

Emacs support for Perl ##					
Description	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>		
Perl Editing		or modes for Perl: perl-mode (Emacs defau			
Activate Perl		<u>erl-mode</u> external package has support for upport with the <u>pel-use-perl</u> user-options. \(\)			
 Select major mode 			de, using HaraldJoerg/cperl-mode by default because it has the best support for Perl.		
PEL prefix key			to Emacs' own <u>cperl-mode</u> , remove the cperl-mode.el* files from ~/.emacs.d/utils		
• <u>Speedbar</u>	If pel-use-speedbar is	 PEL activates minor modes for the perl major mode as specified by the pel-perl-activates-minor-modes user-option. If pel-use-speedbar is on, speedbar support for Perl is activated. 			
• <u>∑ Indentation</u> control ▼		shows trailing whitespaces as underscores It this is a red background whitespace.	s. Set pel-cperl-show-trailing-whitespace-normally user-option to t to use the trailing-whitespace		
	Perl indentation is controlled by the following user-options:				
See also: Perl 5 Syntax	PEL sets tab-widthpel-perl-use-tabs cor	 perl-indent-level sets the number of columns used for indentation. It defaults to 4. PEL sets tab-width with the same value in Perl buffers so that manual indentation commands use the same number of columns to indent. pel-perl-use-tabs controls whether hard tabs are used for indentation (nil by default). PEL sets indent-tabs-mode with the value of pel-perl-use-tabs in perl buffers. 			
Open this PDF file. See also: <u>S Help/</u> Info	<f11> SPC P <f1><f12> <f1></f1></f12></f1></f11>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB- PAGE)	Open the NI - Perl local PDF. If the prefix argument (like C-u or M) is used, then it opens the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the pel-flip-help-pdf-arg user-option is set it's the other way around.		
© Customize PEL Perl support	<f11> SPC P <f2> <f12> <f2></f2></f12></f2></f11>	(pel-customize-pel &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize PEL Perl support. • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in another window.		
© Customize Emacs Perl support	<f11> SPC P <f3> <f12> <f3></f3></f12></f3></f11>	(pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW)	Customize Emacs Perl support: perl, cperl, electricity, perl-repl. • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use C-u), display in another window.		
Perl Doc	0		ort provides access to the Perl documentation available on your system.		
		web page provides the complete informatio • Operators Modules	e, man perlintro provides the same information as given by the perldoc perlintro command. on on-line: • History		
	Tutorials Reference Manual	• Functions Utilities • Variables	 Internals and C Language Interface Language-specific Miscellaneous Platform-specific 		
Comments Toggle display of		the beginning of the line.	Toggle hiding (showing of comments in the cative region as whale huffer		
Toggle display of comments in buffer or active	This was vives the bids	(hide/show-comments-toggle &optional START END)	Toggle hiding/showing of comments in the active region or whole buffer. • If the region is active then toggle in the region. Otherwise, in the whole buffer.		
region			PEL activates it when the pel-use-hide-comnt user option is t .		
Perl base		ovided by Emacs basic Perl support.	Mayor background to post background of function or as for as possible		
Move to beginning of function	С-М-а	(perl-beginning-of-function &optional ARG)	Move backward to next beginning-of-function, or as far as possible. With argument, repeat that many times; negative args move forward.		
To end of function	С-М-е	(perl-end-of-function &optional ARG)	Move forward to next end-of-function. The end of a function is found by moving forward from the beginning of one. With argument, repeat that many times; negative args move backward.		
Mark function	C-M-h	(perl-mark-function)	Put mark at end of Perl function, point at beginning		
Indent	C-M-q	(perl-indent-exp)	Indent each line of the Perl grouping following point. Solution You can also indent any are of Perl code by marking that area and using the tab key.		
cperl-mode	PEL supports 2 cperl-m	ode implementations: Emacs' cperl-mode	and 🃦 HaraldJoerg/cperl-mode (more complete) activated by the pel-use-perl user-option.		
