## **Getting Help / Apropos / Descriptions / Info Manuals / Queries**

| <u>Description</u>   | Keystroke  | Function   | <u>Note</u>  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Getting Help  Key bindings   |  |  | is accessible from within Emacs: the manuals, the info page, the docstrings of functions or manual, topic, command, function, variable, object names, values inside variables.   |
| Packages, functions Apropos help Key sequence help short doc info Helpful, Log programming, extra topics About Emacs man, woman Emacs bugs report PEL setup/used packages PEL PDF Help Quick searches: help on any symbol: <f1>0 info topic: <f11>? i a Text in any elisp doctring: C-u <f1> d Value in any symbol: <f11>? a u</f11></f1></f11></f1> | PEL also provides a large set of topic-specific PDF files such as this one (identified as ∑ Help/Info). See the ≽Index it has links to all PEL PDFs.  • These PDFs are heavily hyper-linked to each other, to the Emacs manual and to external package home and description sites.  • Use the context sensitive pel-help-pdf command to open the PDF of interest from within Emacs. That command can be invoked by:  • several global key sequences; each one identifies a specific PDF to open. These key sequences all start with <f11> and end with <f1>.  • with the <f12> <f1> (st1) local key sequence that open the PDF related to the buffer's major mode.  • For some of these key sequences, the command also supports one or several secondary topics; these are mostly related to PDF describing the languages, but also some topics specific to complex minor modes. For example, in a make file using the GNU make syntax, the secondary topic is a description of the GNU make syntax. Inside an emacs-lisp buffer, the secondary topics are lispy and Emacs Lisp syntax.  • To select the secondary topic PDF, use a positive key command prefix with an absolute value greater than 1; such as C-u or M-2.  By default the pel-help-pdf command opens a local PDF file with the local PDF reader. To open the GitHub hosted PDF web page instead use a negative prefix key. To open the main topic, use the M prefix or the M1 prefix to the command. To open the secondary topic use M2.  The default behaviour can be modified by the following user-options:  • pel-dip-help-pdf-arg: If set to t, the command opens the GitHub file with no (or positive) prefix and opens the local PDF file with negative prefix.  • pel-open-pdf-method: Selects how to open the local PDF files: with PDF reader (default) or with the web browser identified by pel-browser-used.  • pel-open-pdf-method: Selects how to open the local PDF files: with PDF reader (default) or with the web browser identified by pel-browser-used.  • pel-open-pdf-method: Selects how the browsing mechanism: the default</f1></f12></f1></f11> |  |  |
| With Emacs under SSH • Open this PDF file.   | . When running Emacs un • <f11> ? <f1></f1></f11>  | der a SSH session PEL prevent (pel-help-pdf &optional N)       | opening these PDF help files unless you set <b>pel-help-under-ssh</b> user-option to t.  Open the <u>PHelp/Info</u> local PDF. See argument description above.   |
| ∑ Customize PEL Help   | • <f11> ? k <f1></f1></f11>  | (pel-customize-pel   |  |
| Support  | • <f11> ? <f2><br/>• <f11> ? k <f2></f2></f11></f2></f11>  | &optional OTHER-WINDOW)  | Customize PEL help support and syntax tools groups: pel-pkg-for-help, pel-pkg-syntax  • If OTHER-WINDOW is non-nil (use <b>C-u</b> ), display in other window.   |
| <u>∑ Customize</u> Emacs Help<br>Support   | • <f11> ? <f3><br/>• <f11> ? k <f3></f3></f11></f3></f11>  | (pel-customize-library<br>&optional OTHER-WINDOW)              | Customize Emacs grep support. Groups: apropos, command-log, debbugs, help, helpful, hydra, keycast, info, interaction-log, man, minibuffer, which-func, which-key.   |
| Emacs Reference<br>Cards   |  | DF reference cards, and next c                                 |  |
| Open local copy of Emacs   | • 🛂 If PEL code cannot   | (pel-open-emacs-refcard)                                       | entify it in the pel-emacs-refcard-dirpath user option.  Prompt for an Emacs REFCARD and open it. Supports tab completion.   |
| PDF reference card   |  |  | <ul> <li>Attempts to find the directory where the Emacs PDF reference card files are stored.</li> <li>Otherwise uses the directory identified by the pel-emacs-refcard-dirpath user option.</li> </ul>   |
| Emacs Help System  | As described above, Emacs  | provides help for almost every                                 | thing. The list of commands to access this information is shown in the following rows.   |
| • Key bindings   | Get help/info on global or bu  | uffer local key bindings using th                              | e following commands.  |
| List all keys that belong to a<br>prefix key   | <pre>• <prefix> C-h • <prefix> <f1></f1></prefix></prefix></pre>   |  | Type <b>C-h</b> (or <b><f1></f1></b> ) after the prefix keystroke to list all key bindings that belong to that prefix. For example to list all <b>C-x</b> $r$ keys, type <b>C-x</b> $r$ <b>C-h</b>   |
| Print name of function<br>invoked by key   | • C-h c <keys> • <f1> c <keys></keys></f1></keys>  | (describe-key-briefly<br>&optional KEY INSERT<br>UNTRANSLATED) | Print the name of the function KEY invokes. KEY is a string.   |
| Help on key binding  | • C-h k <keys> • <f1> k <keys></keys></f1></keys>  | (describe-key &optional<br>KEY UNTRANSLATED UP-<br>EVENT)      | Display documentation of the function invoked by KEY in the current context.  KEY can be any kind of a key sequence; it can include keyboard events, mouse events, and/or menu events.   |
| Open Info manual describing<br>the command for the<br>specific key   | • C-h K <keys> • <f1> K <keys></keys></f1></keys>  | (Info-goto-emacs-key-<br>command-node KEY)                     | Open the info node in the Emacs manual which describes the command bound to KEY.  Interactively, if the binding is 'execute-extended-command', a command is read.  The command is found by looking up in Emacs manual's indices or in another manual found via COMMAND's 'info-file' property or the variable 'Info-file-list-for-emacs' |
| Show all key commands for this buffer  | • C-h b • <f1> b</f1>  | (describe-bindings<br>&optional PREFIX BUFFER)                 | Display a buffer showing a list of all defined keys, their definitions, in order of precedence. With pel-use-helm-descbinds you can either bind these keys to helm-descbinds to use helm-descbinds-mode (bound to <f11>? k B to do it.</f11>   |
| † Toggle helm-descbinds<br>mode  | <f11> ? k B</f11>  | (helm-descbinds-mode<br>&optional ARG)                         | Toggle helm-descbings-mode on/off. When active, the C-h b and <f1> b keys invoke helm-descbinds by using helm with its powerful search and filtering capabilities. Requires helm-descbinds package. Set pel-use-helm-descbinds user-option to t to install &amp; activate it, via <f11> ? k <f2>.</f2></f11></f1>                        |
| Describe active major/<br>minor(s) modes and the key<br>bindings   | • C-h m<br>• <f1> m<br/>• <f11> ? k m</f11></f1>   | (describe-mode &optional BUFFER)                               | Lists the active major mode, all active minor modes and the bound keystrokes.  |
| Describe bindings for a command  | • C-h w<br>• <f1> w</f1>   | (where-is DEFINITION &optional INSERT)                         | Print message listing key sequences that invoke the command DEFINITION. Prompt for command name, supports completion. With prefix key, insert the message in the buffer.   |
| <ul> <li>Packages, functions<br/>symbols, variables<br/>describe/help</li> </ul>   | The following commands display a description of the item the command requests. The information is displayed in a read-only *Help* buffer.  • To search for a function that does something special, one method is to try <b>C-h f</b> first, then <b>C-h d</b> .  • Example: looking for bolp: <b>C-h a beginning of line <ret></ret></b> . If that doesn't bring the info, next try <b>C-h d</b> with the same input.  Inside a *Help* buffer you can type type <b>i</b> or <b>I</b> to open the info node for the current topic, or <b>s</b> to open the source code and <b>c</b> to customize.  Emacs >= 28.1: with <b>completions-detailed</b> minibuffer user-option non-nil, some commands provide more information with completion   |  |  |
| Describe a package<br>See also: <u>∑ Packages</u>  | • C-h P<br>• <f1> P</f1>   | (describe-package<br>PACKAGE)                                  | Displays full documentation of PACKAGE (symbol). Prompts for package name, supports completion. Shows whether it is installed or not, its version, the features it implements & some extra notes. Accesses the elpa-compliant sites & downloads text file description.   |
| Describe command<br>(Emacs >= 28.1)  | • C-h x<br>• <f1> x</f1>   | (describe-command<br>COMMAND)                                  | Display the full documentation of COMMAND (a symbol).  When called from Lisp, COMMAND may also be a function object.   |
| Describe a function  | • <f1> x  • C-h f • <f1> f</f1></f1>   | (describe-function<br>FUNCTION)                                | Display the full documentation of FUNCTION (a symbol).  For example: C-h f *-mode: Get a completion list of all emacs modes The buffer shown contains link to the implementation file, even if it is compressed.   |
| Describe symbol ★★   | • C-h o<br>• <f1> o</f1>   | (describe-symbol SYMBOL &optional BUFFER FRAME)                | Display the full documentation of SYMBOL.  Will show the info of SYMBOL as a function, variable, and/or face.  |
