## **Getting Help / Apropos / Descriptions / Info Manuals / Queries**

|  | -   |   | criptions / Info Manuals / Queries   |
|--|---|---|--|
| <u>Description</u>   | Keystroke   | Function  | Note   |
| Getting Help  O PDF & customize  Key bindings  Packages, functions  Apropos help  Key sequence help  short doc  info  Helpful, Log  programming, extra topics  About Emacs  man, woman  Emacs bugs report  PEL setup/used packages  PEL PDF Help | Emacs is a heavily documented. All of this documentation is accessible from within Emacs: the manuals, the info page, the docstrings of functions and variables, the customization system. You can search for manual, topic, command, function, variable, object names, values inside variables.  PEL also provides a large set of topic-specific PDF files such as this one (identified as ∑ Help/Info). See the ≥Index it has links to all PEL PDFs.  These PDFs are heavily hyper-linked to each other, to the Emacs manual and to external package home and description sites.  Use the context sensitive pel-help-pdf command to open the PDF of interest from within Emacs. That command can be invoked by:  several global key sequences; each one identifies a specific PDF to open. These key sequences all start with <f11> and end with <f1>.  with the <f12> <f1> local key sequences, the command also supports one or several secondary topics; these are mostly related to PDF describing the languages, but also some topics specific to complex minor modes. For example, in a make file using the GNU make syntax, the secondary topic is a description of the GNU make syntax. Inside an emacs-lisp buffer, the secondary topics are lispy and Emacs Lisp syntax.  To select the secondary topic PDF, use a positive key command prefix with an absolute value greater than 1; such as C-u or M-2. By default the pel-help-pdf command opens a local PDF file with the local PDF reader. To open the GitHub hosted PDF web page instead use a negative prefix key. To open the main topic, use the M prefix or the M1 prefix to the command. To open the secondary topic use M2. The default behaviour can be modified by the following user-options:  pel-flip-help-pdf-arg: If set to t, the command opens the GitHub file with no (or positive) prefix and opens the local PDF file with negative prefix.  pel-browser-used: Selects how to open the local PDF files: with PDF reader (default) or with the web browser identified by pel-browser-used.  pel-browser-used: Selects how the browsi</f1></f12></f1></f11> |   |  |
| Last updated on: 2025-03-22  | help on any symbol:     info topic:   | <f1>0<br/><f11> ? i a</f11></f1>  | Text in any elisp doctring: C-u <f1> d Value in any symbol: <f11> ? a u</f11></f1>   |
| Open this PDF file.  | • <f11> ? <f1><br/>• <f11> ? k <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11>   | (pel-help-pdf &optional N)  | Open the <u>Thelp/Info</u> local PDF. See argument description above.  |
| <u>∑ Customize</u> PEL Help<br>Support   | • <f11> ? <f2><br/>• <f11> ? <f2><br/>• <f11> ? k <f2></f2></f11></f2></f11></f2></f11>   | (pel-customize-pel<br>&optional OTHER-WINDOW)                           | Customize PEL help support and syntax tools groups: pel-pkg-for-help, pel-pkg-syntax  • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use <b>C-u</b> ), display in other window.   |
| ∑ Customize Emacs Help Support   | • <f11> ? <f3><br/>• <f11> ? k <f3></f3></f11></f3></f11>   | (pel-customize-library<br>&optional OTHER-WINDOW)                       | Customize Emacs grep support. Groups: apropos, command-log, debbugs, help, helpful, hydra, keycast, info, interaction-log, man, minibuffer, which-func, which-key.   |
| Emacs Reference<br>Cards   |   | <b>DF reference cards</b> , and next colocate the directory you can ide | command can open it.   |
| Open local copy of <u>Emacs</u><br><u>PDF reference card</u>   | <f11> ? e r</f11>   | (pel-open-emacs-refcard)  | Prompt for an Emacs REFCARD and open it. Supports tab completion.  • Attempts to find the directory where the Emacs PDF reference card files are stored. Otherwise uses the directory identified by the pel-emacs-refcard-dirpath user option.   |
| Emacs Help System  | As described above, Emacs   | provides help for almost every  | thing. The list of commands to access this information is shown in the following rows.   |
| Key bindings   | Get help/info on global or bu   | uffer local key bindings using th                                       | ne following commands.   |
| List all keys that belong to a prefix key  | <pre>• <pre>c-h • <pre>fix&gt; <f1></f1></pre></pre></pre>  |   | Type <b>C-h</b> (or <b><f1></f1></b> ) after the prefix keystroke to list all key bindings that belong to that prefix. For example to list all <b>C-x r</b> keys, type <b>C-x r C-h</b>  |
| Print name of function invoked by key  | • C-h c <keys> • <f1> c <keys></keys></f1></keys>   | (describe-key-briefly<br>&optional KEY INSERT<br>UNTRANSLATED)          | Print the name of the function KEY invokes. KEY is a string.   |
| Help on key binding  | • C-h k <keys> • <fl> k <keys></keys></fl></keys>   | (describe-key &optional<br>KEY UNTRANSLATED UP-<br>EVENT)               | Display documentation of the function invoked by KEY in the current context.  • KEY can be any kind of a key sequence; it can include keyboard events, mouse events, and/or menu events.   |
| Open Info manual describing<br>the command for the<br>specific key   | • C-h K <keys> • <f1> K <keys></keys></f1></keys>   | (Info-goto-emacs-key-<br>command-node KEY)                              | Open the info node in the Emacs manual which describes the command bound to KEY.  Interactively, if the binding is 'execute-extended-command', a command is read.  The command is found by looking up in Emacs manual's indices or in another manual found via COMMAND's 'info-file' property or the variable 'Info-file-list-for-emacs' |
| Show all key commands for this buffer  | • C-h b<br>• <f1> b</f1>  | (describe-bindings<br>&optional PREFIX BUFFER)                          | Display a buffer showing a list of all defined keys, their definitions, in order of precedence.  With pel-use-helm-descbinds you can either bind these keys to helm-descbinds to use helm-descbinds-mode (bound to <f11>? k B to do it.</f11>  |
| Toggle helm-descbinds mode   | <f11> ? k B</f11>   | (helm-descbinds-mode<br>&optional ARG)                                  | Toggle helm-deschings-mode on/off. When active, the C-h b and <f1> b keys invoke helm-deschinds by using helm with its powerful search and filtering capabilities.  Requires helm-deschinds package. Set pel-use-helm-deschinds user-option to t to install &amp; activate it, via <f11>? k <f2>.</f2></f11></f1>                        |
| Describe active major/<br>minor(s) modes and the key<br>bindings   | • C-h m<br>• <f1> m<br/>• <f11> ? k m</f11></f1>  | (describe-mode &optional BUFFER)  | Lists the active major mode, all active minor modes and the bound keystrokes.  |
| Describe bindings for a command  | • C-h w<br>• <f1> w</f1>  | (where-is DEFINITION & optional INSERT)                                 | Print message listing key sequences that invoke the command DEFINITION. Prompt for command name, supports completion. With prefix key, insert the message in the buffer.   |
| Packages, functions<br>symbols, variables<br>describe/help   | The following commands display a description of the item the command requests. The information is displayed in a read-only *Help* buffer.  • To search for a function that does something special, one method is to try <b>C-h f</b> first, then <b>C-h d</b> .  • Example: looking for bolp: <b>C-h a beginning of line <ret></ret></b> . If that doesn't bring the info, next try <b>C-h d</b> with the same input.  Inside a *Help* buffer you can type type <b>i</b> or <b>I</b> to open the info node for the current topic, or <b>s</b> to open the source code and <b>c</b> to customize.  Emacs >= 28.1: with <b>completions-detailed</b> minibuffer user-option non-nil, some commands provide more information with completion  |   |  |
| Describe a package  See also: <u>Packages</u>  | • C-h P<br>• <f1> P</f1>  | (describe-package<br>PACKAGE)   | Displays full documentation of PACKAGE (symbol). Prompts for package name, supports completion. Shows whether it is installed or not, its version, the features it implements & some extra notes. Accesses the elpa-compliant sites & downloads text file description.   |
| Describe command (Emacs >= 28.1)   | • C-h x<br>• <f1> x</f1>  | (describe-command<br>COMMAND)   | Display the full documentation of COMMAND (a symbol).  When called from Lisp, COMMAND may also be a function object.   |
