

TerraMeta Software, Inc.

Plasma Quick Start MySql (POJO)

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1 Introduction

This step-by-step guide uses only annotated Java (POJO) objects as the source of schema or metadata. It shows how to build a Maven project which generates a simple MySql data model with 2 tables which inserts, queries and prints test data from MySql. It requires basic knowledge of the Java programing language, Apache Maven, MySql Server administration and assumes the following software install prerequisites.

- Java JDK 1.7 or Above
- Maven 3.x or Above
- MySql Server 5.5 or Above

See https://github.com/plasma-framework/plasma-examples-quickstart for working examples which accomplany this guide.

2 Plasma Quick Start MySql (POJO)

2.1 Add Build Time Plasma Dependencies

Add the following dependency to your Maven project to get started.

2.2 Create Entity POJOs

Next create a classic "Person-Org" data model using just Java POJO's. Create 4 Java enumeration classes annotated as below in a Java package called **examples.quickstart.mysql.pojo**. (Note: Enumerations rather than Java classes are annotated to facilitate reuse across multiple code generation and metadata integration contexts. Your metadata is too valuable to relegate to a single context) The annotations capture typical structural metadata elements.

- Types and Aliases profiding logical / physical name isolation. See <u>Type</u>, <u>Alias</u>.
- Data Types. See DataProperty, ReferenceProperty.
- Cardinalities, Nullability and Visibility. See DataProperty, ReferenceProperty.
- Constraints. See <u>ValueConstraint</u>, <u>EnumerationConstraint</u>.
- Inheritance relationships (multiple inheritance is supported). See <u>Type</u>.
- Associations between entities. See <u>ReferenceProperty</u>.
- Enumerations as Domain Value Lists. See Enumeration.

Enumeration 1 - OrgCat.java

```
import org.plasma.sdo.annotation.Alias;
import org.plasma.sdo.annotation.Enumeration;

@Enumeration(name = "OrgCat")
public enum OrgCat {
    @Alias(physicalName = "N")
    nonprofit,
    @Alias(physicalName = "G")
    government,
    @Alias(physicalName = "R")
    retail,
```

```
@Alias(physicalName = "W")
  wholesale
                                 Entity 1 - Party.java
@Type (name = "Party", isAbstract = true)
public enum Party {
  @Alias(physicalName = "CRTD DT")
  @DataProperty(dataType = DataType.Date, isNullable = false)
  createdDate
}
                                Entity 2 - Person.java
@Alias(physicalName = "PERSON")
@Type(superTypes = { Party.class })
public enum Person {
  @Key(type = KeyType.primary)
  @ValueConstraint(maxLength = "36")
  @Alias(physicalName = "FN")
  @DataProperty(dataType = DataType.String, isNullable = false)
  firstName,
  @Key(type = KeyType.primary)
  @ValueConstraint(maxLength = "36")
  @Alias(physicalName = "LN")
  @DataProperty(dataType = DataType.String, isNullable = false)
  lastName,
  @ValueConstraint(totalDigits = "3")
  @Alias(physicalName = "AGE")
  @DataProperty(dataType = DataType.Int)
  age,
  @Alias(physicalName = "DOB")
  @DataProperty(dataType = DataType.Date)
  dateOfBirth,
  @Alias(physicalName = "EMP")
  @ReferenceProperty(targetClass = Organization.class, targetProperty =
"employee")
  employer;
                              Entity 3 - Organization.java
@Alias(physicalName = "ORG")
@Type(superTypes = { Party.class })
public enum Organization {
  @Key(type = KeyType.primary)
  @ValueConstraint(maxLength = "36")
  @Alias(physicalName = "NAME")
  @DataProperty(dataType = DataType.String, isNullable = false)
  name,
  @EnumConstraint(targetEnum = OrgCat.class)
  @Alias(physicalName = "ORG CAT")
  @DataProperty(dataType = DataType.String, isNullable = false)
  category,
  @Alias(physicalName = "PARENT")
  @ReferenceProperty(isNullable = true, isMany = false, targetClass =
Organization.class, targetProperty = "child")
  @Alias(physicalName = "CHILD")
```

```
@ReferenceProperty(isNullable = true, isMany = true, targetClass =
Organization.class, targetProperty = "parent")
   child,
   @Alias(physicalName = "EMPLOYEE")
   @ReferenceProperty(isNullable = true, isMany = true, targetClass =
Person.class, targetProperty = "employer")
   employee;
}
```