Show command info	C-c C-h F	(cperl-info-on-command COMMAND)	Show documentation for Perl command COMMAND in other window. If perl-info buffer is shown in some frame, uses this frame. Customized by setting variables 'cperl-shrink-wrap-info-frame', 'cperl-max-help-size'.		
peridoc at point	C-c C-h P	(cperl-perldoc-at-point)	Run a 'perldoc' on the word around point to show information about that Perl word.		
	C-c C-h p	(cperl-peridoc WORD &optional SECTION)	Prompt for for (default to word at point). Show information about the selected word with 'perldoc'.		
Show Perl doc	C-c C-h f	(cperl-info-on-current-command)	Show documentation for Perl command at point in other window.		
Help on symbol at point	C-c C-h v	(cperl-get-help)	Get one-line docs on the symbol at the point. • The data for these docs is a little bit obsolete and may be in fact longer than a line.		
toggle Perl auto- help	C-c C-h a	(cperl-toggle-autohelp)	Toggle the state of Auto-Help on Perl constructs (put in the message area). • Delay of auto-help controlled by 'cperl-lazy-help-time'.		
Toggle auto- newline	C-c C-a	(cperl-toggle-auto-newline)	Toggle the state of 'cperl-auto-newline'.		
Toggle electric mode	C-c C-e	(cperl-toggle-electric)	Toggle the state of parentheses doubling in CPerl mode. When typing an opening parens character the closing one is automatically entered.		
Toggle auto-fill mode	C-c C-f	(auto-fill-mode &optional ARG)	 Toggle automatic line breaking (Auto Fill mode). With a prefix argument, enable Auto Fill mode if the prefix argument is positive, and disable it otherwise. 		
	• <f11> t f a • <f11> RET</f11></f11>		When Auto Fill mode is enabled, inserting a space at a column beyond 'current-fill-column' automatically breaks the line at a previous space.		
Toggle keyword expansion	C-c C-k	(cperl-toggle-abbrev)	Toggle the state of automatic keyword expansion in CPerl mode.		
Toggle space fix	C-c C-w	(cperl-toggle-construct-fix)	Toggle whether 'indent-region'/'indent-sexp' fix whitespace too.		
Find code for whitespace	C-c C-b	(cperl-find-bad-style)	Find places in the buffer where insertion of a whitespace may help. • Prompts user for insertion of spaces. Currently it is tuned to C and Perl syntax.		
Spell-check here- docs	C-c C-d	(cperl-here-doc-spell)	Spell-check HERE-documents in the Perl buffer. • If a region is highlighted, restricts to the region.		
Perl new line	C-c C-j	(cperl-linefeed)	Go to end of line, open a new line and indent appropriately. • If in POD, insert appropriate lines. This is a convenience replacement for typing carriage return. It places you in the next line with		
			proper indentation, or if you type it inside the inline block of control construct, like foreach (@lines) {print; print}		
			and you are on a boundary of a statement inside braces, it will transform the construct into a multiline and will place you into an appropriately indented blank line. • If you need a usual 'newline-and-indent' behavior, it is on C-j, see documentation on 'cperl-electric-linefeed'.		
Narrows to here- doc	C-c C-n	(cperl-narrow-to-here-doc &optional POS)	Narrows editing region to the HERE-DOC at POS. POS defaults to the point.		

(default to point and and of buffer). Sign my be a number, then it behaves as list of numbers up to SMP, this semantic may be used as a number pagament. C-c C-x (operf-next-interpolated-REx-0) Move point to next REx which has interpolated parts without //o. C-c C-y (operf-next-interpolated-REx-0) Move point to next REx which has interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting of one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting of one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting of one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting of one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting of one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting of one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting of one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting of one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting one interpolated parts without //o. Interest and indems of the consulting stress consulting one interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting on interpolated parts without //o. Sign stress consulting one interpolated parts without //o. Sig	Description	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>
If All		С-с С-р	(cperl-pod-spell &optional DO-HERES)	If invoked with prefix argument, will do HERE-DOCs instead.
