Language Technology

http://cs.lth.se/edan20/

Chapter 1: An Overview of Language Processing

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Applications of Language Processing

- Spelling and grammatical checkers: MS Word, e-mail programs, etc.
- Text indexing and information retrieval on the Internet: *Google, Microsoft Bing, Yahoo*, or software like *Apache Lucene*
- Translation: Google Translate, DeepL, Bing translator, etc.
- Spoken interaction: Apple Siri, Google Assistant, Amazon Echo
- Speech dictation of letters or reports: Windows 10, macOS

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Applications of Language Processing (ctn'd)

- Direct translation from spoken English to spoken Swedish in a restricted domain: *SRI* and *SICS*
- Voice control of domestic devices such as tape recorders: Philips or disc changers: MS Persona
- Conversational agents able to dialogue and to plan: TRAINS
- Spoken navigation in virtual worlds: *Ulysse*, *Higgins*
- Generation of 3D scenes from text: Carsim
- Question answering: IBM Watson and Jeopardy!

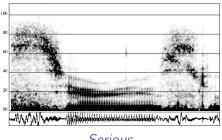


Linguistics Layers

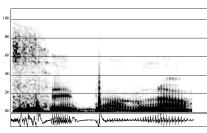
- Sounds
- Phonemes
- Words and morphology
- Syntax and functions
- Semantics
- Dialogue



Sounds and Phonemes



Serious



C'est par là 'It is that way'



Lexicon and Parts of Speech

The big cat ate the gray mouse

The/article big/adjective cat/noun ate/verb the/article gray/adjective mouse/noun

Le/article gros/adjectif chat/nom mange/verbe la/article souris/nom grise/adjectif

Die/Artikel große/Adjektiv Katze/Substantiv ißt/Verb die/Artikel graue/Adjektiv Maus/Substantiv

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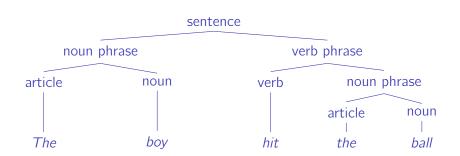


Morphology

Word	Root form	
worked	orked to work + verb + preterit	
travaillé	aillé travailler + verb + past participle	
gearbeitet	arbeiten + verb + past participle	



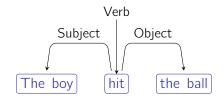
Syntactic Tree





Syntax: A Classical View

A graph of dependencies and functions





Semantics

As opposed to syntax:

- Colorless green ideas sleep furiously.
- 2 *Furiously sleep ideas green colorless.

Determining the logical form:

Sentence	Logical representation
Frank is writing notes	writing(Frank, notes).
François écrit des notes	écrit(François, notes).
Franz schreibt Notizen	<pre>schreibt(Franz, Notizen).</pre>



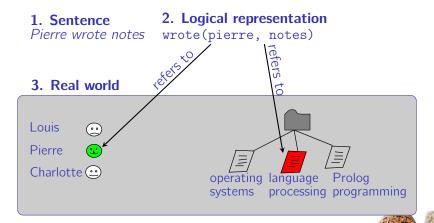
Lexical Semantics

Word senses:

- **1 note** (*noun*) short piece of writing;
- note (noun) a single sound at a particular level;
- 3 note (noun) a piece of paper money;
- **4 note** (*verb*) to take notice of;
- **5 note** (*noun*) of note: of importance.



Reference



Ambiguity

Many analyses are ambiguous. It makes language processing difficult.

Ambiguity occurs in any layer: speech recognition, part-of-speech tagging, parsing, etc.

Example of an ambiguous phonetic transcription:

The boys eat the sandwiches

That may correspond to:

The boy seat the sandwiches; the boy seat this and which is; the buoys eat the sand which is



Models and Tools

- Linguistics has produced an impressive set of theories and models;
- Inadequate theories in the beginning and lack of data: corpus, dictionaries, or reference (annotated) data;
- Models and tools have matured. Data has become available;
- Tools involve notably finite-state automata, regular expressions, logic, statistics, and machine learning;
- In general, language processing requires significant processing power;
- This overall resulted in massive improvements in most areas of NLP.



The Carsim System: A Text-to-Scene Converter

Texts

XML Templates

3D Animation

Véhicule B venant de ma gauche, je me trouve dans le carrefour. à faible vitesse environ 40 km/h, quand le véhicule B, percute mon véhicule, et me refuse la priorité à droite. Le premier choc atteint mon aile arrière gauche,

// Static Objects
STATIC [
ROAD
TREE
]
// Dynamic Objects
DYNAMIC [
VEHICLE [
ID = vehicule_b;
INITDIRECTION = east





Dialogue: The Persona Project from Microsoft Research

A conversation with Peedy

Turn	Utterance	
	[Peedy is asleep on his perch]	
User:	Good morning, Peedy.	
	[Peedy rouses]	
Peedy:	Good morning.	
User:	Let's do a demo.	
	[Peedy stands up, smiles]	
Peedy:	Your wish is my command, what would you like to hear?	
User:		
	[Peedy waves in a stream of notes, and grabs one as they rush	
	by.]	
Peedy:	I have "The Bonnie Raitt Collection" from 1990.	
User:	Pick something from that	

Peedy:

How about "Angel from Montgomery"?

Dialogue: The Persona Project from Microsoft Research

User: Sounds good.

[Peedy drops note on pile]

Peedy: OK.

User: Play some rock after that.

[Peedy scans the notes again, selects one]

Peedy: How about "Fools in love"?

User: Who wrote that?

[Peedy cups one wing to his 'ear']

Peedy: Huh?

User: Who wrote that?

[Peedy looks up, scrunches his brow]

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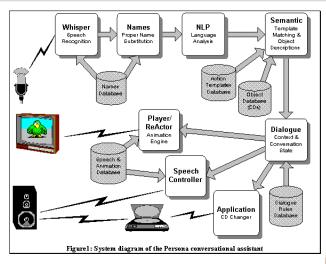
Peedy: Joe Jackson

User: Fine.

[Drops note on pile]



Persona System Architecture





//research.microsoft.com/research/pubs/view.aspx?pu

IBM Watson

- IBM Watson: A system that can answer questions better than any human
- Video: https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=WFR310m_xhE



- IBM Watson builds on the extraction of knowledge from masses of texts: Wikipedia, archive of the New York Times, etc.
- Bottom line: Text is the repository of human knowledge



IBM Watson: Simplified Architecture



Question parsing and classification: Syntactic parsing, entity recognition. answer classification

Document retrieval. Extraction and ranking of passages: Indexing, vector space model

Extraction and ranking of answers: Answer parsing, entity recognition