| Describe a function  | • C-h f<br>• <f1> f</f1>  | (describe-function<br>FUNCTION)   | Display the full documentation of FUNCTION (a symbol).  • For example: C-h f *-mode: Get a completion list of all emacs modes  • The buffer shown contains link to the implementation file, even if it is compressed.  |
| Describe symbol ★★   | • C-h o<br>• <f1> o</f1>  | (describe-symbol SYMBOL & optional BUFFER FRAME)                        | Display the full documentation of SYMBOL. Will show the info of SYMBOL as a function, variable, and/or face.   |
| Describe variable  | • C-h v<br>• <f1> v</f1>  | (describe-variable<br>VARIABLE &optional<br>BUFFER FRAME)               | Prompt for Emacs Lisp variable and display information on it.  • For example: <b>C-h v</b> load-path: shows the emacs lisp path. See: ref: <u>variable current value</u> .   |
| Help on Input Method, encoding & characters  |   | ,   |  |
| Help on Input Method   | • C-h I   | (describe-input-method  | Provide information about the input method. Prompts for the name of an input method. See $\underline{\mathbb{Z}}$  |
| See also: <u>∑ Input Method</u>  | • <f1> I<br/>• C-h C-\</f1>   | INPUT-METHOD)   | Input Method for more info.  |
| Describe encoding system See also: <u>See Encoding</u>   | • C-h C<br>• <f1> C<br/>• <f11> ? d C</f11></f1>  | (describe-coding-system CODING-SYSTEM)                                  | Display information about CODING-SYSTEM.  Prompts for coding system name. Supports completion.  Type RET to describe current buffer encoding.  |
|  |   |   |  |

| Description   | <u>Keystroke</u>   | Function  | <u>Note</u>  |
|---|--|---|--|
| Describe language   | • C-h L  | (describe-language-   | Describe how Emacs supports language environment LANGUAGE-NAME.  |
| environment See also: <u>Input Method</u>                                     | • <f1> L</f1>  | environment LANGUAGE-<br>NAME)                                  | Prompts for language name, proposing currently used as default. Supports completion.   |
| Describe <u>syntax-table</u> of current major mode                            | • C-h s<br>• <f1> s</f1>                                 | (describe-syntax &optional BUFFER)                              | Describe the syntax specifications in the syntax table of BUFFER.  The descriptions are inserted in a help buffer, which is then displayed. BUFFER defaults to the current buffer. See also: Syntax Table @ Emacs Wiki   |
| Show character syntax info and text properties                                | <f11> ? e .</f11>  | (pel-syntax-at-point)   | Display complete information for character at point in a *Help* buffer to show extended character info <b>and</b> display text properties identified by the <b>pel-syntax-text-properties</b> user-option in the message area. Access with <f11>? <f2></f2></f11>  |
| Emacs Apropos   | _  | •   | ion in buffers using the info reader format. The info reader mode commands are shown after the set the post that specific to the info reader mode as well.   |
| Show information available about specified pattern                            | <f11> ? a a</f11>  | (apropos PATTERN<br>&optional DO-ALL)                           | Show all meaningful Lisp symbols whose names match PATTERN.  • Symbols are shown if they are defined as functions, variables, or faces, or if they have nonempty property lists.   |
|   |  |   | ces), or regexp (using some regexp special characters). For a word, search for matches for that hes for any two (or more) of those words.  |
| Get a-propos info on command  | • C-h a<br>• <f1> a<br/>• <f11> ? a c</f11></f1>         | (apropos-command<br>PATTERN & optional DO-ALL<br>VAR-PREDICATE) | Show commands (interactively callable functions) that match PATTERN.  • With <b>C-u</b> prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, also show non interactive functions.  Illustrational command name was: command-apropos.   |
|   | that word as a substring.                                | If it is a list of words, search fo                             | baces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  Emacs session, showing their key bindings and a quick description.  |
| Look for topic in all info<br>documents ★★                                    | <f11> ? i a</f11>  | (info-apropos STRING)   | Prompts for a string and looks up for that string in all the indices of <b>all</b> the Info documents installed in the system. Opens an Apropos index menu with the links to the found topics. Use this to <i>find</i> the manual section(s) that describe a specific function or variable.  |
| Search for text in function and variables doc strings  ★★                     | • C-h d<br>• <f1> d<br/>• <f11> ? a d</f11></f1>         | (apropos-documentation<br>PATTERN &optional DO-<br>ALL)         | Search for functions and variables whose documentation strings match the specified pattern and display the appropriate info pages.  •• Only searches in the functions predefined at Emacs startup. With C-u prefix, or if 'aproposdo-all' is non-nil, it searches all currently defined documentation strings.   |
| List variables and functions defined in Emacs Lisp file.                      | <f11> ? a L</f11>  | (apropos-library FILE)  | List the variables and functions defined by library FILE.  • FILE should be one of the libraries currently loaded: should be found in 'load-history'.  |
| Show buffer-local variables   | <f11> ? a l</f11>  | (apropos-local-variable<br>PATTERN &optional<br>BUFFER)         | Show buffer-local variables that match PATTERN. Optional arg BUFFER (default: current buffer) is the buffer to check.  |
| Show user option  | <f11> ? a o</f11>  | (apropos-user-option<br>PATTERN &optional DO-<br>ALL)           | Show user options that match PATTERN. With <b>C-u</b> prefix, also show variables. PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  |
| Show all symbols that have a specific value ★★                                | <f11> ? a u</f11>  | (apropos-value PATTERN & optional DO-ALL)                       | Show all symbols whose value's printed representation matches PATTERN.  • With C-u prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, also looks at function definitions (arguments, documentation and body) and at the names and values of properties.  |
|   |  |   | ces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that nes for any two (or more) of those words.   |
| Show variables that match a specific name pattern                             | <f11> ? a v</f11>  | (apropos-variable<br>PATTERN &optional DO-<br>NOT-ALL)          | Show variables that match PATTERN.  • With the optional argument DO-NOT-ALL non-nil (or when called interactively with the prefix C-u), show user options only, i.e. behave like 'apropos-user-option'.  |
| Key Sequence help   |  |   | clearly show. Key strokes are extended in various ways and key prefixes is one of them. Following tences, list the remaining available bindings, and list recent history of typed keys.  |
| List command history See also: <u>Vundo/Redo/Repeat/Arg</u>                   | <f11> ? d H</f11>  | (list-command-history)  | List history of commands that used the minibuffer.  • Show list of commands in the *Command History* buffer as a list of Emacs Lisp forms.   |
| Toggle which-key mode PEL activates it at startup when pel-use-which-key is t | <f11> ? k K</f11>  | (which-key-mode &optional ARG)                                  | Toggle which-key-mode: when enabled, as you type a prefix key, all keys bound following this prefix are shown in the mini buffer (if you wait long enough to let them display).  Toggle which-key hours when enabled, as you type a prefix key, all keys bound following this prefix are shown in the mini buffer (if you wait long enough to let them display).  Fig. PEL pel-use-which-key activates it.   |
| Show top level bindings in the map of the current major mode                  | <f11> ? k k</f11>  | (which-key-show-major-mode)                                     | Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.    Show top-level bindings in the major mode. |
| <u>e</u> j  |  |   | e using 'evil-define-key' in this map. These bindings will depend on the current evil state.   |
| Show state of PEL numlock   | <pre>conce a list of key/command <f11> ? k #</f11></pre> | s is shown type C-h h to list the (pel-show-mac-numlock)        | ese key-bindings in a <a href="help-mode">help-mode</a> buffer with their commands as links to their help.  • Display state of 'pel-mac-keypad-numlocked' used to control the numeric keypad.  |
| Show state of key-chord   | • <f11> ? k #</f11>                                      | (pel-key-chord-describe)  | Show state of key-chord-mode. When key-chord mode is on, list key chord bindings in a help   |