2.3 Create Namespace POJO

In the same package as the above POJOs, create a file called package_info.java with the below annotates. These annotations associate the entities we created previously with a common namespace and data access context. For more information on applying annotations to package_into.java see https://www.intertech.com/Blog/whats-package-info-java-for

```
@Alias(physicalName = "HR")
@Namespace(uri = "http://plasma-quickstart-pojo/humanresources")
@NamespaceProvisioning(rootPackageName = "quickstart.pojo.model")
@NamespaceService(storeType = DataStoreType.RDBMS,
providerName = DataAccessProviderName.JDBC,
properties = {
      "org.plasma.sdo.access.provider.jdbc.ConnectionURL=jdbc:mysgl://localhost:
3306/hr?autoReconnect=true",
      "org.plasma.sdo.access.provider.jdbc.ConnectionUserName=root",
      "org.plasma.sdo.access.provider.jdbc.ConnectionPassword=yourpassword",
      "org.plasma.sdo.access.provider.jdbc.ConnectionDriverName=com.mysql.jdbc.D
river",
      "org.plasma.sdo.access.provider.jdbc.ConnectionProviderName=examples.quick
start.connect.DBCPConnectionPoolProvider",
      "org.plasma.sdo.access.provider.jdbc.ConnectionPoolMinSize=1",
      "org.plasma.sdo.access.provider.jdbc.ConnectionPoolMaxSize=10",
      "org.apache.commons.dbcp.validationQuery=SELECT COUNT(*) FROM person",
      "org.apache.commons.dbcp.testOnBorrow=false",
      "org.apache.commons.dbcp.testOnReturn=false",
      "org.apache.commons.dbcp.maxWait=30000",
      "org.apache.commons.dbcp.testWhileIdle=false",
      "org.apache.commons.dbcp.timeBetweenEvictionRunsMillis=30000",
      "org.apache.commons.dbcp.minEvictableIdleTimeMillis=40000"
})
package examples.quickstart.pojo;
import org.plasma.runtime.annotation.NamespaceService;
import org.plasma.runtime.annotation.NamespaceProvisioning;
import org.plasma.sdo.annotation.Namespace;
import org.plasma.sdo.annotation.Alias;
import org.plasma.runtime.DataAccessProviderName;
import org.plasma.runtime.DataStoreType;
```

Namespace 1 - package_info.java

2.4 Add Plasma Maven Plugin

Add the Plasma Maven Plugin with 3 executions which generate data access and query (DSL) classes as well as a schema for MySql. See below Plasma Maven Plugin Configuration for complete listing.

See https://github.com/plasma-framework/plasma-examples-quickstart for working examples which accomplany this guide.

