## macs support for the Lua Programming Language 🚧

Description	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>	
Lua Editing	Emacs has built-in support for Lua. The Lua-mode is one of the cc-modes.			
	Since Lua syntax is very close to C syntax, Emacs implements <b>Lua-mode</b> as a descendent of cc-mode.			
	PEL provides extra support, described in this table, when when the pel-use-Lua user-option is set to t.  • Most co-mode available capabilities are available to Lua-mode. PEL integrates a lot of those capabilities, but PEL support for Lua is in its early stages and available key bindings are not yet identified in this table as they should be.			
Last updated on:	2025-03-19			
Open this PDF file.	<f11> SPC u <f1></f1></f11>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB-	Open the \$\frac{\partial t}{2} - Lua local PDF. If the prefix argument (like C-u or M) is used, then it opens	
See also: <u>∑ Help/Info</u>	<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	PAGE)	the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the <b>pel-flip-help-pdf-arg</b> user-option is set it's the other way around.	
<u>∑ Customize</u> PEL Lua	<f11> SPC u <f2></f2></f11>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-	Customize PEL Lua support.	
support	<f12> <f2></f2></f12>	WINDOW)	If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in another window.	
∑ Customize Emacs Lua support	<f11> SPC u <f3></f3></f11>	(pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize Emacs Lua support (which is currently placed in C group): C  • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use <b>C-u</b> ), display in another window.	
Lua support	<f12> <f3></f3></f12>	OTHER WINDOW,		
Select Lua-mode for	<f12></f12>	(pel-as &optional FORCE)	Inside a fundamental-mode buffer, interactively select major mode for the buffer. Re-do it	
extension-less file The <f12> key is</f12>		with arg. see Create extension-less executable scripts with PEL.		
available only until a PEL controlled major	This command is mostly used to set the major mode of a buffer in fundamental-mode', when the <f12> key binding is available for it.  After being used once in a buffer the major mode is selected and the PEL key binding will not be available when PEL supports the major mode.</f12>			
mode is activated. Then it becomes a	For Lua file, select Lua. It will insert a shebang line specified by del-lua-shebang-line user option.			
buffer prefix key.	PEL defines the (as &option	al FORCE) alias unless 🔀 pel-has-alias-as	s user-option is set to nil. You can use M-x as to invoke it.	
Comments				
Toggle display of comments in buffer	<f11> ; ;</f11>	(hide/show-comments-toggle &optional START END)	Toggle hiding/showing of comments in the active region or whole buffer.  • If the region is active then toggle in the region. Otherwise, in the whole buffer.	
or active region See also: <u>\( \tilde{\Sigma} \)</u>			This requires the hide-comnt.el package (see Comments).    PEL activates it when	
Comments			the pel-use-hide-comnt user option is t.	
Generic code skeletons	Several mechanisms have been developed to allow easy insertion of predefined text in Emacs. PEL does not yet define skeletons for Lua. You can use the generic one.  • Emacs provides the built-in skeleton mechanism and the tempo skeletons.  • PEL supports both. They are used a little bit differently. PEL provides generic tempo skeletons you can use for Lua until PEL adds Lua-specific skeletons.  • PEL provides key bindings to the tempo skeletons: the generic code templates, accessible via the <f6> prefix key, and the language-specific code</f6>			
tempo skeletons				
See also:  • <u>Inserting Text</u>				
• <u>T Templates</u>		le via the <f12> key prefix.  (pel-customize-pel &amp;optional OTHER-</f12>	Open the customization groups that control the format of the various skeletons including the	
∑ Customize PEL Text Insertions	<f6> <f2></f2></f6>	WINDOW)	generic skeleton used by the <f6> h key and the <f12><f12> h key (see below).</f12></f12></f6>	
skeletons.	<f12> <f12> <f2></f2></f12></f12>	(pel-customize-generic-skels &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in other window.	
Insert generic file	<f6> h</f6>	(pel-generic-file-header)	Insert a file header block at the top of the file. Works only for buffer visiting a file.	
module header block  – Language			⚠ The command key binding <f6> h is available only 1 second after Emacs has started.</f6>	
agnostic	<f12> <f12> h</f12></f12>		⚠ As mentioned above PEL does not yet define Lua-specific skeletons, this uses the generic one.	
After inserting the template, navigate	Specify the format of the header via the user-options in the pel-pkg-generic-code-style customization group accessible via <f6> <f2></f2></f6>			
though areas that must be filled with:	<ul> <li>Inside a Lua buffer, <f12> <f2> provides access to the following customization groups:</f2></f12></li> <li>After inserting a template, use tempo-forward-mark and tempo-backward-mark to move to the beginning of each section that must be filled.</li> </ul>			
<ul><li>forward: C-c.</li><li>backward: C-c,</li></ul>	Share inserting a template, use tempo-torward-mark and tempo-backward-mark to move to the beginning of each section that must be filled.			
Toggle pel-tempo- mode	<f6> SPC</f6>	(pel-tempo-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle PEL tempo mode on/off.	
	<f12> <f12> SPC</f12></f12>			
	PEL tempo mode activates C-c . and C-c , as well as to C-c C and C-c C-, key bindings to navigate across tempo mark hot-spots. When pel-tempo-			
	mode is active the pel-tempo-mode lighter (‡) is shown on the status bar. The second set of keys are only available in graphics mode.  In pel-generic-file-header command inserts the text using a tempo skeleton: the PEL tempo mode is automatically activated by typing <f6> h.</f6>			
Expand any tag in	<f6> <f12></f12></f6>	(tempo-complete-tag &optional SILENT) Look for a tag and expand it. All the tags in the tag lists in 'tempo-local-tags' (this inclu		
template	<f12> <f12> <f12></f12></f12></f12>		'tempo-tags') are searched for a match for the text before the point. The way the string to match for is determined can be altered with the variable 'tempo-match-finder'. If 'tempo-	
Note: PEL default skeleton does not use			match-finder' returns nil, then the results are the same as no match at all.  • If a single match is found, the corresponding template is expanded in place of the	
tags.			matching string.  • If a partial completion or no match at all is found, and SILENT is non-nil, the function will	
			give a signal.  • If a partial completion is found and 'tempo-show-completion-buffer' is non-nil, a buffer	
			containing possible completions is displayed.	

## Emacs & Pike — References

Document	Notes
The Lua Programming Language	• Lua @ Wikipedia