| mode. See: X Key-Chords   | • <f11> ? k M-K</f11>                                    | ,   | buffer.  |
| Toggle keycast mode on/off  | <f11> ? k c</f11>  | (keycast-mode &optional ARG)                                    | Show current command and its key binding in the mode line. Use it to create a screen cast to show how to use Emacs.  Requires keycast available when the pel-use-keycast user option is set to t.  |
| Show personal key bindings  | <f11> ? k b</f11>  | (describe-personal-<br>keybindings)                             | Display all the personal keybindings defined by 'bind-key'.  |
| Display free keys   | <f11> ? k f</f11>  | (free-keys &optional PREFIX BUFFER)                             | Display free keys in current buffer.  • A free key is a key without associated key-binding as determined by 'key-binding'.   |
|   | change the prefix sequen                                 | ce by hitting 'p' in the *Free key                              | quence are considered, possibly together with modifier keys from 'free-keys-modifiers'. You can 's' buffer. Prefix is supplied in format recognized by 'kbd', for example "C-x". his when the pel-use-free-keys user option is t.  |
| Display last few typed characters   | • C-h 1<br>• <f1> 1<br/>• <f11> ? k 1</f11></f1>         | (view-lossage)  | Display last few input keystrokes and the commands run.  • To record all your input, use 'open-dribble-file'.  |
| Record ALL typed characters to a file   | M-x open-dribble-<br>file                                | (open-dribble-file FILE)  | Start writing all keyboard characters to a dribble file called FILE. If FILE is nil, close any open dribble file. The file will be closed when Emacs exits.  A Be aware that this records all characters you type! Don't type passwords at that time!  |
| Redo/edit last complex command executed                                       | • C-x Esc Esc<br>• C-x M-Esc                             | (repeat-complex-<br>command ARG)                                | Edit and re-evaluate last complex command, or ARGth from last.  • A complex command is one which used the minibuffer. It is placed in the minibuffer as a Lisp   |
| See also: <u>S Undo/Redo/</u> Repeat/Arg                                      | • C-x M-:  | command And)  | to the command is one which used the finitionals. It is placed in the minimutal as a Elsp form for editing. The result is executed, repeating the command as changed.      If the command has been changed or is not the most recent previous command it is added to the front of the command history.      Use minibuffer history M-n and M-p to get different commands to edit and resubmit.   |
| Shortdoc (Emacs >= 28.1)  | You can define new docu                                  | mentation groups using the de                                   | t doc is organized in topic groups, listing functions, their arguments with usage.  fine-short-documentation-group in your code. Currently PEL does not define any.  us function, and N/P to move point to next/previous section   |
| Open a shortdoc buffer  | <f11> ? d d</f11>  | (shortdoc GROUP &optional FUNCTION SAME-WINDOW)                 |  |
|   | 1  | ,   | 2  |

| Description  | <u>Keystroke</u>   | Function   | Note   |
|--|--|--|--|
| Emacs <u>Info</u> Reader   | <ul> <li>Emacs has a powerful info reader built-in.</li> <li>Emacs source repository has info directories that hold a large amount of Emacs related information.</li> <li>Other software also have info directories with their manuals.</li> <li>Emacs provide a very powerful environment to search and navigate this information.</li> <li>Setting Up Emacs for Info:</li> <li>You may need to install the info directories for the package of interest and update the INFOPATH environment variable to identify their locations, if it's</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| Install needed info<br>packages if they are<br>missing   | not already done.  On Linux:  to check if a specific info package is installed, type info -w PKG, for example info -w gdb to see if the info for gdb is available.  If this prints *manpages* then the info for gdb is not installed.  Use your package manager to install the gdb-doc package.  For example: sudo dnf install gdb-doc or sudo apt-get install gdb-doc  To get Emacs-specific info pages, one way to get the files is to build Emacs from source, that create the info directories containing the info files.  |  |  |
| • USRHOME project help   →   | <ul> <li>On startup Emacs reads the INFOPATH value and sets the Info-directory-list variable from it.</li> <li>My <u>USRHOME project</u> provides the <u>envfor-info</u> POSIX shell sourced script that builds the INFOPATH from a search of info directories.</li> <li>Invoke it in a shell with <u>use-info</u>, or source it inside your USRHOME <u>usrcfg</u>/do-user.sh file to automatically activate it in your shell.</li> <li>It uses the <u>find-dir</u> script to search the info directories in various places.</li> <li>It also stores the found directories inside the ~/.infopath.txt file that acts as a cache for the information.</li> <li>The script envfor-info must be sourced. USRHOME provides an alias command for sourcing it: <u>use-info</u>.</li> <li>In a shell where envfor-info has been sourced, the INFOPATH environment variable is set.</li> <li>Open and independent Emacs process from that shell. You could use the <u>e</u> or <u>ge</u> commands <u>PEL provides</u>.</li> <li>Inside a *Help* buffer describing a command or function, you can type <u>i</u> or <u>I</u> to open the info node for the current topic.</li> </ul> |  |  |
| Open the Info Reader on specific topic   | • C-h i<br>• <f1> i<br/>• <f11>? i i<br/>• %-?</f11></f1>  | (info &optional FILE-OR-<br>NODE BUFFER)   | Open the *info* buffer if already opened. If not, open the info reader for the top node.  • A non-numeric prefix argument (C-u) directs this command to read a file name from the minibuffer. It is possible to open a compressed .info.gz file directly! Emacs will uncompress it and open it.  • A numeric prefix argument of N selects an Info buffer named "*info* <n>".</n>   |
|  |  |  | y specify an Info node of the form "(FILENAME)NODENAME".  owing actions available once emacs is in the Info Reader Mode.   |
| Open Emacs Manual describing a specified command function  | • C-h F<br>• <f1> F</f1>   | (Info-goto-emacs-<br>command-node<br>COMMAND)  | Go to the Info node in the Emacs manual for command COMMAND.  • The command is found by looking up in Emacs manual's indices or in another manual found via COMMAND's 'info-file' property or the variable 'Info-file-list-for-emacs'. COMMAND must be a symbol or string.   |
| Open emacs manual  | • C-h r<br>• <f1> r</f1>   | (info-emacs-manual)  | Display the Emacs manual in Info mode.  • It can also be invoked from the menu: Help → Read the Emacs Manual   |
| Open specified info manual   | • C-h R<br>• <f1> R<br/>• <f11> ? i m</f11></f1>   | (info-display-manual<br>MANUAL)  | Prompt for a specific Info manual to open in a buffer. Supports tab completion.  • Type return to open a list of all manual. For example:  • <f1> R info to open the Info manual,  • <f1> R eintr to open Introduction to Emacs Lisp,  • <f1> R elisp to open the Emacs Lisp manual,  • <f1> R gdb to open the gdb manual.  • This last one will work only if the info package for gdb is installed and the info directory that holds the gdb info is listed in the INFOPATH variable.</f1></f1></f1></f1>   |
| Find specified function<br>function or variable in info  | • C-h S<br>• <f1> S</f1>   | (info-lookup-symbol<br>SYMBOL &optional MODE)  | Display the definition of SYMBOL, as found in the relevant info manual.  When this command is called interactively, it reads SYMBOL from the minibuffer. In the minibuffer, use M-n to yank the default argument value into the minibuffer so you can edit it. The default symbol is the one found at point.  With prefix arg MODE a query for the symbol help mode is offered.  |