| Describe variable  | • C-h v<br>• <f1> v</f1>   | (describe-variable<br>VARIABLE & optional<br>BUFFER FRAME)     | Prompt for Emacs Lisp variable and display information on it.  For example: C-h v load-path: shows the emacs lisp path. See: ref: variable current value.  |
| Help on Input Method,<br>encoding & characters   |  | ,  |  |
| Help on Input Method   | • C-h I  | (describe-input-method   | Provide information about the input method. Prompts for the name of an input method.   |
| See also: <u>Input Method</u>  | • <f1> I<br/>• C-h C-\</f1>  | INPUT-METHOD)  | See <u>Input Method</u> for more info.   |
| Describe encoding system See also:   File Encoding   | • C-h C<br>• <f1> C</f1>   | (describe-coding-system CODING-SYSTEM)                         | Display information about CODING-SYSTEM.  • Prompts for coding system name. Supports completion.   |

| <u>Description</u>   | <u>Keystroke</u>                                      | Function   | <u>Note</u>   |
|--|---|--|---|
| Describe language environment See also: ∑ Input Method                           | • C-h L<br>• <f1> L</f1>                              | (describe-language-<br>environment LANGUAGE-<br>NAME)  | Describe how Emacs supports language environment LANGUAGE-NAME.  • Prompts for language name, proposing currently used as default. Supports completion.   |
| Describe syntax-table of current major mode                                      | • C-h s<br>• <f1> s</f1>                              | (describe-syntax &optional BUFFER)   | Describe the syntax specifications in the syntax table of BUFFER.  The descriptions are inserted in a help buffer, which is then displayed. BUFFER defaults to the current buffer. See also: Syntax Table @ Emacs Wiki  |
| Show character syntax info and text properties                                   | <f11> ? e .</f11>                                     | (pel-syntax-at-point)  | Display complete information for character at point in a *Help* buffer to show extended character info and display text properties identified by the pel-syntax-text-properties user-option in the message area. Access with <f11>? <f2></f2></f11>   |
| Emacs Apropos  | _   |  | ion in buffers using the info reader format. The info reader mode commands are shown an always get help on the current mode, that applies to the info reader mode as well.  |
| Show information available about specified pattern                               | <f11> ? a a</f11>                                     | (apropos PATTERN<br>&optional DO-ALL)  | Show all meaningful Lisp symbols whose names match PATTERN.  Symbols are shown if they are defined as functions, variables, or faces, or if they have nonempty property lists.  PATTERN can be a word, list of words (separated by spaces), or regexp (using some regexp special characters). For a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. For a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  |
| Get a-propos info on command   | • C-h a<br>• <f1> a<br/>• <f11> ? a c</f11></f1>      | (apropos-command<br>PATTERN & optional DO-ALL<br>VAR-PREDICATE)                              | Show commands (interactively callable functions) that match PATTERN.  • With C-u prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, also show non interactive functions.  Old Emacs command name was: command-apropos.  |
|  | matches for that word as                              | a substring. If it is a list of word   | Jacces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for ds, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  Emacs session, showing their key bindings and a quick description.   |
| Look for topic in all info<br>documents ★★                                       | <f11> ? i a</f11>                                     | (info-apropos STRING)  | Prompts for a string and looks up for that string in all the indices of <b>all</b> the Info documents installed in the system. Opens an Apropos index menu with the links to the found topics. Use this to <i>find the manual section(s) that describe a specific function or variable</i> .  |
| Search for text in function and variables doc strings                            | • C-h d<br>• <f1> d<br/>• <f11> ? a d</f11></f1>      | (apropos-documentation<br>PATTERN &optional DO-<br>ALL)                                      | Search for functions and variables whose documentation strings match the specified pattern and display the appropriate info pages.  •• Only searches in the functions predefined at Emacs startup. With C-u prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, it searches all currently defined documentation strings.   |
| List variables and functions defined in Emacs Lisp file.                         | <f11> ? a L</f11>                                     | (apropos-library FILE)   | List the variables and functions defined by library FILE.  • FILE should be one of the libraries currently loaded: should be found in 'load-history'.   |
| Show buffer-local variables  | <f11> ? a 1</f11>                                     | (apropos-local-variable<br>PATTERN &optional<br>BUFFER)                                      | Show buffer-local variables that match PATTERN. Optional arg BUFFER (default: current buffer) is the buffer to check.   |
| Show user option   | <f11> ? a o</f11>                                     | (apropos-user-option<br>PATTERN &optional DO-<br>ALL)  | Show user options that match PATTERN. With <b>C-u</b> prefix, also show variables. PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.   |
| Show all symbols that have a specific value ★★                                   | <f11> ? a u</f11>                                     | (apropos-value PATTERN & optional DO-ALL)  | Show all symbols whose value's printed representation matches PATTERN.  PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  • With C-u prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, also looks at function definitions (arguments, documentation and body) and at the names and values of properties. |
| Show variables that match a specific name pattern                                | <f11> ? a v</f11>                                     | (apropos-variable<br>PATTERN &optional DO-<br>NOT-ALL)                                       | Show variables that match PATTERN.  • With the optional argument DO-NOT-ALL non-nil (or when called interactively with the prefix C-u), show user options only, i.e. behave like 'apropos-user-option'.   |
| Key Sequence help  |   |  | clearly show. Key strokes are extended in various ways and key prefixes is one of them. e key sequences, list the remaining available bindings, and list recent history of typed keys.  |
| List command history See also:  Undo/Redo/Repeat/Arg                             | <f11> ? d H</f11>                                     | (list-command-history)   | List history of commands that used the minibuffer.  • Show list of commands in the *Command History* buffer as a list of Emacs Lisp forms.  |
| Toggle which-key mode  | <f11> ? k K</f11>                                     | (which-key-mode &optional ARG)   | Toggle which-key-mode: when enabled, as you type a prefix key, all keys bound following this prefix are shown in the mini buffer (if you wait long enough to let them display).  PEL activates it when pel-use-which-key is t.  |
| Show state of PEL numlock  | <f11> ? k #</f11>                                     | (pel-show-mac-numlock)   | <b>⑤</b> Display state of 'pel-mac-keypad-numlocked' used to control the numeric keypad.  |
| Show state of key-chord mode. See: <u>x Key-Chords</u>                           | • <f11> <f5> k ?<br/>• <f11> ? k M-K</f11></f5></f11> | (pel-key-chord-describe)   | Show state of key-chord-mode. When key-chord mode is on, list key chord bindings in a help buffer.  |
| Show top level bindings in the map of the current major mode                     | <f11> ? k k</f11>                                     | (which-key-show-major-mode)  | Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.  Also detect evil bindings made using 'evil-define-key' in this map. These bindings will depend on the current evil state.  Requires the which-key package. PEL activates it when pel-use-which-key is t.   |
| Toggle keycast mode on/off   | <f11> ? k c</f11>                                     | (keycast-mode &optional ARG)   | Show current command and its key binding in the mode line. Use it to create a screen cast to show how to use Emacs.  Requires keycast 2 available when the pel-use-keycast user option is set to t.   |
| Show personal key bindings   | <f11> ? k b</f11>                                     | (describe-personal-<br>keybindings)  | Display all the personal keybindings defined by 'bind-key'.   |
| Display free keys  | <f11> ? k f</f11>                                     | (free-keys &optional PREFIX BUFFER)  | Display free keys in current buffer.  • A free key is a key without associated key-binding as determined by 'key-binding'.  |
|  | You can change the prefix                             | sequence by hitting 'p' in the   | quence are considered, possibly together with modifier keys from 'free-keys-modifiers'.  'Free keys' buffer. Prefix is supplied in format recognized by 'kbd', for example "C-x".  nis when the pel-use-free-keys user option is t.   |
| Display last few typed characters  | • C-h 1<br>• <f1> 1<br/>• <f11> ? k 1</f11></f1>      | (view-lossage)   | Display last few input keystrokes and the commands run.  • To record all your input, use 'open-dribble-file'.   |