2.5 Generate Source and DDL

After adding the plugin and 3 executions type:

```
maven generate-sources
```

The generated data access source code should appear under target/generated-sources/quickstart.pojo.model which is the package we specified in @NamespaceProvisioning on the namespace. Look in target/ddl/mysql-create.sql. Notice the OrgCat enumeration was used to generate a MySql check constraint in the HR.ORG table. Plasma supports full round-trip engineering of enumerations across all metadata contexts.

```
CREATE SCHEMA HR;
CREATE TABLE HR.PERSON ( CRTD_DT DATE NOT NULL, AGE INT, EMP VARCHAR(255), DOB
DATE, FN VARCHAR(36) NOT NULL, LN VARCHAR(36) NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY (FN, LN ) );
CREATE TABLE HR.ORG ( CRTD_DT DATE NOT NULL, PARENT VARCHAR(255), NAME
VARCHAR(36) NOT NULL, ORG_CAT ENUM('N', 'G', 'R', 'W') NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY
(NAME ) );
ALTER TABLE HR.PERSON ADD CONSTRAINT FK_PERSON1 FOREIGN KEY ( EMP ) REFERENCES
HR.ORG ( NAME );
ALTER TABLE HR.ORG ADD CONSTRAINT FK_ORG1 FOREIGN KEY ( PARENT ) REFERENCES
HR.ORG ( NAME );
CREATE INDEX I_PERSON1 ON HR.PERSON ( EMP );
CREATE INDEX I_ORG1 ON HR.ORG ( PARENT );
```

Figure 1 – Generated DDL

Now before we can insert or query data, we need to populate MySql with a schema. Using the above schema, or the one generated at target/ddl/mysql-create.sql paste or load the schema into MySql.

Figure 2 - Populate MySql with Schema

```
Command Prompt - mysql -u root -p

mysql>
mysql> CREATE SCHEMA HR;
query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE HR.PERSON ( CRID_DI DATE NOT NULL, AGE INT, EMP UARCHAR(255), DOB DATE, FN UARCHAR(36) NOT

KEY (FN, LN ) >;
query OK, 0 rows affected (0.13 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE HR.ORG ( CRID_DI DATE NOT NULL, PARENT UARCHAR(255), NAME UARCHAR(36) NOT NULL, ORG_CAT ENI

KEY (NAME ) >;
query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)

mysql> ALIER TABLE HR.PERSON ADD CONSTRAINT FK_PERSON1 FOREIGN KEY ( EMP ) REFERENCES HR.ORG ( NAME );
query OK, 0 rows affected (0.20 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> ALIER TABLE HR.ORG ADD CONSTRAINT FK_ORG1 FOREIGN KEY ( PARENT ) REPERENCES HR.ORG ( NAME );
query OK, 0 rows affected (0.16 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> CREATE INDEX I_PERSON1 ON HR.PERSON ( EMP );
query OK, 0 rows affected (0.19 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> CREATE INDEX I_PERSON1 ON HR.PERSON ( EMP );
query OK, 0 rows affected (0.15 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> CREATE INDEX I_DEG1 ON HR.ORG ( PARENT );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.25 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> CREATE INDEX I_ORG1 ON HR.ORG ( PARENT );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.25 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> CREATE INDEX I_ORG1 ON HR.ORG ( PARENT );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.25 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> CREATE INDEX I_ORG1 ON HR.ORG ( PARENT );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.25 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

2.6 Add Run Time Dependencies

Next, add the following additional dependencies to your Maven project, including an RDBMS data access service provider (CloudGraph RDB), the MySql client and a connection pooling library, DBCP.

2.7 Insert and Query MySql Data

And finally create a test class as below which inserts a parent and clild organization with a single employee under the child, then queries for the "graph" traversing the foreign key refrences from the person (as a root) back to the employer organization and then the parent organization. Then prints the serialized result graph as formatted XML for easy visualization and debugging. The output should look like the below XML example.

Figure 3 - Result Graph, Serialized as XML

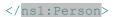


Figure 4 - Inser/Query MySql Data

