## Getting Help / Apropos / Descriptions / Info Manuals / Queries

Description	Keystroke	Function	Note
Getting Help			worte umented and all of this documentation is accessible from within Emacs: the manuals, the
Getting Heip	info page, the docstrings of functions and variables, the customization system. You can search for manual, topic, command, function, variable, object names, values inside variables.  • Emacs has a set of short PDF reference cards.  • PEL provides a command to open the local copy of these files if they are present.  • ☑ If PEL code cannot locate the directory you can identify it in the pel-emacs-refcard-dirpath user option.  • PEL supplements this with a large set of topic-specific PDF files such as this one (identified as ∑ Help/Info). These have a large set of hyper links to each other, to Emac manual and external package home and description sites.		
Open local copy of <u>Emacs</u> <u>PDF reference card</u>	<f11> ? e r</f11>	(pel-open-emacs-refcard)	Prompt for an Emacs REFCARD and open it. Supports tab completion.  • Attempts to find the directory where the Emacs PDF reference card files are stored. Failing to detect them, ☑ it uses the directory identified by the pel-emacs-refcard-dirpath user option.
PEL PDF Help Files	PEL provides supplemental documentation in the form a topic-specific PDF files such as this one. They are organized to access a topic quickly and contain lots of links to the web-based copy of the Emacs manuals, web sites for the Emacs Lisp packages used by PEL and other web sites of		
See also: <u>➤ Legend</u>	<ul> <li>interests.</li> <li>The PEL PDF reference files document Emacs commands and key bindings as well as the PEL specific key bindings to commands provided by Emacs, PEL and external Emacs Lisp packages that PEL can activate.</li> <li>The PEL PDF pages have a large number of hyperlinks to other PEL PDF pages.</li> <li>Each PEL PDF uses icons and color conventions. These conventions are described in the <u>➤Legend</u> table.</li> <li>PEL also provides a set of commands to open the local copy of the PDF files to help as reminders when working with Emacs. The complete list of commands is shown in the section titled "Open PEL PDF Help File" below in this table. Some important commands are copied here.</li> </ul>		
Open this PDF file.	<f11> ? <f1></f1></f11>	(pel-help-pdf &optional OPEN-WEB-PAGE)	Open <u>Nelp/Info</u> local PDF file.  If a prefix argument (like <b>C-u</b> ) is used, open the Github hosted PDF file instead.
Select and Open a PEL PDF file	<f11> ? p</f11>	(pel-help-pdf-select &optional OPEN-WEB- PAGE)	Prompt for a PEL PDF and open it.  • By default it opens the local PDF file, but if the OPEN-WEB-PAGE argument is non-nil it opens the web-based PDF copy hosted on Github.  • Supports completion. Defaults to the PEL key maps pdf.
Emacs Help System	As described above, Emacs	provides help for almost every	thing. The list of commands to access this information is shown in the following rows.
Prefix Keys	Key sequences consist of ei	ther one keystroke like C-a o	r <b>M-b</b> , or a key sequence that starts with a prefix, like <b>C-x s</b> , where <b>C-x</b> is the key prefix.
List all keys that belong to a prefix	• <prefix> C-h • <prefix> <f1></f1></prefix></prefix>		Type <b>C-h</b> (or <b><f1></f1></b> ) after the prefix keystroke to list all key bindings that belong to that prefix. For example to list all <b>C-x r</b> keys, type <b>C-x r C-h</b>
Describe Help	The following commands dis	splay a description of the item	the command requests. The information is displayed in a read-only *Help* buffer.
Show all key commands for this buffer	• C-h b • <f1> b</f1>	(describe-bindings &optional PREFIX BUFFER)	Display a buffer showing a list of all defined keys, and their definitions.  The keys are displayed in order of precedence.