| Record ALL typed characters to a file  | M-x open-dribble-<br>file                             | (open-dribble-file FILE)   | Start writing all keyboard characters to a dribble file called FILE. If FILE is nil, close any open dribble file. The file will be closed when Emacs exits.  A Be aware that this records all characters you type! Don't type passwords at that time!   |
| Redo/edit last complex command executed  See also: <u>S Undo/Redo/Repeat/Arg</u> | • C-x Esc Esc<br>• C-x M-Esc<br>• C-x M-:             | (repeat-complex-command ARG)   | Edit and re-evaluate last complex command, or ARGth from last.  A complex command is one which used the minibuffer. It is placed in the minibuffer as a Lisp form for editing. The result is executed, repeating the command as changed.  If the command has been changed or is not the most recent previous command it is added to the front of the command history.   |
| Shortdoc (Emacs >= 28.1)   | You can define new docu                               | mentation groups using the det   | Use minibuffer history <b>M-n</b> and <b>M-p</b> to get different commands to edit and resubmit.  t doc is organized in topic groups, listing functions, their arguments with usage.  fine-short-documentation-group in your code. Currently PEL does not define any.  us function, and <b>N/P</b> to make point to pert/gravious section.  |
| Open a shortdoc buffer   | • Inside a Shortdoc buffer,<br><f11> ? d d</f11>      | use <b>n/p</b> to move to next/previo<br>( <b>shortdoc</b> GROUP &optional<br>FUNCTION SAME- | us function, and <b>N/P</b> to move point to next/previous section  Pop to a buffer with short documentation summary for functions in GROUP.  • If FUNCTION is non-nil, place point on the entry for FUNCTION (if any).   |
|  |   | WINDOW)  | If SAME-WINDOW, don't pop to a new window.  |

| Description  | <u>Keystroke</u>  | Function   | <u>Note</u>  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Emacs Info Reader  | Emacs has a powerful inf  • Emacs source reposito   |  | large amount of Emacs related information.   |  |  |
|  | Other software also have info directories with their manuals.     Emacs provide a very powerful environment to search and navigate this information.  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Setting Up Emacs for In   |  | nu navigate uns information.   |  |  |
|  | ! You may need to install locations, if it's not alread   |  | ackage of interest and update the INFOPATH environment variable to identify their  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Install needed info<br/>packages if they are</li> </ul>               | On Linux:     to check if a specific according to the check is a specific accord | cific info package is installed, type  | e info -w PKG, for example info -w gdb to see if the info for gdb is available.  |  |  |
| missing  | If this prints *m   | anpages* then the info for gdb is ckage manager to install the <b>gdb</b>  | not installed.   |  |  |
|  | For exam  | ple: sudo dnf install gdb-   | doc or sudo apt-get install gdb-doc  |  |  |
|  | On startup Emacs re   | eads the INFOPATH value and set  | files is to build Emacs from source, that create the info directories containing the info files. s the <b>Info-directory-list</b> variable from it.                      |  |  |
| <ul> <li>USRHOME project help ➤</li> </ul>                                     | <ul> <li>Invoke it in a shel</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>My <u>USRHOME project</u> provides the <u>envfor-info</u> POSIX shell sourced script that builds the INFOPATH from a search of info directories.</li> <li>Invoke it in a shell with <u>use-info</u>, or source it inside your <u>USRHOME <u>usrcfg</u>/do-user.sh file to automatically activate it in your shell.</u></li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|  |   | <u>ir</u> script to search the info directo<br>found directories inside the ~/.info  | ries in various places.  opath.txt file that acts as a cache for the information.  |  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>The script envfor-info must be sourced. USRHOME provides an alias command for sourcing it: use-info.</li> <li>In a shell where envfor-info has been sourced, the INFOPATH environment variable is set.</li> <li>Open and independent Emacs process from that shell. You could use the e or ge commands PEL provides.</li> <li>Inside a *Help* buffer describing a command or function, you can type i or I to open the info node for the current topic.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Open the Info Reader on  | • C-h i   | (info &optional FILE-OR-   | Open the *info* buffer if already opened. If not, open the info reader for the top node.   |  |  |
| specific topic   | • <f1> i</f1>   | NODE BUFFER)   | A non-numeric prefix argument (C-u) directs this command to read a file name from the minibuffer. It is possible to open a compressed .info.gz file directly! Emacs will |  |  |
|  | • <f11> ? i i<br/>• %-?</f11>   |  | uncompress it and open it.   |  |  |
|  | Called from a program.  | or from M-: FILE-OR-NODE ma  | A numeric prefix argument of N selects an Info buffer named "*info* <n>".  y specify an Info node of the form "(FILENAME)NODENAME".</n>                                  |  |  |
|  |   |  | lowing actions available once emacs is in the Info Reader Mode.  |  |  |
| Open Emacs Manual describing a specified                                       | • C-h F<br>• <f1> F</f1>  | (Info-goto-emacs-<br>command-node  | Go to the Info node in the Emacs manual for command COMMAND.  • The command is found by looking up in Emacs manual's indices or in another manual                        |  |  |
| command function   |   | COMMAND)   | found via COMMAND's 'info-file' property or the variable 'Info-file-list-for-emacs'.  COMMAND must be a symbol or string.  |  |  |
| Open emacs manual  | • C-h r   | (info-emacs-manual)  | Display the Emacs manual in Info mode.   |  |  |
|  | • <f1> r</f1>   |  | It can also be invoked from the menu: Help → Read the Emacs Manual   |  |  |
| Open specified info manual   | • C-h R<br>• <f1> R</f1>  | (info-display-manual MANUAL)   | Prompt for a specific Info manual to open in a buffer. Supports tab completion.  • Type return to open a list of all manual. For example:                                |  |  |
|  | • <f11> ? i m</f11>   |  | <ul> <li><f1> R info to open the Info manual,</f1></li> <li><f1> R eintr to open Introduction to Emacs Lisp,</f1></li> </ul>   |  |  |
|  |   |  | <f1> R elisp to open the Emacs Lisp manual,     <f1> R qdb to open the gdb manual.</f1></f1>   |  |  |
|  |   |  | This last one will work only if the info package for gdb is installed and the info   |  |  |
|  |   |  | directory that holds the gdb info is listed in the INFOPATH variable.  |  |  |
| Find specified function function or variable in info                           | • C-h S<br>• <f1> S</f1>  | (info-lookup-symbol<br>SYMBOL &optional MODE)  | Display the definition of SYMBOL, as found in the relevant <b>info</b> manual.  • When this command is called interactively, it reads SYMBOL from the minibuffer. In the |  |  |
|  |   |  | minibuffer, use M-n to yank the default argument value into the minibuffer so you can edit it. The default symbol is the one found at point.                             |  |  |
|  | The leave that are he have  |  | With prefix arg MODE a query for the symbol help mode is offered.  |  |  |
| Info reader mode<br>Emacs keys   | ? : Ge  | ed in the *Info* buffers and their met Info help   |  |  |  |
| -  | <page down=""> : Pa</page>  | ge Down inside the node text (Do   | •  |  |  |
| See also:  • Unix info @ wikipedia   | <pre><pre><pre><pre>Page Up&gt; : Pa</pre></pre></pre></pre>  | ge up into the node text. (Does n  |  |  |  |
| GNU standalone info<br>manual  |   | ove to the top of the Info docume<br>ext node in the current level   | nt   |  |  |
| <ul> <li>HTML page/node manual</li> <li>Emacs Info: An Introduction</li> </ul> | _   |  | activated when the pel-use-ace-link: highlight each target with a target key.  |  |  |
| • <f1> R intro <ret></ret></f1>  | ] : Ne  | evious node in the current level<br>ext Node (any level)   |  |  |  |
| Advanced Info Commands   | <del>-</del>  | evious Node (any level)<br>ove to the Upper node (in the mer   | nu tree)   |  |  |
| Info-mode variables  |   | o History: visit last (lowercase 'L<br>o History: visit history forward  | <u>'</u> )   |  |  |
|  |   | o History: Create Virtual Node of enu - Open a node's sub-menu e   | all last visited ntry. Emacs prompts for the menu text.  |  |  |
|  |   | Abbreviation is supported. Tab co<br>enu - enter nodes' sub-menu (at c   | ompletion also supported.  |  |  |
|  | 1–9 : Me  | enu - enter nodes' sub-menu (at c  | cursor position)   |  |  |
|  | - N   | lenu asterisk for menu entry 3, 6  | select the corresponding menu entry. 1 := first. and 9 are coloured in red to help identify them.  |  |  |
|  | <tab> : M</tab>   | enu/Cross-Reference - Move cur   | ss reference To get all cross references, type: f? sor to nodes' next sub-menu/cross-reference link  |  |  |
|  |   | enu/Cross-Reference - Move cur:<br>arch Info - search entire info file f   | sor to nodes' previous sub-menu/cross-reference link or a string.  |  |  |
|  |   | After typing 's' type the string To repeat search type 's' follow  |  |  |  |
