Guide for trident v1.1.7.0

33

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21	1	\mathbf{T}	The trident CLI		
22	Tr	ident	is a command line softv	ware tool structured in multiple subcommands. If you installed it properly y	/ou
23	cai	n call	it on the command line	by typing trident. This will show an overview of the general options and	all
24	su	bcom	mands, which are explai	ined in detail below.	
25	Us	age:	trident [version]	[logMode ARG] [errLength ARG] (COMMAND COMMAND)	
26		tride	ent is a management	and analysis tool for Poseidon packages. Report issues	
27		here	: https://github.com	/poseidon-framework/poseidon-hs/issues	
28					
29	Αv	ailab	ble options:		
30		-h,	-help	Show this help text	
31		vei	rsion	Show version number	
32		log	gMode ARG	How information should be reported: NoLog, SimpleLog,	
33				DefaultLog, ServerLog or VerboseLog	

(default: DefaultLog)

--errLength ARG After how many characters should a potential error

message be truncated. "Inf" for no truncation.

(default: CharCount 1500)

38

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39 Package creation and manipulation commands:

init Create a new Poseidon package from genotype data
fetch Download data from a remote Poseidon repository
forge Select packages, groups or individuals and create a

new Poseidon package from them

44 genoconvert Convert the genotype data in a Poseidon package to a

different file format

update Update POSEIDON.yml files automatically

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48 Inspection commands:

list List packages, groups or individuals from local or

remote Poseidon repositories

summarise Get an overview over the content of one or multiple

Poseidon packages

summarize Synonym for summarise

survey Survey the degree of context information completeness

for Poseidon packages

56 validate Check one or multiple Poseidon packages for

structural correctness

For all subcommands the general argument --logMode defines how trident reports messages (to stderr) on the command line:

- NoLog: Hides all messages.
- SimpleLog: Plain and simple output to stderr.
- DefaultLog: Adds severity indicators before each message. (default setting)
- ServerLog: Additionally adds timestamps before each message.
 - VerboseLog: Shows not just messages on the log levels Info, Warning and Error like the other modes, but also on the more verbose level Debug. Use this for debugging.

66 1.1 Handling data with trident

- Trident allows to work directly with genotype data (see -p below), but its optimized for the interaction with Poseidon packages, which wrap and contextualize the data. Most trident subcommands therefore have a central parameter, called --baseDir or simply -d to specify one or more base directories to look for packages. For example, if all Poseidon packages live inside a repository at /path/to/poseidon/packages you would simply say trident <subcommand> -d /path/to/poseidon/dirs/ and trident would automatically search all subdirectories inside of the repository for valid Poseidon packages (as identified by valid POSEIDON.yml files).
- You can arrange a poseidon repository in a hierarchical way. For example:
- 75 /path/to/poseidon/packages

```
/modern
76
             /2019_poseidon_package1
77
             /2019_poseidon_package2
78
        /ancient
             /...
80
             /...
81
        /Reference_Genomes
82
             /...
83
             /...
    You can use this structure to select only the level of packages you're interested in, even individual ones, and you
85
    can make use of the fact that -d can be given multiple times.
86
    Being able to specify one or multiple repositories is often not enough, as you may have your own data to
    co-analyse with the main repository. This is easy to do, as you simply need to provide your own genotype data
88
    as yet another Poseidon package to be added to your trident command. For example, let's say you have
89
    genotype data in EIGENSTRAT format (trident supports EIGENSTRAT and PLINK as formats.):
    ~/my_project/my_project.geno
    ~/my_project/my_project.snp
92
    ~/my_project/my_project.ind
    then you can make that to a skeleton Poseidon package with the init command. You can also do it manually
    by simply adding a POSEIDON.yml file, with for example the following content:
    poseidonVersion: 2.5.0
    title: My_awesome_project
    description: Unpublished genetic data from my awesome project
    contributor:
99
      - name: Stephan Schiffels
100
        email: schiffels@institute.org
101
   packageVersion: 0.1.0
102
   lastModified: 2020-10-07
103
    genotypeData:
      format: EIGENSTRAT
105
      genoFile: my_project.geno
106
      snpFile: my_project.snp
107
      indFile: my_project.ind
108
    jannoFile: my_project.janno
109
   bibFile: sources.bib
110
    Two remarks: 1) all file paths are considered relative to the directory in which POSEIDON.yml resides. Here we
111
   assume that you put this file into the same directory as the three genotype files. 2) Besides the genotype data
112
    files there are two (technically optional) files referenced by this example POSEIDON.yml file: sources.bib
113
   and my_project.janno. Of course you can add them manually - init automatically creates empty dummy
114
    versions.
115
    Once you have set up your own "Poseidon" package (which is really only a skeleton so far), you can add it to
   your trident analysis, by simply adding your project directory to the command using -d, for example:
```

```
trident list -d /path/to/poseidon/packages/modern \
     -d /path/to/poseidon/packages/ReferenceGenomes
119
     -d ~/my_project --packages
120
```