| Info reader mode Emacs keys  See also:  • Unix info @ wikipedia • GNU standalone info manual • HTML page/node manual • Emacs Info: An Introduction • <f1> R intro <ret>  • Advanced Info Commands • Info-mode variables</ret></f1> | P  | age Down inside the node text (Doage up into the node text, move to age up into the node text. (Does no ove to the top of the Info documer ext node in the current level with ace-link external package revious node in the current level ext Node (any level) revious Renu - Open a node's sub-menu (at calenu - enter nodes' sub-menu entry 3, 6 aross Reference - Move cursearch Info - search entire info file for After typing 's' type the string to To repeat search type 's' follow earch Info - search entire info file for After typing 's' type the string to to repeat search type 's' follow earch Info - search index. Search Info - search Info - construct a virtual information Runs the command (Info-virtuation and by name. Topic is a non Also allows going into another Topic may be ''': means: open l-x info-apropos: Search Info - search New Independent Info Buffer opens a new, independent, Info buffer opens a new, independent, Info buffer opens a new, independent Info Buffer opens a revice of the menu entry into rough the m | eanings include the following:  It to following text/node if already at end es not move to other node) previous text/node if already at top of move to other node) It to move to other node) It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It tree) It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It tree) It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It tree) It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It tree) It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It tree) It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  It activ |

| <u>Description</u>   | <u>Keystroke</u>  | Function  | <u>Note</u>  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Helpful - extended help for<br>Emacs with more contextual  |   |   | it when the <b>pel-use-helpful</b> user-option is set.  more contextual information and extra links.   |
| information  Help for function/macro/  | <ul> <li>Use it to debug, trace, loc</li> <li><f1> <f2> a</f2></f1></li> </ul>  |   | Show help for function, macro or special form named SYMBOL.  |
| special form Help for command  | <f1> <f2> a</f2></f1>   | (helpful-command  | Show help for interactive function named SYMBOL.   |
| •  |   | SYMBOL)   | ·  |
| Help for function Help for key   | <f1> <f2> f<br/><f1> <f2> k</f2></f1></f2></f1>   | (helpful-function SYMBOL) (helpful-key KEY-   | Show help for function named SYMBOL.  Show help for interactive command bound to KEY-SEQUENCE.   |
| Help for macro   | <f1> <f2> m</f2></f1>   | SEQUENCE) (helpful-macro SYMBOL)  | Show help for macro named SYMBOL.  |
| Help for symbol  | <f1> <f2> iii <f1> <f2> o</f2></f1></f2></f1>   | (helpful-symbol SYMBOL)   | Show help for SYMBOL, a variable, function or macro.   |
| Help for variable  | <f1> <f2> v</f2></f1>   | (helpful-variable SYMBOL)   | Show help for variable named SYMBOL.   |
| Help for symbol at point   | <f1> <f2> .</f2></f1>   | (helpful-at-point)  | Show help for the symbol at point.   |
| Log keys & commands  | PEL provides access to two different packages you can use to show the commands and their key bindings as you type them  • These can be used to show what you type during a presentation to other users, or for documentation purpose.  The following 2 external packages are supported:  The command-log-mode external package.  PEL activates it when the pel-use-command-log-mode user option is turned on (set to t).  PEL activates it when the pel-use-interaction-log-mode user option is turned on (set to t).   |   |  |
| Command Log Mode   | The command-log-mode open a dedicated window that shows the log of all key sequence and mouse events and the executed command name.  The information is similar to what is available with view-lossage, but in a nicely formatted way, much easier to use.  See the ∑ Windows table for commands that can be used to toggle the dedicated state of the window allowing you to move the window.  This requires the command-log-mode.el file from the command-log-mode external package.  PEL installs the latest version of that file when the pel-use-command-log-mode user option is turned on (set to t).  PEL saves it inside your ./emacs/utils directory. To get the latest version, erase that file and its .elc from ./emacs/utils and execute pel-init or restart Emacs. PEL installs it this way because the official project doesn't seem maintained.  With PEL you can customize command-log-mode by typing <f11> ? <f3> to access its command-log customization group.</f3></f11> |   |  |
|  | Once logging has been   | activated once the other 3 co   | and global-command-log-mode are available at startup to activate the logging.  mmands and their bindings are available.  |
| Toggle command logging for current buffer  | <f11> ? k c c</f11>   | (command-log-mode<br>&optional ARG)   | Toggle command logging: command-log-mode in the current buffer.  • The command-log lighter is shown on the mode line while the minor mode is active.   |
| Toggle command logging for<br>all buffers  | <f11> ? k c C</f11>   | (global-command-log-<br>mode &optional ARG)   | Toggle command logging globally: for all buffers.  The command-log lighter is shown on the mode line while the minor mode is active.   |
| Open Command Log buffer  | <f11> ? k c o</f11>   | (clm/open-command-log-<br>buffer &optional ARG)   | Opens (and creates, if non-existant) a buffer used for logging keyboard commands.  • With any prefix argument, the existing command log buffer is cleared.   |
| Close Command Log buffer   | <f11> ? k c .</f11>   | (clm/close-command-log-buffer)  | Close the command log window.  • Logging continues while the window is closed.   |
| Toggle log of all commands   | <f11> ? k c /</f11>   | (clm/toggle-log-all)  | Toggle the logging of all commands: activate/de-activate common command filtering.  command-log-mode either logs all commands or filter some often used ones like the cursor and character movements. The default setting is controlled by the clm/log-all.  The list of non-logged commands is controlled by clm/non-logged-commands.   |
| Interaction Log Mode   | <ul><li>command names, the insert</li><li>It supports outputs inside</li></ul>  | ed text and other information is a separate Emacs frame allow on of interaction-log-mode by | mand-log-mode shown above, but more powerful. It shows the key bindings, the Emacs Lisp in different colours.  ving you to continue showing information even after using C-x 1 to maximize the current window. vits author: Torstein Krause Johansen.  activates it when the pel-use-interaction-log-mode user option is turned on (set to t).   |
| Start/stop interaction log mode  | <f11> ? k i i</f11>   | (interaction-log-mode<br>&optional ARG)   | Global minor mode logging keys, commands, file loads and messages.  Logged information goes to the *Emacs Log* buffer.  On first invocation the buffer is created but not shown. Select it or use the command pelinteraction-log-buffer to show it.  |
| Show interaction log buffer  | <f11> ? k i b</f11>   | (pel-interaction-log-buffer)  | Show interaction log buffer.   |
| Display interaction log in a separate frame.   | <f11> ? k i f</f11>   | (ilog-show-in-new-frame)  | Display log in a pop up frame.  Customize 'ilog-new-frame-parameters' to specify parameters of the newly created frame.  |
| Toggle display of buffer names in the interaction log  | <f11> ? k i n</f11>   | (ilog-toggle-display-buffer-<br>names)  | Toggle display of buffers in log buffer for each key event.  This command must be issued inside the interactive log buffer only.   |
| Toggle interaction log view  | <f11> ? k i v</f11>   | (ilog-toggle-view)  | Toggle between different view states: showing only messages, only commands, only file loads, and everything.  • This command must be issued inside the interactive log buffer only.  |
| Programming Help   | -   |   | ful when editing source code, markup files or any file that has a mode that supports imenu.  |
| Show what completion mode is currently used.   | <f11> M-c ?</f11>   | (pel-show-active-<br>completion-mode)   | Display the completion mode currently used.  |
| Show function at point See also: ∑ Inserting Text  | <f11> ? F</f11>   | (pel-show-function<br>&optional INSERT-IT)  | Display the name of the current "function" at point in the mini-buffer.  • With any argument, like C-u, also insert the "function" name at point.  |
| Toggle <u>which-function-mode</u> to display name of current function at point   | • <f11> ? f<br/>• <f11> M-d f</f11></f11>   | (which-function-mode<br>&optional ARG)  | Toggle mode line display of current function (Which Function mode).  • With a prefix argument ARG, enable Which Function mode if ARG is positive, and disable it otherwise.  |
| See also:  • ∑ Menus  • ∑ Mode Line  The concept of "function" is major mode specific. For example, in C++ mode, if point is inside a class definition it shows the name of the class. | <ul> <li>The which-function-mode is a global minor mode. When enabled, the current function name is continuously displayed in the mode line.</li></ul>  |   |  |
| Show syntax of char at point   | <f11> ? d s</f11>   | (pel-show-char-syntax)  | Display a message showing the character syntax of character at point.  |