<u>Help on key binding</u>	• C-h k	(describe-key &optional KEY UNTRANSLATED UP- EVENT)	Display documentation of the function invoked by KEY.  KEY can be any kind of a key sequence; it can include keyboard events, mouse events, and/or menu events.  Get binding for the typed <keystroke> in the current context.  Displays the name of the command function, it's description, it's bindings.</keystroke>
	The PEL system comes with an extensive key binding system entered around a set of function keys like <f11>, some of these are bindings for commands that already have standard Emacs bindings and sometimes the standard Emacs bindings are easier to type. Using <b>C-h k</b> (or the equivalent <f1> <b>k</b>) binding to get help on a specific binding may help you discover other, more efficient key bindings for the same command.</f1></f11>		
Open Info manual describing the command for the specific key	• C-h K	(Info-goto-emacs-key- command-node KEY)	Open the info node in the Emacs manual which describes the command bound to KEY.  Interactively, if the binding is 'execute-extended-command', a command is read.  The command is found by looking up in Emacs manual's indices or in another manual found via COMMAND's 'info-file' property or the variable 'Info-file-list-for-emacs'
Print name of function invoked by key	• C-h c <keystroke> • <f1> c <keystroke></keystroke></f1></keystroke>	(describe-key-briefly &optional KEY INSERT UNTRANSLATED)	Print the name of the function KEY invokes. KEY is a string.
Describe active major/ minor(s) modes and the key bindings	• C-h m • <f1> m • <f11> ? k m</f11></f1>	(describe-mode &optional BUFFER)	Lists the active major mode, all active minor modes and the bound keystrokes.
Describe a package See also: <u>▼ Packages</u>	• C-h P • <f1> P</f1>	(describe-package PACKAGE)	Display the full documentation of PACKAGE (a symbol).  Prompts for the package name, supports completion.  Shows whether it is installed or not, its version, the features it implements and some extra notes. Accesses the
Describe a function	• C-h f • <f1> f</f1>	(describe-function FUNCTION)	Display the full documentation of <u>FUNCTION</u> (a symbol).  For example: <b>C-h f *-mode</b> : Get a completion list of all emacs modes  The buffer shown contains link to the file where the function is implemented. Following the link will open the file in a buffer, even if the file is compressed.
Describe symbol	• C-h o • <f1> o</f1>	(describe-symbol SYMBOL &optional BUFFER FRAME)	Display the full documentation of SYMBOL. Will show the info of SYMBOL as a function, variable, and/or face.
Describe variable	• C-h v • <f1> v</f1>	(describe-variable VARIABLE &optional BUFFER FRAME)	- For example: C-h v load-path: shows the emacs lisp path Reference: <a href="https://www.gnu.org/software/emacs/manual/html">https://www.gnu.org/software/emacs/manual/html</a> node/eintr/See-variable-current-value.html
Describe bindings for a command	• C-h w • <f1> w</f1>	(where-is DEFINITION & Optional INSERT)	Print message listing key sequences that invoke the command DEFINITION.  Prompt for command name, supports completion.  If INSERT (the prefix arg) is non-nil, insert the message in the buffer
Help on Input Method  See also: ∑ Input Method	• C-h I • <f1> I • C-h C-\</f1>	(describe-input-method INPUT-METHOD)	Provide information about the <u>input method</u> . Prompts for the name of an input method. See <b>Input Method</b> section for more info.
Describe encoding system	• C-h C	(describe-coding-system	Display information about CODING-SYSTEM.
Describe buffers encoding ➡	• <f1> C • <f11> ? d C</f11></f1>	CODING-SYSTEM)	<ul> <li>Prompts for coding system name. Supports completion.</li> <li></li></ul>
Describe language environment	• C-h L • <f1> L</f1>	(describe-language- environment LANGUAGE- NAME)	Describe how Emacs supports language environment LANGUAGE-NAME.  Prompts for language name, proposing the currently used language as the default.  Supports completion.
