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17	1 (Juiae	for trident v1.1.7.0
	1.1	The tr	ident CLI
18	1.1	1116 01	Ident ODI
19	Trident	is a con	nmand line software tool structured in multiple subcommands. If you installed it properly you
20	can cal	l it on th	ne command line by typing trident. This will show an overview of the general options and all
21	subcon	mands,	which are explained in detail below.
22	Usage:	triden	t [version] [logMode ARG] [errLength ARG] (COMMAND COMMAND)
23	•		a management and analysis tool for Poseidon packages. Report issues
24			://github.com/poseidon-framework/poseidon-hs/issues
25	11010	110072	,, , 8======, , =====, , ==============
26	Availa	ble opt	ions:
27		-help	Show this help text
28	•	rsion	Show version number
29		gMode A	
30	10	griode A	DefaultLog, ServerLog or VerboseLog
			(default: DefaultLog)
31	or	rI ongth	_
32	e.	rLength	message be truncated. "Inf" for no truncation.
33			
34			(default: CharCount 1500)
35	D1		
36	_		ion and manipulation commands:
37	init		Create a new Poseidon package from genotype data
38	fetc		Download data from a remote Poseidon repository
39	forg	;e	Select packages, groups or individuals and create a
40			new Poseidon package from them
41	geno	convert	
			different file formet

```
Update POSEIDON.yml files automatically
     update
43
44
   Inspection commands:
45
     list
                                List packages, groups or individuals from local or
46
                                remote Poseidon repositories
47
                                Get an overview over the content of one or multiple
     summarise
48
                                Poseidon packages
49
     summarize
                                Synonym for summarise
50
                                Survey the degree of context information completeness
     survey
51
                                for Poseidon packages
52
     validate
                                Check one or multiple Poseidon packages for
53
                                structural correctness
```

For all subcommands the general argument --logMode defines how trident reports messages (to stderr) on the command line:

• NoLog: Hides all messages.

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- SimpleLog: Plain and simple output to stderr.
- DefaultLog: Adds severity indicators before each message. (default setting)
- ServerLog: Additionally adds timestamps before each message.
- *VerboseLog*: Shows not just messages on the log levels Info, Warning and Error like the other modes, but also on the more verbose level Debug. Use this for debugging.

3 1.1.1 Handling data with trident

Trident allows to work directly with genotype data (see -p below), but its optimized for the interaction with

Poseidon packages, which wrap and contextualize the data. Most trident subcommands therefore have a central

parameter, called --baseDir or simply -d to specify one or more base directories to look for packages. For example,

if all Poseidon packages live inside a repository at /path/to/poseidon/packages you would simply say trident

subcommand> -d /path/to/poseidon/dirs/ and trident would automatically search all subdirectories inside

of the repository for valid Poseidon packages (as identified by valid POSEIDON.yml files).

You can arrange a poseidon repository in a hierarchical way. For example:

```
/path/to/poseidon/packages
71
        /modern
72
            /2019_poseidon_package1
73
            /2019_poseidon_package2
        /ancient
75
            /...
76
            /...
        /Reference_Genomes
78
            /...
79
            /...
```

You can use this structure to select only the level of packages you're interested in, even individual ones, and you can make use of the fact that -d can be given multiple times.

Being able to specify one or multiple repositories is often not enough, as you may have your own data to co-analyse with the main repository. This is easy to do, as you simply need to provide your own genotype data as

```
data in EIGENSTRAT format (trident supports EIGENSTRAT and PLINK as formats.):
86
    ~/my_project/my_project.geno
    ~/my_project/my_project.snp
88
    ~/my_project/my_project.ind
89
    then you can make that to a skeleton Poseidon package with the init command. You can also do it manually by
    simply adding a POSEIDON.yml file, with for example the following content:
91
    poseidonVersion: 2.5.0
92
    title: My_awesome_project
93
    description: Unpublished genetic data from my awesome project
    contributor:
95
      - name: Stephan Schiffels
        email: schiffels@institute.org
97
    packageVersion: 0.1.0
98
    lastModified: 2020-10-07
    genotypeData:
100
      format: EIGENSTRAT
101
      genoFile: my_project.geno
102
      snpFile: my_project.snp
103
      indFile: my_project.ind
104
    jannoFile: my_project.janno
105
    bibFile: sources.bib
106
    Two remarks: 1) all file paths are considered relative to the directory in which POSEIDON.yml resides. Here we
    assume that you put this file into the same directory as the three genotype files. 2) Besides the genotype data
108
    files there are two (technically optional) files referenced by this example POSEIDON.yml file: sources.bib and
109
   my_project.janno. Of course you can add them manually - init automatically creates empty dummy versions.
110
    Once you have set up your own "Poseidon" package (which is really only a skeleton so far), you can add it to
111
   your trident analysis, by simply adding your project directory to the command using -d, for example:
112
    trident list -d /path/to/poseidon/packages/modern \
      -d /path/to/poseidon/packages/ReferenceGenomes
114
      -d ~/my_project --packages
115
```

yet another Poseidon package to be added to your trident command. For example, let's say you have genotype