| Extra Descriptions Show symbols of currently   | PEL implements a set of ext   | (pel-show-major-mode)   | built-in Emacs commands to display other the following extra information.  Display the symbol of the currently active major mode.  |
| active major mode  Show which search tool is   | <f1> ? s</f1>   | (pel-show-active-search-  | Display the currently used search tool.  |
| currently used Show available colours  | <f11> ? d c</f11>   | tool) (list-colors-display  | Display names of defined colors, and show what they look like.   |
|  |   | &optional LIST BUFFER-<br>NAME CALLBACK   | and the second s |
| Show encoding of file visited in current buffer  • See also:   Help/Info   | <f11> ? d e</f11>   | (pel-show-buffer-file-<br>encoding)   | Show coding system of file in current buffer.  • Open a *Help* buffer and show the value of the buffer-file-coding-system variable.  |

| <u>Description</u>  | Keystroke   | Function  | Note   |
|---|---|---|--|
| List all available faces  | <f11> ? d F</f11>   | (list-faces-display   | List all faces, using the same sample text in each.  |
| Show buffer and file name   | <f11> ? d f</f11>   | &optional REGEXP) (pel-show-window-   | Show the (full path) name of the file or buffer of current window.   |
| Charrieformation about an   |   | filename-or-buffer-name)  | ` ' '  |
| Show information about an input method                                    | <f11> ? d i</f11>   | (list-input-methods)  | Display information about all input methods.   |
| Display content of kill ring  | <f11> ? d k</f11>   | (pel-show-kill-ring)  | Display content of 'kill-ring' in *Help* buffer.   |
| Print current buffer line # (and narrowed line #)                         | <f11> ? d 1</f11>   | (what-line)   | Print the current buffer line number and narrowed line number of point.  |
| Query info about point  | • C-x =<br>• <f11> ? d p</f11>  | (what-cursor-position<br>&optional DETAIL)  | Displays information about character at point in the echo area: position, character, encoding.   |
| Show information about current character.                                 |   |   | how the complete information of character at point with all properties, face, encoding, etc.   |
|   | • Type: C-u C-x =   | (pel-what-cursor-position)  | With PEL, you can also type: C C-x =  Same as above but always display the complete information.   |
| Show window info  | • <f11> ? D w</f11>   | (pel-show-window-info)  | Show information about window in minibuffer: #, buffer, size, dedicated, etc   |
| See <u>I Windows Hydra</u>  | • <f11> w d ?<br/>* <f7> I</f7></f11>   |   |  |
| Display ASCII table   | <f11> ? A</f11>   | (ascii-table)   | Show an interactive ASCII table in the other (next) window.  |
| See also: <u>Input Method</u>   |   |   | is when the <b>pel-use-ascii-table</b> user option is <b>t</b> .   |
| About Emacs   |   |   | n is available through a set of commands listed below  |
| Display Emacs version  Display Emacs uptime                               | <f11> ? e v<br/><f11> ? e u</f11></f11>   | (emacs-version) (emacs-uptime &optional   | Display Emacs version  Display a string giving the uptime of this instance of Emacs in the echo area.  |
| Display Emacs Config  | ZE11> 2 a G   | FORMAT) (pel-emacs-config-  | Print the names of all Emacs configured compilation features. It also prints whether Emacs was   |
| features  | <f11> ? e C</f11>   | features)   | compiled with or without native compilation.   |
| Open local copy of Emacs PDF reference card                               | <f11> ? e r</f11>   | (pel-open-emacs-refcard)  | Prompt for an Emacs REFCARD and open it. Supports tab completion   |
|   |   | story where the Emacs PDF refe<br>user option. Access custom gr   | erence card files are stored. Failing to detect them, 🕢 it uses the directory identified by the <b>pel</b> - oup with <f11> ? <f2></f2></f11>  |
| Open info about Emacs bug   | <f11> ? e B</f11>   | (pel-emacs-bug-info<br>&optional in-browser)  | Prompt for Emacs bug number. Open the bug discussion email stream in a Gnus buffer.  • With optional arg, open in system buffer instead.   |
| Show buffer stats & current window last visited buffer                    | • <f11> b ?<br/>• <f11> ? e b</f11></f11>   | (pel-emacs-buffer-stats)  | Show buffer statistics: total count of buffers, # of buffer visiting files, # of special buffers and # of internal buffers. Also show the name of previous buffer used in the current window.  |
| Show number of available and key bound commands                           | <f11> ? e c</f11>   | (pel-emacs-command-<br>stats)   | Display number of available commands and the number of those that have key bindings in the echo area, and the number of bindings in the global map.  |
| Show <u>loaded files</u> & <u>features</u>                                | <f11> ? e l</f11>   | (pel-emacs-load-stats<br>&optional WITH_DETAILS)  | Display the number of loaded files and the number of features currently loaded.  • With C-u prefix print features in a buffer. With C-u C-u, also print load information, with symbols displayed as clickable buttons that open a help buffer describing it.   |
| Display Memory Usage  | <f11> ? e m</f11>   | (pel-emacs-mem-stats)   | Display Emacs memory statistics inside an *emacs-mem-stats* buffer.  |
| Check/display list of shadowed Emacs Lisp files                           | <f11> ? e s</f11>   | (list-load-path-shadows<br>&optional STRINGP)   | Display a list of Emacs Lisp files that shadow other files  • Shows any shadows in a "Shadows" buffer  |
| Print imenu controlling variables  See also:   Menus                      | <f11> ? e i</f11>   | (pel-imenu-print-vars)  | Print the value of the imenu variables used to control the imenu functionality for the current buffer. Symbols are clickable buttons to help on the symbol.  • Print this information in a *imenu-dbg* buffer.  • Use to investigate the imenu support for a major mode.   |
| Print value of outline controlling variables                              | <f11> ? e o</f11>   | (pel-outline-print-vars)  | Print the current buffer specific values of outline controlling variables. Use this to learn possible how to control the outline minor mode.   |
| See also: <u>Soutline</u> See Emacs executable path                       | <f11> ? e x</f11>   | (pel-emacs-executable)  | Display Emacs executable path in echo area.  |
| Display load-path   | <f11> ? e p</f11>   | (pel-emacs-load-path & optional N)  | Show the current load-path inside a new *load-path* buffer. Open the buffer in the current window or the one identified by N, with the display-line-number-mode on. The buffer is NOT committed to a file.   |
| Display Emacs initialization time with benchmark information if available | • Window selection: If N • If | is not specified, nil or 1: open to is negative, create a new winds is 0: copen buffer in other in [2,8] range, open buffer in wing 8:= 'up 4:= 'left 5:= 'current 6: 2:= 'down is 9 or larger: search in window (pel-show-init-time)  -init library to measure time of ge, select benchmark-init and file and place the following lines rk Measurement soon to measure as much | ow and open buffer inside it. er window indow identified by the direction corresponding to the cursor in a numeric keypad:  = 'right v below.  Display benchmark startup time. Display the benchmark initialization and duration tree in 2 buffers if the benchmark-init library is installed and loaded in the init.el file. It also display the Emacs startup time inside the echo area.  the various loaded modules. I install it. s as close as possible to the top of the file:  as possible. |
|   | ;; CAUTION: Modify the path when a new version is available.  (require 'benchmark-init  (expand-file-name "-/.emacs.d/elpa/benchmark-init-20150905.938/benchmark-init"))  (add-hook 'after-init-hook 'benchmark-init/deactivate)  • Update the path in this code if necessary.  |   |  |
| List processes<br>See also: <u>▼ Shells</u>                               | • <f11> ? e C-p<br/>• <f11> z ?</f11></f11>   | (list-processes & optional QUERY-ONLY BUFFER)   | Display a list of all processes that are Emacs sub-processes in the *Process List* buffer. With non-nil optional argument, only processes with the query-on-exit flag set are listed. Any process listed as exited or signalled is actually eliminated after the listing is made.  |
| Print process tree  | <f11> ? e M-p</f11>   | (pel-process-tree)  | Print the process tree of the inferior process of the current buffer if any, otherwise print the process tree of Emacs itself.  This requires the <u>pstree</u> command. It generates an error if it is not available.   |