Key Sequence help	Emacs has a large number of key bindings as these tables clearly show. Key strokes are extended in various ways and key prefixes is one of them. The following commands show available keys, help learning the key sequences, list the remaining available bindings, and list recent history of the typed keys and commands.		
List command history See also:	<f11> ? d H</f11>	(list-command-history)	List history of commands that used the minibuffer.  • Show list of commands in the *Command History* buffer as a list of Emacs Lisp forms.

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>
Toggle which-key mode	<f11> ? k K</f11>	(which-key-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle which-key-mode.  When which-key mode is enabled, and you type a prefix key, all keys bound following this prefix are shown in the mini buffer (if you wait long enough to let them display).  This requires the <a href="which-key">which-key</a> package. <a href="which-key">which-key</a> package. <a href="which-key">which-key</a> puser option is set to t.
Show state of PEL numlock	<f11> ? k #</f11>	(pel-show-mac-numlock)	isplay state of 'pel-mac-keypad-numlocked' used to control the numeric keypad.
Show state of key-chord mode. See: <u>N Key-Chords</u>	<f11> <f5> k ?</f5></f11>	(pel-key-chord-describe)	Show state of key-chord-mode. When key-chord mode is on, list key chord bindings in a help buffer.
Show top level bindings in the map of the current major mode	<f11> ? k k</f11>	(which-key-show-major- mode)	Show top-level bindings in the map of the current major mode.  This function will also detect evil bindings made using 'evil-define-key' in this map. These bindings will depend on the current evil state.  This requires the <a href="https://which-key">which-key</a> package. PEL downloads, installs and activates it when the <a href="pel-use-which-key">pel-use-which-key</a> user option to is set to t.
Toggle keycast mode on/off	<f11> ? k c</f11>	(keycast-mode &optional ARG)	Show current command and its key binding in the mode line. Use it to create a screen cast to show how to use Emacs.  This requires the <a href="keycast external package">keycast external package</a> PEL makes keycast available when the <a href="pel-use-keycast">pel-use-keycast</a> user option is set to t.
Show personal key bindings	<f11> ? k b</f11>	(describe-personal- keybindings)	Display all the personal keybindings defined by 'bind-key'.
Display free keys	<f11> ? k f</f11>	(free-keys &optional PREFIX BUFFER)	Display free keys in current buffer.  • A free key is a key without associated key-binding as determined by 'key-binding'.
	<ul> <li>By default, keys on 'free-keys-keys' list with no prefix sequence are considered, possibly together with modifier keys from 'free-keys-modifiers'. You can change the prefix sequence by hitting 'p' in the *Free keys* buffer. Prefix is supplied in format recognized by 'kbd', for example "C-x".</li> <li>Requires the package <u>free-keys</u>.</li> </ul>		
Display last few typed characters	• C-h 1 • <f1> 1 • <f11> ? k 1</f11></f1>	(view-lossage)	Display last few input keystrokes and the commands run.  To record all your input, use 'open-dribble-file'.
Record ALL typed characters to a file	M-x open-dribble- file	(open-dribble-file FILE)	Start writing all keyboard characters to a dribble file called FILE.  If FILE is nil, close any open dribble file.  The file will be closed when Emacs exits.  Be aware that this records ALL characters you type!  This may include sensitive information such as passwords.
Redo/edit last complex command executed  See also: <u>Undo/Redo/Repeat/Arg</u>	• C-x Esc Esc • C-x M-Esc • C-x M-:	(repeat-complex-command ARG)	Edit and re-evaluate last complex command, or ARGth from last.  A complex command is one which used the minibuffer. The command is placed in the minibuffer as a Lisp form for editing. The result is executed, repeating the command as changed.  If the command has been changed or is not the most recent previous command it is added to the front of the command history.
Command Log Mode			You can use the minibuffer history commands M-n and M-p to get different commands to edit and resubmit.  ows the log of all key sequence and mouse events and the executed command name.
