

Assignment Project Exam Help

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L3_2 Two's Complement

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EECS 370 – Introduction to Computer Organization – Fall 2020

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Learning Objectives

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- Represent signed and unsigned numbers in binary (base 2)
 - Negate positive and negative signed values
 - Complete arithmetic operations (addition and subtraction) by hand using signed and unsigned binary numbers
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Binary Review

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Review!

- Before starting this video, get comfortable with representing numbers in binary

- Resources:

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- Video reviews (EECS 370 website):

- https://www.eecs.umich.edu/courses/eecs370/eecs370.f20/video_reviews/

- Resource documents (EECS 370 website):

- <https://www.eecs.umich.edu/courses/eecs370/eecs370.f20/resources/>

- Lecture 2 video on Binary numbers:

- <https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1RDqMynHaAMFW6hRLvky9XJZR2dh>

[BD-bl](#) or Media gallery on Canvas

https://umich.instructure.com/courses/394380/external_tools/6329

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Binary Addition

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Review!

- We can already represent non-negative numbers in binary

$$6 \text{ (base 10)} = 2^2 (4) + 2^1 (2) = 110 \text{ (base 2)}$$

- We can do arithmetic with binary numbers

$3 + 2 = 5 \text{ (base 10)}$	$3 + 5 = 8 \text{ (base 10)}$
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Binary Addition

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Review!

- We can already represent non-negative numbers in binary

$$\underline{6} \text{ (base 10)} = \underline{2^2} \text{ (4)} + \underline{2^1} \text{ (2)} = \underline{110} \text{ (base 2)}$$

4 2 1

- We can do arithmetic with binary numbers

$$3 + 2 = 5 \text{ (base 10)}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{0} \cancel{0} 1 1 \\ \cancel{0} \cancel{0} 1 \cancel{0} \\ \hline \cancel{0} 1 \cancel{0} 1 \end{array}$$

$$3 + 5 = 8 \text{ (base 10)}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{0} \cancel{0} 1 1 \\ \cancel{0} 1 \cancel{0} 1 \\ \hline 1 \cancel{0} \cancel{0} \cancel{0} \end{array}$$

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What about Negative Numbers?

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- Thoughts: add another bit for sign, use one of the existing bits for sign

1

2

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1: $S = 0101$ 1 0101 $-S =$ 0 0101

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bit

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2: 0 101

sign bit



What about Negative Numbers?

- Design space preferences:
 - Representation of positive and negative values
 - Representation of signed and unsigned values
 - Single way to represent 0
 - Equal magnitude of positive and negative values (roughly)
 - Simple (not complex) to detect sign (positive or negative)
 - Simple negation of a number
 - Simple storage for signed and unsigned
 - Simple, non-redundant hardware for operations
 - E.g., one hardware addition unit for signed and unsigned numbers

What about Negative Numbers?

- Design space preferences:
 - Representation of positive and negative values
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 - Simple (not complex) to detect sign (positive or negative)
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 - Simple storage for signed and unsigned
 - Simple, non-redundant hardware for operations
 - E.g., one hardware addition unit for signed and unsigned numbers
- Thought: use existing bit of binary number for signed values

Two's Complement

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Unsigned Binary Representation

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- 1011 in binary is 13 in decimal

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & = & 8 & + & 4 & + & 0 & + & 1 & = & 13 \\ 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & 1 \times 2^3 + 0 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0 = 13 \end{array}$$

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Two's Complement Binary Representation

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- 1011 in binary is 13 in decimal

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & = & 8 & + & 4 & + & 1 & = & 13 \\
 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 & & & & & & & &
 \end{array}$$

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- Two's complement numbers are very similar to unsigned binary

EXCEPT the first (most significant) digit is negative in two's complement

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & = & -8 & + & 4 & + & 1 & = & -3 \\
 -(2^3) & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 & & & & & & & &
 \end{array}$$

Two's Complement – Exercise 1

What is 1010 (binary)

1. Decimal unsigned value?
2. Decimal signed (two's complement) value?

4 BITS

unsigned

1	0	1	0
2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0

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Signed – 2's complement

1	0	1	0
$-(2^3)$	2^2	2^1	2^0

Two's Complement – Exercise 1

What is 1010 (binary)