| ESUP - Emacs Start Up<br>Profiler   | <f11> ? e P</f11>   | (esup &optional INIT-FILE &rest ARGS)   | Profile the startup time of Emacs in the background.  If INIT-FILE is non-nil, profile that instead of USER-INIT-FILE.  ARGS is a list of extra command line arguments to pass to Emacs.   |
|   | The esup profiler has se a file but not if they are encl  | veral limitations: 1) it only suppo   | it when the <b>pel-use-esup</b> customization variable is set to <b>t</b> .  orts Emacs running in graphics mode. 2) esup steps into 'require' and 'load' forms at the top level of This limits its usefulness when conditional loading is located in the init.el file and when the use- sed by PEL to reduce init time.   |

| Description  | Keystroke  | Function  | Note  |
|--|--|---|---|
| Using Man inside   | -  | mands to display man pages in   | 955   |
| Emacs  | Both of these are much n   | nore powerful than the usual ma   | an reader available on the shell allowing navigation across man pages & opening hyperlinks.  oman is a complete implementation which has some formatting limitations compared to man but it's   |
| See also: • <u>\$\mathbb{B}\tilde{l} - Erlang</u> • <u>\$\mathbb{E} Customize</u>  | very useful in systems wh The man command will fi Emacs you can also cust  | nere man is not available.<br>nd pages that the system's ma   | n can find. This can be extended or modified by setting the MANPATH environment variable. Inside es user option to provide extra configuration including a different MANPATH by using the -M switch.  |
| Open a man page inside an<br>Emacs buffer  | • <f11> ? m<br/>• M-<f8><br/>• %-M</f8></f11>  | (man MAN-ARGS)  | Open a Man page inside an Emacs window.   |
| On Unix/Linux, use it to<br>display help about C/C++<br>functions, types.          | The links are active and corpressing <ret> over the You can navigate easily be You can use any of the optomove from one to the easily keys available in remaining the man command promoved the man command proving specified set of man pages.</ret>   | e link.  between sections (n/p will move ptions to the man command at other page, inside the same bu mode, with <f1> m or <f11>?  npts, using the word at point as ides completion at prompt. Ho</f11></f1> | n page describes a directory or file, emacs will open the file or the directory (in direct mode) when to the next/previous section). You can use any of the searches. the prompt, like the -a option to access all man pages of the same name. Then use <b>M-n</b> and <b>M-p</b> ffer. k m.  Is the default. PEL key sequence to customize man: <f11> <f2> E m  Dewever, if you set up a MANPATH to isolate on directory to get only the list of commands in a h, the completion will only work if the man directory contains a whatsis database file. See my</f2></f11>       |
| Use Emacs as a man viewer from the shell   |  | acs as your man pager directly<br>e shell. See my <u>USRHOME</u> pro  | from the shell. I have written shell code to do this: launch Emacs to open the requested man page oject: use-emacs-for-man.   |
| Open man page for item at point  | M-S- <f8></f8>   | (pel-man-at-point)  | Open a man page for the topic at point if any, otherwise prompts for topic.  • Man page section controlled by user option named pel-%s-man-section, where '%s' is replaced by the major mode. Useful for modes like Tcl where section name differs.   |
| Open a man page without external man process: woman                                | • <f11> ? w<br/>• C-<f8></f8></f11>  | (woman &optional TOPIC RE-CACHE)  | Open a man page file in Emacs using the woman mode, completely implemented in Emacs Lisp (and therefore without using the external 'man' process).  |
| - Total  | PEL key sequence to cu   | stomize woman: <f11> <f2< th=""><th>he <b>pel-use-ace-link</b> user option is set to <b>t</b>., the following key is activated:</th></f2<></f11>  | he <b>pel-use-ace-link</b> user option is set to <b>t</b> ., the following key is activated:  |
| Emacs Bug Reports See also: EmacsBugTracker@ Emacs Wiki Emacs Bug triaging article | The GNU Bug Tracker is More info is available in the This information can also be PEL activates it who is the This information can also be PEL activates it who is the This information can also be perfectly the This information can also be | used as a bug tracker for seventhe GNU Bug Tracker Docume accessed directly within Emacenthe pel-use-debbugs user of  | ich is an instance of <u>Debian bug tracker: debbugs.</u> eral GNU project. See the list of <u>Gnu software packages using this bug tracker.</u> entation.  cs by using the <u>debbugs</u> external package.  poption is turned on (set to t). PEL also binds the <u>debbugs</u> commands to the following keys.  up via the <f11>? <f3> key sequence.</f3></f11>   |
| List all outstanding Emacs bugs  | <f11> ? b a</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu SEVERITIES<br>&optional PACKAGES<br>ARCHIVEDP SUPPRESS<br>TAGS)  | List all outstanding bugs.  |
| Search for Emacs bugs  | <f11> ? b s</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-search<br>PHRASE &optional QUERY<br>SEVERITIES PACKAGES<br>ARCHIVEDP)  | Search for Emacs bugs interactively. Search arguments are requested interactively. The "search phrase" is used for full text search in the bugs database. Further key-value pairs are requested until an empty key is returned. If a key cannot be queried by a SOAP request, it is marked as "client-side filter". When using interactively, use C-x M-: after this command for reusing the argument list. Be careful in editing the arguments, because the allowed attributes for QUERY depend on PHRASE being a string, or nil. See Info node '(debbugs-ug) Searching Bugs'. |
| List all users tags  | <f11> ? b u</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-usertags<br>&rest USERS)   | List all user tags for USERS, which is ("emacs") by default.  |
| List bug reports that contain a patch  | <f11> ? b p</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-patches)   | List the bug reports that have been marked as containing a patch.   |
| List all bugs or specified bugs  | <f11> ? b b</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-bugs &rest<br>BUGS)  | List all BUGS, a list of bug numbers.  In interactive calls, prompt for a comma separated list of bugs or bug ranges, with default to 'debbugs-gnu-default-bug-number-list'.  This accepts a single bug number, a comma separated list of bug numbers as well as dash separated range of bug numbers.   |
| List bugs tags locally   | <f11> ? b t</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-tagged)  | List the bug reports that have been tagged locally.   |
| List all outstanding Emacs bugs in Org-mode format                                 | <f11> ? b A</f11>  | (debbugs-org)   | List all outstanding bugs using an Org-mode format.   |
| Search for Emacs bugs, list<br>bugs in Org-mode format                             | <f11> ? b S</f11>  | (debbugs-org-search)  | Search for bugs interactively. List bugs in Org-mode format.  Search arguments are requested interactively. The "search phrase" is used for full text search in the bugs database.  Further key-value pairs are requested until an empty key is returned. If a key cannot be queried by a SOAP request, it is marked as "client-side filter".   |
| List bug reports that contain<br>a patch, list bugs in Org-<br>mode format         | <f11> ? b P</f11>  | (debbugs-org-patches)   | List the bug reports that have been marked as containing a patch. List bugs in Org-mode format.   |
| List all bugs or specified bugs in Org-mode format                                 | <f11> ? b B</f11>  | (debbugs-org-bugs)  | List all bugs, a list of bug numbers. List bugs in Org-mode format.  In interactive calls, prompt for a comma separated list of bugs or bug ranges, with default to 'debbugs-gnu-default-bug-number-list'.  |
| List bugs tags locally in Org-<br>mode format                                      | <f11> ? b T</f11>  | (debbugs-org-tagged)  | List the bug reports that have been tagged locally. List bugs in Org-mode format.   |
| More Help  |  |   |   |
| Open Emacs Tutorial  | • C-h t<br>• <f1> t</f1>   | (help-with-tutorial<br>&optional ARG DONT-ASK-<br>FOR-REVERT)   | Open an Emacs Tutorial. Restore location if used before (after prompt).   |
| Find Elisp Package<br>See also: <u>Packages</u>                                    | • C-h p<br>• <f1> p</f1>   | (finder-by-keyword)   | Find packages matching a given keyword. Useful to search for packages supporting a specific concept.  |
| Open Emacs FAQ   | • C-h C-f<br>• <f1> C-f</f1>   | (view-emacs-FAQ)  | Display the Emacs Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) file.  |