	The information is similar to what is available with view-lossage, but in a nicely formatted way, much easier to use.  See the \( \subseteq \) Windows table for commands that can be used to toggle the dedicated state of the window allowing you to move the window.  This requires the command-log-mode.el file from the command-log-mode external package.  PEL installs the latest version of that file when the pel-use-command-log-mode user option is set to t.  PEL saves it inside your ./emacs/utils directory. To get the latest version, erase that file and its .elc from ./emacs/utils and execute pel-init or restart Emacs. PEL gets it this way because the official project does not seem to be maintained. If this changes, PEL will be updated to use the MELPA version.  With PEL you can customize command-log-mode by typing <f11>? <f3> to access its command-log customization group.</f3></f11>		
Toggle command logging for current buffer	<f11> ? k c c</f11>	(command-log-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle command logging: command-log-mode in the current buffer.  • The command-log lighter is shown on the mode line while the minor mode is active.
Toggle command logging for all buffers	<f11> ? k c C</f11>	(global-command-log- mode &optional ARG)	Toggle command logging globally: for all buffers.  • The command-log lighter is shown on the mode line while the minor mode is active.
Open Command Log buffer	<f11> ? k c o</f11>	(clm/open-command-log- buffer &optional ARG)	Opens (and creates, if non-existant) a buffer used for logging keyboard commands.  • With any prefix argument, the existing command log buffer is cleared.
Close Command Log buffer	<f11> ? k c .</f11>	(clm/close-command-log- buffer)	Close the command log window.  Logging continues while the window is closed.
Toggle log of all commands	<f11> ? k c /</f11>	(clm/toggle-log-all)	Toggle the logging of all commands: activate/de-activate common command filtering.  • command-log-mode either logs all commands or filter some often used ones like the cursor and character movements. The default setting is controlled by the clm/log-all user option.  • The list of non-logged commands is controlled by the clm/non-logged-commands user option.
Help with Emacs Help, Apropos, and Info.			cition in buffers using the info reader format. The info reader mode commands are shown an always get help on the current mode, that applies to the info reader mode as well.
Show information available about specified pattern	<f11> ? a a</f11>	(apropos PATTERN &optional DO-ALL)	Show all meaningful Lisp symbols whose names match PATTERN.  Symbols are shown if they are defined as functions, variables, or faces, or if they have nonempty property lists.  PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.
Get a-propos info on command	• C-h a • <f1> a • <f11> ? a c</f11></f1>	(apropos-command PATTERN & optional DO-ALL VAR-PREDICATE)	Show commands (interactively callable functions) that match PATTERN.  • PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  • With C-u prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, also show non interactive functions.  • Examples:  • <f1> a mode: list all modes available in the Emacs session, showing their key bindings and a quick description.  Old Emacs command name was: command-apropos.</f1>
Look for topic in all info documents	<f11> ? i a</f11>	(info-apropos STRING)	Prompts for a string and looks up for that string in all the indices of <b>all</b> the Info documents installed in the system. Opens an Apropos index menu with the links to the found topics. Use this to <i>find the manual section(s) that describe a specific function or variable</i> .
Open the Info Reader on specific topic	• C-h i • <f1> i • <f11> ? i i • %-?</f11></f1>	(info &optional FILE-OR- NODE BUFFER)	Open the *info* buffer if already opened. If not, open the info reader for the top node.  A non-numeric prefix argument (C-u) directs this command to read a file name from the minibuffer. It is possible to open a compressed .info.gz file directly! Emacs will uncompress it and open it.  A numeric prefix argument of N selects an Info buffer named "*info* <n>".</n>

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>	
			y specify an Info node of the form "(FILENAME)NODENAME". owing actions available once emacs is in the Info Reader Mode.	
Search for text in function	• C-h d	(apropos-documentation	Search for functions and variables whose documentation strings match the specified	
and variables doc strings	• <f1> d • <f11> ? a d</f11></f1>	PATTERN &optional DO- ALL)	pattern and display the appropriate info pages.	
