Lispy. This is available for the Lisp family languages as well as Julia and Python.			
Mode Specific PDF	· ·		ng the <f12> <f1> key from a buffer in that mode. Inside another mode the longer key</f1></f12>	
Help: • Programming	sequence that starts with <	f11> SPC is available.		
Languages	<f11> spc &gt; <f1></f1></f11>	Open By # AI-0	Lucing method appointed by the net own rule or the discount of the control of the	
भुर्ध- AppleScript	<f11> SPC a <f1><f12> <f1></f1></f12></f1></f11>	Open <b>獔( - AppleScript</b> PDF command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) w	susing method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a cas used.	
<u> </u> βι - C	<f11> SPC c <f1></f1></f11>		od specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a command	
	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
			6	

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function Note		
	<f11> SPC C <f1></f1></f11>	Open \$I - C++ PDF using method specified by the pel-open-pdf-method user-option or the alternate one if a		
	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
βί - Clojure	<f11> SPC C-j <f1></f1></f11>	Open <b>\$1 - Clojure</b> PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a		
<del></del>	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
<b>р</b> ї - <b>D</b>	<f11> SPC D <f1></f1></f11>	Open %I - D PDF using method specified by the pel-open-pdf-method user-option or the alternate one if a command		
<del></del>	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	prefix (like $C-u$ ) was used.		
Đῖ - Erlang	<f11> SPC e <f1></f1></f11>	Open <b>31</b> - Erlang PDF using method specified by the pel-open-pdf-method user-option or the alternate one if a		
pr Energ	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
PI - Elixir	<f11> SPC x <f1></f1></f11>	Open %I - Elixir PDF using method specified by the pel-open-pdf-method user-option or the alternate one if a		
<del>pv =</del>	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
Pῖ - Forth	<f11> SPC f <f1></f1></f11>	Open %I - Forth PDF using method specified by the pel-open-pdf-method user-option or the alternate one if a		
<u>pr rom</u>	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
BI - Go	<f11> SPC g <f1></f1></f11>	Open %I - Go PDF using method specified by the pel-open-pdf-method user-option or the alternate one if a command		
<u> 471 - GO</u>	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
<b>ఖ</b> ῖ - Hy	<f11> SPC C-h <f1></f1></f11>	Open \$1 - Hy PDF using method specified by the pel-open-pdf-method user-option or the alternate one if a command		
401 - 11y	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
WY Gloom	<f11> SPC M-G <f1></f1></f11>	Open the SEL Cleam DDE using method specified by the nel open nel method user entire or the alternate one if a		
<u>βι - Gleam</u>	<f12> <f1> sec m-g &lt;11&gt;</f1></f12>	Open the <u>\$\mathbf{Y}\tilde{I}\$ - <b>Gleam</b> PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a command prefix (like <b>C-u</b>) was used.</u>		
MY Javasskint	<f11> SPC i <f1></f1></f11>	Open 90 ( Hy DDE using method specified by the net enem add method user entire or the alternate and if		
भृ। - Javascript	<f12> <f1> spc 1 <f1></f1></f1></f12>	Open <u>\$1 - Hy</u> PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
ារ - Julia	<f11> SPC j <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u>\$1 - Julia</u> PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a		
pi - Julia	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
#901 Emacalian	<f11> SPC 1 <f1></f1></f11>	Open <u>⊈</u> <b>%</b> I - Emacs Lisp PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a		
<u>⊈</u> βι - Emacs Lisp	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
®Y Common Lion	<f11> SPC L <f1></f1></f11>	Open 9)/ Common Lian DDE using method aposition by the nell open add method user entire or the alternate one if		
<u> P</u> Ι - Common Lisp	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	Open <u>\$1 - Common Lisp</u> PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
my IFF	<f11> SPC C-1 <f1></f1></f11>			
<u>Bĭ - LFE</u>	<f12> <f1> spc c-1 <f1></f1></f1></f12>	Open <u>\$1 - LFE</u> PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
my NetDenn	<f11> SPC N <f1></f1></f11>			
<u>βι - NetRexx</u>	<f12> <f1> spc N <f1></f1></f1></f12>	Open <u>\$1 - NetRexx</u> PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
MY Duthan	<f11> SPC p <f1></f1></f11>	Once 90 Puther DDF using method associated by the self-energy self-energy entire system as the alternate and if a		
<u> βι - Python</u>	<f12> <f1> spc p <f1></f1></f1></f12>	Open <u>\$1 - Python</u> PDF using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
my DEVV	<f11> SPC R <f1></f1></f11>	Once 907 PEVV DDE using mathed anguisted by the undergon and mathed uses entire or the alternate and if a		
<u>βι - REXX</u>	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	Open <u>\$1 - REXX PDF</u> using method specified by the <b>pel-open-pdf-method</b> user-option or the alternate one if a command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used.		
W/ Dust	<f11> SPC r <f1></f1></f11>	Once 901 Print DDE using method enceified by the nell once nell method user entire or the alternate one if a		
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## Help - References

Topic & Link	Description
Emacs Help	
GNU Emacs Manuals Online	The page with the list of all available online GNU Emacs manuals.
GNU Emacs Manual - Help	Emacs manual - Help chapter
Gnu Emacs Manual - Help Mode	Describes the command and key bindings that can be used in the Help-mode buffer window, which shows the help information.
Emacs Manuals	Note that <b>all</b> Emacs manuals are available <b>inside</b> of Emacs. It's better to test, investigate code, etc
GNU Emacs Manuals Online	Lists all GNU Emacs manuals, reference cards, etc
GNU Emacs Manual	Points to different formats of the manual. The format where all is inside one HTML file is useful to search. There's also the PDF formats.
GNU Reference Cards	This is accessible via the first link.
Emacs Papers	
EMACS: The Extensible, Customizable Display Editor	This paper was written by Richard Stallman in 1981 and delivered in the ACM Conference on Text Processing.
<b>Emacs Tutorials</b>	
A Guided Tour of Emacs	The official Emacs Tutorial. Part of Emacs. Best used <i>inside</i> Emacs. A good starting point. Use the others to get different point of views.
Absolute Beginner's Guide to Emacs	
A Tutorial Introduction to GNU Emacs	
Practical Emacs Tutorial @ ErgoEmacs	
Emacs Cheat Sheet / Keystroke Lists	Note, however, that Emacs itself and PEL provides similar information.
Emacs Videos	
Emacs Rocks - home	A collection of Youtube homed videos about various Emacs features. Well documented with keystrokes showing on the screen cast. Worth watching slowly to catch what is being done.
Emacs and Man files	
How to create a local whatis file	Show how to create a missing whatis file for a set of man pages and the philosophy behind apropos, whatis and makewhatis.