GEOG 432/832: Programming, Scripting, and Automation for GIS

Unit 05.01: Interrogating spatial data structures

Dr. Bitterman

Today's schedule

- Open discussion
- Readings
- Discussion and exercises
- For next class
- Maybe some work time?

Open discussion

• Lab 2 progress?

Does the data exist?

Why do (or should) we check if the data exist?

The syntax of the Exists() function is:

```
arcpy.Exists(<dataset>)
```

For example:

```
import arcpy
print(arcpy.Exists("C:/Data/streams.shp"))
```

What does it return?

- Remember, two types of paths
 - i. System paths: these are the paths recognized by the operating system
 - ii. Catalog paths: these are the paths that only ArcGIS Pro recognizes

But what if we want to know more about our data?

Describing data

- Certain tools only work certain types of data
- For example...
 - Union: requires 2 polygon feature classes
- ArcGIS Pro GUI tool dialog boxes have built-in type validation
- In Python, you have to determine the feature type of a dataset before using it in a tool

But it's YOUR script, why bother with type validation?

Functions to describe data

Two primary ways:

- 1. arcpy.Describe()
- 2. arcpy.da.Describe()

Accomplish same tasks, but structured a bit differently

- da.Describe() is newer, and ESRI encourages its use
- but arcpy.Describe() is functionally fine, and NOT deprecated

Describe()

- Describe() returns an object of type Describe
- Describe object properties are *dynamic* differ by the object being described!
 - Flexible
 - Sometimes confusing...

which is why checking for types is useful!

da.Describe()

- Returns the same information as <code>Describe()</code> , but the result is a dictionary
- Wait, what's a dictionary?

The dictionary data structure

Main property is key: value pairs

Example (from W3schools)

```
thisdict = {
   "brand": "Ford",
   "model": "Mustang",
   "year": 1964
}
print(thisdict) # prints dictionary contents
print(thisdict["year"]) # prints 1964
```

Let's try it

using arcpy.Describe()

- Open an ArcGIS Pro project, create a new notebook
- Using Streams_303_d_ feature class from week03inclass dataset

```
General Syntax: arcpy.Describe(<input dataset>, {datatype})
```

Our example (note: you can setup a workspace or point directly to the shapefile)

First, what do we expect the code to do?

```
import arcpy
desc = arcpy.Describe("C:/YOURLOCATION/Streams_303_d_.shp")
print(desc.shapeType)
```

What happened?

Try with da.Describe()

General syntax is arcpy.da.Describe(<input dataset>, {datatype})

First, what do we expect the code to do?

```
import arcpy
desc = arcpy.da.Describe("C:/YOURLOCATION/Streams_303_d_.shp")
print(desc["shapeType"])
```

What happened?

So how is this useful?

Textbook example:

```
import arcpy
arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Data"
infc = "streams.shp"
clipfc = "study.shp"
outfc = "streams_clip.shp"
desc = arcpy.da.Describe(clipfc)
type = desc["shapeType"]
if type == "Polygon":
    arcpy.Clip_analysis(infc, clipfc, outfc)
else:
    print("The clip features are not polygons.")
```

Let's break down the code -- what does it do?

Another example

```
import arcpy
fc = "C:/Data/streams.shp"
desc = arcpy.da.Describe(fc)
sr = desc["spatialReference"]
print("Dataset type: " + desc["shapeType"])
print("Spatial reference: " + sr.name)
```

Let's break down the code -- what does it do?

Even more utility

```
import arcpy
arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Data/study.gdb"
element = "roads"
desc = arcpy.da.Describe(element)
print("Data type: " + desc["dataType"])
print("File path: " + desc["path"])
print("Catalog path: " + desc["catalogPath"])
print("File name: " + desc["file"])
print("Base name: " + desc["baseName"])
print("Name: " + desc["name"])
```

Let's break down the code -- what does it do?

Back to our earlier example

```
import arcpy
desc = arcpy.da.Describe("C:/YOURLOCATION/Streams_303_d_.shp")
print("Shape type:" + desc["shapeType"])
print("Data type: " + desc["dataType"])
print("File path: " + desc["path"])
print("Catalog path: " + desc["catalogPath"])
print("File name: " + desc["file"])
print("Base name: " + desc["baseName"])
print("Name: " + desc["name"])
```

What happened?

Can you envision utility in your labs? In your project? In research/jobs?

For next class:

- Read Chapters 6 & 7 for this week
- Project proposal is due Friday!