List variables and functions defined in Emacs Lisp file.	<f11> ? a L</f11>	(apropos-library FILE)	List the variables and functions defined by library FILE. FILE should be one of the libraries currently loaded and should thus be found in 'load-history'.	
Show buffer-local variables	<f11> ? a l</f11>	(apropos-local-variable PATTERN &optional BUFFER)	Show buffer-local variables that match PATTERN. Optional arg BUFFER (default: current buffer) is the buffer to check.	
Show user option	<f11> ? a o</f11>	(apropos-user-option PATTERN &optional DO- ALL)	Show user options that match PATTERN.  PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words.  • With C-u prefix, also show variables, not just user options.	
Show all symbols that have a specific value	<f11> ? a u</f11>	(apropos-value PATTERN & optional DO-ALL)	Show all symbols whose value's printed representation matches PATTERN. PATTERN can be a word, a list of words (separated by spaces), or a regexp (using some regexp special characters). If it is a word, search for matches for that word as a substring. If it is a list of words, search for matches for any two (or more) of those words. With <b>C-u</b> prefix, or if 'apropos-do-all' is non-nil, also looks at function definitions (arguments, documentation and body) and at the names and values of properties.	
Show variables that match a specific name pattern	<f11> ? a v</f11>	(apropos-variable PATTERN &optional DO- NOT-ALL)	Show variables that match PATTERN.  • With the optional argument DO-NOT-ALL non-nil (or when called interactively with the prefix C-u), show user options only, i.e. behave like 'apropos-user-option'.	
Open specified info manual	<f11> ? i m</f11>	(info-display-manual MANUAL)	Prompt for a specific Info manual to open in a buffer.  • Example: "eintr" := Introduction to Emacs Lisp.	
Open Emacs Manual describing a specified command function	• C-h F • <f1> F</f1>	(Info-goto-emacs- command-node COMMAND)	Go to the Info node in the Emacs manual for command COMMAND.  • The command is found by looking up in Emacs manual's indices or in another manual found via COMMAND's 'info-file' property or the variable 'Info-file-list-for-emacs'. COMMAND must be a symbol or string.	
Find specified function function or variable in info	• C-h S • <f1> F</f1>	(info-lookup-symbol SYMBOL &optional MODE)	Display the definition of SYMBOL, as found in the relevant <b>info</b> manual.  • When this command is called interactively, it reads SYMBOL from the minibuffer. In the minibuffer, use M-n to yank the default argument value into the minibuffer so you can edit it. The default symbol is the one found at point.  • With prefix arg MODE a query for the symbol help mode is offered.	
Info reader mode	The keys that can be typed	in the *Info* buffers and their m	eanings include the following:	
keys	The keys that can be typed in the "Info" buffers and their meanings include the following:    Get Info help			
Programming Help	• C-u	<ul> <li>C-u m: Move to menu entry into new Info buffer</li> <li>C-u g: Go to topic in new Info buffer</li> <li>C-u number C-h i: Open an info topic into a 'Info&lt;#&gt;' buffer (for the identified number) creating it if necessary.</li> </ul> PEL provides key bindings for the following commands that are useful when editing source code files.		
Utilities Show what completion	<f11> M-c ?</f11>	(pel-show-active-	Display the completion mode currently used.	
mode is currently used.	-	completion-mode)		
Toggle which-function-mode to display name of current function at point	<f11> ? f</f11>	(which-function-mode &optional ARG)	Toggle mode line display of current function (Which Function mode).  With a prefix argument ARG, enable Which Function mode if ARG is positive, and disable it otherwise.  The which-function-mode is a global minor mode. When enabled, the current function name is continuously displayed in the mode line, in certain major modes.	
		where you want this activated Lyou can use <f11> <f2></f2></f11>	in the which-function-mode user-option with $\mathtt{M-x}$ customize-option which-o for the command.	
