



Ubuntu 16.04 Linux Desktop Keys on macOS Host

Ubuntu Desktop Keyboard Shortcut	Description
<p>The key sequences are described using the same format used by Ubuntu Linux.</p>	<p>This table describes the keyboard shortcuts enabled on Linux Ubuntu 16.04 running under Parallel Desktop VM under a macOS host.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The keys shortcuts were selected to prevent clash with Emacs and often used macOS desktop shortcuts. The shortcuts do not correspond to the default. <p>⚠ Some of the Ubuntu commands may be dangerous and some clash with macOS keyboard shortcuts. I normally disable the ones that are dangerous and show those in red. I also rebind the useful ones when their default clash with macOS default key bindings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The binding shown below do not clash with macOS.
Desktop Specific Shortcuts	The following shortcuts affect all Ubuntu GUI windows
• Move Windows	Move current window to specified workspace
Alt+Super+Left	Move Window one workspace to the left
Alt+Super+Right	Move Window one workspace to the right
Alt+Super+Up	Move Window one workspace up
Alt+Super+Down	Move Window one workspace down
• Switch Workspace	Move to specified workspace
Ctrl+Alt+Super+Left	Switch to workspace left
Ctrl+Alt+Super+Right	Switch to workspace right
Ctrl+Alt+Super+Up	Switch to workspace above
Ctrl+Alt+Super+Down	Switch to workspace below
• Maximize/restore Window	
Super+F10	Toggle maximization state
Super+F11	Toggle fullscreen mode
	Maximize Window
	Restore Window if maximized, otherwise hide Window
Terminal Specific Shortcuts	The following shortcuts only take effect inside Terminal windows
• Terminal - Copy/Paste	Copy and paste text in window
Shift+Ctrl+C	Copy
Shift+Ctrl+V	Paste
• Create new terminals	Create New Terminal Process
Shift+Ctrl+T	New Terminal process in new Tab of current window
Shift+Ctrl+N	New Terminal process in New window
• Terminal - Navigate trough Terminal Tabs	Select another Terminal Tab in current window Move from tab to tab or move a tab across the set of tabs of a terminal window
Ctrl+Page Up	Select previous Terminal Tab
Ctrl+Page Down	Select next Terminal Tab
Shift+Ctrl+Page Up	Move Terminal to the left (of all terminal tabs in the current Terminal window)
Shift+Ctrl+Page Down	Move Terminal to the right (of all terminal tabs in the current Terminal window)
• Terminal - font size	Modify size of fonts - changes window size accordingly
Ctrl+Super+=	Zoom in (increase font size)
Ctrl+Super+-	Zoom out (decrease font size)
Ctrl+Super+.	Restore normal/default font size
• Terminal - Maximize Window	Modify size of Terminal window
Ctrl+Super+F11	Toggle Full Screen mode of current terminal
• Terminal - Move Window	Resize and move Terminal window
Ctrl+Super+Left	Resize and move Terminal window to full height at the left of the current workspace
Ctrl+Super+Right	Resize and move Terminal window to full height at the right of the current workspace
• Terminal - Find	
Shift+Ctrl+F	Find
Shift+Ctrl+G	Find Next
Shift+Ctrl+H	Find Previous
Shift+Ctrl+J	Clear Find Highlight
• Terminal - Navigate trough Terminal windows	Select another Terminal window
Alt-`	Move to the previous terminal window. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⚠ This key sequence clashes with Emacs M-` to execute (pel-jump-to-mark) . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inside Emacs use C-u C-SPC instead. With PEL, you can also use <f6><f6>.
• Terminal - Help	Open Terminal Help
Ctrl+Super+F1	Contents
• Terminal - Reset & Clear	
Ctrl+Super+Delete	Reset and Clear <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⚠ This clears the content of the terminal window regardless of what is being displayed inside it. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If it runs Emacs, you can easily restore the content by typing the Emacs C-1 key sequence.