1.2Notes on duplicates

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- If multiple packages in a package repository share the same title, then trident will try to select the one with the highest version number. If this is not sufficient to resolve the conflict, trident will stop.
- Individual/sample names (Poseidon_ID s) within one package have to be unique, or trident will stop.
- We generally also discourage ID duplicates across packages in package repositories, but trident will generally continue with them after printing a warning. This does not apply for validate, by default (you can change this behaviour with --ignoreDuplicates), and forge offers a special mechanism to resolve duplicates within its selection language (see below).

2 Package creation and manipulation commands

2.1Init command

init creates a new, valid Poseidon package from genotype data files. It adds a valid POSEIDON.yml file, a 131 dummy .janno file for context information and an empty .bib file for literature references. 132

Click here for command line details

```
Usage: trident init ((-p|--genoOne ARG) | --inFormat ARG --genoFile ARG
134
                           --snpFile ARG --indFile ARG) [--snpSet ARG]
135
                         (-o|--outPackagePath ARG) [-n|--outPackageName ARG]
136
                         [--minimal]
137
```

Show this help text

Create a new Poseidon package from genotype data

```
Available options:
140
      -h,--help
```

```
one of the input genotype data files. Expects .bed or
     -p,--genoOne ARG
142
                                .bim or .fam for PLINK and .geno or .snp or .ind for
143
                                EIGENSTRAT. The other files must be in the same
144
                                directory and must have the same base name
145
     --inFormat ARG
                                the format of the input genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
146
                                PLINK (only necessary for data input with --genoFile
147
                                + --snpFile + --indFile)
148
     --genoFile ARG
                                the input geno file path
149
     --snpFile ARG
                                the input snp file path
150
     --indFile ARG
                                the input ind file path
151
     --snpSet ARG
                                the snpSet of the package: 1240K, HumanOrigins or
152
                                Other. (only relevant for data input with
153
                                -p|--genoOne or --genoFile + --snpFile + --indFile,
                                because the packages in a -d|--baseDir already have
155
                                this information in their respective POSEIDON.yml
156
                                files) Default: Other
157
```

```
-o,--outPackagePath ARG
                                 the output package directory path
158
      -n,--outPackageName ARG
                                 the output package name - this is optional: If no
159
                                 name is provided, then the package name defaults to
160
                                 the basename of the (mandatory) --outPackagePath
161
                                 argument
162
      --minimal
                                 should only a minimal output package be created?
163
   The command
164
   trident init \
165
      --inFormat EIGENSTRAT/PLINK \
166
      --genoFile path/to/geno_file \
167
      --snpFile path/to/snp_file \
168
      --indFile path/to/ind_file \
      --snpSet 1240K|HumanOrigins|Other \
170
      -o path/to/new package name
171
   requires the format ( --inFormat ) of your input data (either EIGENSTRAT or PLINK), the paths to the
172
   respective files (--genoFile, --snpFile, --indFile), and optionally the "shape" of these files (--snpSet),
173
   so if they cover the 1240K, the HumanOrigins or an Other SNP set. A simpler interface added in trident
174
   0.29.0 is available with -p (+ --snpSet).
```

	EIGENSTRAT	PLINK
genoFile	.geno	.bed
$\operatorname{snpFile}$.snp	.bim
indFile	.ind	.fam

The output package of init is created as a new directory -o, which should not already exist, and gets the package title corresponding to the basename of -o. You can also set the title explicitly with -n. The --minimal flag causes init to create a minimal package with a very basic POSEIDON.yml and no .bib and .janno files.

180 2.2 Fetch command

-d,--baseDir DIR

fetch allows to download Poseidon packages from a remote Poseidon server. Read more about this repository here.