Show syntax of char at point	<f11> ? d s</f11>	(pel-show-char-syntax)	Display a message showing the character syntax of character at point.	

<u>Description</u>	<u>Keystroke</u>	Function	<u>Note</u>	
Extra Descriptions	PEL implements a set of ext	ra commands and bindings to	built-in Emacs commands to display other the following extra information.	
Show symbols of currently active major mode	<f11> ? ?</f11>	(pel-show-major-mode)	Display the symbol of the currently active major mode.	
Show which search tool is currently used	<f1> ? s</f1>	(pel-show-active-search-tool)	Display the currently used search tool.	
Show available colours	<f11> ? d c</f11>	(list-colors-display &optional LIST BUFFER- NAME CALLBACK	Display names of defined colors, and show what they look like.	
List all available faces	<f11> ? d F</f11>	(list-faces-display &optional REGEXP)	List all faces, using the same sample text in each.	
Show buffer and file name	<f11> ? d f</f11>	(pel-show-window- filename-or-buffer-name)	Show the (full path) name of the file or buffer of current window.	
Show information about an input method	<f11> ? d i</f11>	(list-input-methods)	Display information about all input methods.	
Display content of kill ring	<f11> ? d k</f11>	(pel-show-kill-ring)	Display content of 'kill-ring' in *Help* buffer.	
Print current buffer line # (and narrowed line #)	<f11> ? d 1</f11>	(what-line)	Print the current buffer line number and narrowed line number of point.	
Query info about point	• C-x = • <f11> ? d p</f11>	(what-cursor-position &optional DETAIL)	Displays information about character at point in the echo area: position, character, encoding.	
Show information about current character.	<ul> <li>With any prefix argument opens a *Help* buffer and show the complete information of character at point with all properties, face, encoding, etc.</li> <li>Type: C-u C-x =</li> <li>With PEL, you can also type: C C-x =</li> </ul>			
Show window dimension	<f11> ? d w</f11>	(pel-show-window-sizes)	Show the height & width of the current window.	
Display ASCII table  See also: <u>▶ Input Method</u>	<f11> ? A</f11>	(ascii-table)	Show an interactive ASCII table in the other (next) window.  Requires the <u>ascii-table</u> package  PEL activates this when the <u>pel-use-ascii-table</u> user option is t.	
About Emacs	Information about Emacs, its	s environment and configuratio	n is available through a set of commands listed below	
Open local copy of Emacs	<f11> ? e r</f11>	(pel-open-emacs-refcard)	Prompt for an Emacs REFCARD and open it. Supports tab completion	
PDF reference card		-	erence card files are stored. Failing to detect them, 2 it uses the directory identified by the	
Show PEL user option and	pel-emacs-refcard-dirpa	(pel-package-info &optional	Display the following information in the echo area:	
package info See also: <u> </u>	KIII> f e f	FULL-REPORT)	<ul> <li>The number of PEL user-options, and the number of them that are active.</li> <li>The number of Elpa packages active: the count of the ones directly installed because of active PEL user-options and the count of them installed as dependencies of the first group.</li> <li>The number of Emacs Lisp files stored in the ~/.emacs.d/utils (or equivalent directory) as a result of PEL user options.</li> <li>With optional argument, generates a full report with much more details in a *pel-user-options* report buffer. Any key prefix works. M <f11>? e ? for example.</f11></li> </ul>	
Show number of available and key bound commands	<f11> ? e c</f11>	(pel-emacs-command- stats)	Display number of available commands and the number of those that have key bindings in the echo area, and the number of bindings in the global map.	
Show loaded files & features	<f11> ? e 1</f11>	(pel-emacs-load-stats &optional WITH_DETAILS)	Display the number of loaded files and the number of features currently loaded.  • With C-u prefix print features in a buffer. With C-u, also print load information.	
Display Memory Usage	<f11> ? e m</f11>	(pel-emacs-mem-stats)	Display Emacs memory statistics inside an *emacs-mem-stats* buffer.	
