Add WeChat powcoder

CSci 4061 Introduction to Operating Systems

Assignment Project Exam Help IPC: Message Passing, Shared Memory

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Chap 15.1,15.3-15.4 Add We Chat powcoder

IPC Thusfar Add WeChat powcoder

- Files
- Pipes
- Limitations? Assignment Project Exam Help

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- Files: shared file systempostower
- Pipes: related processes, stream, limited size

Add WeChat powcoder Message-Passing

- Unix uses a mailbox-like mechanism
 - Message-queue
 - Sender passigmeent gegiectt Exquellelp
 - Receiver puher the power of the resigned identifies queue (int)

returns queue_id used for send/receive

Add WeChat powcoder Message-Passing (cont'd)

- Message queue is typically larger than pipe buffer
- Unrelated processes carrishare deleue
- Persistent: may pout the oprocess that created it!

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- Meant for discrete messages vs. a nearinfinite data stream

• But, still works only on same machine

Add WeChat powcoder Send/Receive

```
int msgsnd (int gid,
               const void *message,
            Assignment Project, Examt Helpags)
                https://powcoder.com
int msgrcv (int gid,
               Add WeChat powcodeonly 1 useful flag void *message,
               size t size,
               long msg type, int flags)
```

Send/Receive (cont'd)

 Both msgrcv and msgsnd return an error if queue no longer exists

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Message data httppe/powcoder.com

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Example

Sender.c

```
mymsg t m1 = \{15, "hello"\},
mymsg_t m2 = \{20, "goodbye"\};
int mid; Assignment Project Exame Project Exame Into queue
key_t key = 100;
mid = msget (key, powcoder.com);
msgsnd (mid, (void*) &mchatize (mymsg_t), 0);
msgsnd (mid, (void *) &m2, sizeof (mymsg_t), 0);
msgsnd will block if queue is full, otherwise:
msgsnd (mid, (void *)&m1, sizeof (mymsg t),
                                  IPC NOWAIT);
```

Returns -1 if cannot send (and errno = ENOMSG)

Example (cont'd) Add WeChat powcoder (cont'd)

Receiver.c

```
mymsg t msg;
int mid;
key t key = Assignment Project Exam Help
mid = msget (key, 0666 | IPC CREAT);
// read msgs with tag 15pand 20 wcoder.com
// will block if such messages are not there msgrcv (mid, (void *) &msg, sizeof (mymsg_t), 20, 0);
msgrcv (mid, (void *)&msg, sizeof (mymsg t), 15, 0);
non-blocking:
res = msgrcv (mid, (void *)&msg, sizeof (mymsg t),
                                             30, IPC NOWATT);
       Returns -1 if not on queue (and errno = ENOMSG)
```

Send/Receive (cont'd)

- If msg type = 0 then return oldest message
 - msgrcv (mid, (void *) &msg, 0, 0); Assignment Project Exam Help
- If msg type kupsthen returnmessage with

 - Return msg with smallest tag <= 99
 - Implements priorities!
 - Or direct messages e.g.: jim, sally have tags 33, 55

Add WeChat powcoder Pass Arbitrary Data/Messages

Easy

```
struct mymsg_t {
         Assignment Project Exam Help
         long mtype;
         int x; https://powcoder.com
         int y; Add WeChat powcoder
         ...
}
```

Restriction: no pointers

Add WeChat powcoder Remove queue

```
msgctl (int qid, IPC_RMID, 0);
```

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Shared-Memory in Unix

- Shared-memory allows two or more processes to share a segment of physical memory
 - IPC => read/write shared memory locations
 - E.g. P1: WARSignment Project Exam Help

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- Why is this the most efficient form of IPC?

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- Why must it be used carefully?
- Which one (IPC methods) to use?
 - Personal preference

Shared memory (cont'd)

- In Unix, shared memory requires these steps

```
1. Create shared-memory segment #include Assignment Project Exam Help Unique key
                                                     Mem size
int shmget https://powcoder.com
                  Add We Charmowedges);
```

permissions same as in message queues (execute not used)

Returns segment id (shmid) for subsequent calls

As with message queues, can outlive the creating process!