SKP BES LIMIT) SKP BES LIMIT) SKP may be a number that point and the limit of searc (created to point and early of buffer). SKP may be a number, then it bulines as list of numbers up to SKIP, this senantic may be used in the present of the state of		C-c C-t	(cperl-invert-if-unless)	If the cursor is not on the leading keyword of the BLOCK flavor of construct, will assume it is the
C-C C-y		C-c C-v		 SKIP is a list of possible types to skip, BEG and LIMIT are the starting point and the limit of search (default to point and end of buffer). SKIP may be a number, then it behaves as list of numbers up to SKIP; this semantic may be used as a numeric argument. Types are 0 for / \$rex /o (interpolated once), 1 for /\$rex/ (if \$rex is a result of qr//, this is not a
Sign Rifese consisting of one interpolated variable.		C-c C-x	(cperl-next-interpolated-REx-0)	Move point to next REx which has interpolated parts without //o.
Controlled by "Opert-electric-parens" and "opert-habry user-options.		С-с С-у	(cperl-next-interpolated-REx-1)	Skips RExes consisting of one interpolated variable.
Insert and indext Cepert-electric-terminator ARG Insert and correct line's indentation. Insert and indext Cepert-electric-terminator ARG Insert character and correct line's indentation. Insert	parens	• <	(cperl-electric-paren ARG)	
Insert ; and Indent			(cperl-electric-rparen ARG)	If not, or if we are not at the end of marking range, would self-insert.
Insert and indert (operf-electric-brace ARG & optional END) Insert character, correct line's indentation, correct quoting by space.	Insert : and indent	:	(cperl-electric-terminator ARG)	Insert character and correct line's indentation.
Insert and indent	Insert; and indent	;	(cperl-electric-semi ARG)	Insert character and correct line's indentation.
ONLY-BEFORE) If ONLY-BEFORE and 'cperf-auto-newline', will insert newline before the place (even in empty in turn of after. If a "y" and the inserted char is "\", insert extra newline-before-brace". Beckspace, or remove whitespace around the point inserted by an electric key. Will untability if 'cperf-electric-backspace-untability is non-nill. Indent Perl code TAB (cperf-indent-command & optional WHOLE-EXP) Indent Current line as Perl code, or in some cases insert a tab character. If 'cperf-lab-always-indent' is non-nill (the default), always indent current line. Otherwise, indent the current line only if point is at the left margin or in the line's indentation; otherwise insert a tab. A numeric argument, regardents of its value, means indent rigidly all the lines of the expression are preserved. Newline and indent C-j (newline-and-indent) Indent are newline. Hen indent according to major mode. Indentation is done using the value of 'indent-line-function', in programming language modes, this is the same as TAB. Indent C-M-Q (cperf-indent-exp) Simple variant of indentation of continued-sexp. Vill not indent comment if it starts at 'comment-indent' or looks like continuation of the previous line. Indent C-M-\ (cperf-indent-region START END) C-M-\ (cperf-indent-region-fix-constructs', will improve spacing on conditional/loop constructs. Simple variant of indentation of region in CPerl mode. Should be slow. Will not indent comment if it starts at 'comment-indent' or looks like continuation of the comment on the previous line. Indents all the lines whose lirst character is between START and END inclusive. If 'cperf-indent-region-fix-constructs', will improve spacing on conditional/loop constructs. Lineup C-M- (cperf-lineup BEG END &optional STEP MiNSHIFT) All first occurrences of this construction in the lines that are partially contained in the region are lined up at the same column. - MINSHIFT is the tabwidth to position constructions. STEP is the tabwidth to position constructions. S	Insert { and indent	{		Insert character, correct line's indentation, correct quoting by space.