|  |   | arch Info - search index. Search   | the index for a specific topic. Prompts for the topic. al are found, the ',' character can be used to display each one in turn.  |  |  |
|  |   |  | with the <i>Info Reader</i> by doing this:   |  |  |
|  |   | •  | u prompt in the menu buffer  |  |  |
|  | : (S  | earch Info - construct a virtual inf   | o node displaying results of an index search.  |  |  |
|  | <b>g</b> : Go   |  | de name: abbreviation is not supported, but completion with TAB is supported.  |  |  |
|  |   | Topic may be "": means: oper   |  |  |  |
|  |   | x <b>info-apropos</b> : Search Info - seate New Independent Info Buffe   | earch in all Info files installed in the computer<br>r   |  |  |
|  | • 0   | •  | ffer, that at first contains the same Info, but can be managed independently from original.  |  |  |
|  | · c   | -u m : Move to menu entry into a s-u g : Go to topic in new Info buf   |  |  |  |
|  |   | · ·  | copic into a 'Info<#>' buffer (for the identified number) creating it if necessary.  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |

| <u>Description</u>  | <u>Keystroke</u>  | Function  | <u>Note</u>  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Helpful - extended help for<br>Emacs with more contextual<br>information  |   | help information provided with                                  | it when the <b>pel-use-helpful</b> user-option is set. In more contextual information and extra links.   |
| Help for function/macro/<br>special form  | <f1> <f2> a</f2></f1>   | (helpful-callable SYMBOL)                                       | Show help for function, macro or special form named SYMBOL.  |
| Help for command  | <f1> <f2> c</f2></f1>   | (helpful-command<br>SYMBOL)                                     | Show help for interactive function named SYMBOL.   |
| Help for function   | <f1> <f2> f</f2></f1>   | (helpful-function SYMBOL)                                       | Show help for function named SYMBOL.   |
| Help for key  | <f1> <f2> k</f2></f1>   | (helpful-key KEY-<br>SEQUENCE)                                  | Show help for interactive command bound to KEY-SEQUENCE.   |
| Help for macro  | <f1> <f2> m</f2></f1>   | (helpful-macro SYMBOL)  | Show help for macro named SYMBOL.  |
| Help for symbol   | <f1> <f2> o</f2></f1>   | (helpful-symbol SYMBOL)   | Show help for SYMBOL, a variable, function or macro.   |
| Help for variable   | <f1> <f2> v</f2></f1>   | (helpful-variable SYMBOL)                                       | Show help for variable named SYMBOL.   |
| Help for symbol at point  | <f1> <f2> .</f2></f1>   | (helpful-at-point)  | Show help for the symbol at point.   |
| Log keys & commands   | PEL provides access to two different packages you can use to show the commands and their key bindings as you type them  • These can be used to show what you type during a presentation to other users, or for documentation purpose.  The following 2 external packages are supported:  The command-log-mode external package.  PEL activates it when the pel-use-command-log-mode user option is turned on (set to t).  PEL activates it when the pel-use-interaction-log-mode user option is turned on (set to t).   |   |  |
| Command Log Mode  | The command-log-mode open a dedicated window that shows the log of all key sequence and mouse events and the executed command name.  The information is similar to what is available with view-lossage, but in a nicely formatted way, much easier to use.  See the <u>Swindows</u> table for commands that can be used to toggle the dedicated state of the window allowing you to move the window.  This requires the <u>command-log-mode.el file</u> from the <u>command-log-mode external package</u> .  PEL installs the latest version of that file when the <u>pel-use-command-log-mode</u> user option is turned on (set to t).  PEL saves it inside your ./emacs/utils directory. To get the latest version, erase that file and its .elc from ./emacs/utils and execute pel-init or restart Emacs. PEL installs it this way because the official project doesn't seem maintained.  With PEL you can customize command-log-mode by typing <f11>? <f3> to access its command-log customization group.  The first 2 commands listed below, common-log-mode and global-command-log-mode are available at startup to activate the logging.  Once logging has been activated once the other 3 commands and their bindings are available.</f3></f11> |   |  |
| Toggle command logging for current buffer   | <f11> ? k c c</f11>   | (command-log-mode<br>&optional ARG)                             | Toggle command logging: command-log-mode in the current buffer.  • The command-log lighter is shown on the mode line while the minor mode is active.   |
| Toggle command logging for all buffers  | <f11> ? k c C</f11>   | (global-command-log-<br>mode &optional ARG)                     | Toggle command logging globally: for all buffers.  • The command-log lighter is shown on the mode line while the minor mode is active.   |
| Open Command Log buffer   | <f11> ? k c o</f11>   | (clm/open-command-log-<br>buffer &optional ARG)                 | Opens (and creates, if non-existant) a buffer used for logging keyboard commands.  • With any prefix argument, the existing command log buffer is cleared.   |
| Close Command Log buffer  | <f11> ? k c .</f11>   | (clm/close-command-log-<br>buffer)                              | Close the command log window.  • Logging continues while the window is closed.   |
| Toggle log of all commands  | <f11> ? k c /</f11>   | (clm/toggle-log-all)  | Toggle the logging of all commands: activate/de-activate common command filtering.  command-log-mode either logs all commands or filter some often used ones like the cursor and character movements. The default setting is controlled by the clm/log-all.  The list of non-logged commands is controlled by clm/non-logged-commands. |
| Interaction Log Mode  | The <a href="interaction-log">interaction-log</a> external package is similar to the command-log-mode shown above, but more powerful. It shows the key bindings, the Emacs Lisp command names, the inserted text and other information in different colours.  • It supports outputs inside a separate Emacs frame allowing you to continue showing information even after using C-x 1 to maximize the current window.  • See <a href="Youtube presentation of interaction-log-mode">Youtube presentation of interaction-log-mode</a> by its author: Torstein Krause Johansen.  • The <a href="Interaction-log-mode">Interaction-log-mode</a> external package.  • PEL activates it when the <a href="pel-use-interaction-log-mode">pel-use-interaction-log-mode</a> user option is turned on (set to t).  |   |  |
| Start/stop interaction log mode   | <f11> ? k i i</f11>   | (interaction-log-mode<br>&optional ARG)                         | Global minor mode logging keys, commands, file loads and messages.  Logged information goes to the *Emacs Log* buffer.  On first invocation the buffer is created but not shown. Select it or use the command pel-interaction-log-buffer to show it.   |
| Show interaction log buffer   | <f11> ? k i b</f11>   | (pel-interaction-log-buffer)                                    | Show interaction log buffer.   |
| Display interaction log in a separate frame.  | <f11> ? k i f</f11>   | (ilog-show-in-new-frame)  | Display log in a pop up frame. Customize 'ilog-new-frame-parameters' to specify parameters of the newly created frame.   |
| Toggle display of buffer names in the interaction log   | <f11> ? k i n</f11>   | (ilog-toggle-display-buffer-<br>names)                          | Toggle display of buffers in log buffer for each key event.  • This command must be issued inside the interactive log buffer only.   |
| Toggle interaction log view   | <f11> ? k i v</f11>   | (ilog-toggle-view)  | Toggle between different view states: showing only messages, only commands, only file loads, and everything.  • This command must be issued inside the interactive log buffer only.  |
| Programming Help  | PEL has bindings for the foll   | lowing commands that are use                                    | ful when editing source code, markup files or any file that has a mode that supports imenu.  |
| Show what completion mode is currently used.  | <f11> M-c ?</f11>   | (pel-show-active-<br>completion-mode)                           | Display the completion mode currently used.  |
| Show function at point See also: Inserting Text   | <f11> ? F</f11>   | (pel-show-function<br>&optional INSERT-IT)                      | Display the name of the current "function" at point in the mini-buffer.  • With any argument, like C-u, also insert the "function" name at point.  |
| Toggle which-function-mode to display name of current function at point   | • <f11> ? f<br/>• <f11> M-d f</f11></f11>   | (which-function-mode<br>&optional ARG)                          | Toggle mode line display of current function (Which Function mode).  • With a prefix argument ARG, enable Which Function mode if ARG is positive, and disable it otherwise.  |
| See also:  • <u>\( \bar{\su} \) Menus</u> • <u>\( \bar{\su} \) Mode Line</u>  | The which-function-mode is a global minor mode. When enabled, the current function name is continuously displayed in the mode line.  Detection of functions and variables depend on the imenu functionality. If you modify the content of a buffer, you need to force a menu rescan to get proper results. You can force a rescan with pel-imenu-rescan, bound to <f11> <f10> r.</f10></f11>  |   |  |