Display load-path	<f11> ? e p</f11>	(pel-emacs-load-path & optional N)	Show the current load-path inside a new *load-path* buffer.	
	<ul> <li>Open the buffer in the current window or the one identified by N, with the display-line-number-mode on. The buffer is NOT committed to a file.</li> <li>If a buffer with the name *load-path* already exists, creates a new buffer name that contains the string *load-path*.</li> <li>Window selection: If N is not specified, nil or 1: open buffer in current window.</li> <li>If N is negative, create a new window and open buffer inside it.</li> <li>If N is 0: : open buffer in other window</li> <li>If N in [2,8] range, open buffer in window identified by the direction corresponding to the cursor in a numeric keypad:  8 := 'up  4 := 'left 5 := 'current 6 := 'right  2 := 'down</li> <li>If N is 9 or larger: search in window below.</li> </ul>			
Check/display list of shadowed Emacs Lisp files	<f11> ? e s</f11>	(list-load-path-shadows &optional STRINGP)	Display a list of Emacs Lisp files that shadow other files  • Shows any shadows in a '*Shadows*' buffer	
Display Emacs initialization time with benchmark	• <f11> ? e t • <m-s-f9></m-s-f9></f11>	(pel-show-init-time)	Display benchmark startup time.	
information if available	<ul> <li>Display the benchmark initialization and duration tree in 2 buffers if the benchmark-init library is installed and loaded in the init.el file. It also displat the Emacs startup time inside the echo area.</li> <li></li></ul>			
Display Emacs uptime	• Update the path in this co	(emacs-uptime &optional	Display a string giving the uptime of this instance of Emacs in the echo area.	
Display Emacs version	<f11> ? e v</f11>	FORMAT) (emacs-version)	Display Emacs version	
Display Emacs executable path	<f11> ? e v</f11>	(pel-emacs-executable)	Display Emacs executable path in echo area.	
ESUP - Emacs Start Up Profiler	<f11> ? e P</f11>	(esup &optional INIT-FILE &rest ARGS)	Profile the startup time of Emacs in the background.  If INIT-FILE is non-nil, profile that instead of USER-INIT-FILE.  ARGS is a list of extra command line arguments to pass to Emacs.	
	Requires the esup external package. PEL activates it when the pel-use-esup customization variable is set to t.  The esup profiler has several limitations: 1) it only supports Emacs running in graphics mode. 2) esup steps into 'require' and 'load' forms at the top level of a file but not if they are enclosed in any other statements. This limits its usefulness when conditional loading is located in the init.el file a when the use-package macros are used. Both of these techniques are used by PEL to reduce init time.			

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variables       current buffer.         See also: ∑ Menus       Print this information in a *imenu-dbg* buffer.         Use this when investigating the imenu support for a major primitive.         List processes       Print this information in a *imenu-dbg* buffer.         Use this when investigating the imenu support for a major primitive.         Display a list of all processes that are Emacs sub-processes if optional argument QUERY-ONLY is non-nil, only processes set are listed.         Any process listed as exited or signalled is actually eliminated.			
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See also:  • The man command uses the system man utility, while woman is a complete implementation. It has some formatting but it's very useful in systems where man is not available.	limitations compared to man		
• The man command will find pages that the system's man can find. This can be extended or modified by setting the I			
• <u>Same Customize</u> variable. Inside Emacs you can also customize the Emacs Man-switches user option to provide extra configuration by using the -M switch. For an example see how to add Erlang man pages in the \$1 - Erlang table.	including a different MANPATH		
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File instead.		<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	the Github-hosted file instead	1.