1.1.2 Notes on duplicates

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

- If multiple packages in a package repository share the same title, then trident will try to select the one with the highest version number. If this is not sufficient to resolve the conflict, trident will stop.
- Individual/sample names (Poseidon_IDs) within one package have to be unique, or trident will stop.
- We generally also discourage ID duplicates across packages in package repositories, but trident will generally continue with them after printing a warning. This does not apply for validate, by default (you can change this behaviour with --ignoreDuplicates), and forge. forge offers a special mechanism to resolve duplicates within its selection language (see below).

1.2 Package creation and manipulation commands

1.2.1 Init command

```
init creates a new, valid Poseidon package from genotype data files. It adds a valid POSEIDON.yml file, a dummy
126
    .janno file for context information and an empty .bib file for literature references.
127
   Click here for command line details
128
   Usage: trident init ((-p|--genoOne ARG) | --inFormat ARG --genoFile ARG
129
                           --snpFile ARG --indFile ARG) [--snpSet ARG]
                         (-o|--outPackagePath ARG) [-n|--outPackageName ARG]
131
                          [--minimal]
132
      Create a new Poseidon package from genotype data
133
134
   Available options:
135
      -h,--help
                                 Show this help text
136
                                 one of the input genotype data files. Expects .bed or
      -p,--genoOne ARG
137
                                 .bim or .fam for PLINK and .geno or .snp or .ind for
138
                                 EIGENSTRAT. The other files must be in the same
139
                                 directory and must have the same base name
140
                                 the format of the input genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
      --inFormat ARG
141
                                 PLINK (only necessary for data input with --genoFile
142
                                 + --snpFile + --indFile)
143
                                 the input geno file path
      --genoFile ARG
144
      --snpFile ARG
                                 the input snp file path
145
      --indFile ARG
                                 the input ind file path
146
      --snpSet ARG
                                 the snpSet of the package: 1240K, HumanOrigins or
147
                                 Other. (only relevant for data input with
                                 -p|--genoOne or --genoFile + --snpFile + --indFile,
149
                                 because the packages in a -d|--baseDir already have
150
                                 this information in their respective POSEIDON.yml
151
                                 files) Default: Other
      -o, -- outPackagePath ARG
                                 the output package directory path
153
      -n,--outPackageName ARG
                                 the output package name - this is optional: If no
154
                                 name is provided, then the package name defaults to
                                 the basename of the (mandatory) --outPackagePath
156
                                 argument
157
                                 should only a minimal output package be created?
      --minimal
   The command
159
   trident init \
160
      --inFormat EIGENSTRAT/PLINK \
161
      --genoFile path/to/geno_file \
162
      --snpFile path/to/snp_file \
      --indFile path/to/ind_file \
164
      --snpSet 1240K|HumanOrigins|Other \
165
      -o path/to/new_package_name
```

requires the format (--inFormat) of your input data (either EIGENSTRAT or PLINK), the paths to the respective files (--genoFile, --snpFile, --indFile), and optionally the "shape" of these files (--snpSet), so if they cover the 1240K, the HumanOrigins or an Other SNP set. A simpler interface added in trident 0.29.0 is available with -p (+ --snpSet).

	EIGENSTRAT	PLINK
genoFile	.geno	.bed
${\rm snpFile}$	$.\mathrm{snp}$	$. \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$
$\operatorname{indFile}$.ind	.fam

The output package of init is created as a new directory -o, which should not already exist, and gets the package title corresponding to the basename of -o. You can also set the title explicitly with -n. The --minimal flag causes init to create a minimal package with a very basic POSEIDON.yml and no .bib and .janno files.

174 1.2.2 Fetch command

fetch allows to download Poseidon packages from a remote Poseidon server. Read more about this repository here.