| The concept of "function" is major mode specific. For example, in C++ mode, if point is inside a class definition it shows the name of the class. | <ul> <li>Use M-x customize-option which-function-mode to open the relevant customization buffer.</li> <li>With PEL you can use:         <ul> <li><f11> ? <f3> to access the which-func customization group. It will provide access to the customization group even when the feature has not yet been loaded, something that Emacs does not do by default.</f3></f11></li> <ul> <li><f12> o which-function-mode RET to access the user-option directly.</f12></li> </ul> </ul></li> </ul>  |   |  |
| Show syntax of char at point  | <f11> ? d s</f11>   | (pel-show-char-syntax)  | Display a message showing the character syntax of character at point.  |
| Extra Descriptions  | ·   |   | built-in Emacs commands to display other the following extra information.  |
| Show symbols of currently active major mode   | <f11> ? ?</f11>   | (pel-show-major-mode)   | Display the symbol of the currently active major mode.   |
| Show which search tool is currently used  | <f1> ? s</f1>   | (pel-show-active-search-tool)                                   | Display the currently used search tool.  |
| Show available colours  | <f11> ? d c</f11>   | (list-colors-display<br>&optional LIST BUFFER-<br>NAME CALLBACK | Display names of defined colors, and show what they look like.   |

| <u>Description</u>  | <u>Keystroke</u>  | Function  | <u>Note</u>  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Show encoding of file visited in current buffer  • See also: <u>▼ Help/Info</u> | <f11> ? d e</f11>   | (pel-show-buffer-file-<br>encoding)   | Show coding system of file in current buffer.  • Open a *Help* buffer and show the value of the buffer-file-coding-system variable.  |
| List all available faces  | <f11> ? d F</f11>   | (list-faces-display<br>&optional REGEXP)  | List all faces, using the same sample text in each.  |
| Show buffer and file name   | <f11> ? d f</f11>   | (pel-show-window-<br>filename-or-buffer-name)   | Show the (full path) name of the file or buffer of current window.   |
| Show information about an input method  | <f11> ? d i</f11>   | (list-input-methods)  | Display information about all input methods.   |
| Display content of kill ring  | <f11> ? d k</f11>   | (pel-show-kill-ring)  | Display content of 'kill-ring' in *Help* buffer.   |
| Print current buffer line # (and narrowed line #)                               | <f11> ? d 1</f11>   | (what-line)   | Print the current buffer line number and narrowed line number of point.  |
| Query info about point  | • C-x =   | (what-cursor-position<br>&optional DETAIL)  | Displays information about character at point in the echo area: position, character, encoding.   |
| Show information about current character.                                       | • <f11> ? d p</f11>   | ,   |  |
| current character.  | • Type: C-u C-x =   | ent opens a *Help* buπer and s  | how the complete information of character at point with all properties, face, encoding, etc.  With PEL, you can also type: C C-x =   |
|   | <f11> ? d P</f11>   | (pel-what-cursor-position)  | Same as above but always display the complete information.   |
| Show window info  | • <f11> ? D w<br/>• <f11> w d ?</f11></f11>   | (pel-show-window-info)  | Show information about window in minibuffer: #, buffer, size, dedicated, etc   |
| See <u>Nindows Hydra</u>  | * <f7> I</f7>   |   |  |
| Display ASCII table   | <f11> ? A</f11>   | (ascii-table)   | Show an interactive ASCII table in the other (next) window.  |
| See also: <u>Input Method</u>   |   |   | <ul> <li>▼ № Requires the <u>ascii-table</u> package</li> <li>▼ № PEL activates this when the <u>pel-use-ascii-table</u> user option is t.</li> </ul>  |
| About Emacs   | Information about Emacs, its  | s environment and configuratio  | n is available through a set of commands listed below  |
| Display Emacs version   | <f11> ? e v</f11>   | (emacs-version)   | Display Emacs version  |
| Display Emacs uptime  | <f11> ? e u</f11>   | (emacs-uptime &optional FORMAT)   | Display a string giving the uptime of this instance of Emacs in the echo area.   |
| Open local copy of Emacs PDF reference card                                     | <f11> ? e r</f11>   | (pel-open-emacs-refcard)  | Prompt for an Emacs REFCARD and open it. Supports tab completion   |
| . Di Tererence caru   | '   | tory where the Emacs PDF refeath user option. Access custor                                   | erence card files are stored. Failing to detect them, 🔀 it uses the directory identified by the m group with <f11>? <f2></f2></f11>  |
| Show number of available  | <f11> ? e c</f11>   | (pel-emacs-command-   | Display number of available commands and the number of those that have key bindings in   |
| and key bound commands  Show <u>loaded files</u> & <u>features</u>              | <f11> ? e 1</f11>   | (pel-emacs-load-stats<br>&optional WITH_DETAILS)  | the echo area, and the number of bindings in the global map.  Display the number of loaded files and the number of features currently loaded.  With C-u prefix print features in a buffer. With C-u C-u, also print load information,  |
| D: 1 14 11  |   |   | with symbols displayed as clickable buttons that open a help buffer describing it.   |
| Display Memory Usage  | <f11> ? e m</f11>   | (pel-emacs-mem-stats)   | Display Emacs memory statistics inside an *emacs-mem-stats* buffer.  |
| Check/display list of shadowed Emacs Lisp files                                 | <f11> ? e s</f11>   | (list-load-path-shadows<br>&optional STRINGP)   | Display a list of Emacs Lisp files that shadow other files  • Shows any shadows in a '*Shadows*' buffer  |
| Print imenu controlling variables  See also:   Menus                            | <f11> ? e i</f11>   | (pel-imenu-print-vars)  | Print the value of the imenu variables used to control the imenu functionality for the current buffer. Symbols are clickable buttons to help on the symbol.  • Print this information in a *imenu-dbg* buffer.  • Use to investigate the imenu support for a major mode.   |
| Print value of outline  | <f11> ? e o</f11>   | (pel-outline-print-vars)  | Print the current buffer specific values of outline controlling variables. Use this to learn   |
| controlling variables See also: <u>▼ Outline</u>                                |   |   | possible how to control the outline minor mode.  |
| See Emacs executable path   | <f11> ? e x</f11>   | (pel-emacs-executable)  | Display Emacs executable path in echo area.  |
| Display load-path   | <f11> ? e p</f11>   | (pel-emacs-load-path & optional N)  | Show the current load-path inside a new *load-path* buffer. Open the buffer in the current window or the one identified by N, with the display-line-number-mode on. The buffer is NOT committed to a file.   |
|   | Window selection: If N     If N     If N     If N     If N  | is not specified, nil or 1: open bis negative, create a new windons 0: : open buffer in other | ow and open buffer inside it.  er window indow identified by the direction corresponding to the cursor in a numeric keypad:  = 'right  |
| Display Emacs initialization  | • <f11> ? e t</f11>   | (pel-show-init-time)  | Display benchmark startup time.  |
| time with benchmark information if available                                    | • M-S- <f9></f9>  |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Display the benchmark in<br/>the Emacs startup time in</li> </ul>  |   | 2 buffers if the benchmark-init library is installed and loaded in the init.el file. It also display   |
|   | • Use M-x list-packa<br>• Then update your init.el f<br>;; Setup Benchman   | rk Measurement  |  |
|   | ;; CAUTION: Modification (require 'benchman   | k soon to measure as much<br>fy the path when a new ver<br>ark-init                           |  |
|   | <pre>(expand-file-name     "~/.emacs.d/elpa/benchmark-init-20150905.938/benchmark-init"))     (add-hook 'after-init-hook 'benchmark-init/deactivate) • Update the path in this code if necessary.</pre> |   |  |
| List processes<br>See also: ∑ Shells  | • <f11> ? e C-p<br/>• <f11> z ?</f11></f11>   | (list-processes &optional QUERY-ONLY BUFFER)  | Display a list of all processes that are Emacs sub-processes in the *Process List* buffer. With non-nil optional argument, only processes with the query-on-exit flag set are listed. Any process listed as exited or signalled is actually eliminated after the listing is made.                                      |
| Print process tree  | <f11> ? e M-p</f11>   | (pel-process-tree)  | Print the process tree of the inferior process of the current buffer if any, otherwise print the process tree of Emacs itself.  1. This requires the <a href="mailto:pstree">pstree</a> command. It generates an error if it is not available.   |
| ESUP - Emacs Start Up<br>Profiler   | <f11> ? e P</f11>   | (esup &optional INIT-FILE &rest ARGS)   | Profile the startup time of Emacs in the background.  If INIT-FILE is non-nil, profile that instead of USER-INIT-FILE.  ARGS is a list of extra command line arguments to pass to Emacs.   |
|   | The esup profiler has sever top level of a file but not if the  | veral limitations: 1) it only supponey are enclosed in any other st                           | it when the <b>pel-use-esup</b> customization variable is set to <b>t</b> .  orts Emacs running in graphics mode. 2) esup steps into `require' and `load' forms at the tatements. This limits its usefulness when conditional loading is located in the init.el file and chniques are used by PEL to reduce init time. |

| <u>Description</u>  | <u>Keystroke</u>   | Function  | <u>Note</u>   |