1. Decimal unsigned value?
2. Decimal signed (two's complement) value?

4 BITS

unsigned

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ 1 \times 2^3 & + 0 \times 2^2 & + 1 \times 2^1 & + 0 \times 2^0 \\ 8 & + 0 & + 2 & + 0 \\ \hline & & & = 10 \end{array}$$

Signed – 2's complement

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -(2^3) & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ -8 & + 0 & + 2 & + 0 \\ \hline & & & = -6 \end{array}$$

Two's Complement – Exercise 1

What is 1010 (binary)

1. Decimal unsigned value?
2. Decimal signed (two's complement) value?

unsigned

1	0	1	0
2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0

$$8 + 2 = 10$$

Signed – 2's complement

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1	0	1	0
$-(2^3)$	2^2	2^1	2^0

$$-8 + 2 = -6$$

Two's Complement Range

- What is the range of representation of a 4-bit 2's complement number?
- What is the range of representation of an n -bit 2's complement number?

• [-8, 7]

• [$-2^{(n-1)}$, $2^{(n-1)} - 1$]

Negating Two's Complement

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- Useful trick: You can negate a 2's complement number by inverting all the bits and adding 1.

5 (decimal) in binary is 0 1 0 1


Negate (invert) all bits 1 0 1 0

Add 1 1 0 1 0

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \\
 + \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \\
 \hline
 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 - (2^3) \quad 2^2 \quad 2^1 \quad 2^0 \\
 -8 \quad + 0 \quad + 2 \quad + 1
 \end{array}$$

$$-8 + 0 + 2 + 1 = -5$$



Two's Complement – Exercise 2

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How would you represent -3 (decimal) in 2's complement binary using 4 bits?

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Two's Complement – Exercise 2

How would you represent -3 (decimal) in 2's complement binary using 4 bits?

1. Convert 3 (decimal) to binary
2. Negate binary
 1. Invert all bits
 2. Add one

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Two's Complement – Exercise 2

How would you represent -3 (decimal) in 2's complement binary using 4 bits?

1. Convert 3 (decimal) to binary
2. Negate binary

1. Invert all bits
2. Add one

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1 0 0

1 0 1

Two's Complement – Exercise 2

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How would you represent -3 (decimal) in 2's complement binary using 4 bits?

1. Convert 3 (decimal) to binary
2. Negate binary

1. Invert all bits
2. Add one

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<https://powcoder.com> Signed – 2's complement

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1. Convert 3 to binary
 1. 3 -> 0011
2. Convert to 2's complement
 1. 0011 -> 1100
 2. 1100 + 1 = 1101

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \end{array}$$

$$-8 + 4 + 0 + 1 = -3$$

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Sign Extension

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- With two's compliment, it matters how many bits are used!

5 (decimal) in binary (4 bits) is 0101

5 (decimal) in binary (8 bits) is 0000 0101

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-5 (decimal) in binary (4 bits) is 1011

-5 (decimal) in binary (8 bits) is 1111 1011

NOT 0000 1011

need to **extend the most significant (sign) bit**

LC-2K: programmer (you) need to do this!

Two's Complement Arithmetic

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Decimal	2's Complement Binary	Decimal	2's Complement Binary
0	0000	-1	1111
1	0001	-2	1110
2	0010	-3	1101
3	0011	-4	1100
4	0100	-5	1011
5	0101	-6	1010
6	0110	-7	1001
7	0111	-8	1000

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$$7 - 6 = 7 + (-6) = 1$$

$$6 - 7 = 6 + (-7) = -1$$

Two's Complement Arithmetic

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Decimal	2's Complement Binary	Decimal	2's Complement Binary
0	0000	-1	1111
1	0001	-2	1110
2	0010	-3	1101
3	0011	-4	1100
4	0100	-5	1011
5	0101	-6	1010
6	0110	-7	1001
7	0111	-8	1000

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$$7 - 6 = 7 + (-6) = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1011 \\
 1010 \\
 \hline
 10001
 \end{array}$$

$$6 - 7 = 6 + (-7) = -1$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 0110 \\
 1001 \\
 \hline
 1111
 \end{array}$$

Logistics

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- This is the second of 3 videos for lecture 3
 - L3_1 – ISAs – Instructions and Memory
 - L2_2 – Two's Complement
 - L2_3 – LC-2K ISA
- There are two worksheets for lecture 3
 - 1. Addressing and 2's complement
 - 2. LC-2K program encoding
- When ready, move on to L3_3