7 Click here for command line details

Download data from a remote Poseidon repository

```
Available options:
```

182 183

```
-h,--help
                                Show this help text
185
      -d,--baseDir DIR
                                a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
186
                                (could be a Poseidon repository)
187
                                download all packages the server is offering
      --downloadAll
188
      --fetchFile ARG
                                A file with a list of packages. Works just as -f, but
189
                                multiple values can also be separated by newline, not
190
                                just by comma. -f and --fetchFile can be combined.
191
     -f,--fetchString ARG
                                List of packages to be downloaded from the remote
192
                                server. Package names should be wrapped in asterisks:
193
                                *package_title*. You can combine multiple values with
194
                                comma, so for example: "*package_1*, *package_2*,
195
                                *package_3*". fetchString uses the same parser as
196
                                forgeString, but does not allow excludes. If groups
197
                                or individuals are specified, then packages which
198
                                include these groups or individuals are included in
199
                                the download.
200
201
      --remoteURL ARG
                                URL of the remote Poseidon server
                                (default: "https://c107-224.cloud.gwdg.de")
202
                                overwrite outdated local package versions
      -u,--upgrade
203
```

```
It works with
    trident fetch -d ... -d ... \
205
      -f "*package_title_1*,*package_title_2*,*package_title_3*,group_name,<Individual1>"
    and the entities you want to download must be listed either in a simple string of comma-separated values, which
207
    can be passed via -f/--fetchString, or in a text file (--fetchFile). Entities are then combined from these
208
    sources.
209
    Entities are specified using a special syntax (see also the documentation of forge below): Package titles are
210
   wrapped in asterisks: package_title, group names are spelled as is, and individual names are wrapped in angular
211
   brackets, liks <Individual1>. Fetch will figure out which packages need to be downloaded to include all specified
212
    entities. --downloadAll, which can be given instead of -f and --fetchFile, causes fetch to download all
213
    packages from the server. The downloaded packages are added in the first (!) -d directory (which gets created
214
   if it doesn't exist), but downloads are only performed if the respective packages are not already present in an
215
    up-to-date version in any of the -d dirs.
216
    Note that trident fetch makes most sense in combination with trident list --remote: First one can inspect
217
    what is available on the server, then one can create a custom fetch command.
218
   fetch also has the optional arguments --remote https:://..." to name an alternative poseidon server. The
219
    default points to the DAG server.
    To overwrite outdated package versions with fetch, the -u/--upgrade flag has to be set. Note that many file
221
   systems do not offer a way to recover overwritten files. So be careful with this switch.
222
    1.2.3 Forge command
   forge creates new Poseidon packages by extracting and merging packages, populations and individuals from
224
   your Poseidon repositories.
    Click here for command line details
226
   Usage: trident forge ((-d|--baseDir DIR) |
227
                              ((-p|--genoOne ARG) | --inFormat ARG --genoFile ARG
228
                                 --snpFile ARG --indFile ARG) [--snpSet ARG])
229
                            [--forgeFile ARG | (-f|--forgeString ARG)]
230
                            [--selectSnps ARG] [--intersect] [--outFormat ARG]
231
                            [--minimal] [--onlyGeno] (-o|--outPackagePath ARG)
232
                            [-n|--outPackageName ARG] [--no-extract]
233
      Select packages, groups or individuals and create a new Poseidon package from
234
      them
235
    Available options:
237
                                  Show this help text
      -h,--help
238
      -d,--baseDir DIR
                                   a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
239
                                   (could be a Poseidon repository)
240
                                   one of the input genotype data files. Expects .bed or
      -p,--genoOne ARG
241
                                   .bim or .fam for PLINK and .geno or .snp or .ind for
242
                                   EIGENSTRAT. The other files must be in the same
```