```
import org.junit.Test;
import org.plasma.runtime.DataAccessProviderName;
import org.plasma.sdo.PlasmaDataGraph;
import org.plasma.sdo.access.client.PojoDataAccessClient;
import org.plasma.sdo.access.client.SDODataAccessClient;
import org.plasma.sdo.helper.PlasmaDataFactory;
import org.plasma.sdo.helper.PlasmaTypeHelper;
import quickstart.pojo.model.OrgCat;
import quickstart.pojo.model.Organization;
import quickstart.pojo.model.Person;
import quickstart.pojo.model.query.QPerson;
import commonj.sdo.DataGraph;
import commonj.sdo.Type;
public class PojoTest {
      @Test
      public void insertTest() throws IOException {
            SDODataAccessClient client = new SDODataAccessClient(
                  new PojoDataAccessClient(DataAccessProviderName.JDBC));
          DataGraph dataGraph = PlasmaDataFactory.INSTANCE.createDataGraph();
          dataGraph.getChangeSummary().beginLogging();
          Type rootType = PlasmaTypeHelper.INSTANCE.getType(Organization.class);
          String randomSuffix = String.valueOf(System.nanoTime()).substring(10);
          Organization org = (Organization)
dataGraph.createRootObject(rootType);
          org.setName("Best Buy Corporation Inc. ("+randomSuffix+")");
          org.setCategory(OrgCat.RETAIL.getInstanceName());
          org.setCreatedDate(new Date());
          Organization child = org.createChild();
          child.setName("Best Buy Sales ("+randomSuffix+")");
          child.setCategory(OrgCat.RETAIL.getInstanceName());
          child.setCreatedDate(new Date());
          Person pers = child.createEmployee();
          pers.setFirstName("Mark");
          pers.setLastName("Hamburg ("+randomSuffix+")");
          pers.setAge(55);
          pers.setCreatedDate(new Date());
          client.commit(dataGraph, PojoTest.class.getSimpleName());
          QPerson query = QPerson.newQuery();
          query.select(query.wildcard())
               .select(query.employer().name())
             .select(query.employer().parent().name())
             .select(query.employer().parent().category());
          query.where(query.firstName().eq("Mark")
             .and(query.lastName().like("Ham*")));
          DataGraph[] results = client.find(query);
          System.out.println(((((PlasmaDataGraph)results[0]).asXml()));
```

```
}
```

See https://github.com/plasma-framework/plasma-examples-quickstart for working examples which accomplany this guide.

3 Plasma Maven Plugin Configuration

Below is the Maven plugin listing referenced about which is needed for generation of data access source code and DDL. See https://github.com/plasma-framework/plasma-examples-quickstart for working examples which accomplany this guide.

```
<plugin>
     <groupId>org.terrameta
     <artifactId>plasma-maven-plugin</artifactId>
     <version>2.0.0
     <dependencies>
           <dependency>
                 <groupId>org.terrameta
                 <artifactId>plasma-core</artifactId>
                 <version>2.0.0
           </dependency>
           <dependency>
                 <groupId>org.cloudgraph
                 <artifactId>cloudgraph-rdb</artifactId>
                 <version>1.0.7
           </dependency>
     </dependencies>
     <executions>
           <execution>
                 <id>sdo-create</id>
                 <configuration>
                       <action>create</action>
                       <dialect>java</dialect>
                       <additionalClasspathElements>
                             <param>${basedir}/target/classes</param>
                       </additionalClasspathElements>
                       <outputDirectory>${basedir}/target/generated-
sources/java</outputDirectory>
                 </configuration>
                       <goal>sdo</goal>
                 </goals>
           </execution>
           <execution>
                 <id>dsl-create</id>
                 <configuration>
                       <action>create</action>
                       <dialect>java</dialect>
                       <additionalClasspathElements>
                             <param>${basedir}/target/classes</param>
                       </additionalClasspathElements>
                       <outputDirectory>${basedir}/target/generated-
sources/java</outputDirectory>
                 </configuration>
                 <goals>
```

```
<goal>dsl</goal>
                  </goals>
            </execution>
            <execution>
                  <id>ddl-create-mysql</id>
                  <configuration>
                        <action>create</action>
                        <dialect>mysql</dialect>
                        <additionalClasspathElements>
                              <param>${basedir}/target/classes</param>
                        </additionalClasspathElements>
                        <outputDirectory>${basedir}/target/ddl</outputDirectory>
                        <outputFile>mysql-create.sql</outputFile>
                  </configuration>
                  <goals>
                        <goal>rdb</goal>
                  </goals>
            </execution>
      </executions>
</plugin>
```