TAB Cperl-indent-command & optional WHOLE-EXP) Indent Perl code TAB Cperl-indent-command & optional WHOLE-EXP) Indent Current line as Perl code, or in some cases insert a tab character. Indent current line as Perl code, or in some cases insert a tab character. Indent current line only if point is at the left margin or in the line's indentation; otherwise insert a tab. A numeric sof its value, means indent rigidly all the lines of the expression are preserved. A numeric sof its value, means indent rigidly all the lines of the expression are preserved. Indent the current line only if point is at the left margin or in the line's indentation; otherwise insert a tab. A numeric sof its value, means indent rigidly all the lines of the expression are preserved. Indentation is of the expression are preserved. Indentation is often using the value of 'indent-line-function'. In programming language modes, this is the same as TAB. Indentation of continued-sexp. Will not indent comment if it starts at 'comment-indent' or looks like continuation of the previous line If 'cperl-indent-region START END Simple variant of indentation of region in CPerl mode. Should be slow. Will not indent comment if it starts at 'comment-indent' or looks like continuation of the comment on the previous line. If 'cperl-indent-region-fix-constructs', will improve spacing on conditional/loop constructs. If 'cperl-indent-region-fix-constructs, will improve spacing on conditional/loop constructs. If 'cperl-indent-region-fix-constructs	Insert } and indent	}		• If ONLY-BEFORE and 'cperl-auto-newline', will insert newline before the place (even in empty line), but not after. If after ")" and the inserted char is "{", insert extra newline before only if 'cperl-extra-
WHOLE-EXP If 'cpert-tab-always-indent' is non-nil (the default), always indent current line. Otherwise, indent the current line only if point is at the left margin or in the line's indentation; otherwise insert a tab. A numeric argument, regardless of its value, means indent rigidly all the lines of the expression arging after point so that this line becomes properly indented. The relative indentation among the lines of the expression are preserved. Newline and indent		DEL	(cperl-electric-backspace ARG)	
indent Indentation is done using the value of 'indent-line-function'. In programming language modes, this is the same as TAB. Indent	Indent Perl code	TAB	1	 If 'cperl-tab-always-indent' is non-nil (the default), always indent current line. Otherwise, indent the current line only if point is at the left margin or in the line's indentation; otherwise insert a tab. A numeric argument, regardless of its value, means indent rigidly all the lines of the expression starting after point so that this line becomes properly indented. The relative indentation among the
Will not indent comment if it starts at 'comment-indent' or looks like continuation of the comment on the previous line. If 'cperl-indent-region fix-constructs', will improve spacing on conditional/loop constructs. Indent		С-ј	(newline-and-indent)	Indentation is done using the value of 'indent-line-function'.
Should be slow. Will not indent comment if it starts at 'comment-indent' or looks like continuation of the comment on the previous line. Indents all the lines whose first character is between START and END inclusive. If 'cperl-indent-region-fix-constructs', will improve spacing on conditional/loop constructs. Lineup C_M_ (cperl-lineup BEG END &optional STEP MINSHIFT) Lineup construction in a region. Beginning of region should be at the start of a construction. All first occurrences of this construction in the lines that are partially contained in the region are lined up at the same column. MINSHIFT is the minimal amount of space to insert before the construction. STEP is the tabwidth to position constructions. If STEP is nil, 'cperl-lineup-step' will be used (or 'cperl-indent-level', if 'cperl-lineup-step' is nil). Will not move the position at the start to the left. Start Perl REPL Start Perl REPL (perl-repl) Requires the perl-repl external package activated by perl-use-perl-repl user-option.	Indent	С-М-q	(cperl-indent-exp)	 Will not indent comment if it starts at 'comment-indent' or looks like continuation of the comment on the previous line.
 Beginning of region should be at the start of a construction. All first occurrences of this construction in the lines that are partially contained in the region are lined up at the same column. MINSHIFT is the minimal amount of space to insert before the construction. STEP is the tabwidth to position constructions. If STEP is nil, 'cperl-lineup-step' will be used (or 'cperl-indent-level', if 'cperl-lineup-step' is nil). Will not move the position at the start to the left. Start Perl REPL Start Perl REPL in a *Perl-REPL* buffer. Requires the perl-repl external package activated by perl-use-perl-repl user-option.	Indent	C-M-\	(cperl-indent-region START END)	Should be slow. Will not indent comment if it starts at 'comment-indent' or looks like continuation of the comment on the previous line. Indents all the lines whose first character is between START and END inclusive.