directory and must have the same base name

243

the format of the input genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or --inFormat ARG 245 PLINK (only necessary for data input with --genoFile 246 + --snpFile + --indFile) 247 --genoFile ARG the input geno file path 248 --snpFile ARG the input snp file path 249 --indFile ARG the input ind file path 250 --snpSet ARG the snpSet of the package: 1240K, HumanOrigins or 251 Other. (only relevant for data input with 252 -p|--genoOne or --genoFile + --snpFile + --indFile, 253 because the packages in a -d|--baseDir already have 254 this information in their respective POSEIDON.yml 255 files) Default: Other 256 --forgeFile ARG A file with a list of packages, groups or individual 257 samples. Works just as -f, but multiple values can 258 also be separated by newline, not just by comma. 259 Empty lines are ignored and comments start with "#", so everything after "#" is ignored in one line. 261 Multiple instances of -f and --forgeFile can be 262 given. They will be evaluated according to their input order on the command line. 264 -f,--forgeString ARG List of packages, groups or individual samples to be 265 combined in the output package. Packages follow the syntax *package_title*, populations/groups are simply 267 group_id and individuals <individual_id>. You can 268 combine multiple values with comma, so for example: "*package_1*, <individual_1>, <individual_2>, 270 group_1". Duplicates are treated as one entry. 271 Negative selection is possible by prepending "-" to 272 the entity you want to exclude (e.g. "*package_1*, 273 -<individual_1>, -group_1"). forge will apply 274 excludes and includes in order. If the first entity 275 is negative, then forge will assume you want to merge 276 all individuals in the packages found in the baseDirs 277 (except the ones explicitly excluded) before the 278 exclude entities are applied. An empty forgeString 279 (and no --forgeFile) will therefore merge all 280 available individuals. If there are individuals in 281 your input packages with equal individual id, but 282 different main group or source package, they can be 283 specified with the special syntax 284 "<package:group:individual>". 285 --selectSnps ARG To extract specific SNPs during this forge operation, 286 provide a Snp file. Can be either Eigenstrat (file 287 ending must be '.snp') or Plink (file ending must be '.bim'). When this option is set, the output package 289

```
will have exactly the SNPs listed in this file. Any
290
                                 SNP not listed in the file will be excluded. If
291
                                 option '--intersect' is also set, only the SNPs
292
                                 overlapping between the SNP file and the forged
293
                                 packages are output.
294
      --intersect
                                 Whether to output the intersection of the genotype
295
                                 files to be forged. The default (if this option is
296
                                 not set) is to output the union of all SNPs, with
297
                                 genotypes defined as missing in those packages which
298
                                 do not have a SNP that is present in another package.
299
                                 With this option set, the forged dataset will
300
                                 typically have fewer SNPs, but less missingness.
301
      --outFormat ARG
                                 the format of the output genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
302
                                 PLINK. Default: PLINK
303
      --minimal
                                 should only a minimal output package be created?
304
                                 should only the resulting genotype data be returned?
      --onlyGeno
                                 This means the output will not be a Poseidon package
306
      -o, -- outPackagePath ARG
                                 the output package directory path
307
      -n,--outPackageName ARG
                                 the output package name - this is optional: If no
                                 name is provided, then the package name defaults to
309
                                 the basename of the (mandatory) --outPackagePath
310
                                 argument
311
      --no-extract
                                 Skip the selection step in forge. This will result in
312
                                 outputting all individuals in the relevant packages,
313
                                 and hence a superset of the requested
                                 individuals/groups. It may result in better
315
                                 performance in cases where one wants to forge entire
316
                                 packages or almost entire packages. Note that this
317
                                 will also ignore any ordering in the output
318
                                 groups/individuals. With this option active,
319
                                 individuals from the relevant packages will just be
320
                                 written in the order that they appear in the original
321
                                 packages.
322
   forge can be used with
    trident forge -d ... -d ... \
324
      -f "*package_name*, group_id, <individual_id>" \
325
      -o path/to/new_package_name
326
   where the entities (packages, groups/populations, individuals/samples) you want in the output package can be
327
   denoted either as a string on the command line (-f/--forgeString), or in an input text file (--forgeFile).
   See the section below for the syntax of this selection language. Do not forget to wrap the --forgeString query
329
   in quotes.
330
   Including one or multiple Poseidon packages with -d is not the only way to include data for a forge operation.
   It is also possible to consider unpackaged genotype data directly with -p (+ --snpSet) or --inFormat +
332
```

--genoFile + --snpFile + --indFile (+ --snpSet). This makes the following example possible, where we

merge data from one Poseidon package and two genotype datasets to get a new EIGENSTRAT dataset.

```
trident forge \
335
      -d 2017_GonzalesFortesCurrentBiology \
      -p 2018_VeeramahPNAS/2018_VeeramahPNAS.fam \
337
      --inFormat PLINK \
338
      --genoFile 2017_HaberAJHG/2017_HaberAJHG.bed \
      --snpFile 2017_HaberAJHG/2017_HaberAJHG.bim \
340
      --indFile 2017_HaberAJHG/2017_HaberAJHG.fam \
341
      -f "<STR241.SG>,<ERS1790729.SG>,Iberia_HG.SG" \
      -o testpackage \
343
      --outFormat EIGENSTRAT \
344
      --onlyGeno
345
```

351

352

353

355

356

358

350

346 1.2.3.1 The forge selection language The text in --forgeString and --forgeFile are parsed as a
domain specific query language that describes precisely which entities should be compiled in the output package
of a given forge operation. The language has multiple syntactic elements and a specific evaluation logic.