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Build Tools    Spi - Make   Cf11> SPC M <f1>   Open 1/10 - Make   local PDF file unless a command prefix (like C-u) was used. In that case it opens the Github-hosted file instead.    Markup languages   Cf11&gt; SPC M-g <f1>   Open 1/10 - Make   local PDF file unless a command prefix (like C-u) was used. In that case it opens the Github-hosted file instead.    Open 1/10 - Markup languages   Cf11&gt; SPC M-g <f1>   Open 1/10 - Markup languages   Open 1/10 - Markup lang</f1></f1></f1>	₽ĭ - V 🚧	<f11> SPC v <f1></f1></f11>	Open $\mathfrak{P}\mathfrak{l}$ - $V$ local PDF file unless a command prefix (like $\mathbf{C}-\mathbf{u}$ ) was used. In that case it opens	nless a command prefix (like C-u) was used. In that case it opens the Github-hosted file
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* Markup languages  M Graphviz Dot  **SPC M-g <f1> **Open M Graphviz Dot local PDF file unless a command prefix (like C-u) was used. In that case it opens the Github-hosted file instead.  M PlantUML  **SPC M-u &lt; f1&gt; **SPC M-u &lt; f1&gt; **SPC M-u &lt; f1&gt; **SPC M-m <f1> **SPC M-m <f1< td=""><td>Build Tools</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></f1<></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1></f1>	Build Tools			
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M Markdown <f11> SPC M-m <f1>       Open M Markdown local PDF file unless a command prefix (like C-u) was used. In that case it opens the Github-hosted file instead.         M reStructuredText       <f11> SPC M-r <f1>       Open M reStructuredText local PDF file unless a command prefix (like C-u) was used. In that case it opens the Github-hosted file instead.</f1></f11></f1></f11>	M PlantUML	• <f11> SPC M-u</f11>		file unless a command prefix (like <b>C-u</b> ) was used. In that case it opens the Github-hosted
file instead.		<f12> <f1></f1></f12>		
<pre> <f12> <f1></f1></f12></pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre>	M Markdown	<f11> SPC M-m <f1></f1></f11>		file unless a command prefix (like C-u) was used. In that case it opens the Github-hosted
		<f12> <f1></f1></f12>	file instead.	
	M reStructuredText	<f11> SPC M-r <f1></f1></f11>	> Open M reStructuredText local PDF file unless a command prefix (like C-u) was used. In that case it opens the Gith hosted file instead.	
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## Help - References

Topic & Link	Description
Emacs Help	
GNU Emacs Manuals Online	The page with the list of all available online GNU Emacs manuals.
GNU Emacs Manual - Help	Emacs manual - Help chapter
Gnu Emacs Manual - Help Mode	Describes the command and key bindings that can be used in the Help-mode buffer window, which shows the help information.
Emacs Manuals	Note that <b>all</b> Emacs manuals are available <b>inside</b> of Emacs. It's better to test, investigate code, etc
GNU Emacs Manuals Online	Lists all GNU Emacs manuals, reference cards, etc
GNU Emacs Manual	Points to different formats of the manual. The format where all is inside one HTML file is useful to search. There's also the PDF formats.
GNU Reference Cards	This is accessible via the first link.
<b>Emacs Papers</b>	
EMACS: The Extensible, Customizable Display Editor	This paper was written by Richard Stallman in 1981 and delivered in the ACM Conference on Text Processing.
<b>Emacs Tutorials</b>	
A Guided Tour of Emacs	The official Emacs Tutorial. Part of Emacs. Best used <i>inside</i> Emacs. A good starting point. Use the others to get different point of views.
Absolute Beginner's Guide to Emacs	
A Tutorial Introduction to GNU Emacs	
Practical Emacs Tutorial @ ErgoEmacs	
Emacs Cheat Sheet / Keystroke Lists	Note, however, that Emacs itself and PEL provides similar information.
Emacs Videos	
Emacs Rocks - home	A collection of Youtube homed videos about various Emacs features. Well documented with keystrokes showing on the screen cast. Worth watching slowly to catch what is being done.
Emacs and Man files	
How to create a local whatis file	Show how to create a missing whatis file for a set of man pages and the philosophy behind apropos, whatis and makewhatis.