183 Click here for command line details

```
Usage: trident fetch (-d|--baseDir DIR)
184
                           (--downloadAll |
185
                             (--fetchFile ARG | (-f|--fetchString ARG)))
186
                           [--remoteURL ARG] [-u|--upgrade]
187
     Download data from a remote Poseidon repository
188
189
   Available options:
190
      -h,--help
                                 Show this help text
191
```

a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages

```
(could be a Poseidon repository)
193
      --downloadAll
                                  download all packages the server is offering
194
      --fetchFile ARG
                                  A file with a list of packages. Works just as -f, but
195
                                  multiple values can also be separated by newline, not
196
                                  just by comma. -f and --fetchFile can be combined.
197
      -f,--fetchString ARG
                                  List of packages to be downloaded from the remote
198
                                  server. Package names should be wrapped in asterisks:
199
                                  *package_title*. You can combine multiple values with
200
                                  comma, so for example: "*package_1*, *package_2*,
201
                                  *package_3*". fetchString uses the same parser as
202
                                  forgeString, but does not allow excludes. If groups
203
                                  or individuals are specified, then packages which
204
                                  include these groups or individuals are included in
                                  the download.
206
      --remoteURL ARG
                                  URL of the remote Poseidon server
207
                                  (default: "https://c107-224.cloud.gwdg.de")
      -u,--upgrade
                                  overwrite outdated local package versions
209
   It works with
210
    trident fetch -d ... -d ... \
211
      -f "*package_title_1*, *package_title_2*, *package_title_3*, group_name, <Individual1>"
212
   and the entities you want to download must be listed either in a simple string of comma-separated values, which
213
    can be passed via -f / --fetchString, or in a text file ( --fetchFile ). Entities are then combined from
214
    these sources.
215
    Entities are specified using a special syntax (see also the documentation of forge below): Package titles
216
    are wrapped in asterisks: package_title, group names are spelled as is, and individual names are wrapped in
217
    angular brackets, liks <Individual1>. Fetch will figure out which packages need to be downloaded to include
218
   all specified entities. --downloadAll, which can be given instead of -f and --fetchFile, causes fetch to
219
    download all packages from the server. The downloaded packages are added in the first (!) -d directory (which
220
    gets created if it doesn't exist), but downloads are only performed if the respective packages are not already
221
    present in an up-to-date version in any of the -d dirs.
222
    Note that trident fetch makes most sense in combination with trident list --remote: First one can
223
    inspect what is available on the server, then one can create a custom fetch command.
224
    fetch also has the optional arguments --remote https:://..." to name an alternative poseidon server.
225
   The default points to the DAG server.
226
   To overwrite outdated package versions with fetch, the -u / --upgrade flag has to be set. Note that many
227
```

229 2.3 Forge command

228

forge creates new Poseidon packages by extracting and merging packages, populations and individuals from your Poseidon repositories.

file systems do not offer a way to recover overwritten files. So be careful with this switch.

32 Click here for command line details

```
Usage: trident forge ((-d|--baseDir DIR) |
                            ((-p|--genoOne ARG) | --inFormat ARG --genoFile ARG
234
                              --snpFile ARG --indFile ARG) [--snpSet ARG])
235
                          [--forgeFile ARG | (-f|--forgeString ARG)]
236
                          [--selectSnps ARG] [--intersect] [--outFormat ARG]
237
                          [--minimal] [--onlyGeno] (-o|--outPackagePath ARG)
238
                          [-n|--outPackageName ARG] [--no-extract]
239
     Select packages, groups or individuals and create a new Poseidon package from
240
      t.hem
241
242
   Available options:
243
      -h,--help
                                Show this help text
244
     -d,--baseDir DIR
                                a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
                                (could be a Poseidon repository)
246
     -p,--genoOne ARG
                                one of the input genotype data files. Expects .bed or
247
                                .bim or .fam for PLINK and .geno or .snp or .ind for
                                EIGENSTRAT. The other files must be in the same
249
                                directory and must have the same base name
250
                                the format of the input genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
      --inFormat ARG
251
                                PLINK (only necessary for data input with --genoFile
252
                                + --snpFile + --indFile)
253
     --genoFile ARG
                                the input geno file path
254
      --snpFile ARG
                                the input snp file path
255
      --indFile ARG
                                the input ind file path
256
      --snpSet ARG
                                the snpSet of the package: 1240K, HumanOrigins or
                                Other. (only relevant for data input with
258
                                -p|--genoOne or --genoFile + --snpFile + --indFile,
259
                                because the packages in a -d|--baseDir already have
260
                                this information in their respective POSEIDON.yml
261
                                files) Default: Other
262
      --forgeFile ARG
                                A file with a list of packages, groups or individual
263
                                samples. Works just as -f, but multiple values can
264
                                also be separated by newline, not just by comma.
265
                                Empty lines are ignored and comments start with "#",
                                so everything after "#" is ignored in one line.
267
                                Multiple instances of -f and --forgeFile can be
268
                                given. They will be evaluated according to their
269
                                input order on the command line.
270
     -f,--forgeString ARG
                                List of packages, groups or individual samples to be
271
                                combined in the output package. Packages follow the
272
                                syntax *package_title*, populations/groups are simply
273
                                group_id and individuals <individual_id>. You can
274
                                combine multiple values with comma, so for example:
275
                                "*package_1*, <individual_1>, <individual_2>,
276
                                group 1". Duplicates are treated as one entry.
277
```