In general a --forgeString query consists of multiple entities, separated by ,. The main entities are Poseidon packages, groups/populations and individuals/samples:

- Each package title is surrounded by *: *package*. That means if you want all individuals of the Poseidon package 2019_Jeong_InnerEurasia in the output package you would add *2019_Jeong_InnerEurasia* to the query.
- Groups/populations are not specially marked: group. So to get all individuals of the group Swiss_Roman_period, you would simply add Swiss_Roman_period.
- Individuals/samples are surrounded by < and >: <individual>. ALA026 therefore becomes <ALA026>. A second way to denote individuals is with the more verbose and specific syntax <package:group:individual>. Such defined individuals take precedence over differently defined ones (so: directly with <individual> or as a subset of *package* or group). This allows to resolve duplication issues precisely at least in cases where the duplicated individuals differ in source package or primary group.

In the --forgeFile each line is treated as a separate forgeString, empty lines are ignored and #s start comments.

So this is a valid forgeFile:

```
# Packages

*package1*, *package2*

# Groups and individuals from other packages beyond package1 and package2

group1, <individual1>, group2, <individual2>, <individual3>

# group2 has two outlier individuals that should be ignored

-<bad_individual1> # This one has very low coverage

-<bad_individual2> # This one is from a different time period

By prepending - to the bad individuals, we can exclude them from the forged
```

By prepending - to the bad individuals, we can exclude them from the forged package. forge figures out the final list of samples to include by executing all forge-entities in order. So an entity list

PackageA,-<Individual1>,GroupA may result in a different outcome than *PackageA*,GroupA,-<Individual1>,

depending on whether <Individual1> belongs to GroupA or not. If the forge entity list starts with a negative

entity, or if the entity list is empty, forge will implicitly assume you want to include all individuals in all packages found in the baseDirs (except the ones explicitly excluded, of course).

An empty forgeString will therefore merge all available individuals.

1.2.3.2 Treatment of the .janno file while merging forge merges and subsets .janno files along with the genotype data. If a package lacks a .janno file, then a basic one will be created internally based on the information in the genotype data, and used for the output. Missing columns across packages will be filled with n/a.

For merging two .janno files **A** and **B** the following rules apply regarding undefined, arbitrary additional columns:

- If A has an additional column which is not in B then empty cells in the rows imported from B are filled with n/a.
- If **A** and **B** share additional columns with identical column name, then they are treated as semantically identical units and merged accordingly.
- In the resulting .janno file, all additional columns from both **A** and **B** are sorted alphabetically and appended after the normal, specified variables.

390 The following example illustrates the described behaviour:

391 A.janno

385

386

388

389

Poseidon_ID	Group_Name	${\rm Genetic_Sex}$	AdditionalColumn1	AdditionalColumn2
XXX011	POP1	\mathbf{M}	A	D
XXX012	POP2	F	В	E
XXX013	POP1	M	C	F

392 B.janno

Poseidon_ID	${\tt Group_Name}$	${\rm Genetic_Sex}$	${\bf Additional Column 3}$	AdditionalColumn2
YYY022	POP5	F	G	J
YYY023	POP5	F	H	K
YYY024	POP5	M	I	L

$\mathbf{A.janno} + \mathbf{B.janno}$

Poseidon_ID	Group_Name	Genetic_Sex	AdditionalColumn1	AdditionalColumn2	AdditionalColumn3
XXX011	POP1	M	A	D	n/a
XXX012	POP2	\mathbf{F}	В	\mathbf{E}	n/a
XXX013	POP1	M	\mathbf{C}	F	n/a
YYY022	POP5	F	n/a	J	G
YYY023	POP5	F	n/a	K	Н
YYY024	POP5	M	n/a	L	I

394 1.2.3.3 Other options Just as for init the output package of forge is created as a new directory -o. The
395 title can also be explicitly defined with -n.

--minimal allows for the creation of a minimal output package without .bib and .janno. This is especially useful for data analysis pipelines, where only the genotype data is required. Even more basic output comes with --onlyGeno, which means that only the genotype data is returned without any Poseidon package.

forge has a an optional flag --intersect, that defines, if the genotype data from different packages should be merged with an **union** or an **intersect** operation. The default (if this option is not set) is to output the union of all SNPs, with genotypes defined as missing in samples from packages which do not have a SNP that is present in another package. With this option set, on the other hand, the forged dataset will typically have fewer SNPs, but less missingness.