| Emacs news   | • C-h n<br>• <f1> n</f1>   | (view-emacs-news<br>&optional VERSION)  | Display info on recent changes to Emacs. With argument, display info only for the selected version. Includes code modifications of each version of Emacs.   |
| Display local help in echo<br>area   | <f1> .<br/>C-h .<br/>C-c ! H</f1>  | (display-local-help<br>&optional ARG)   | Display local help in the echo area.  This displays a short help message, namely the string produced by the 'kbd-help' property at point. If 'kbd-help' does not produce a string, but the 'help-echo' property does, then that string is printed instead.  A numeric argument ARG prevents display of a message in case there is no help. While ARG can be used interactively, it is mainly meant for use from Lisp.   |

| December 1  | Vtl   | F 12  | N.A.   |
|---|---|---|--|
| Description   | Keystroke   | Function  | Note   |
| Emacs + PEL specifics   |   | rovide more information about E   |  |
| Show PEL user option and package info   | <f11> ? e ?</f11>   | (pel-package-info &optional FULL-REPORT ON-STDOUT                           | Display the following information inside a *pel-user-options* buffer:  • name of custom file, package-user-dir, the number of PEL user-options, and the number of  |
| See also:   Customize   |   |   | them that are active, number of loaded files, and features.  The number of Elpa packages active: the count of the ones directly installed because of   |
|   |   |   | active PEL user-options and the count of them installed as dependencies of the first group.  • The number of Emacs Lisp files stored in the ~/.emacs.d/utils (or equivalent directory) as a  |
|   |   |   | result of PEL user options.  |
|   |   |   | <ul> <li>The number of elpa-compliant packages that have a newer version and could be updated.</li> <li>With optional argument, like C-u, generates a full report with more details.</li> </ul>  |
| Display name of   | • <f11> ? e <f2></f2></f11>   | (pel-setup-info-dual-   | Display current PEL customization setup.   |
| customization file. Show whether PEL dual   | • <f11> <f2> ?</f2></f11>   | environment)  | Check two independent customization files for terminal/tty and graphics mode are requested<br>and if so check if they are setup properly.  |
| independent customization is used or not.   |   |   | Report an error and list problems if there are any, otherwise display the current setup.   |
| See also: <u>▼ Customize</u>  |   |   | After executing that command you will have to edit your init.el file and set the pel-use-graphic-specific-custom-file-p symbol to t.   |
| Display current Emacs   | • <f11> ? e M-S</f11>   | (pel-setup-info)  | Display current state of PEL setup: whether Emacs startup is used in normal or in fast startup   |
| Startup configuration setup See also:   Fast Startup  | • <f11> M-S ?</f11>   |   | operation mode.  |
| Open PEL PDF Help File  | PEL includes a large set of I   | nelp PDF (like this one) that are   | hosted on GitHub and located in your local PEL installation.   |
|   |   | I supports prefix commands that<br>e behaviour. This is described a         | at control how to open the file and , for some context, open a main topic or secondary topic file. at the top of this PDF.   |
| See also: <u>➤Legend</u> Open this PDF file.  | ·   |   |  |
| Select and Open a PEL PDF   | <f11> ? <f1></f1></f11>   | (pel-help-pdf &optional N)  | Open the <u>S Help/Info</u> local PDF.   |
| file  | • <f11> ? p<br/>• <f11> p</f11></f11>   | (pel-help-pdf-select<br>&optional OPEN-WEB-                                 | Prompt for a PEL PDF and open it.  • Supports tab completion.  |
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| Open a Dired Buffer for PEL PDF files.  | <f11> ? P</f11>   | (pel-help-pdfs-dir)   | Open a Dired buffer on the PEL PDF directory. Inside Dired you can open a PDF file by typing 'z' over the file name. You can also select several and type 'z' to open them all.  |
| <u>≻Index</u>   | <f11> <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>≻Index</u> PDF file, a quid   | k index with links to all other PEL PDF files.   |
| ∑ Abbreviations   | <f11> a <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ <b>Abbreviations</b></u> PDF fi                                   | le.  |
| ∑ Align   | <f11> t a <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ <b>Align</b></u> PDF file.  |  |
| ∑ Auto-Completion   | <f11> , <f1></f1></f11>   | Open   Auto-Completion PD   | OF file.   |
| <u>∑ Bookmarks</u>  | <f11> ' <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>S Bookmarks</u> PDF file.   |  |
| <u>∑ Buffers</u>  | <f11> b <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑</u> Buffers PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Case Conversions  | <f11> t <f1> 1</f1></f11>   | Open <u>S</u> Case Conversions P  | DF file.   |
| <u>∑ Comments</u>   | <f11> ; <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>S Comments</u> PDF file.  |  |
| ∑ Cut & Paste   | • <f11> = <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>E Cut &amp; Paste</u> PDF file.                                     |  |
| 77 O  | • <f11> - <f1></f1></f11>   | O   |  |
| ∑ Counting  | <f11> c <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Counting</u> PDF file.  |  |
| ∑ Cursor  | <f11> m <f1></f1></f11>   | Open S Customine DDF file.  |  |
| ∑ Customize   | <f11> <f2> <f1> <f11> d <f1></f1></f11></f1></f2></f11>   | Open <u>S Customize</u> PDF file.  Open <u>S Diff &amp; Merge</u> PDF file. |  |
| ∑ Diff & Merge   ∑ Dired  | -   | Open <u>x Dirt &amp; Merge</u> PDF file.  Open <u>x Dired</u> PDF file.     |  |
| ∑ Drawing   | <f11> f <f1> 2<br/><f11> D <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11>   | Open <u>S Drawing</u> PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Enriched Text   | <f11> b &lt;11&gt;<f1><f1><f1><f1><f1><f1><f1><f1><f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f11> | Open <u>S Enriched Text</u> PDF file.                                       | اه   |
| ∑ Fast Startup  | <f11> <f2> S <f1></f1></f2></f11>   | Open the <b>∑</b> Fast Startup PDF  |  |
| ∑ File-mngt   | <f11> f <f1> 1</f1></f11>   | Open ∑ File-mngt PDF file.  | ·····  |
| ∑ File/Directory Variables  | <f11> f v <f1></f1></f11>   | Open ∑ File/Directory Variab  | oles PDF file.   |
| ∑ Filling/Justification   | • <f11> t f <f1></f1></f11>   | Open ∑ Filling/Justification  |  |
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| <u>\( \tilde{\ti}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}</u> | <f11> F <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>Frames</u> PDF file.  |  |
| <u>ℤ Grep</u>   | <f11> g <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Grep</u> PDF file.  |  |
| ∑ Help/Info   | <f11> ? <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ <b>Help/Info</b></u> PDF file.                                    |  |
| ∑ Hide/Show   | <f11> M-/ <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ <b>Hide/Show</b></u> PDF file.                                    |  |
| <u>\( \times \text{ Highlight} \)</u>   | <f11> h <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ <b>Highlight</b></u> PDF file.                                    |  |
| ∑ Indentation   | <f11> TAB <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Indentation</u> PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Input Method  | <f11> t <f1> 2</f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Input Method</u> PDF fil  |  |
| ∑ Inserting Text  | • <f11> i <f1><br/>• <f11> y <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11>   | Open <u>Inserting Text</u> PDF file   | e.   |
|   | • <f11> _ <f1></f1></f11>   |   |  |
| ∑ Keyboard Macros   | <f11> k <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Keyboard Macros</u> Pl  | DF file.   |
| ∑ Key-Chords  | <f11> <f5> k <f1></f1></f5></f11>   | Open the <u>∑ Key-Chords</u> PDF  |  |
| Line management.  | <f11> 1 <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>I Display - Lines</u> PDF   | file.  |
| <u>∑ Marking</u>  | <f11> . <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Marking</u> PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Mode Line   | <f11> M-d <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Mode Line</u> PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Menus   | <f11> <f10> <f1></f1></f10></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Menus</u> PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Outline   | <f11> M-1 <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑</u> <b>Outline</b> PDF file.                                      |  |
| ∑ Projectile  | • <f11> <f8> <f1></f1></f8></f11>   | Open <u>▼ Projectile</u> PDF file.  |  |
|   | • <f8> <f1></f1></f8>   |   | *f1> is available when the projectile mode is activated.   |
