

# Guide for the janno R package v1.0.0

## Contents

1	Installation	1
2	Read janno files	1
3	Validate janno files	1
4	Write janno objects back to .janno files	2
5	Process age information in janno objects	2
5.1	Output column Date_BC_AD_Prob	2
5.2	Output column Date_BC_AD_Median_Derived	3
5.3	Output column Date_BC_AD_Sample	3
6	General helper functions	3

## 1 Installation

See the Poseidon website ([https://www.poseidon-adna.org/#/janno\\_r\\_package](https://www.poseidon-adna.org/#/janno_r_package)) or the GitHub repository (<https://github.com/poseidon-framework/janno>) for up-to-date installation instructions.

## 2 Read janno files

You can read .janno files with

```
my_janno_object <- janno::read_janno(  
  path = "path/to/my/janno_file.janno",  
  to_janno = TRUE,  
  validate = TRUE  
)
```

The path argument takes one or multiple file paths or directory paths. `read_janno()` searches recursively for .janno files in the directory paths.

Before loading the .janno files they are validated with `janno::validate_janno()`. You can avoid this potentially time consuming step with `validate = FALSE`.

Usually the .janno files are loaded as normal .tsv files with every column type set to `character` and then the columns are transformed to the intended types. This transformation can be turned off with `to_janno = FALSE`.

`read_janno()` returns an object of class `janno`. `janno` objects are derived `tibbles`, which integrate well with the tidyverse (Wickham et al. (2019)) and its packages, e.g. `dplyr` or `ggplot2`. As long as the data layout does not change, they will remain `janno` objects and not be transformed to default tibbles.

## 3 Validate janno files

You can validate .janno files with

```
my_janno_issues <- janno::validate_janno("path/to/my/janno_file.janno")
```

`validate_janno` returns a tibble with issues in the respective `.janno` files.

## 4 Write janno objects back to .janno files

`janno` objects usually contain list columns, that can not directly be written to a flat text file like the `.janno` file. The function `write_janno` solves that. It employs a helper function `flatten_janno`, which translates list columns to the string list format in `.janno` files (so: multiple values for one cell separated by `;`). This only works for vector list columns, so when each cell contains a vector of values. If a list column contains other data structures, e.g. `data.frames`, they will be dropped and replaced with the NULL value `n/a` in the resulting `.janno` file.

```
janno::write_janno(  
  my_janno_object,  
  path = "path/to/my/new/janno_file.janno"  
)
```

## 5 Process age information in janno objects

`.janno` files contain age information in multiple different columns. See the `.janno` file documentation for a detailed explanation of these variables. The function `janno::process_age()` works with this age information to calculate different derived columns, which are then added to the input `janno` object.

You can run it with

```
janno::process_age(  
  my_janno_object,  
  choices = c("Date_BC_AD_Prob", "Date_BC_AD_Median_Derived", "Date_BC_AD_Sample"),  
  n = 100,  
  cal_curve = "intcal20"  
)
```

`janno::process_age` includes calibration of radiocarbon dates with the `Bchron` R package ([Haslett and Parnell \(2008\)](#)). The calibration curve set in `cal_curve` is applied for every date in the `janno` object. If there are multiple radiocarbon dates for one sample they are automatically combined as the normalized sum of all individual post-calibration probability distributions.

The `choices` argument contains the list of columns that should be calculated and added by `janno::process_age`. `n` is the number of samples that should be drawn for `Date_BC_AD_Sample`.

### 5.1 Output column `Date_BC_AD_Prob`

`Date_BC_AD_Prob` is a list column with a `data.frame` for each `janno` row, so each sample. This `data.frame` stores a density distribution (`sum_dens`) over a set of years BC/AD (`age`) with the information of a given year is within two standard deviations (`two_sigma`) from the median age (`center`).

age	sum_dens	two_sigma	center
-1506	0.00000456	FALSE	FALSE
-1505	0.00000622	FALSE	FALSE
-1504	0.00000907	FALSE	FALSE
...	...	...	...

The density distributions are either the result of (sum) calibration on radiocarbon dates or – for samples that are only contextually dated – a uniform distribution over the archaeologically determined age.

## 5.2 Output column Date\_BC\_AD\_Median\_Derived

Date\_BC\_AD\_Median\_Derived is a simple integer column with the median age (in years BC/AD) as determined from Date\_BC\_AD\_Prob.

## 5.3 Output column Date\_BC\_AD\_Sample

Date\_BC\_AD\_Sample is again a list column with a vector of `n` ages (in years BC/AD) for each sample. These ages are randomly drawn with `base::sample(prob = ...)` considering the probability distribution calculated for Date\_BC\_AD\_Prob.

# 6 General helper functions

When you are preparing a .janno file and want to determine the entries for the columns Date\_BC\_AD\_Median, Date\_BC\_AD\_Start and Date\_BC\_AD\_Stop from radiocarbon dates, then `janno::quickcalibrate()` might come in handy.

```
janno::quickcalibrate(ages, sds)
```

`ages` takes a list of uncalibrated C14 ages BP and `sds` a list of the respective standard deviations. If multiple ages are provided for one sample, then the function automatically performs a sum calibration.

`quickcalibrate(list(1000, c(2000, 2200)), list(20, c(30, 40)))` for example returns a data.frame like this:

Date_BC_AD_Start_2Sigma	...	Date_BC_AD_Median	...	Date_BC_AD_Stop_2Sigma
994	...	1029	...	1149
-383	...	-88	...	117

This output can be copied to the new .janno file, where Date\_BC\_AD\_Start\_2Sigma corresponds to Date\_BC\_AD\_Start, and Date\_BC\_AD\_Stop\_2Sigma to Date\_BC\_AD\_Stop.

---

Haslett, John, and Andrew Parnell. 2008. "A Simple Monotone Process with Application to Radiocarbon-Dated Depth Chronologies." *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society Series C: Applied Statistics* 57 (4): 399–418. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-9876.2008.00623.x>.

Wickham, Hadley, Mara Averick, Jennifer Bryan, Winston Chang, Lucy McGowan, Romain François, Garrett Golemund, et al. 2019. "Welcome to the Tidyverse." *Journal of Open Source Software* 4 (43): 1686. <https://doi.org/10.21105/joss.01686>.