--intersect also influences the automatic determination of the snpSet field in the POSEIDON.yml file for the resulting package. If the snpSets of all input packages are identical, then the resulting package will just inherit this configuration. Otherwise forge applies the following pairwise merging logic:

Input snpSet A	Input snpSet B	intersect	Ouput snpSet
Other	*	*	Other
1240K	HumanOrigins	True	HumanOrigins
$1240 \mathrm{K}$	HumanOrigins	False	1240K

--selectSnps allows to provide forge with a SNP file in EIGENSTRAT (.snp) or PLINK (.bim) format to create a package with a specific selection. When this option is set, the output package will have exactly the SNPs listed in this file. Any SNP not listed in the file will be excluded. If --intersect is also set, only the SNPs overlapping between the SNP file and the forged packages are output.

Merging genotype data across different data sources and file formats is tricky. forge is more verbose about potential issues, if the --logMode flag is set to VerboseLog.

The --onlyGeno command specifies that only genotype data should be output, not an entire Poseidon package.

4 1.2.4 Genoconvert command

genoconvert converts the genotype data in a Poseidon package to a different file format. The respective entries in the POSEIDON.yml file are changed accordingly.

417 Click here for command line details

```
Usage: trident genoconvert ((-d|--baseDir DIR) |
418
                                  ((-p|--genoOne ARG) | --inFormat ARG --genoFile ARG
419
                                    --snpFile ARG --indFile ARG) [--snpSet ARG])
420
                                --outFormat ARG [--onlyGeno]
421
                                [-o|--outPackagePath ARG] [--removeOld]
422
     Convert the genotype data in a Poseidon package to a different file format
423
   Available options:
     -h,--help
                                Show this help text
426
     -d,--baseDir DIR
                                a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
427
```

```
(could be a Poseidon repository)
428
                                 one of the input genotype data files. Expects .bed or
      -p,--genoOne ARG
429
                                 .bim or .fam for PLINK and .geno or .snp or .ind for
430
                                 EIGENSTRAT. The other files must be in the same
431
                                 directory and must have the same base name
432
      --inFormat ARG
                                 the format of the input genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
433
                                 PLINK (only necessary for data input with --genoFile
434
                                 + --snpFile + --indFile)
435
      --genoFile ARG
                                 the input geno file path
436
      --snpFile ARG
                                 the input snp file path
437
      --indFile ARG
                                 the input ind file path
438
      --snpSet ARG
                                 the snpSet of the package: 1240K, HumanOrigins or
439
                                 Other. (only relevant for data input with
                                 -p|--genoOne or --genoFile + --snpFile + --indFile,
441
                                 because the packages in a -d|--baseDir already have
442
                                 this information in their respective POSEIDON.yml
                                 files) Default: Other
444
      --outFormat ARG
                                 the format of the output genotype data: EIGENSTRAT or
445
                                 PLINK.
446
      --onlyGeno
                                 should only the resulting genotype data be returned?
447
                                 This means the output will not be a Poseidon package
448
                                 the output package directory path - this is optional:
      -o,--outPackagePath ARG
449
                                 If no path is provided, then the output is written to
450
                                 the directories where the input genotype data file
451
                                 (.bed/.geno) is stored
      --removeOld
                                 Remove the old genotype files when creating the new
453
                                 ones
454
   With the default setting
   trident genoconvert -d ... -d ... --outFormat EIGENSTRAT|PLINK
456
   all packages in -d will be converted to the desired --outFormat (either EIGENSTRAT or PLINK), if the data is
   not already in this format. This includes updating the respective POSEIDON.yml files.
458
   The "old" data is not deleted, but kept around. That means conversion can result in a package with both PLINK
459
   and EIGENSTRAT data, but only one is linked in the POSEIDON.yml file, and that is what will be used by
   trident. To delete the old data in the conversion you can add the --removeOld flag.
461
   Instead of -d to change Poseidon packages, the -p (+ --snpSet) or --inFormat + --genoFile + --snpFile
   + --indFile (+ --snpSet) allow to directly convert genotype data that is not wrapped in a Poseidon package
463
   and store it to a directory given in -o. See this example:
464
   trident genoconvert \
      -p 2018_Mittnik_Baltic/Mittnik_Baltic.bed \
466
      --outFormat EIGENSTRAT
467
      -o my_directory
```