Shared memory (cont'd)

2. Each process must attach to the segment (extends their VAS)

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```
void *shmathttps://povschder.dom

Add We Shat provioder* daddr,

int shmflags);
```

Returns start address of segment: error (void*)-1
Can be different in different processes (virtual addresses)

[picture]

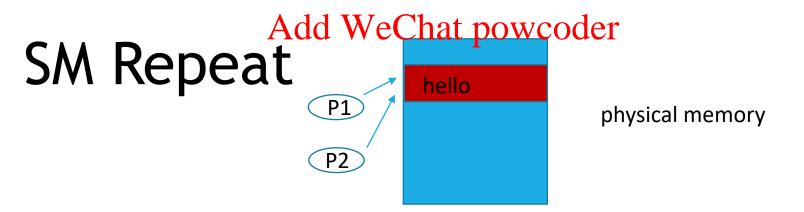
Shared memory (cont'd)

3. Detach from shared-memory segment

```
int shmdt (void *arg);
// arg is return ptr from shmat
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```

4. Remove shared Memory segment for good

```
shmctl (shmid, IPC_RMID, 0);
```



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- Create shared memory segment sharet
- Do this once -> return handle afterwards
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 Each process must attach to the segment
- (extends their VAS) shmat
 - Using the handle
- Use the returned memory address: read/write to share or communicate

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Example

Put a shared buffer in shared memory region

<picture>



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Example

Shared buffer

```
#define MaxItems 1024
struct buffe Assignment Project Exam Help
      int next_slot to store;
    https://powcoder.com
int next_slot_to_retrieve;
      item t item Add Methat powcoder
      int num items;
item t remove item (buffer t *b);
void produce stuff (buffer t *b,
                         item t new item);
```

Example: Program that duses buffer

```
void main () {
     int BUFFER KEY = 100;
     buffer t *b;
     item t item;
     b = (buffer_thttps://powcodeiricom 0);
     b->next_slot_to_store = 0;
     b->next slot to retrieve powcoder
     // initialize item to store
     produce stuff (b, item);
     item = remove item (b);
     shmdt ((void*) b); } // process can't use b
```

Example (cont'd) Add WeChat powcoder (cont'd)

```
void produce stuff
(buffer t *b, item t new_item) {
     if (b->num: items Project Exam Help
           return ERROR; // later, we'll block
     b->items [https://powcoder.comre] = new item;
     b->next_sloadd WeChat bowcoder
     b->next slot to store %= MaxItems;
     b->num items++;
     return;
```

Example (cont'd) Add WeChat powcoder (cont'd)

```
item t remove item (buffer t *b) {
     item t item;
     if (b->num; items Project Exam Help
           return ERROR; // later, we'll block
     item = b->ihttps://powcoder.com
           [b->n Add We Chat powcoder];
     b->next slot to retrieve++;
     b->next slot to retrieve %= MaxItems;
     b->num items--;
     return item;
```

Multiple Processes Add WeChat powcoder Processes

- For shared-memory to make sense, need multiple processes
- Multiple processes deniget Exam Help

```
produce https://pfwcoder.comem);
item = panoweehat pewcode);
```

Assume shared memory segment is created and buffer is initialized

```
void main () { // producer
                                                 void main () { // producer
   int BUFFER KEY = 100;
                                                     int BUFFER KEY = 100;
   buffer t *b;
                                                    buffer t *b;
   shmid = shmget (BUFFER_KEY, shmid = shmaet (BUFFER_KEY, shmid = shmaet (BUFFER_KEY)
                                                    shmid = shmget (BUFFER KEY,
   sizeof (buffer), 066 https://powcoder.combuffer), 0666); 
b = (buffer_t *) shmat (shmid, 0, 0); b = (buffer_t *) shmat (shmid, 0, 0);
                              Add WeChat powcoder
   while (1) {
                                                            // get item
          // initialize item to store
          produce stuff (b, item);
                                                            item = remove item (b);
```

What may happen?