Requires the perl-repl external package activated by perl-use-perl-repl user-option.	Lineup	C-M-		 Beginning of region should be at the start of a construction. All first occurrences of this construction in the lines that are partially contained in the region are lined up at the same column. MINSHIFT is the minimal amount of space to insert before the construction. STEP is the tabwidth to position constructions. If STEP is nil, 'cperl-lineup-step' will be used (or 'cperl-indent-level', if 'cperl-lineup-step' is nil).
W Hequires the peri-repi external package activated by peri-use-peri-repi user-option.	Start Perl REPL	<f11> z r P</f11>	(perl-repl)	
See: <u>Start Shells/ REPLs</u> • The perl-repl-file-path user option specifies the name of the Perl REPL program, which may optionally specify the explicit file path. • PEL provides the perl-repl shell script which uses the Perl command line.	See: <u>Satart Shells/</u> <u>REPLs</u>	<f12> z</f12>		The perl-repl-file-path user option specifies the name of the Perl REPL program, which may optionally specify the explicit file path.

Emacs & Perl — References

Document	Notes			
Perl @ Wikipedia				
perl.org				
Learn Perl @ perl.org Perl Style Guide	Perl Intro - a quick introduction to Perl Online Perl books Beginning Perl			
Is Perl still relevant? Most probably.	What makes Perl relevant in 2022? @ Stackoverflow blog. Perl is dying quick. Could be extinct by 2023. The HFT Guy, 2019. (which includes several invalid points). My point is that Perl was popular, there's a lot of Perl code still being used and it's worth knowing and being able to write and edit Perl code (which was certainly not the first programming language as state by the article). But anyway, the post represents a point of view (and has many people commenting on it). Perl is making a comeback: 5 reasons why it's worth learning. Posted January 6, 2023 by Lucas Rees. Why Perl Didn't Win on outspeaking.com, updated December 21, 2020			
Perl and Secure Coding Practice and Tools	Security Issues in Perl Scripts - by Jordan Dimov - Discussion of misused and overlooked features of Perl from the security point of view. SEI CERT Perl Coding Standard @ Carnegie Mellon University The CERT Perl Secure Coding Standard, by David Svoboda , June 25, 2012 perlsec describes Perl security. Tools: The perlcritic script uses Perl::Critic to scan Perl code and provides some listing advices. On some Linux distros you can install it with: sudo dnf install perl-Perl-Critic The perltidy application reformats Perl code to the promoted format. The zarn static analyzer, hosted on Github, is another static analyzer for Perl. (Quite immature as of Oct. 2024).			

Document	Notes		
Perl File name extensions	 .pl .pm .px .px		
Perl programs	Perl command line options		
• perl	Perl language interpreter		
peribug / perithanks	Describes how to submit bug report on Perl		
• peridoc	Print Perl Documentation, looking it up in the .pod format embedded in perl installation. Support following options: • -f: <u>built-in functions</u> • -q: FAQ keyword search • -v: <u>variable</u> • -a perl API		
• perlivp	 Perl Installation Verification Procedure : checks Perl installation. Part of perl-level package. 		
perlsec - Perl security			
Getting Perl Modules with CPAN: • <u>CPAN @ Wikipedia</u> • The Zen of Comprehensive Archive Networks • <u>CPAN</u> • <u>Search CPAN — meta::cpan</u> • <u>PAUSE - Perl Authors Upload Server</u>	Command line tools interacting with CPAN: • cpan : install on some Linux with: sudo dnf install perl-CPAN • cpanplus • cpanminus: cpanm: nstall on some Linux with: sudo dnf install perl-App-cpanminus		