278		Negative selection is possible by prepending "-" to
279		the entity you want to exclude (e.g. "*package_1*,
280		- <individual_1>, -group_1"). forge will apply</individual_1>
281		excludes and includes in order. If the first entity
282		is negative, then forge will assume you want to merge
283		all individuals in the packages found in the baseDirs $$
284		(except the ones explicitly excluded) before the
285		exclude entities are applied. An empty forgeString
286		(and noforgeFile) will therefore merge all
287		available individuals. If there are individuals in
288		your input packages with equal individual id, but
289		different main group or source package, they can be
290		specified with the special syntax
291		<pre>"<package:group:individual>".</package:group:individual></pre>
292	selectSnps ARG	To extract specific SNPs during this forge operation,
293		provide a Snp file. Can be either Eigenstrat (file
294		ending must be '.snp') or Plink (file ending must be
295		'.bim'). When this option is set, the output package
296		will have exactly the SNPs listed in this file. Any
297		SNP not listed in the file will be excluded. If
298		option 'intersect' is also set, only the SNPs
299		overlapping between the SNP file and the forged
300		packages are output.
301	intersect	Whether to output the intersection of the genotype
302		files to be forged. The default (if this option is
303		not set) is to output the union of all SNPs, with
304		genotypes defined as missing in those packages which
305		do not have a SNP that is present in another package.
306		With this option set, the forged dataset will
307		typically have fewer SNPs, but less missingness.
308	outFormat ARG	the format of the output genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
309		PLINK. Default: PLINK
310	minimal	should only a minimal output package be created?
311	onlyGeno	should only the resulting genotype data be returned?
312		This means the output will not be a Poseidon package
313	-o,outPackagePath ARG	the output package directory path
314	-n,outPackageName ARG	the output package name - this is optional: If no
315		name is provided, then the package name defaults to
316		the basename of the (mandatory)outPackagePath
317		argument
318	no-extract	Skip the selection step in forge. This will result in
319		outputting all individuals in the relevant packages,
320		and hence a superset of the requested
321		individuals/groups. It may result in better
322		performance in cases where one wants to forge entire

```
packages or almost entire packages. Note that this
323
                                  will also ignore any ordering in the output
324
                                  groups/individuals. With this option active,
325
                                  individuals from the relevant packages will just be
326
                                  written in the order that they appear in the original
327
                                  packages.
328
    forge can be used with
329
    trident forge -d ... -d ... \
330
      -f "*package_name*, group_id, <individual_id>" \
331
      -o path/to/new_package_name
332
   where the entities (packages, groups/populations, individuals/samples) you want in the output package can be
333
    denoted either as a string on the command line ( -f / --forgeString ), or in an input text file ( --forgeFile ).
334
    See the section below for the syntax of this selection language. Do not forget to wrap the --forgeString query
335
   in quotes.
336
    Including one or multiple Poseidon packages with -d is not the only way to include data for a forge
337
    operation. It is also possible to consider unpackaged genotype data directly with -p (+ --snpSet) or
338
    --inFormat + --genoFile + --snpFile + --indFile (+ --snpSet) . This makes the following example
339
    possible, where we merge data from one Poseidon package and two genotype datasets to get a new EIGENSTRAT
340
    dataset.
341
    trident forge \
342
      -d 2017_GonzalesFortesCurrentBiology \
343
      -p 2018_VeeramahPNAS/2018_VeeramahPNAS.fam \
344
      --inFormat PLINK \
345
      --genoFile 2017_HaberAJHG/2017_HaberAJHG.bed \
346
      --snpFile 2017_HaberAJHG/2017_HaberAJHG.bim \
347
      --indFile 2017_HaberAJHG/2017_HaberAJHG.fam \
348
      -f "<STR241.SG>,<ERS1790729.SG>,Iberia_HG.SG" \
349
      -o testpackage \
350
      --outFormat EIGENSTRAT \
351
```

2.3.1 The forge selection language

--onlyGeno

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353

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361

362

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The text in --forgeString and --forgeFile are parsed as a domain specific query language that describes precisely which entities should be compiled in the output package of a given forge operation. The language has multiple syntactic elements and a specific evaluation logic.

