ibuffer-mode

| <u>Operation</u> | <u>Keystroke</u> | Function | <u>Note</u> | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| ibuffer Mode | Emacs ibuffer is a mode them group them in var | | nown as a list of entries, like a directory view, with the ability to select specific buffers, filter | |
| See also: <u>∑ Buffers</u> | The ibuffer mode is really flexible and extremely useful for managing small and large list of buffers and their files. The commands available in this buffer are listed in this table. This information is also partially available in the <u>Definition</u> buffers. | | | |
| Open this PDF file. See also: <u>∑ Help/Info</u> | <f12> <f1></f1></f12> | (pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB- PAGE) | Open this <u>Nibuffer-mode</u> local PDF. If the prefix argument (like C-u or M) is used, then it opens the remote GitHub hosted raw PDF instead. If the pel-flip-help-pdf-arg user-option is set it's the other way around. | |
| <u>S</u> Customize Emacs Ibuffer support | <f12> <f3></f3></f12> | (pel-customize-library &optional OTHER-WINDOW) | Customize Emacs ibuffer. When a prefix argument (like $\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{u}$) opens the buffer inside another window. | |
| ibuffer Mode | | le in the ibuffer window. -b key binding open the ibuffer window. P | EL also provide extra filters and sorting commands. | |
| Mark buffers | Inside the buffer-mode window, use the following commands to mark and un-mark buffer entries. m : Mark the buffer at point. t : Unmark all currently marked buffers, and mark all unmarked buffers. * c : Change the mark used on marked buffers. u : Unmark the buffer at point. DEL : Unmark the previous buffer. M-DEL : Unmark buffers marked with MARK. U : Unmark all marked buffers. * M : Mark buffers by major mode. * u : Mark all "unsaved" buffers. This means that the buffer is modified, and has an associated file. * m : Mark all modified buffers, regardless of whether they have an associated file. * s : Mark all buffers whose name begins and ends with "". * e : Mark all buffers whose name begins and ends with "i". * e : Mark all buffers which have an associated file, but that file doesn't currently exist. * r : Mark buffers in 'dired-mode'. * h : Mark buffers in 'help-mode', 'apropos-mode', etc. • : Mark buffers by their name, using a regexp. * n : Mark buffers by their major mode, using a regexp. * f : Mark buffers by their flename, using a regexp. * g : Mark buffers by their flename, using a regexp. | | | |
| Mark for deletion | % L : Mark all loc | | | |
| Operate on marked | Once buffers are marked, | | | |
| | S : Save the marked buffers. A : View the marked buffers in the selected frame. H : View the marked buffers in another frame. V : Revert the marked buffers. T : Toggle read-only state of marked buffers. L : Toggle lock state of marked buffers. M-s a C-s : Do incremental search in the marked buffers. M-s a C-M-s : Isearch for regexp in the marked buffers. Y : Replace by regexp in each of the marked buffers. Q : Query replace in each of the marked buffers. I : As above, with a regular expression. P : Print the marked buffers. O : List lines in all marked buffers which match a given regexp (like the function 'occur'). X : Pipe the contents of the marked buffers to a shell command. N : Replace the contents of the marked buffers with the output of a shell command. I : Run a shell command with the buffer's file as an argument. E : Evaluate a form in each of the marked buffers. This is a very flexible command. For example, if you want to make all of the marked buffers read-only, try using (read-only-mode 1) as the input form. **A sabove, but view each buffer while the form is evaluated. | | | |
| Kill/close marked buffer | D : Kill the marked buffers. k : Remove the marked lines from the *lbuffer* buffer, but don't kill the associated buffer. x : Kill all buffers marked for deletion. | | | |
| Manage filters Filterering commands | Use the following commands to filter the buffer entries according to one or several criteria. Use the commands below to filter the list. / RET: Add a filter by an anjor mode. / m: Add a filter by derived mode. / m: Add a filter by buffer name. / c: Add a filter by buffer content. / b: Add a filter by basename. / f: Add a filter by filename. / d: Add a filter by directory name. / i: Add a filter by file extension. / i: Add a filter by modified buffers. / e: Add a filter by an arbitrary Lisp predicate. / >: Add a filter by buffer size. / <: Add a filter by buffer size. / *: Add a filter by special buffers. / v: Add a filter by buffers visiting files. | | | |
| Manage filters | Once the filters are created you can also combine them using the following commands. / s : Save the current filters with a name. / r : Switch to previously saved filters. / a : Add saved filters to current filters. / a : Replace the top two filters with their logical AND. / : Replace the top two filters with their logical OR. / p : Remove the top filter. / ! : Invert the logical sense of the top filter. / M-d : Break down the topmost filter. / / : Remove all filtering currently in effect. | | | |

| <u>Operation</u> | <u>Keystroke</u> | Function | <u>Note</u> | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Filter Groups | The ibuffer mode supports creating groups of entries. The groups can be based on the filters created by the commands above and given names. The / D command creates a set of groups based on the directories of the files. The other commands provide ability to create specialized groups, saving them and deleted them. | | | | |
| lBuffer Mode Filter Group commands | / D : Group buffers by directory path names / g : Create filter group from filters. / P : Remove top filter group. / \ : Remove all active filter groups / S : Save the current groups with a name. / R : Restore previously saved groups. / X : Delete previously saved groups. | | | | |
| Buffer Mode commands to move across Filter Groups | Use the following commands to navigate through the filter groups TAB: Move to the next filter group. M-n: Move to the next filter group. | | | | |
| | M-p : Move to the previous filter group. | | | | |
| Sort entries | Use the following commands to sort the list of buffer entries , : Rotate between the various sorting modes. s i : Reverse the current sorting order. s a : Sort the buffers lexicographically. s f : Sort the buffers by the file name. s v : Sort the buffers by last viewing time. s s : Sort the buffers by size. s m : Sort the buffers by major mode. s p : Sort the buffers by path name. | | | | |
| Other commands | | | | | |
| Refresh/change list format | g : Regenerate the list of all buffers. Prefix arg means to toggle whether buffers that match 'ibuffer-maybe-show-predicates' should be displayed. : Change the <i>current display format</i> . Use this to see the complete file name when the file name is long. | | | | |
| Bury buffer | b : Bury (not kill!) the buffer on this line. | | | | |
| View Buffer | RET : View the buffer on this line. o : As above, but in another window. C-o : As both above, but don't select the new window. | | | | |
| Navigate | SPC : Move point to the next line. C-n : Move point to the next line. C-p : Move point to the previous line. | | | | |
| Diff buffer & file | = : View the differences between this buffer and its associated file. | | | | |
| • Help | h : Show emacs ibuffer help ? : Show emacs ibuffer help C-h m : Show emacs ibuffer help <f1> m : Show emacs ibuffer help <f12 <="" <f1=""> : Open this PEL PDF help</f12></f1> | | | | |
| IBuffer Mode Filtering commands | | (ibuffer-filter-chosen-by-completion) | Select and apply filter chosen by completion against available filters. Indicates corresponding key sequences in echo area after filtering. The completion matches against the filter description text of ach filter in 'ibuffer-filtering-alist'. | | |
| | | (ibuffer-filter-by-directory QUALIFIER) | Limit current view to buffers with directory matching QUALIFIER. • For a buffer associated with file '/a/b/c.d', this matches against '/a/b'. For a buffer not associated with a file, this matches against the value of 'default-directory' in that buffer. | | |