| ∑ Registers   | <f11> r <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Registers</u> PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Scrolling   | <f11>   <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Scrolling</u> PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Search/Replace  | <f11> s <f1> Open <u>∑ Search/Replace</u> PDF file.</f1></f11>  |   |  |
| ∑ Sessions  | <f11> \$ <f1></f1></f11>  |   |  |
| <u>∑ Shells</u>   | <f11> z <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>≥ Snells</u> PDF file. Infor  | mation about how to launch shell, process and applications.  |
|   |   |   |  |

| <u>Description</u> ∑ Sorting                         | Keystroke  | Function Note  Open Sorting PDF file (o for ordering).  |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| ∑ Speedbar   | -  | Open Speedbar PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Spell Checking                                     | <f11> M-s <f1></f1></f11>  | Open Spell Checking PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Text Modes   | <f11> \$ <f1><br/>• <f11> t <f1> 3</f1></f11></f1></f11>                                     | Open <u>Text Modes</u> PDF file.  |  |
| <u> </u>   | • <f11> t &lt;11&gt; 3<br/>• <f11> t m <f1></f1></f11></f11>                                 | Open <u>a rext modes</u> FDF file.  |  |
| ∑ Time Tracking                                      | <f11> T <f1></f1></f11>  | Open <u>E Time Tracking</u> PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Transpose  | <f11> t t <f1></f1></f11>  | Open <u>E Transpose</u> PDF file.   |  |
| <u>  ▼ Whitespace</u>                                | <f11> t w <f1></f1></f11>  | Open <u><b>E Whitespace</b></u> PDF file.   |  |
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| ▼ VCS-Mercurial                                      | <f11> v <f1></f1></f11>  | Open <u>vCS-Mercurial</u> PDF file.   |  |
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| Specialized Minor                                    | Extending the capabilities fo  | r specific programming languages  |  |
| Modes  |  |   |  |
| <u>ֆί- Lispy</u>                                     |  | lobal key binding for Lispy.  sp family languages as well as Julia and Python.  |  |
| Mode Specific PDF                                    | PEL PDF files for specific ma  | ajor modes can be opened using the <f12> <f1> key from a buffer in that mode.</f1></f12>  |  |
| Help:  | -  | that starts with <f11> SPC is available globally, allowing you to open it from any buffer.</f11>  |  |
| <ul> <li>Programming<br/>Languages</li> </ul>        |  | x arguments that allows control to open the local PDF with the PDF viewer or open the GitHub hosted raw PDF in your browser.                  |  |
|  | That is more flexible allowing   | g you to browse quickly through all PDF files. See description of arguments at the beginning of the section.  Open <b>%16-AppleScript</b> PDF |  |
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| <u>pĭ - LFE</u>                                      | <f11> SPC C-1 <f1></f1></f11>  | Open <u>\$\text{\$\Lambda}\text{\$\Lambda}\text{-LFE}} PDF</u>  |  |
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| <u> pt - Python</u>                                  | <f11> SPC p <f1></f1></f11>  | Open <u>\$1 - Python</u> PDF  |  |
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| <u>pι - REXX</u>                                     | <f11> SPC R <f1><br/><f12> <f1></f1></f12></f1></f11>  | Open <u>\$1 - REXX</u> PDF  |  |
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| ₽ĭ - Scheme  | <f11> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f11>            | Open 1917 - Scheme PDF  |  |
| TA CONOMIC   | <f11> SPC C-S <f1></f1></f11>  | 5p. 3. <u>2010/10</u> 1 21  |  |
| ழ் - UNIX Shell                                      | <f11> SPC Z <f1></f1></f11>  | Open 31 - UNIX Shell PDF. Describes the major mode used for editing Unix shell scripts.   |  |
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| Description               | <u>Keystroke</u>  | Function Note  |
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| pι - ν <b>***</b> *       | <f11> SPC v <f1></f1></f11>                                 | Open N I - V PDF   |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       |  |
| Build Tools               |   |  |
| βΙ - Make                 | <f11> SPC M <f1></f1></f11>                                 | Open <u>pr Make</u>  |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       |  |
| Markup languages          |   |  |
| M Graphviz Dot            | <f11> SPC M-g <f1></f1></f11>                               | Open M Graphviz Dot PDF  |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       |  |
| M Outline/Org-Mode        | <f11> SPC M-o <f1></f1></f11>                               | Open M <u>Outline/Org-Mode</u> PDF   |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       |  |
| M PlantUML                | • <f11> D u <f1> • <f11> SPC M-u <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11> | Open M. PlantUML PDF   |
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| <u>Markdown</u>           | <f11> SPC M-m <f1></f1></f11>                               | Open M. Markdown PDF   |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       |  |
| <u>M reStructuredText</u> | <f11> SPC M-r <f1></f1></f11>                               | Open <u>M reStructuredText</u> PDF   |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       |  |
| Using Shells              |   |  |
| ∑ shell-mode              | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       | Open the <u>Shell-mode</u> PDF which describes the commands available in shell-mode. |
| <u> ℤ term-mode</u>       | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       | Open the <u>Term-mode</u> PDF which describes the commands available in term-mode.   |
| <u> ∑ eat-mode</u>        | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       | Open the <u>reat-mode</u> PDF which describes the commands available in eat-mode.    |
| <u> ▼ vterm-mode</u>      | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>                                       | Open the <u>vterm-mode</u> PDF which describes the commands available in vterm-mode. |

## Help - References

| Topic & Link                                       | Description   |
|--|---|
| Emacs Help   |   |
| GNU Emacs Manuals Online                           | The page with the list of all available online GNU Emacs manuals.   |
| GNU Emacs Manual - Help                            | Emacs manual - Help chapter   |
| Gnu Emacs Manual - Help Mode                       | Describes the command and key bindings that can be used in the Help-mode buffer window, which shows the help information.   |
| Emacs Manuals                                      | Note that all Emacs manuals are available inside of Emacs. It's better to test, investigate code, etc   |
| GNU Emacs Manuals Online                           | Lists all GNU Emacs manuals, reference cards, etc   |
| GNU Emacs Manual                                   | Points to different formats of the manual. The format where all is inside one HTML file is useful to search. There's also the PDF formats.  |
| GNU Reference Cards                                | This is accessible via the first link.  |
| Emacs Papers                                       |   |
| EMACS: The Extensible, Customizable Display Editor | This paper was written by Richard Stallman in 1981 and delivered in the ACM Conference on Text Processing.  |
| <b>Emacs Tutorials</b>                             |   |
| A Guided Tour of Emacs                             | The official Emacs Tutorial. Part of Emacs. Best used <i>inside</i> Emacs. A good starting point. Use the others to get different point of views.                                 |
| Absolute Beginner's Guide to Emacs                 |   |
| A Tutorial Introduction to GNU Emacs               |   |
| Practical Emacs Tutorial @ ErgoEmacs               |   |
| Emacs Cheat Sheet / Keystroke<br>Lists             | Note, however, that Emacs itself and PEL provides similar information.  |
| Emacs Videos                                       |   |
| Emacs Rocks - home                                 | A collection of Youtube homed videos about various Emacs features. Well documented with keystrokes showing on the screen cast. Worth watching slowly to catch what is being done. |
| Emacs and Man files                                |   |
| How to create a local whatis file                  | Show how to create a missing whatis file for a set of man pages and the philosophy behind apropos, whatis and makewhatis.   |