In general a --forgeString query consists of multiple entities, separated by , . The main entities are Poseidon packages, groups/populations and individuals/samples:

- Each package title is surrounded by *: *package*. That means if you want all individuals of the Poseidon package 2019_Jeong_InnerEurasia in the output package you would add *2019_Jeong_InnerEurasia* to the query.
- Groups/populations are not specially marked: group. So to get all individuals of the group Swiss_Roman_period, you would simply add Swiss_Roman_period.

• Individuals/samples are surrounded by < and >: <individual>. ALAO26 therefore becomes <ALA026>. A second way to denote individuals is with the more verbose and specific syntax <package:group:individual> . Such defined individuals take precedence over differently defined ones (so: directly with <individual> or as a subset of *package* or group). This allows to resolve duplication issues precisely – at least in cases where the duplicated individuals differ in source package or primary group.

In the --forgeFile each line is treated as a separate forgeString, empty lines are ignored and #s start 370 comments. So this is a valid forgeFile: 371

```
# Packages
372
    *package1*, *package2*
373
```

365

366

368

369

374

377

386

393

395

396

397

398

Groups and individuals from other packages beyond package1 and package2 375 group1, <individual1>, group2, <individual2>, <individual3> 376

```
# group2 has two outlier individuals that should be ignored
378
   -<bad_individual1> # This one has very low coverage
379
   -<bad individual2> # This one is from a different time period
380
```

By prepending - to the bad individuals, we can exclude them from the forged package. forge fig-381 ures out the final list of samples to include by executing all forge-entities in order. So an entity list 382 *PackageA*,-<Individual1>,GroupA may result in a different outcome than *PackageA*,GroupA,-<Individual1>, 383 depending on whether <Individual1> belongs to GroupA or not. If the forge entity list starts with a negative entity, or if the entity list is empty, forge will implicitly assume you want to include all individuals in all 385 packages found in the baseDirs (except the ones explicitly excluded, of course).

An empty forgeString will therefore merge all available individuals. 387

Treatment of the .janno file while merging 388

forge merges and subsets .janno files along with the genotype data. If a package lacks a .janno file, then a 389 basic one will be created internally based on the information in the genotype data, and used for the output. 390 Missing columns across packages will be filled with n/a. 391

For merging two .janno files $\bf A$ and $\bf B$ the following rules apply regarding undefined, arbitrary additional columns: 392

- If A has an additional column which is not in B then empty cells in the rows imported from B are filled with n/a.
- If A and B share additional columns with identical column name, then they are treated as semantically identical units and merged accordingly.
- In the resulting .janno file, all additional columns from both A and B are sorted alphabetically and appended after the normal, specified variables.

The following example illustrates the described behaviour: 399

A.janno

Poseidon_ID	Group_Name	${\rm Genetic_Sex}$	AdditionalColumn1	AdditionalColumn2
XXX011	POP1	M	A	D
XXX012	POP2	F	В	E

Poseidon_ID	Group_Name	Genetic_Sex	AdditionalColumn1	AdditionalColumn2
XXX013	POP1	M	С	F

401 B.janno

Poseidon_ID	Group_Name	${\rm Genetic_Sex}$	AdditionalColumn3	AdditionalColumn2
YYY022	POP5	F	G	J
YYY023	POP5	F	H	K
YYY024	POP5	M	I	L

402 A.janno + B.janno

Poseidon_ID	Group_Name	Genetic_Sex	AdditionalColumn1	AdditionalColumn2	AdditionalColumn3
XXX011	POP1	M	A	D	n/a
XXX012	POP2	F	В	E	n/a
XXX013	POP1	M	\mathbf{C}	F	n/a
YYY022	POP5	F	n/a	J	G
YYY023	POP5	F	n/a	K	Н
YYY024	POP5	M	n/a	L	I

403 2.3.3 Other options

Just as for init the output package of forge is created as a new directory -o. The title can also be explicitly defined with -n.

--minimal allows for the creation of a minimal output package without .bib and .janno. This is especially useful for data analysis pipelines, where only the genotype data is required. Even more basic output comes with --onlyGeno, which means that only the genotype data is returned without any Poseidon package.

forge has a an optional flag --intersect, that defines, if the genotype data from different packages should
be merged with an union or an intersect operation. The default (if this option is not set) is to output the
union of all SNPs, with genotypes defined as missing in samples from packages which do not have a SNP that is
present in another package. With this option set, on the other hand, the forged dataset will typically have fewer
SNPs, but less missingness.

