Stream Framing Protocol

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Rationale

Stream communication channels, such as serial ports and TCP connections, deliver individual bytes of data. Message boundaries are not necessarily preserved; a sender may write a 20-byte message to the stream while the receiver may read from 1 to 20 bytes at a time from the other end of the stream. When data must be delivered in indivisible messages, a framing protocol such as this *Stream Framing Protocol* must be used.

Delimiters

The following byte values are used for delimiting data frames:

- STX (ASCII 2 decimal) Start of Text
- ETX (ASCII 3 decimal) End of Text
- DLE (ASCII 16 decimal) Data Link Escape

Framing Protocol

- 1. Each frame shall begin with the two byte sequence **DLE STX**.
- 2. Any number (including zero) of payload data bytes may follow.
- 3. An extra **DLE** byte shall be injected ("byte stuffed") before any **DLE** byte present in the payload data.
- 4. After the payload data bytes, two bytes of *CRC16-CCITT 0x1D0F* checksum shall be appended, in network byte order (most significant byte first). The checksum shall be calculated from the original payload data bytes (*before* byte stuffing).
- 5. An extra **DLE** byte shall be injected before each byte of the checksum, if it is **DLE**.
- 6. The frame shall end with the two byte sequence **DLE ETX**.

Buffer Size

When encoding a message of **N** payload data bytes, the destination frame buffer size must be **2*N+8** bytes, worst case **(2*N** if all payload data bytes are **DLE**, **+4** for the **DLE STX** and **DLE ETX** delimiters, and **+4** if both checksum bytes are **DLE**).

Checksum Algorithm

CRC16 algorithms are, in general, incompletely specified. This *Stream Framing Protocol* shall use the following reference implementation (or its equivalent) for *CRC16-CCITT 0x1D0F*:

```
// The following CRC16-CCITT subroutine came from:
// http://stackoverflow.com/questions/10564491/function-to-calculate-
a-crc16-checksum

uint16_t crc16(const uint8_t* data_p, uint8_t length){
    uint8_t x;
    uint16_t crc = 0x1D0F;

    while (length--){
        x = crc >> 8 ^ *data_p++;
        x ^= x>>4;
        crc = (crc << 8) ^ ((uint16_t)(x << 12)) ^ ((uint16_t)(x << 5)) ^ ((uint16_t)x);
    }
    return crc;
}</pre>
```

The checksum for an empty frame (no payload data bytes) must be **0x1D0F**.

The checksum for a message consisting of the nine ASCII bytes "**123456789**" must be **0xE5CC**.

See https://www.lammertbies.nl/comm/info/crc-calculation.html for an online CRC calculator and more information.