|---|--|---|---|
| Using Man inside  |  | mands to display <u>man pages</u> in nore powerful than the usual m   | nside buffers.<br>an reader available on the shell allowing navigation across man pages & opening hyperlinks  |
| Emacs<br>See also:  | The man command uses   |   | oman is a complete implementation which has some formatting limitations compared to   |
| See also:<br>• <b>Ֆ</b> ℂ - <b>Erlang</b><br>• <u>ℤ Customize</u>                               | The man command will fi<br>variable. Inside Emacs year.  | nd pages that the system's ma<br>ou can also customize the Ema  | in can find. This can be extended or modified by setting the MANPATH environment acs <b>Man-switches</b> user option to provide extra configuration including a different MANPATH defining man pages in the $\mathfrak{P}\mathfrak{l}$ - Erlang table.  |
| Open a man page inside an<br>Emacs buffer   | • <f11> ? m<br/>• M-<f8><br/>• %-M</f8></f11>  | (man MAN-ARGS)  | Open a Man page inside an Emacs window.   |
| <ul> <li>On Unix/Linux, use it to<br/>display help about C/C++<br/>functions, types.</li> </ul> | The links are active and converge when pressing <ret> over You can navigate easily be You can use any of the open and M-p to move from ore see all keys available in reference in the man command proverspecified set of man pages.</ret>  | ver the link.  between sections (n/p will move ptions to the man command at ne to the other page, inside the mode, with <f1> m or <f11>?  npts, using the word at point as ides completion at prompt. Ho</f11></f1> | n page describes a directory or file, emacs will open the file or the directory (in direct mode) to the next/previous section). You can use any of the searches. Then use M-n same buffer.  k m.  s the default. PEL key sequence to customize man: <f11> <f2> E m  powever, if you set up a MANPATH to isolate on directory to get only the list of commands in a control of the completion will only work if the man directory contains a whatsis database file. See</f2></f11>   |
| Use Emacs as a man viewer from the shell  |  |   | from the shell. I have written shell code to do this: launch Emacs to open the requested RHOME project: use-emacs-for-man.  |
| Open man page for item at point   | M-S- <f8></f8>   | (pel-man-at-point)  | Open a man page for the topic at point if any, otherwise prompts for topic.  • Man page section controlled by user option named pel-%s-man-section, where '%s' is replaced by the major mode.   |
| Open a man page without external man process: woman   | • <f11> ? w<br/>• C-<f8></f8></f11>  | (woman &optional TOPIC<br>RE-CACHE)   | Open a man page file in Emacs using the woman mode, completely implemented in Emacs Lisp (and therefore without using the external 'man' process).  |
|   | PEL key sequence to cu  With ace-link external   | ustomize woman: <f11> <f2< td=""><td>the <b>pel-use-ace-link</b> user option is set to <b>t</b>., the following key is activated:</td></f2<></f11>  | the <b>pel-use-ace-link</b> user option is set to <b>t</b> ., the following key is activated:   |
| Emacs Bug Reports See also:  • EmacsBugTracker @ Emacs Wiki • Emacs Bug triaging article        | The GNU Bug Tracker is More info is available in the This information can also be PEL activates it who is the This information can also be PEL activates it who is the This information can also be perfectly the This information can also be | sused as a bug tracker for seventhe GNU Bug Tracker Docume e accessed directly within Emacenthe pel-use-debbugs user of   | ich is an instance of <u>Debian bug tracker: debbugs.</u> eral GNU project. See the list of <u>Gnu software packages using this bug tracker.</u> entation. cs by using the <u>debbugs</u> external package. option is turned on (set to t). PEL also binds the <u>debbugs</u> commands to the following keys. up via the <f11>? <f3> key sequence.</f3></f11>   |
| List all outstanding Emacs<br>bugs  | <f11> ? b a</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu SEVERITIES<br>&optional PACKAGES<br>ARCHIVEDP SUPPRESS<br>TAGS)  | List all outstanding bugs.  |
| Search for Emacs bugs   | <f11> ? b s</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-search<br>PHRASE &optional QUERY<br>SEVERITIES PACKAGES<br>ARCHIVEDP)  | Search for Emacs bugs interactively. Search arguments are requested interactively. The "search phrase" is used for full text search in the bugs database. Further key-value pairs are requested until an empty key is returned. If a key cannot be queried by a SOAP request, it is marked as "client-side filter". When using interactively, use C-x M-: after this command for reusing the argument list. Be careful in editing the arguments, because the allowed attributes for QUERY depend on PHRASE being a string, or nil. See Info node '(debbugs-ug) Searching Bugs'. |
| List all users tags   | <f11> ? b u</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-usertags<br>&rest USERS)   | List all user tags for USERS, which is ("emacs") by default.  |
| List bug reports that contain a patch   | <f11> ? b p</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-patches)   | List the bug reports that have been marked as containing a patch.   |
| List all bugs or specified<br>bugs  | <f11> ? b b</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-bugs &rest<br>BUGS)  | List all BUGS, a list of bug numbers.  In interactive calls, prompt for a comma separated list of bugs or bug ranges, with default to 'debbugs-gnu-default-bug-number-list'.  This accepts a single bug number, a comma separated list of bug numbers as well as dash separated range of bug numbers.   |
| List bugs tags locally  | <f11> ? b t</f11>  | (debbugs-gnu-tagged)  | List the bug reports that have been tagged locally.   |
| List all outstanding Emacs<br>bugs in Org-mode format   | <f11> ? b A</f11>  | (debbugs-org)   | List all outstanding bugs using an Org-mode format.   |
| Search for Emacs bugs, list<br>bugs in Org-mode format  | <f11> ? b S</f11>  | (debbugs-org-search)  | Search for bugs interactively. List bugs in Org-mode format.  Search arguments are requested interactively. The "search phrase" is used for full text search in the bugs database.  Further key-value pairs are requested until an empty key is returned. If a key cannot be queried by a SOAP request, it is marked as "client-side filter".   |
| List bug reports that contain<br>a patch, list bugs in Org-<br>mode format                      | <f11> ? b P</f11>  | (debbugs-org-patches)   | List the bug reports that have been marked as containing a patch. List bugs in Org-mode format.   |
| List all bugs or specified bugs in Org-mode format  | <f11> ? b B</f11>  | (debbugs-org-bugs)  | List all bugs, a list of bug numbers. List bugs in Org-mode format.  • In interactive calls, prompt for a comma separated list of bugs or bug ranges, with default to 'debbugs-gnu-default-bug-number-list'.  |
| List bugs tags locally in Org-<br>mode format   | <f11> ? b T</f11>  | (debbugs-org-tagged)  | List the bug reports that have been tagged locally. List bugs in Org-mode format.   |
| More Help   |  |   |   |
| Open Emacs Tutorial   | • C-h t<br>• <f1> t</f1>   | (help-with-tutorial<br>&optional ARG DONT-ASK-<br>FOR-REVERT)   | Open an Emacs Tutorial. Restore location if used before (after prompt).   |
| Find Elisp Package<br>See also: <u>E Packages</u>   | • C-h p<br>• <f1> p</f1>   | (finder-by-keyword)   | Find packages matching a given keyword. Useful to search for packages supporting a specific concept.  |
| Open Emacs FAQ  | • C-h C-f<br>• <f1> C-f</f1>   | (view-emacs-FAQ)  | Display the Emacs Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) file.  |
| Emacs news  | • C-h n<br>• <f1> n</f1>   | (view-emacs-news<br>&optional VERSION)  | Display info on recent changes to Emacs. With argument, display info only for the selected version. Includes code modifications of each version of Emacs.   |
| Display local help in echo<br>area  | <f1> .<br/>C-h .<br/>C-c ! H</f1>  | (display-local-help<br>&optional ARG)   | Display local help in the echo area.  This displays a short help message, namely the string produced by the 'kbd-help' property at point. If 'kbd-help' does not produce a string, but the 'help-echo' property does, then that string is printed instead.  A numeric argument ARG prevents display of a message in case there is no help. While ARG can be used interactively, it is mainly meant for use from Lisp.   |

| Description   | <u>Keystroke</u>  | Function  | Note   |
|---|---|---|--|
| Emacs + PEL specifics   |   | ovide more information about E                                |  |
| Show PEL user option and  |   | (pel-package-info &optional                                   |  |
| package info  See also: Customize   | <f11> ? e ?</f11>   | FULL-REPORT ON-STDOUT   | name of custom file, package-user-dir, the number of PEL user-options, and the number of them that are active, number of loaded files, and features.     The number of Elpa packages active: the count of the ones directly installed because of active PEL user-options and the count of them installed as dependencies of the first group.     The number of Emacs Lisp files stored in the ~/.emacs.d/utils (or equivalent).                              |
|   |   |   | directory) as a result of PEL user options.  The number of elpa-compliant packages that have a newer version and could be updated.  With optional argument, like C-u, generates a full report with more details.   |