--intersect also influences the automatic determination of the snpSet field in the POSEIDON.yml file for the resulting package. If the snpSet s of all input packages are identical, then the resulting package will just inherit this configuration. Otherwise forge applies the following pairwise merging logic:

Input snpSet A	Input snpSet B	intersect	Ouput snpSet
Other	*	*	Other
1240K	HumanOrigins	True	HumanOrigins
1240K	HumanOrigins	False	1240K

- --selectSnps allows to provide forge with a SNP file in EIGENSTRAT (.snp) or PLINK (.bim) format to create a package with a specific selection. When this option is set, the output package will have exactly the SNPs listed in this file. Any SNP not listed in the file will be excluded. If --intersect is also set, only the SNPs overlapping between the SNP file and the forged packages are output.
- Merging genotype data across different data sources and file formats is tricky. forge is more verbose about potential issues, if the --logMode flag is set to VerboseLog.
- The --onlyGeno command specifies that only genotype data should be output, not an entire Poseidon package.

2.4 Genoconvert command

424

genoconvert converts the genotype data in a Poseidon package to a different file format. The respective entries in the POSEIDON.yml file are changed accordingly.

²⁷ Click here for command line details

```
Usage: trident genoconvert ((-d|--baseDir DIR) |
428
                                  ((-p|--genoOne ARG) | --inFormat ARG --genoFile ARG
429
                                    --snpFile ARG --indFile ARG) [--snpSet ARG])
430
                                --outFormat ARG [--onlyGeno]
431
                                [-o|--outPackagePath ARG] [--removeOld]
432
     Convert the genotype data in a Poseidon package to a different file format
433
434
   Available options:
435
     -h,--help
                                Show this help text
     -d,--baseDir DIR
                                a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
437
                                (could be a Poseidon repository)
438
                                one of the input genotype data files. Expects .bed or
     -p,--genoOne ARG
                                .bim or .fam for PLINK and .geno or .snp or .ind for
440
                                EIGENSTRAT. The other files must be in the same
441
                                directory and must have the same base name
442
                                the format of the input genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
     --inFormat ARG
443
                                PLINK (only necessary for data input with --genoFile
444
                                + --snpFile + --indFile)
445
     --genoFile ARG
                                the input geno file path
446
     --snpFile ARG
                                the input snp file path
447
     --indFile ARG
                                the input ind file path
448
     --snpSet ARG
                                the snpSet of the package: 1240K, HumanOrigins or
449
                                Other. (only relevant for data input with
450
                                -p|--genoOne or --genoFile + --snpFile + --indFile,
451
                                because the packages in a -d|--baseDir already have
452
                                this information in their respective POSEIDON.yml
453
                                files) Default: Other
454
                                the format of the output genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
     --outFormat ARG
455
                                PLINK.
456
     --onlyGeno
                                should only the resulting genotype data be returned?
457
                                This means the output will not be a Poseidon package
458
```

```
the output package directory path - this is optional:
      -o,--outPackagePath ARG
459
                                 If no path is provided, then the output is written to
460
                                 the directories where the input genotype data file
                                 (.bed/.geno) is stored
                                 Remove the old genotype files when creating the new
      --removeOld
463
                                 ones
   With the default setting
465
   trident genoconvert -d ... -d ... --outFormat EIGENSTRAT|PLINK
466
   all packages in -d will be converted to the desired --outFormat (either EIGENSTRAT or PLINK), if the data
467
   is not already in this format. This includes updating the respective POSEIDON.yml files.
468
   The "old" data is not deleted, but kept around. That means conversion can result in a package with both PLINK
   and EIGENSTRAT data, but only one is linked in the POSEIDON.yml file, and that is what will be used by
470
   trident. To delete the old data in the conversion you can add the --removeOld flag.
471
   Instead of -d to change Poseidon packages, the -p (+ --snpSet) or --inFormat + --genoFile + --snpFile + --indFi
   allow to directly convert genotype data that is not wrapped in a Poseidon package and store it to a directory
473
   given in -o . See this example:
474
   trident genoconvert \
475
      -p 2018_Mittnik_Baltic/Mittnik_Baltic.bed \
476
      --outFormat EIGENSTRAT
477
      -o my_directory
478
          Update command
   2.5
479
    update automatically harmonizes POSEIDON.yml files of one or multiple packages if the packages were
   changed. This is not an automatic update from one Poseidon version to the next!
481
   Click here for command line details
482
   Usage: trident update (-d|--baseDir DIR) [--poseidonVersion ARG]
483
                            [--ignorePoseidonVersion] [--versionComponent ARG]
484
                            [--noChecksumUpdate] [--newContributors ARG]
485
                            [--logText ARG] [--force]
486
      Update POSEIDON.yml files automatically
487
   Available options:
      -h,--help
                                 Show this help text
490
      -d,--baseDir DIR
                                 a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
491
                                 (could be a Poseidon repository)
      --poseidonVersion ARG
                                 Poseidon version the packages should be updated to:
493
                                 e.g. "2.5.3" (default: Nothing)
494
                                 Read packages even if their poseidonVersion is not
      --ignorePoseidonVersion
                                 compatible with the trident version. The assumption
496
                                 is, that the package is already structurally adjusted
497
                                 to the trident version and only the version number is
```

lagging behind.