1.2.5 Update command

470

```
This is not an automatic update from one Poseidon version to the next!
471
   Click here for command line details
472
   Usage: trident update (-d|--baseDir DIR) [--poseidonVersion ARG]
                           [--ignorePoseidonVersion] [--versionComponent ARG]
474
                           [--noChecksumUpdate] [--newContributors ARG]
475
                           [--logText ARG] [--force]
      Update POSEIDON.yml files automatically
477
478
   Available options:
      -h,--help
                                Show this help text
480
      -d,--baseDir DIR
                                a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
481
                                 (could be a Poseidon repository)
                                Poseidon version the packages should be updated to:
      --poseidonVersion ARG
483
                                e.g. "2.5.3" (default: Nothing)
484
                                Read packages even if their poseidonVersion is not
      --ignorePoseidonVersion
485
                                 compatible with the trident version. The assumption
486
                                 is, that the package is already structurally adjusted
487
                                to the trident version and only the version number is
488
                                lagging behind.
                                Part of the package version number in the
      --versionComponent ARG
490
                                POSEIDON.yml file that should be updated: Major,
491
                                Minor or Patch (see https://semver.org)
492
                                 (default: Patch)
493
                                Should update of checksums in the POSEIDON.yml file
      --noChecksumUpdate
494
                                be skipped
495
      --ignoreGeno
                                 ignore SNP and GenoFile
496
      --newContributors ARG
                                Contributors to add to the POSEIDON.yml file in the
497
                                form "[Firstname Lastname] (Email address);..."
      --logText ARG
                                Log text for this version jump in the CHANGELOG file
499
                                 (default: "not specified")
500
                                Normally the POSEIDON.yml files are only changed if
      --force
501
                                the poseidonVersion is adjusted or any of the
502
                                 checksums change. With --force a package version
503
                                update can be triggered even if this is not the case.
   It can be called with a lot of optional arguments
505
   trident update -d ... -d ... \
      --poseidonVersion "X.X.X" \
507
      --versionComponent Major/Minor/Patch \
508
      --noChecksumUpdate
      --ignoreGeno
510
      --newContributors "[Firstname Lastname] (Email address);..."
511
```

update automatically harmonizes POSEIDON.yml files of one or multiple packages if the packages were changed.

```
--logText "short description of the update"
--force
```

By default update will not edit a package's POSEIDON.yml file, even when arguments like --versionComponent,

--newContributors or --logText are explicitly set. This default exists to run the function on a large set of

packages where only few of them were edited and need an active update. A package will only be modified by

update if either

- any of the files with checksums (e.g. the genotype data) in it were modified,
- the --poseidonVersion argument differs from the poseidonVersion in the package's POSEIDON.yml file
- or the --force flag was set in update.

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If any of these applies to a package in the search directory (--baseDir/-d), it will be updated. This includes
the following steps:

- If --poseidonVersion is different from the poseidonVersion field in the package, then that will be updated.
- The packageVersion will be incremented. If --versionComponent is not set, then it falls back to Patch, so a change in the last position of the three digit version number. Minor increments the middle, and Major the first position (see semantic versioning).
- The lastModified field will be updated to the current day (based on your computer's system time).
- The contributors in --newContributors will be added to the contributor field if they're not there already.
- If any checksums changed, then they will be updated. If certain checksums are not set yet, then they will be added. The checksum update can be skipped with --noChecksumUpdate or partially skipped for the genotype data with --ignoreGeno.
- The CHANGELOG.md file will be updated with a new row for the new version and the text in --logText (default: "not specified"), which will be appended as the first line of the file. If no CHANGELOG.md file exists, then it will be created and referenced in the POSEIDON.yml file.

537 :heavy_exclamation_mark: As update reads and rewrites POSEIDON.yml files, it may change their inner order, 538 layout or even content (e.g. if they have fields which are not in the Poseidon package definition). Create a backup 539 of the POSEIDON.yml file before running update if you are uncertain.

1.3 Inspection commands

541 1.3.1 List command

11st lists packages, groups and individuals of the datasets you use, or of the packages available on the server.

543 Click here for command line details

```
Usage: trident list ((-d|--baseDir DIR) | --remote [--remoteURL ARG])
                         (--packages | --groups | --individuals
545
                           [-j|--jannoColumn JANNO_HEADER]) [--raw]
546
     List packages, groups or individuals from local or remote Poseidon
547
     repositories
548
549
   Available options:
      -h,--help
                                Show this help text
551
      -d,--baseDir DIR
                                a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
552
```

```
(could be a Poseidon repository)
                           list packages from a remote server instead the local
     --remote
554
                           file system
555
     --remoteURL ARG
                           URL of the remote Poseidon server
556
                           (default: "https://c107-224.cloud.gwdg.de")
557
     --packages
                           list all packages
558
                           list all groups, ignoring any group names after the
     --groups
559
                           first as specified in the Janno-file
560
                           list individuals
     --individuals
561
     -j,--jannoColumn JANNO_HEADER
562
                           list additional fields from the janno files, using
563
                           the Janno column heading name, such as Country, Site,
564
                           Date_C14_Uncal_BP, Endogenous, ...
     --raw
                           output table as tsv without header. Useful for piping
566
                           into grep or awk
567
     --ignoreGeno
                           ignore SNP and GenoFile
   To list packages from your local repositories, as seen above you can run
569
   trident list -d ... -d ... --packages
   This will yield a table like this
571
   1
                    Title
                                         Date
                                                    | Nr Individuals |
573
   574
   576
   | 2018 BostonDatashare modern published
                                         | 2020-08-10 | 2772
577
                                         1 . . .
578
```