| Display name of customization file. Show whether PEL dual independent customization is used or not. See also: Customize | • <f11> ? e <f2><br/>• <f11> <f2> ?</f2></f11></f2></f11>                             | (pel-setup-info-dual-<br>environment)                         | <ul> <li>Display current PEL customization setup.</li> <li>Check two independent customization files for terminal/tty and graphics mode are requested and if so check if they are setup properly.</li> <li>Report an error and list problems if there are any, otherwise display the current setup.</li> <li>After executing that command you will have to edit your init.el file and set the pel-use-graphic-specific-custom-file-p symbol to t.</li> </ul> |
| Display current Emacs<br>Startup configuration setup<br>See also: <u>∑ Fast Startup</u>                                 | • <f11> ? e M-S<br/>• <f11> M-S ?</f11></f11>   | (pel-setup-info)  | Display current state of PEL setup: whether Emacs startup is used in normal or in fast startup operation mode.   |
| Open PEL PDF Help File  | The pel-help-pdf command  |   | hosted on GitHub and located in your local PEL installation.<br>at control how to open the file and , for some context, open a main topic or secondary topic<br>ibed at the top of this PDF.   |
| See also: <u>➤ Legend</u> Open this PDF file.   | <f11> ? <f1></f1></f11>   | (pel-help-pdf &optional N)                                    | Open the ∑ <b>Help/Info</b> local PDF.   |
| Select and Open a PEL PDF   |   | (pel-help-pdf-select  | Prompt for a PEL PDF and open it.  |
| file  | • <f11> ? p<br/>• <f11> p</f11></f11>   | &optional OPEN-WEB-<br>PAGE)                                  | Supports tab completion.   |
| Open a Dired Buffer for PEL PDF files.  | <f11> ? P</f11>   | (pel-help-pdfs-dir)   | Open a Dired buffer on the PEL PDF directory. Inside Dired you can open a PDF file by typing 'z' over the file name. You can also select several and type 'z' to open them all.  |
| <u>≻Index</u>   | <f11> <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>➤Index</u> PDF file, a quic                           | k index with links to all other PEL PDF files.   |
| ∑ Abbreviations   | <f11> a <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Abbreviations</u> PDF fi                            | le.  |
| <u>∑ Align</u>  | <f11> t a <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Align</u> PDF file.                                 |  |
| <b>∑</b> Auto-Completion  | <f11> , <f1></f1></f11>   | Open   Auto-Completion PD                                     | OF file.   |
| ∑ Bookmarks   | <f11> ' <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>▼ Bookmarks</u> PDF file.                             |  |
| <u> </u>  | <f11> b <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑</u> Buffers PDF file.                               |  |
| ∑ Case Conversions  | <f11> t <f1> 1</f1></f11>   | Open <u>▼ Case Conversions</u> P                              | DF file.   |
| ∑ Comments  | <f11> ; <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>▼ Comments</u> PDF file.                              |  |
| ∑ Cut & Paste   | • <f11> = <f1><br/>• <f11> - <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11>                               | Open <u>E Cut &amp; Paste</u> PDF file.                       |  |
| ∑ Counting  | <f11> c <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>E Counting</u> PDF file.                              |  |
| <u>∑ Cursor</u>   | <f11> m <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>▼ Cursor</u> PDF file.                                |  |
| ∑ Customize   | <f11> <f2> <f1></f1></f2></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Customize</u> PDF file.                             |  |
| <u> ∑ Diff &amp; Merge</u>  | <f11> d <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>I Diff &amp; Merge</u> PDF file                       | ).<br>   |
| <u> ∑ Dired</u>   | <f11> f <f1> 2</f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ <b>Dired</b></u> PDF file.                          |  |
| ∑ Drawing   | <f11> D <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>▼ <b>Drawing</b></u> PDF file.                        |  |
| <u> </u>  | <f11> t e <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>▼ Enriched Text</u> PDF fil                           | •  |
| ∑ Fast Startup  | <f11> <f2> \$ <f1></f1></f2></f11>  | Open the <u>∞ Fast Startup</u> PDF                            | file.  |
| <u> ∑ File-mngt</u>   | <f11> f <f1> 1</f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ File-mngt</u> PDF file.                             |  |
| ∑ File/Directory Variables  | <f11> f v <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>▼ File/Directory Variab</u>                           |  |
| ∑ Filling/Justification   | • <f11> t f <f1><br/>• <f11> t j <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11>                           | Open <u>Filling/Justification</u> F                           | PDF file.  |
| ∑ Frames  | <f11> F <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>▼ Frames</u> PDF file.                                |  |
| ∑ Grep  | <f11> g <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Grep</u> PDF file.                                  |  |
| ∑ Help/Info   | <f11> ? <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>S Hido/Show PDF file.</u>                             |  |
| ∑ Hide/Show   | <f11> M-/ <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>S Highlight PDF file.</u>                             |  |
| ∑ Highlight  ∑ Indentation  | <f11> h <f1><br/><f11> TAB <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11>                                 | Open <u>Elighlight</u> PDF file.  Open Elighlight PDF file.   |  |
| ∑ Input Method  | <f11> TAB <f1></f1> <f1> t <f1> 2</f1></f1></f11>                                     | Open <u>S Input Method</u> PDF fill                           | e  |
| ∑ Inserting Text  | • <f11> i <f1><br/>• <f11> y <f1><br/>• <f11> y <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11></f1></f11> | Open <u>S Inserting Text</u> PDF fil                          |  |
| ∑ Keyboard Macros   | -<br><f11> k <f1></f1></f11>  | Open <u>∑ Keyboard Macros</u> P[                              | DF file.   |
| ∑ Key-Chords  | <f11> <f5> k <f1></f1></f5></f11>   | Open the <u>S Key-Chords</u> PDF                              | file.  |
| Line management. <u>  Display - Lines</u>   | <f11> 1 <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u><b>S Display - Lines</b></u> PDF                      | file.  |
| <u>∑ Marking</u>  | <f11> . <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Marking</u> PDF file.                               |  |
| ∑ Mode Line   | <f11> M-d <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Mode Line</u> PDF file.                             |  |
| <u>» Menus</u>  | <f11> <f10> <f1></f1></f10></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Menus</u> PDF file.                                 |  |
| <u>∑ Outline</u>  | <f11> M-1 <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑</u> <b>Outline</b> PDF file.                        |  |
| <u> ∑ Projectile</u>  | • <f11> <f8> <f1><br/>• <f8> <f1></f1></f8></f1></f8></f11>                           | Open <u>▼ Projectile</u> PDF file. • The key sequence < f8> < | Sf1> is available when the projectile mode is activated.   |
| <u> </u>  | <f11> r <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Registers</u> PDF file.                             |  |
| ∑ Scrolling   | <f11>   <f1></f1></f11>   | Open ∑ Scrolling PDF file.                                    |  |
| ∑ Search/Replace  | <f11> s <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Search/Replace</u> PDF                              | file.  |
| ∑ Sessions  | <f11> S <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>∑ Sessions</u> PDF file.                              |  |
|   | 1   |   |  |

| <u>Description</u>  | <u>Keystroke</u>  | Function Note  |
|---|---|--|
| ∑ Shells  | <f11> z <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>S Shells</u> PDF file. Information about how to launch shell, process and applications.  |
| ∑ Sorting   | <f11> 2 &lt;11&gt;</f11>  | Open Sorting PDF file (o for ordering).  |
| ∑ Speedbar  | <f11> 0 &lt;11&gt;</f11>  | Open <u>Speedbar</u> PDF file.   |
| ∑ Spell Checking  | <f11> \$ <f1></f1></f11>  | Open <u>Spell Checking</u> PDF file.   |
| ∑ Text Modes  | • <f11> t <f1> 3</f1></f11>   | Open <u>Text Modes</u> PDF file.   |
|   | • <f11> t m <f1></f1></f11>   |  |
| ∑ Time Tracking   | <f11> T <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>E Time Tracking</u> PDF file.  |
| ∑ Transpose   | <f11> t t <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>x Transpose</u> PDF file.  |
| <u>  ▼ Whitespace</u>   | <f11> t w <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>E Whitespace</u> PDF file.   |
|   | <f11> u <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>value Undo/Redo/Repeat/Arg</u> PDF file.   |
| ∑ VCS-Mercurial   | <f11> v <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>vCS-Mercurial</u> PDF file.  |
| <u>∑ Web</u>  | <f11> f <f1> 3</f1></f11>   | Open <u>» Web</u> PDF file.  |
| <u> \tilde{</u> | <f11> w <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>windows</u> PDF file.  |
| <u>∑ Xref</u>   | <f11> X <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>x Xref</u> PDF file.   |
| Specialized Minor Modes   | Extending the capabilities fo   | or specific programming languages  |
| NICCES  NI - Lispy  | PEL does not provide a gl   | lobal key binding for Lispy.   |