499

```
--versionComponent ARG
                                Part of the package version number in the
500
                                POSEIDON.yml file that should be updated: Major,
501
                                Minor or Patch (see https://semver.org)
                                 (default: Patch)
503
      --noChecksumUpdate
                                Should update of checksums in the POSEIDON.yml file
504
                                be skipped
                                ignore SNP and GenoFile
      --ignoreGeno
506
      --newContributors ARG
                                Contributors to add to the POSEIDON.yml file in the
507
                                form "[Firstname Lastname](Email address);..."
                                Log text for this version jump in the CHANGELOG file
      --logText ARG
509
                                 (default: "not specified")
510
      --force
                                Normally the POSEIDON.yml files are only changed if
511
                                the poseidonVersion is adjusted or any of the
                                 checksums change. With --force a package version
513
                                update can be triggered even if this is not the case.
514
   It can be called with a lot of optional arguments
515
   trident update -d ... -d ... \
516
      --poseidonVersion "X.X.X" \
     --versionComponent Major/Minor/Patch \
518
     --noChecksumUpdate
519
      --ignoreGeno
     --newContributors "[Firstname Lastname] (Email address);..."
521
```

By default update will not edit a package's POSEIDON.yml file, even when arguments like --versionComponent,

--newContributors or --logText are explicitly set. This default exists to run the function on a large set of

packages where only few of them were edited and need an active update. A package will only be modified by

update if either

- any of the files with checksums (e.g. the genotype data) in it were modified,
- the --poseidonVersion argument differs from the poseidonVersion in the package's POSEIDON.yml
- or the --force flag was set in update.

--logText "short description of the update"

522

528

529 530

531

535

536

538

539

540 541

542

--force

If any of these applies to a package in the search directory (--baseDir / -d), it will be updated. This includes
the following steps:

- If --poseidonVersion is different from the poseidonVersion field in the package, then that will be updated.
 - The packageVersion will be incremented. If --versionComponent is not set, then it falls back to Patch, so a change in the last position of the three digit version number. Minor increments the middle, and Major the first position (see semantic versioning).
 - The lastModified field will be updated to the current day (based on your computer's system time).
 - The contributors in --newContributors will be added to the contributor field if they're not there already.
 - If any checksums changed, then they will be updated. If certain checksums are not set yet, then they will

- be added. The checksum update can be skipped with --noChecksumUpdate or partially skipped for the genotype data with --ignoreGeno.
 - The CHANGELOG.md file will be updated with a new row for the new version and the text in --logText (default: "not specified"), which will be appended as the first line of the file. If no CHANGELOG.md file exists, then it will be created and referenced in the POSEIDON.yml file.

548 :heavy_exclamation_mark: As update reads and rewrites POSEIDON.yml files, it may change their inner 549 order, layout or even content (e.g. if they have fields which are not in the Poseidon package definition). Create a 550 backup of the POSEIDON.yml file before running update if you are uncertain.

3 Inspection commands

3.1 List command

545

546

547

551

552

list lists packages, groups and individuals of the datasets you use, or of the packages available on the server.