- so a nicely formatted table of all packages, their last update and the number of individuals in it. 580
- To view packages on the remote server, instead of using directories to specify the locations of repositories on your system, you can use --remote to show packages on the remote server. For example 582
- trident list --packages --remote

- will result in a view of all published packages in our public online repository.
- You can also list groups, as defined in the third column of EIGENSTRAT .ind files (or the first column of a 585 PLINK .fam file), and individuals with --groups and --individuals instead of --packages.
- The --individuals flag provides a way to immediately access information from the .janno files on the 587 command line. This works with the -j/--jannoColumn option. For example adding --jannoColum Country --jannoColumn Date_C14_Uncal_BP to the commands above will add the Country and the Date_C14_Uncal_BP 589 columns to the respective output tables. 590
- Note that if you want a less fancy table, for example because you want to load this into Excel, or pipe into 591 another command that cannot deal with the neat table layout, you can use the --raw option to output that 592 table as a simple tab-delimited stream. 593

1.3.2 Summarise command

- summarise prints some general summary statistics for a given poseidon dataset taken from the .janno files.
- 596 Click here for command line details
- 597 Usage: trident summarise (-d|--baseDir DIR) [--raw]
- 598 Get an overview over the content of one or multiple Poseidon packages
- 600 Available options:

599

- 601 -h,--help Show this help text
- 602 -d,--baseDir DIR a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
- (could be a Poseidon repository)
- output table as tsv without header. Useful for piping
- into grep or awk
- 606 You can run it with
- 607 trident summarise -d ... -d ...
- which will show you context information like among others the number of individuals in the dataset, their
- sex distribution, the mean age of the samples (for ancient data) or the mean coverage on the 1240K SNP array
- $_{610}$ in a table. summarise depends on complete .janno files and will silently ignore missing information for some
- 611 statistics.
- You can use the --raw option to output the summary table in a simple, tab-delimited layout.

613 1.3.3 Survey command

- 514 survey tries to indicate package completeness (mostly focused on .janno files) for poseidon datasets.
- 615 Click here for command line details
- Usage: trident survey (-d|--baseDir DIR) [--raw]
- Survey the degree of context information completeness for Poseidon packages
- 619 Available options:
- 620 -h,--help Show this help text
- deli -d,--baseDir DIR a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages
- (could be a Poseidon repository)
- 623 --raw output table as tsv without header. Useful for piping
- into grep or awk
- 625 Running

- 626 trident survey -d ... -d ...
- will yield a table with one row for each package. See trident survey -h for a legend which cell of this table
- 628 means what.
- Again you can use the --raw option to output the survey table in a tab-delimited format.

1.3.4 Validate command

- validate checks poseidon datasets for structural correctness.
- 632 Click here for command line details
- Usage: trident validate (-d|--baseDir DIR)
 - Check one or multiple Poseidon packages for structural correctness

636 Available options:

635

639

641

651

652

653

654

637 -h,--help Show this help text

-d,--baseDir DIR a base directory to search for Poseidon Packages

(could be a Poseidon repository)

640 --ignoreGeno ignore SNP and GenoFile

--noExitCode do not produce an explicit exit code

642 --ignoreDuplicates do not stop on duplicated individual names in the

package collection

- You can run it with
- 645 trident validate -d ... -d ...
- and it will either report a success (Validation passed) or failure with specific error messages to simplify fixing
 the issues.
- validate tries to ensure that each package in the dataset adheres to the schema definition. Here is a list of
 what is checked:
- Presence of the necessary files
 - Full structural correctness of .bib and .janno file
 - Superficial correctness of genotype data files. A full check would be too computationally expensive
 - Correspondence of BibTeX keys in .bib and .janno
 - Correspondence of individual and group IDs in .janno and genotype data files
- In fact much of this validation already runs as part of the general package reading pipeline invoked for many trident subcommands (e.g. forge). validate is meant to be more thorough, though, and will explicitly fail if even a single package is broken.
- Remember to run it with --logMode VerboseLog to get more information if the output is not sufficient to debug an issue.