|   | This is available for the Lis   | sp family languages as well as Julia and Python.   |
| Mode Specific PDF   |   | ajor modes can be opened using the <b><f12> <f1></f1></f12></b> key from a buffer in that mode. that starts with <b><f11> SPC</f11></b> is available globally, allowing you to open it from any buffer.                                    |
| Help: • Programming   |   | <i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,   |
| Languages   |   | x arguments that allows control to open the local PDF with the PDF viewer or open the GitHub hosted raw PDF in your le allowing you to browse quickly through all PDF files. See description of arguments at the beginning of the section. |
| ֆ෭ <b>க்-</b> AppleScript   | <f11> SPC a <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <b>ñtắ- AppleScript</b> PDF   |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <u> 1</u> 1 - C   | <f11> SPC c <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>\$1 - C</u> PDF  |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <u> ұрі - С++</u>   | <f11> SPC C <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>\$\mathbb{Y}( - C++ \) PDF</u>   |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <u>βι - Clojure</u>   | <f11> SPC C-j <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>%1 - Clojure</u> PDF   |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <u> <u></u><u>β</u> <u>ι</u> - <u>D</u></u>   | <f11> SPC D <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>\$1 - D</u> PDF  |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| 獔ℂ - Erlang   | <f11> SPC e <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>\$1 - Erlang</u> PDF   |
| m) Elivis   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   | Open MY Elivis DDE   |
| <u> ֆῖ - Elixir</u>   | <f11> SPC x <f1><br/><f12> <f1></f1></f12></f1></f11>                             | Open <u>\$1 - Elixir</u> PDF   |
| ĐĬ - Forth  | <f11> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f11> | Open <u>\$\text{\$\lambda}\cdot - Forth</u> PDF  |
| <del>pr-rom</del>   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   | open <u>per rotu.</u> i bi   |
| <b>3</b> Σ - Go   | <f11> SPC g <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>\$\mathbb{N}\left( - Go</u> PDF  |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <b>3</b> Σ - Ну   | <f11> SPC C-h <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <b>%</b> ( - <b>Hy</b> PDF  |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <u>aβΣ - Gleam</u>  | <f11> SPC M-G <f1></f1></f11>   | Open the NI - Gleam PDF  |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| pĭ - Javascript   | <f11> SPC i <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>\$\partial (-Hy) PDF</u>   |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| ֆἴ - Julia  | <f11> SPC j <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>%í - Julia</u> PDF   |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <u>aμ̃ - Janet</u>  | <f11> SPC T <f1></f1></f11>   | Open the \$1 - Janet PDF   |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| քալ - Emacs Lisp  | <f11> SPC 1 <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>≴\$i - Emacs Lisp</u> PDF  |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <b>β</b> Ι - Common Lisp  | <f11> SPC L <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>ֆն - Common Lisp</u> PDF   |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <u> pĭ - LFE</u>  | <f11> SPC C-1 <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>\$1 - LFE</u> PDF  |
| mr N-4D   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   | Open W. MetBayy PDE  |
| <u> ֆἴ - NetRexx</u>  | <f11> SPC N <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>郭I - NetRexx</u> PDF   |
| Bℓ - Python   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   | Open %1 - Python PDF   |
| 4-1 yalon   | <f11> SPC p <f1><br/><f12> <f1></f1></f12></f1></f11>                             | орол. <u>p. 1 <b>ј</b>инон</u> 1 Б1  |
| <u>a) Ι - REXX</u>  | <f11> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1> <f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f11> | Open <u>%í - REXX</u> PDF  |
| - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| pῖ - Rust   | <f11> SPC r <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u><b>N</b>í - <b>Rust</b> PDF</u>  |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
| <u>aμ̃ - Scheme</u>   | <f11> SPC C-s <f1></f1></f11>   | Open <u>\$1 - Scheme</u> PDF   |
|   | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |  |
|   |   |  |

| Description               | <u>Keystroke</u>  | Function Note   |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| ழ் - UNIX Shell           | <f11> SPC Z <f1></f1></f11>                                     | Open No - UNIX Shell PDF. Describes the major mode used for editing Unix shell scripts. |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |   |
| pi-v 🔐                    | <f11> SPC v <f1></f1></f11>                                     | Open % ( - V PDF  |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |   |
| Build Tools               |   |   |
| pι - Make                 | <f11> SPC M <f1></f1></f11>                                     | Open <u><b>P</b></u> <u>í</u> - Make  |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |   |
| Markup languages          |   |   |
| M Graphviz Dot            | <f11> SPC M-g <f1></f1></f11>                                   | Open M Graphviz Dot PDF   |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |   |
| M Outline/Org-Mode        | <f11> SPC M-o <f1></f1></f11>                                   | Open <u>M Outline/Org-Mode</u> PDF  |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |   |
| M PlantUML                | • <f11> D u <f1><br/>• <f11> SPC M-u <f1></f1></f11></f1></f11> | Open M PlantUML PDF   |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |   |
| Markdown                  | <f11> SPC M-m <f1></f1></f11>                                   | Open <u>M Markdown</u> PDF  |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |   |
| <u>M reStructuredText</u> | <f11> SPC M-r <f1></f1></f11>                                   | Open M reStructuredText PDF   |
|                           | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   |   |
| Using Shells              |   |   |
| <u>∑ shell-mode</u>       | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   | Open the <u>S shell-mode</u> PDF which describes the commands available in shell-mode.  |
| <u> ∑ term-mode</u>       | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   | Open the <u>E term-mode</u> PDF which describes the commands available in term-mode.    |
| <u> ℤ eat-mode</u>        | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   | Open the <u>Seat-mode</u> PDF which describes the commands available in eat-mode.       |
| <u>∑ vterm-mode</u>       | <f12> <f1></f1></f12>   | Open the <u>vterm-mode</u> PDF which describes the commands available in vterm-mode.    |

## Help - References

| Topic & Link                                       | Description   |
|--|---|
|  | Description   |
| Emacs Help   |   |
| GNU Emacs Manuals Online                           | The page with the list of all available online GNU Emacs manuals.   |
| GNU Emacs Manual - Help                            | Emacs manual - Help chapter   |
| Gnu Emacs Manual - Help Mode                       | Describes the command and key bindings that can be used in the Help-mode buffer window, which shows the help information.   |
| Emacs Manuals                                      | Note that <b>all</b> Emacs manuals are available <b>inside</b> of Emacs. It's better to test, investigate code, etc   |
| GNU Emacs Manuals Online                           | Lists all GNU Emacs manuals, reference cards, etc   |
| GNU Emacs Manual                                   | Points to different formats of the manual. The format where all is inside one HTML file is useful to search. There's also the PDF formats.  |
| GNU Reference Cards                                | This is accessible via the first link.  |
| Emacs Papers                                       |   |
| EMACS: The Extensible, Customizable Display Editor | This paper was written by Richard Stallman in 1981 and delivered in the ACM Conference on Text Processing.  |
| <b>Emacs Tutorials</b>                             |   |
| A Guided Tour of Emacs                             | The official Emacs Tutorial. Part of Emacs. Best used <i>inside</i> Emacs. A good starting point. Use the others to get different point of views.                                 |
| Absolute Beginner's Guide to Emacs                 |   |
| A Tutorial Introduction to GNU Emacs               |   |
| Practical Emacs Tutorial @ ErgoEmacs               |   |
| Emacs Cheat Sheet / Keystroke<br>Lists             | Note, however, that Emacs itself and PEL provides similar information.  |
| Emacs Videos                                       |   |
| Emacs Rocks - home                                 | A collection of Youtube homed videos about various Emacs features. Well documented with keystrokes showing on the screen cast. Worth watching slowly to catch what is being done. |
| Emacs and Man files                                |   |
| How to create a local whatis file                  | Show how to create a missing whatis file for a set of man pages and the philosophy behind apropos, whatis and makewhatis.   |