554 Click here for command line details

```
Usage: trident list ((-d|--baseDir DIR) | --remote [--remoteURL ARG])
555
                         (--packages | --groups | --individuals
556
                            [-j|--jannoColumn JANNO_HEADER]) [--raw]
557
      List packages, groups or individuals from local or remote Poseidon
558
      repositories
559
560
   Available options:
561
      -h,--help
                                 Show this help text
562
      -d,--baseDir DIR
                                 a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
563
                                 (could be a Poseidon repository)
      --remote
                                 list packages from a remote server instead the local
565
                                 file system
566
                                 URL of the remote Poseidon server
      --remoteURL ARG
567
                                 (default: "https://c107-224.cloud.gwdg.de")
568
      --packages
                                 list all packages
569
      --groups
                                 list all groups, ignoring any group names after the
570
                                 first as specified in the Janno-file
571
                                 list individuals
      --individuals
572
      -j,--jannoColumn JANNO_HEADER
573
                                 list additional fields from the janno files, using
574
                                 the Janno column heading name, such as Country, Site,
575
                                 Date_C14_Uncal_BP, Endogenous, ...
576
                                 output table as tsv without header. Useful for piping
      --raw
577
                                 into grep or awk
578
                                 ignore SNP and GenoFile
      --ignoreGeno
   To list packages from your local repositories, as seen above you can run
580
   trident list -d ... -d ... --packages
   This will yield a table like this
```

```
Title
                                                      Date
                                                              | Nr Individuals |
584
    585
     2015_1000Genomes_1240K_haploid_pulldown | 2020-08-10 | 2535
     2016_Mallick_SGDP1240K_diploid_pulldown | 2020-08-10 | 280
587
     2018_BostonDatashare_modern_published
                                                | 2020-08-10 | 2772
588
                                                 1 ...
                                                               1
590
   so a nicely formatted table of all packages, their last update and the number of individuals in it.
   To view packages on the remote server, instead of using directories to specify the locations of repositories on
592
   your system, you can use --remote to show packages on the remote server. For example
593
   trident list --packages --remote
   will result in a view of all published packages in our public online repository.
595
   You can also list groups, as defined in the third column of EIGENSTRAT ..ind files (or the first column of a
   PLINK .fam file), and individuals with --groups and --individuals instead of --packages .
597
   The --individuals flag provides a way to immediately access information from the .janno
   files on the command line. This works with the -j / --jannoColumn option. For example adding
599
    --jannoColum Country --jannoColumn Date_C14_Uncal_BP to the commands above will add the Country
600
   and the Date_C14_Uncal_BP columns to the respective output tables.
601
   Note that if you want a less fancy table, for example because you want to load this into Excel, or pipe into
602
   another command that cannot deal with the neat table layout, you can use the --raw option to output that
603
   table as a simple tab-delimited stream.
   3.2
          Summarise command
    summarise prints some general summary statistics for a given poseidon dataset taken from the .janno files.
606
   Click here for command line details
607
   Usage: trident summarise (-d|--baseDir DIR) [--raw]
608
      Get an overview over the content of one or multiple Poseidon packages
610
   Available options:
611
      -h,--help
                                Show this help text
612
      -d,--baseDir DIR
                                a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
613
                                 (could be a Poseidon repository)
614
                                output table as tsv without header. Useful for piping
      --raw
615
                                into grep or awk
616
```

which will show you context information like – among others – the number of individuals in the dataset, their sex distribution, the mean age of the samples (for ancient data) or the mean coverage on the 1240K SNP array

You can run it with

trident summarise -d ... -d ...

617

- in a table. summarise depends on complete .janno files and will silently ignore missing information for some statistics.
- You can use the --raw option to output the summary table in a simple, tab-delimited layout.

524 3.3 Survey command

- survey tries to indicate package completeness (mostly focused on .janno files) for poseidon datasets.
- 626 Click here for command line details
- 627 Usage: trident survey (-d|--baseDir DIR) [--raw]
- Survey the degree of context information completeness for Poseidon packages
- 630 Available options:
- 631 -h,--help Show this help text
- 652 -d,--baseDir DIR a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
 - (could be a Poseidon repository)
- output table as tsv without header. Useful for piping
- into grep or awk
- 636 Running

633

646

- 637 trident survey -d ... -d ...
- will yield a table with one row for each package. See trident survey -h for a legend which cell of this table
- 639 means what.
- 640 Again you can use the --raw option to output the survey table in a tab-delimited format.

3.4 Validate command

- validate checks poseidon datasets for structural correctness.
- 643 Click here for command line details
- Usage: trident validate (-d|--baseDir DIR)
- 645 Check one or multiple Poseidon packages for structural correctness
- 647 Available options:
- 648 -h,--help Show this help text
- 649 -d,--baseDir DIR a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
- (could be a Poseidon repository)
- --ignoreGeno ignore SNP and GenoFile
- 652 --noExitCode do not produce an explicit exit code
- 653 --ignoreDuplicates do not stop on duplicated individual names in the
- package collection
- You can run it with
- 656 trident validate -d ... -d ...
- $_{657}$ and it will either report a success (Validation passed) or failure with specific error messages to simplify
- 658 fixing the issues.

- validate tries to ensure that each package in the dataset adheres to the schema definition. Here is a list of what is checked:
 - Presence of the necessary files

662

663

665

- Full structural correctness of .bib and .janno file
- Superficial correctness of genotype data files. A full check would be too computationally expensive
- Correspondence of BibTeX keys in .bib and .janno
 - Correspondence of individual and group IDs in .janno and genotype data files
- In fact much of this validation already runs as part of the general package reading pipeline invoked for many trident subcommands (e.g. forge). validate is meant to be more thorough, though, and will explicitly fail if even a single package is broken.
- Remember to run it with --logMode VerboseLog to get more information if the output is not sufficient to debug an issue.